A STANDARY OF THE STANDARY OF

The Eighteenth Decennial Census of the United States

Census of Population: 1960

Volume I CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

Number of Inhabitants, General Population Characteristics, General Social and Economic Characteristics, and Detailed Characteristics

Part 28
MONTANA

9: 317.3 Uzsc1800 V.1, pt. 28 Cop. 2

Prepared under the supervision of Howard G. Brunsman
Chief, Population Division

ALLEGHENY REGIONAL BRANCH
Federal & East Ohio Sts. Fal-0389
Pittsburgh 12.Pa.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE LUTHER H. HODGES, Secretary

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

RICHARD M. SCAMMON, Director (from May 1, 1961)

ROBERT W. BURCESS, Director (to March 3, 1961)



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

RICHARD M. SCAMMON, Director

A. Ross Eckler, Deputy Director

HOWARD C. GRIEVES, Assistant Director

CONRAD TAEUBER, Assistant Director

MORRIS H. HANSEN, Assistant Director for Research and Development

CHARLES B. LAWRENCE, JR., Assistant Director for Operations

WALTER L. KEHRES, Assistant Director for Administration

CALVERT L. DEDRICK, Chief, International Statistical Programs Office

CONRAD SHAMEL, Acting Public Information Officer

Population Division-

HOWARD G. BRUNSMAN, Chief

HENRY S. SHRYOCK, JR., Assistant Chief (Program Development)

DAVID L. KAPLAN, Assistant Chief (Methods Development)

PAUL C. GLICK, Assistant Chief (Demographic and Social Statistics Programs)

MURRAY S. WRITZMAN, Assistant Chief (Economic Statistics Programs)

Demographic Operations Division-Morton A. Meyer, Chief

Field Division-JEFFERSON D. McPike, Chief

Geography Division-WILLIAM T. FAY, Chief

Statistical Methods Division-JOSEPH STEINBERG, Chief

JY 19 63

Library of Congress Card Number: A61-9570

The four chapters of tables in this report were originally published in the PC(1)-A, B, C, and D final reports for this State.

SUGGESTED CITATION

U.S. Bureau of the Census. U.S. Census of Population: 1960. Vol. I, Characteristics of the Population. Part 28, Montana.

U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1963.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C. or any of the Field Offices of the Department of Commerce - Price \$3.50.

PREFACE

This report presents statistics from the 1960 Census of Population on the number of inhabitants and the characteristics of the population of the State and of its constituent areas. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1960, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957) which codified Title 13, United States Code. Comparable statistics from earlier censuses are also presented in this report.

The major portion of the information compiled from the 1960 Census of Population is contained in Volume I, Characteristics of the Population. A description of the other final reports of the 1960 Population Census appears on page IV. Volume I, of which this report is a part, consists of Part A and the 57 numbered parts listed on page IV. The parts for the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico are bound in 53 individual books; the 4 parts for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Canal Zone are bound in a single book.

The detailed tables presented in each numbered part of Volume I were originally published in four separate reports. Those reports (which correspond to chapters A, B, C, and D in this book) were identified by the following series designations and titles: PC(1)-A, Number of Inhabitants; PC(1)-B, General Population Characteristics; PC(1)-C, General Social and Economic Characteristics; and PC(1)-D, Detailed Characteristics. (For Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and Canal Zone, the material normally contained in the PC(1)-B, C, and D reports was included in PC(1)-B.)

Part A of Volume I is a compendium of the 57 series PC(1)-A reports. It presents in a single book, for library and other reference use, the 1960 Census population counts for States and their component areas.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

A large number of persons participated in the various activities of the 1960 Census of Population. Primary responsibilities were exercised by many of the persons listed on the preceding page. Within the Population, Demographic Operations, Field, Geography, and Statistical Methods Divisions, most of the staff members worked on the program.

This report was prepared under the supervision of Howard G. Brunsman, Chief, Population Division, and Henry S. Shryock, Jr., David L. Kaplan, and Paul C. Glick, Assistant Chiefs, with the assistance of Sigmund Schor (Systems Coordinator to January 1962). The following members of the Population Division also had a major role in planning the content of this report: Henry D. Sheldon, Chief, Tobia Bressler, Charles P. Brinkman, Elizabeth A. Larmon, Gordon F. Sutton, Melvin Zelnik, and Denis F. Johnston of the Demographic Statistics Branch; Charles B. Nam, Chief, Education and Social Stratification Statistics Branch; Wilson H. Grabill, Chief, John C. Beresford, David M. Heer, and Robert Parke, Jr., of the Family and Fertility Statistics Branch; Stanley Greene, Chief, Stuart H. Garfinkle (Chief to October 1961), William J. Milligan, Miles A. Abelson, Arthur Podolsky, and G. Marie Dodd of the Economic Statistics Branch; and James C. Byrnes, Chief, Selma F. Goldsmith (Chief to April 1962), and Arno I. Winard of the Consumer Income and Expenditures Statistics Branch. Technical editorial work was performed by Mildred M. Russell, Chief, Publications Branch, assisted by Leah S. Anderson.

Important contributions were made by Morton A. Meyer, Chief, Glen S. Taylor (Chief to June 1961), E. Richard Bourdon, Richard A. Hornseth, Morris Gorinson, Willard P. Hess, Patience Lauriat, Betty Mitchell, Catherine Neafsey, Richard J. Rice, Leo Solomon, and Florence Wright of the Demographic Operations Division in the processing and compilation of the statistics; Jefferson D. McPike, Chief, Robert B. Voight (Chief to July 1960), Ivan Munro, Paul R. Squires, and George K. Klink of the Field Division in the collection of the information; William T. Fay, Chief, Robert C. Klove, and Robert L. Hagan of the Geography Division in the delineation of special types of urban territory and other geographic work; Joseph Steinberg, Chief, Robert Hanson, and Herman Fasteau of the Statistical Methods Division in the planning of sampling and quality control procedures; and by William N. Hurwitz, Chief, Statistical Research Division, and Harold Nisselson, Jack Silver, Leon Gilford, and William H. Cook in the formulation of enumeration procedures.

Important contributions were also made by Lowell T. Galt and Herman P. Miller of the Office of the Director, by A. W. von Struve, Public Information Officer until his death in October 1962, and by the staffs of the Administrative Service Division, Everett H. Burke, Chief; Budget and Management Division, Charles H. Alexander, Chief; Jeffersonville Census Operations Office, Robert D. Krook, Chief; Data Processing Systems Division, Robert F. Drury, Chief; and Personnel Division, James P. Taff, Chief. Robert H. Brooks of the Administrative Service Division, assisted by John F. Lanham, was responsible for the 1960 Census printing arrangements.

To help carry out the 1960 Census most efficiently and effectively as well as to help maximize the usefulness of the results, a number of special advisory groups were organized in 1956 when the planning work was begun. One group established by the Census Bureau was the Technical Advisory Committee for the 1960 Population Census, which consisted of 19 experts in various phases of demography selected in their individual capacities. For their long and careful work on the program, special acknowledgment is made to the members of this Committee: Philip M. Hauser (chairman), Donald J. Bogue, Dorothy S. Brady, John D. Durand, John K. Folger, Maurice I. Gershenson, Harold Goldstein, Robert D. Grove, Margaret Jarman Hagood, Peter Henle, William Hodgkinson, Jr., Stanley Lebergott, Frank W. Notestein, Gladys L. Palmer, Charles B. Reeder, Calvin F. Schmid, Mortimer Spiegelman, Dorothy Swaine Thomas, and P. K. Whelpton. To supplement the views of this Committee with those of a less technically oriented but more broadly based group, the Census Bureau established the Council of Population and Housing Census Users (with Ralph J. Watkins, then of the Brookings Institution, as chairman), consisting of representatives of approximately 70 professional and public organizations whose memberships include many users of decennial census statistics. The U.S. Bureau of the Budget established the Federal Agency Population and Housing Census Council (with Peyton Stapp and Margaret E. Martin as successive chairmen) to coordinate the interests of the more than 30 Federal agencies which make substantial use of the decennial census material. In addition, the Population Association of America established a number of work groups to explore in detail the data needs for specific subjects; and the Census Advisory Committee of the American Statistical Association participated in certain phases of the 1960 Census as part of its continuing review of all Bureau programs. The guidance and counsel provided by all these groups, as well as by many other organizations and individuals, were invaluable in developing and carrying through the program.

April 1963.

FINAL REPORTS OF THE 1960 CENSUS OF POPULATION

The final reports of the 1960 Population Census are arranged in four volumes and a joint Population-Housing series of census tra reports. For Volumes II, III, and IV, which remain to be published as of this date, the scheduled content is subject to change. The 196 Population Census publication program also includes preliminary, advance, and supplementary reports, certain evaluation, procedurs and administrative reports, and graphic summaries. After publication, copies of all reports are available for examination or purchase any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office. For reports not yet issued, more detailed descriptions of content than those given belo can be obtained from the Chief, Population Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D.C.

Certain types of unpublished statistics are available for the cost of preparing a copy of the data. Also, under certain condition special tabulations of the 1960 Census data can be prepared on a reimbursable basis. In addition, there are available for purchase magnet tapes and punchcards containing 1960 Census information on the characteristics of a one-in-a-thousand and a one-in-ten-thousand samp of the population of the United States. Confidentiality of the information, as required by law, has been maintained by the omission certain identification items. Further information about any of these materials can be obtained by writing to the Chief, Population Division Bureau of the Census.

Volume I. Characteristics of the Population. See description on page III.

Volume II (Series PC(2) reports). Subject Reports. Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Details information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in a few reports data for States or standar metropolitan statistical areas will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, familie marital status, migration, education, employment, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income. There will also be a report on the geographic distribution and characteristics of the institutional population.

Volume III (Series PC(3) reports). Selected Area Reports. This volume will contain three reports presenting, respectively, selected characteristics of the population (1) for State economic areas, and (2) according to the size of place where the individual resided, and (3) social and economic characteristics of Americans overseas.

Volume IV. Summary and Analytical Report. This report will present an analytical review of the results of the 1960 Census Population for each major field.

Series PHC(1). Census Tract Reports. These reports present information on both population and housing subjects. There is or report for each of 180 tracted areas in the United States and Puerto Rico. The population subjects include age, race, marital status, counts of origin of the foreign stock, relationship to head of household, school enrollment, years of school completed, place of residence in 195 employment status, occupation group, industry group, place of work, means of transportation to work, and income of families, as we as certain characteristics of the nonwhite population in selected tracts. The housing subjects include tenure, color of head of household vacancy status, condition and plumbing facilities, number of rooms, number of bathrooms, number of housing units in structure, yet structure built, basement, heating equipment, number of persons in unit, persons per room, year household head moved into unit, automobiles available, value of property, and gross and contract rent, as well as certain characteristics of housing units with nonwhite household head for selected tracts. In addition, for selected tracts these reports contain data on certain population and housing subjects for person of Puerto Rican birth or parentage and for white persons with Spanish surname. (This series is the same as the tract reports included in the publication program for the 1960 Census of Housing.)

VOLUME I

This volume consists of the parts listed below:

A. Number of Inhabitants (all areas) 1. U.S. Summary 2. Alabama 3. Alaska 4. Arizona 5. Arkansas 6. California 7. Colorado 8. Connecticut	14. Idaho 15. Illinois 16. Indiana 17. Iowa 18. Kansas 19. Kentucky 20. Louisiana 21. Maine 22. Maryland 23. Massachusetts 24. Michigan	30. Nevada 31. New Hampshire 32. New Jersey 33. New Mexico 34. New York 35. North Carolina 36. North Dakota 37. Ohio 38. Oklahoma 39. Oregon 40. Pennsylvania	46. Utah 47. Vermont 48. Virginia 49. Washington 50. West Virginia 51. Wisconsin 52. Wyoming 53. Puerto Rico 54-57. Outlying areas (bound together) 54. Guam
	19. Kentucky		
5. Arkansas			
6. California		37. Ohio	
	22. Maryland	38. Oklahoma	54-57. Outlying areas
	23. Massachusetts	39. Oregon	
8. Connecticut			
9. Delaware	25. Minnesota		
10. District of Columbia		41. Rhode Island	55. Virgin Islands of the
	26. Mississippi	42. South Carolina	United States
11. Florida	27. Missouri	43. South Dakota	56. American Samoa
12. Georgia	28. Montana	44. Tennessee	57. Canal Zone
13. Hawaii	29. Nebraska	45. Texas	o canal bone

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

	Page		Page
Subject guide—Subjects included in this report, by type		Social characteristics—Continued	
of area and table number	VI	Year moved into present house	XXII
Graphic summary	VIII	Residence in 1955	XXII
Crapmo Summary	A 111	School enrollment and year of school in which enrolled	XXIII
General	XI	Years of school completed	XXIV
Collection and processing procedures	XII	Veteran status	xxv
Current population survey	XII	Marital status	XXV
Comparability of complete-count and sample data	XII	Household and group quarters membership, and rela-	
Sources of historical data	XII	tionship to head of household	XXVI
Changes in definitions	XIV	Married couple, family, subfamily, child, and unrelated	
Area classifications	XIV	individual	
Usual place of residence	XIV	Children ever born	XXVIII
Urban-rural residence	XIV	Economic characteristics	XXIX
Farm-nonfarm residence	xv	Employment status	XXIX
Counties	xvi	Hours worked	
County subdivisions	xvi	Weeks worked in 1959	XXXI
Places	XVI	Year last worked	XXXI
Incorporated places	xvi	Occupation, industry, and class of worker	XXXI
Unincorporated places	XVII	Place of work and means of transportation to work	
Urban places	XVII	Income in 1959	
Annexations	xvII	Collection and processing of data x	:xxviii
Urbanized areas	XVII	Collection of data x	XXVIII
Standard metropolitan statistical areas	XVIII	Sample design	XXXIX
Standard consolidated areas	XIX	Manual editing and coding of schedules	XL
		Electronic processing	XL
Social characteristics	XIX	Accuracy of the data	XL
Age	XIX	Sources of error	XL
Race and color	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$	Editing of unacceptable data	XLI
Nativity, place of birth, and parentage	XX	Ratio estimation	
Mother tangue of the foreign horn	XXI	Sampling variability	XLIII

TABLES AND MAPS

[See list preceding each chapter]

- Chapter A. Number of inhabitants (Tables 1 to 12).
- Chapter B. General population characteristics (Tables 13 to 31, B-1 and B-2).
- Chapter C. General social and economic characteristics (Tables 32 to 93 and C-1 to C-3).
- Chapter D. Detailed characteristics (Tables 94 to 146 and D-1).

Corrections of errors discovered after the individual chapters were originally published are listed on page XLVII.

SUBJECTS INCLUDED IN THIS PUBLICATION, BY TYPE OF AREA AND TABLE NUMBER

[In order to simplify this guide, the data for certain types of areas are not indexed but instead are listed in the Note at the end of the guide; the cross-classification by sex which appears in virtually every table and the historical statistics which appear in some tables are not specified; and in only a few cases is mention made of the level of detail or the population group covered. Information on the content of other 1960 Population Census publications appears on page IV]

			Type of area (se	e Note, below)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Subject	The	State	Standard metro- politan statistical	Standard	Counties		
·	Urban, rural non- farm, and rural farm		areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or more	metropolitan statistical areas of 250,000 or more ¹	Total	Population of 250,000 or more ³	
	Table	Table	Table	Table	Table	Table	
Dolor or raceBy other subjects—see specific subject.	14, 15	³ 14, ³ 15	21		28	***	
Age: By single years. By color or race* By place of birth. By residence in 1955. By year of school in which enrolled. By years of school completed. By presence of spouse. By whether married more than once.	04 *****	05 4101 4100					
By color or race*	94, *101, *102 16, 17, 37, 94, 96, 97	95, *101, *102 * 16, 37, 95, 96	20	1 96	27	***************************************	
By place of birth	*98 *100					*********	
By year of school in which enrolled	*101*	*101 *102 *109		*103			
By presence of spouse	*102, *103 *105	*102, *103 *105		*105		*1 *1	
By whether married more than once	*105 *106	*105 *106		*105 *106		*1	
By household relationship. For persons in group quarters. For women, by children ever born. For women, by number of own children under 5	*107 *113	*107 *118		*107 *113			
For women, by number of own children under 5						*****	
By labor force status	*114 54, *116	*114 54, *116	73	*114 *116		****	
By hours workedBy year last worked	54, *116 *115, *117 *119	54, *116 *115, *117 *119		*115, *117 1*119		*1	
By place of work				131		*1	
By other subjects—see specific subject.							
Nativity or parentage: By age	94, 96, 97	96		1 96			
By color or race By country of origin of the foreign stock	38, 94, 96, 97, 99 99	38, 96	72	1 96, 99	82		
Place (or State) of birth	4 39, *98	4 39	72, 5 77		82, 5 87		
Country of origin of the foreign stock	40, 99	40	6 79	99	* 89		
Mother tongue of the foreign born	41	41	6 80		6 90		
Residence in 1955	4 42, *100	4 42	72, \$ 77		82, 5 87		
Year moved into present house	43	43	72		82	M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	
School enrollment:	44 45 3505	44 #303					
By age	44, 45, *101 46, *101 46	44, *101 46, *101 46	73, 477		83, ⁴ 87 83, ⁵ 87 ⁴ 87		
Years of school completed: For persons 14 to 24 years old not enrolled in school. For all persons of specified age	*102 4 47, *103, *138	*102 4 47, *103, *138	73, \$ 77	*103	83, 5 87	*1	
Veterans, civilian male	48, 104	48, 104	1	100	82	.,1	
Marital status	,					~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	
By color* By presence of spouse By whether married more than once By age	18 *105	3 18 *105		*105	. 28	*1	
By whether married more than once	*105 *105	*105 *105		*105 *105		*1	
By labor force status	*116	*116		*116		*1	
Married couples	4 50	4 50	72, 5 77		82, 587		
Presence of spouse	*105	*105		*105		*1	
Whether married more than once	*105	*105		*105		*1	
Household relationship	4 19, 4 49,*106	3.4 19, 4 49, *106	4 21	*106	4 28		
Group quarters, persons in	4 19, 4 49, *107	3.4 19, 4 49, *107	4 21	*107	4 28		
Families:	109, *110, *111, *112	109, *110, *111, *112	72, 8 77	109, *110, *111, *112	82, 5 87		
By type of family By number of own children	*100 100	*108, 109	l'	*108 100	1	*1	
By presence of own children By number of related children By size of family By number of members 18 years old and over	50, *110, *111, *112 *111	50, *110, *111, *112	72, 0 77	*110, *111, *112 *111	82, \$ 87		
By size of familyBy number of members 18 years old and over	*110 *110	*110 *110		*110 *110			
By members in the labor force		*111		*111			
By color or race of head* By marital status of head	50, 109 *108	50, 109 *108		109 *108	⁵ 87	*1	
By age of head By education of head	109, *110, *111, *112	109, *110, *111, *112		109, *110, *111, *112			
By occupation of head For additional items, see "Income in 1959 of fami- lies."	*112	*112		*112		************************	
Primary families	4 19	8.4 19	4 21		4 28		
Subfamilies		*108		*108	- 28	*1:	
Secondary families	l	109					
Unrelated individuals:							
Number of (only) By color*	50	50			82 5 87		
By type By age	*106, *108 *106	*106, *108 *106		*106, *108 *106		*10	
By marital status	*108	*108		*108		*10	
By marital status				,		•	
Primary individuals	4 19	3.4 19	4 21		4 28	***************************************	
Fertility: Children ever born Own children under 5 years old					"		
Unitaren ever born	4 51, *113 *114	4 51, *113 *114	72, \$ 77	*113	82, 4 87		

SUBJECTS INCLUDED IN THIS PUBLICATION, BY TYPE OF AREA AND TABLE NUMBER—Con.

			Type of area (s	ee Note, below)		
Subject	The	State	Standard metro- politan statistical	Standard	Counties	
	Total Urban, rural non- farm, and rural farm		areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or more	metropolitan statistical areas of 250,000 or more 1	Total	Population of 250,000 or more ²
Employment status: By employment status group (only) By color*	Table 52, 53	Table 52	Table 73 5 77	Table	Table 83	Table
By age By school enrollment	*115, *117, *119	*115, *117, *119		*115, *117, 1*119	5 87	*115. *11
By income in 1959 of persons	*117 137	*117 137		*117 137		
Labor force status	54, *116	54,*116	73	*116	83	
Hours worked	*115, *117	*115, *117		*115, *117		*11.
Weeks worked in 1959: By weeks worked group (only)	55	55	76			
By weeks worked group (only) By age By income in 1959	*118	*118	/0	1*118	86	*118
Year last worked		136, 143		136, 143		
Occupation:	*119, 122	*119		1*119, 122		*119
By detailed category (only) By major or condensed group (only)	120, 121	121		1 121		121
By color or race*	57, 58, 59, 60 58, 60, 122	57, 58, 60 58, 60	74, 75	100	84, 85	
By class of worker	122	00,00	. 78	122 122		
For persons not in the labor force By year last worked	122 122			122		
By age	*123		76	122 *123		
By earnings in 1959 of persons By industry	68, *124 125		76	*124	86	
By place of work				125 1 131		
By income in 1959 of families Industry:	*145			*145		
By detailed category (only)	126, 127			1 127		101
By major or condensed group (only)	61,62	61	75		85	127
By occupation By age	125 128			125 128		
By color or race*	61, 129	61	⁵ 78	129		
By class of worker By earnings in 1959 of persons	129 *130			129 *130		
By place of work				1 131		
	146			146		
Class of worker: By occupation	122			122		
By industry	56, 129	56	74	129	84	
By place of work By earnings in 1959 of persons	132 132					
Place of work	4 63, 132	4 63	72, 8 77	1 131	82, 5 87	
Means of transportation to work	64	64	72	1 131	82	
Income in 1959 of persons:					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
By income group (only) By color or race*	67, 133	67, 133	76 5 78	133	86 88	
By age	*134, 135	*134, 135		*134, 135		*134
By family status By weeks worked in 1959	135 136	135 136		135 136		
By employment status By years of school completed	137	137		137		
By type of income	*138 69	*138 69	76		86	
Income in 1959 of families:			.,		50	
By income group (only)	66	66	76 8 78		86	
By color of head*By type of family and presence of children	65 *139, *140	*139, *140	* 78	*139, *140	5 88	*139
By age of head By size of family	*139	*139		*139		*139
By number of earners	141 *142	141 *142		141 *142		
By weeks worked in 1959 by head	143	143		143		
By work experience in 1959 of head and wife By occupation of head	*144 *145	*144		*144 *145		
By industry of head	146			146		
Income in 1959 of unrelated individuals: By income group or median income (only)	66	66	76		00	
By color* By type of individual	65	65	5.7 78		5.7 88	**************
By type of individual	135 *139	135 *139		135		
By ageBy earner status in 1959	*142	*142		*139 *142		*139
By weeks worked in 1959	143	143		143		
Earnings in 1959 of persons: By occupation	68, *124		76	*124	86	
By industry	*130			*130		
By place of workBy class of worker	132 132					
~1 MMOO OT ALOTTO	102					

a. Data on population counts for the various areas of the State are shown in chapter A.
b. Data on age, color or race, marital status, and household relationship (or number of households) are presented for urban places of 2,500 to 10,000 in table 22; for places of 1,000 to 2,500 in tables 23 and 24; and for minor civil divisions (or census county divisions) in tables 25 and 26.
c. Data on age and race of the household population are presented for selected urban places and counties in table 31.
d. Data on nativity and parentage, years of school completed, employment status, occupation, industry, and family income are presented for places of 2,500 to 10,000 in table 81.
e. Data on age by nativity and race are presented for cities of 100,000 or more in table 96.
f. Data on single years of age for persons 5 to 24 years old are presented for cities of 250,000 or more in table 101.
g. Data on place of birth, residence in 1955, year of school in which enrolled, and years of school completed (each cross-classified by age) are presented for cities of 250,000 or more in tables 98, 100, 101, and 102, respectively.
h. Data on selected characteristics of the rural population are presented for counties in tables 29, 30, and 91; and of the rural-farm population for selected counties in tables 92 and 93.
i. Data on selected characteristics are presented by size of place in table 70 and by metropolitan-nonmetropolitan residence in table 71.
j. Summary statistics on characteristics of the population are presented for selected areas of the State in tables 13 and 32 to 36.
k. Data on nonresponse rates are presented in the appendix tables in chapters B, C, and D.

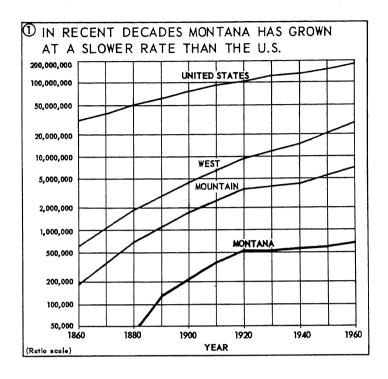
*Separate data for nonwhites in those areas with 25,000 or more nonwhites appear in tables marked with an asterisk. For the urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm parts of States, such data are shown only for the South.

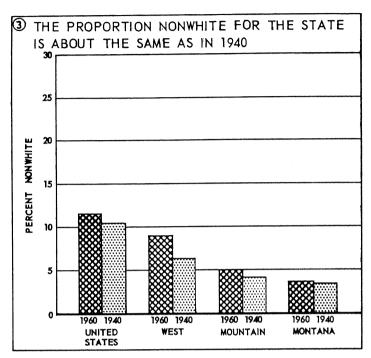
 Data in tables 96, 118, 119, 121, 127, and 131 are for SMSA's of 100,000 or more.
 Outside New England States, and excluding counties which are coextensive with an SMSA. ³ Urban by size of place; rural not by farm-nonfarm residence.

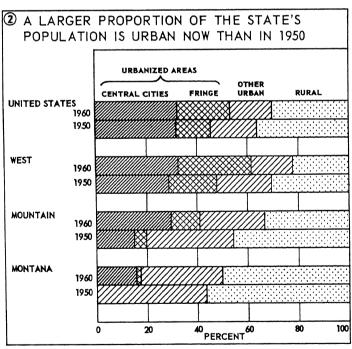
Includes data by color.
Data for nonwhites in areas with 1,000 or more nonwhite persons.
For areas with 1,000 or more persons of specified type.
Median income of families and unrelated individuals combined.

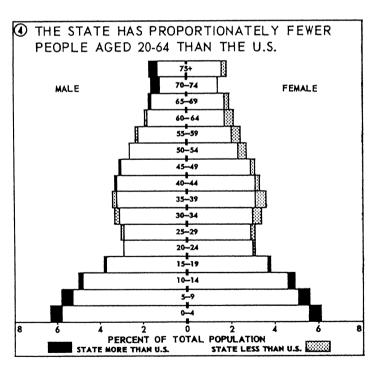
MONTANA

1960 Census of Population — Graphic Summary

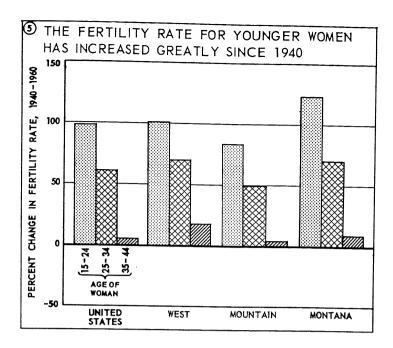


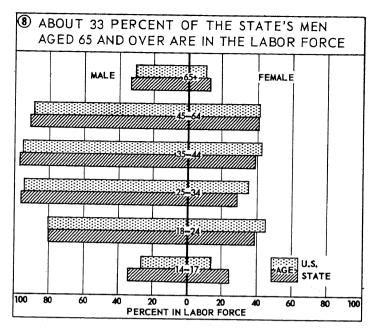


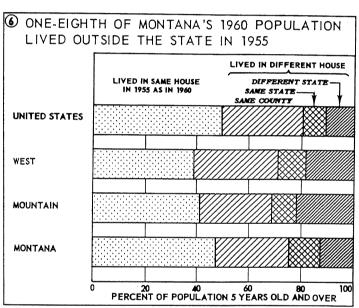


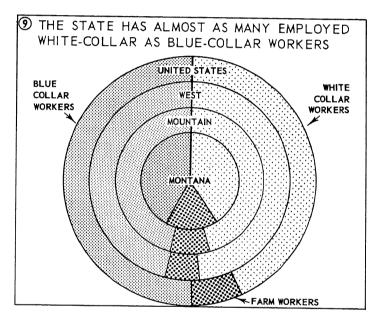


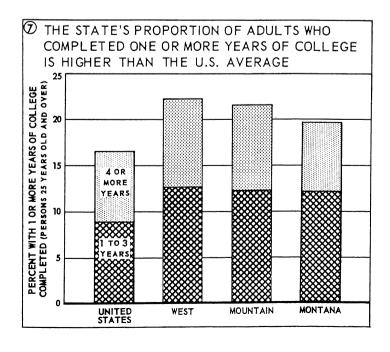
Note: The 1960 Census geographic classification divides the country into four regions and nine divisions, as follows: Northeast region — New England division (Maine, N. H., Vt., Mass., R. I., and Conn.) and Middle Atlantic (N. Y., N. J., and Pa.); North Central — East North Central (Ohio, Ind., Ill., Mich., and West North Central (Minn., Iowa, Mo., N. Dak., Nebr., and Kans.); South — South Atlantic (Del., Md., D. C., Va., W. Va., N. C., S. C., Ga., and Fla.), East South Central (Ky., Tenn., Ala., and Miss.) and Mess South Central (Ark., La., Okla., and Tex.); and West — Mountain (Mont., Idaho, Wyo., Colo., N. Mex., Ariz., Utah, and Nev.) and Pacific (Wash., Oreg., Calif., Alaska, and Hawaii). In figures 1, 2, 3, and 5, the pre-1960 data refer, insofar as possible, to the present area of the United States, region, division, and State. In figure 5, fertility rate is the number of children ever born per 1,000 women in the specified age group; in States with fewer than 25,000 nonwhite women 15 to 49 years old in 1940, the 1940 rates refer to white women only. In figure 6, the data refer to persons five years old and over reporting this item; the category "Different State" includes persons living abroad five years prior to the census date. In figure 9, the base for the percent excludes employed persons with occupation not reported. White collar workers include the professional, managerial (nonfarm), clerical, and sales major occupation groups; blue collar workers include the craftsman, operative, private household, service, and nonfarm laborer groups; and farm workers include the farmer and farm laborer groups.

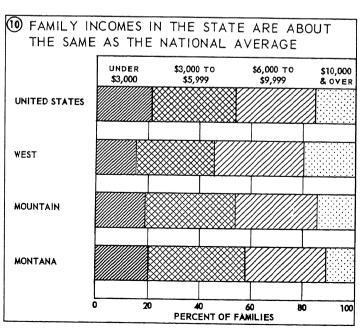












Characteristics of the Population

GENERAL

This report presents the major portion of the information compiled from the 1960 Census of Population for this State. It contains the four chapters, A, B, C, and D, previously published as paper-bound reports in the PC(1)-A, PC(1)-B, PC(1)-C, and PC(1)-D series of the 1960 Census of Population. The statistics in chapters A and B are from the complete count whereas those in chapters C and D are from the 25-percent sample of the population.

Chapter A, "Number of Inhabitants," comprises tables 1 to 12 and furnishes statistics on the number of persons in the State and its counties or comparable areas. In addition, data are presented for minor civil divisions (townships, New England towns, etc.), or census county divisions, urban places, incorporated places (cities, boroughs, villages, etc.), urbanized areas, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) and for the population of the State and its counties or comparable areas classified by urban-rural residence.

Chapter B, "General Population Characteristics," comprises tables 13 to 31 and presents the basic demographic statistics on age, sex, race, relationship to head of household, and marital status. The amount of detail presented is generally greater for larger places than for smaller ones, and data from earlier censuses are usually only included for larger areas. Maximum detail is shown for the State and its urban and rural parts and for SMSA's, urbanized areas, urban places of 10,000 or more, and counties. Somewhat less detail is shown for urban places of 2,500 to 10,000, for rural parts of counties, and for the rural population of counties outside places of 1,000 to 2,500. The least amount of detail is shown for places of 1,000 to 2,500 and for minor civil divisions or census county divisions.

Chapter C, "General Social and Economic Characteristics," comprises tables 32 to 93 and presents inventory statistics on social and economic characteristics. The characteristics shown are farm-nonfarm residence, nativity and parentage, State of birth of the native population, country of origin of the foreign stock, mother tongue of the foreign born, residence in 1955, year moved into present house, school enrollment, year and type of school (public or private) in which enrolled, years of school completed, veteran status of civilian males, married couples and families, number of children ever born, employment status, weeks worked in 1959, class of worker, occupation group, industry group, place of work, means of transportation to work, income in 1959 of persons and of families and unrelated individuals, earnings in 1959, and type of income in 1959.

Most of the 1960 statistics shown in chapter C for the total population in the State and its urban and rural parts are also shown separately for the white and nonwhite population in those areas. Moreover, statistics on most of the subjects are shown for the nonwhite population in each SMSA, urbanized area, urban place of 10,000 or more, and county with 1,000 or more nonwhite persons. In addition, statistics on age, sex, and household relationship are shown for counties with a rural-farm nonwhite

population of 400 or more persons. Statistics on country of origin of the foreign stock in areas within the State are shown only where there were 1,000 persons or more in this category. Likewise, statistics on mother tongue of foreign-born persons in areas below the State level are shown only where there were 1,000 or more persons in this category. As in chapter B, the amount of detail presented is greater for the areas with a larger population than areas with a smaller population.

Chapter D, "Detailed Characteristics," comprises tables 94 to 146, and completes the presentation of information for this State in Volume I. It shows detailed categories and cross-classifications (generally by age) on the social and economic characteristics of the inhabitants of this State. This chapter contains data on all the subjects treated in chapter C, except mother tongue of the foreign born and year moved into present house. It also includes data on whether married more than once, hours worked, and year last worked.

Although information on the five population items—age, sex, race, relationship to head of household, and marital status—was collected on a complete-count basis, the data on these items shown in chapters C and D are based only on persons in the sample.

Because of the amount of detail and cross-classification in the tables, the presentation in chapter D is restricted to the larger areas, namely, States, the urban and rural parts of States, the larger counties, SMSA's, and cities. Most of the data for counties, SMSA's, and cities in this chapter are for areas of 250,000 or more although a few tabulations are presented for SMSA's and cities of 100,000 or more. In general, data for the nonwhite population are shown separately for any of these areas containing 25,000 nonwhite persons or more. Historical comparisons are limited to 1950 data and are presented only for the State as a whole.

More detailed cross-classifications of many of these characteristics will be presented in the subject reports of Volume II. In some cases, a few tables for States and other large areas will also be included.

A list of the subjects included in this report, showing the type of area and the tables in which they appear, is presented on pages VI and VII.

Maps of this State, showing the composition of urbanized areas and county subdivisions, are presented in chapter A. Also, a map of the State indicating counties, places of 25,000 or more, and SMSA's is presented in chapters A, B, and C.

In general, medians are computed from the class intervals shown in the tables in which they appear. Hence, medians shown in one table may differ from the corresponding medians in other tables where a different number of class intervals is shown. The medians shown with the distributions by single years of age which appear in tables 94 and 95, however, are based on 5-year age groups.

XII Introduction

COLLECTION AND PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Sampling was used in the 1960 Census, as well as in the 1950 and 1940 Censuses, to supplement the information obtained from the enumeration of the total population. The population in the sample in 1960 comprised the members of every fourth household and every fourth person who was not a member of a household, i.e., who was living in "group quarters." Later sections discuss the sample design, the methods used to inflate the sample figures, and the accuracy of the sample data. Text tables give estimates of sampling variability.

The 1960 Census was the first in which self-enumeration was used on a nationwide scale. A questionnaire, entitled "Advance Census Report," was mailed to every household in the country. The instructions on the ACR requested that one or more of the members enter on the form the answers to all the questions for each person in the household. The enumerator was instructed to correct omissions and obviously wrong entries by asking the necessary questions. In the sparsely populated areas (with 65 percent of the land area and 18 percent of the population), the enumerator collected the complete-count information and also asked the sample questions at the time of his visit; these are referred to below as the "single stage" enumeration areas. In the rest of the United States, where most of the population lives, the enumerator collected the complete-count information and also left with each sample household, for mailing to the local census office, a Household Questionnaire containing the sample questions to be answered; these areas are referred to below as the "two stage" areas. The partial substitution of self-enumeration for the traditional direct interview has probably affected the nature and extent of errors in the 1960 statistics relative to those in the statistics of earlier censuses. More comprehensive and definitive accounts of the nature and effects of this and other innovations in the 1960 Census procedures will be given in later reports.

The enumerators inspected and copied the answers from the Advance Census Reports and Household Questionnaires to specially designed complete-count and sample forms, respectively, especially designed for electronic processing. Later, at the central processing office in Jeffersonville, Ind., selected items were coded and all of the information was microfilmed. The microfilm was then sent to Washington, where the information was transformed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer) into coded signals on magnetic tape. This tape, in turn, was processed by an electronic computer and related equipment to produce the tables.

The definitions of terms which are given below are consistent with the instructions given to the enumerators and to the field office personnel who reviewed the questionnaires. As in all censuses and surveys, however, there were some failures to execute these instructions exactly. The partial use of self-enumeration made it feasible to call the attention of respondents more uniformly in the 1960 Census than in prior censuses to some of the important inclusions and exclusions in the definitions. However, it was not feasible to give detailed instructions to the respondents, and some of their errors of understanding and reporting have undoubtedly gone undetected. A few types of known or suspected inaccuracies in the data arising from failure to apply the definitions correctly are noted in this text.

The processing of census returns regularly involves the coding of numerous items—such as detailed relationship to head of household, State of birth, and occupation—and the editing of schedules for omissions and inconsistencies. In the 1960 Census, much of the editing was done by the electronic computer, whereas in prior censuses this work had been done largely as a clerical operation. It is believed that this heavy reliance on electronic equipment has improved the quality of the editing but, at the same time, has introduced an element of difference between the 1960 statistics and those of earlier years.

CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY

Data on many of the subjects covered in this report are collected monthly or annually for the United States as a whole by the Bureau of the Census through its Current Population Survey (CPS). This nationwide survey, covering a sample of about 35,000 interviewed households, provides monthly data on employment which are published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The CPS also provides data on income which are published annually by the Bureau of the Census (in Series P-60 reports) and data on migration, education, families, fertility, and other subjects issued annually or less frequently (in Series P-20 reports). This survey provides more limited statistics for regions, but statistics for the State or smaller areas, which are featured in the present report, have not been tabulated from the CPS.

Certain differences exist between the levels of the national data from the CPS and from the 1960 and 1950 Censuses. The reasons for the differences include the more extensive training, control, and experience of the CPS enumerators than of the census enumerators; the use of hourly rate payments in the CPS and of piece-rate payments in the census; differences in the extent to which self-enumeration is used; differences in the question wording on some of the items, in the time of year to which the data apply (as for the annual school enrollment figures collected in the October CPS), and in coverage (the CPS covering only the civilian noninstitutional population in months other than March); enumeration of unmarried college students in the CPS at their parental home but in the census at their residence while attending college; differences in the methods used to process the original data into statistical tables; differences in the weighting procedure and in noninterview rates; and differences between the sampling variability in the CPS and in the 25-percent sample in the census. The differences for some of the specific population characteristics are discussed below.

COMPARABILITY OF COMPLETE-COUNT AND SAMPLE DATA

For the characteristics covered on a complete-count basis in chapter B (i.e., sex, race, age, marital status, household relationship, and related items), chapters C and D present comparable 25-percent sample statistics. A comparison of selected complete-count and sample statistics is given in table A. The reasons for the differences (which result from processing differences and sampling) are discussed in Part 1 of this volume.

SOURCES OF HISTORICAL DATA

Most of the statistics for 1950 shown in chapters C and D are based on a 20-percent sample. The following are exceptions. The figures for foreign-born persons, in the distribution of the foreign white stock by country of origin, are based on a complete count (whereas the figures on native persons of foreign or mixed parentage are based on the 20-percent sample). Statistics for families and those for married couples without their own households living with nonrelatives are based on Sample F. (Income data for families, however, are based on the 20-percent sample.) Fertility statistics for women ever married 15 to 44 years old are based on Sample C. Nationally, Samples F and C covered about 2.4 percent of the families and women 15 years old and over, respectively. Statistics for 1950 on unrelated individuals in table 106 are partially based on Sample F; statistics on employment status (except labor force status by age), occupation, industry, and class of worker are from complete counts. For Alaska, all 1950 figures are based on a complete count. For Hawaii, 1950 figures on the following subjects are also based on a complete count: State of birth of the native population, race and nativity, marital status, presence of spouse and whether married more than once, and relationship to head of household.

Statistics for 1940 are based on complete counts with the following exceptions. Those on the native population of foreign

Characteristics of the Population

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Table A.--COMPARISON OF COMPLETE-COUNT AND SAMPLE DATA FOR SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS,} \\ \textbf{FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960} \end{array}$

[Selected characteristics are those for which complete-count and sample data are available. Minus sign (-) indicates sample lower than complete count.

Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200]

		The State				Urban				Rural		
Subject			Differe	nce			Differe	nce			Differe	ince
Subject	Complete count	Sample	Number	Per- cent	Complete count	Sample	Number	Per- cent	Complete count	Sample	Number	Per- cent
SEX												
Total population	674,767	674,767			338,457	338,457			336,310	336,310	•••	
Male Female	343,743 331,024	343,238 331,529	-505 505	-0.1 0.2	166,970 171,487	166,894 171,563	-76 76		176,773 159,537	176,344 159,966	-429 429	-0.2 0.3
COLOR AND AGE												
Total, all ages	674,767	674,767	•••		338,457	338,457			336,310	336,310	•••	
Under 5 years 5 to 9 years	83,102 77,048	83,037 77,323	-65 275	-0.1 0.4	41,024 36,923	41,010 37,077	-14 154	0.4	42,078 40,125	42,027 40,246	-51 121	-0.1 0.3
10 to 14 years	67,042	67,081	39	0.1	31,634	31,670	36 62	0.1	35,408 25,473	35,411 25,860	3 3 87	1.5
15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	50,767 39,578	51,216 40,023	449 445	0.9	25,294 21,630	25,356 21,735	105	0.5	17,948	18,288	340 36	1.9
25 to 29 years	38,882 41,729	38,853 41,694	-29 -35	-0.1 -0.1	20,101 21,420	20,036 21,097	-65 -323	-0.3 -1.5	18,781 20,309	18,817 20,597	288	1.4
35 to 39 years	42,773	43,047	274	0.6	21,998	22,328	330	1.5	20,775	20,719 21,096	-56 -304	-0.3 -1.4
40 to 44 years	43,202	42,761	-441	-1.0	21,802	21,665	-137	-0.6	21,400			i
45 to 49 years	39,939 33,335	39,776 33,797	-163 462	-0.4 1.4	19,848 16,565	19,576 16,839	-272 274	-1.4 1.7	20,091 16,770	20,200 16,958	109 188	0.5
50 to 54 years	28,492	29,097	605	2.1	14,601	14,853	252	1.7	13,891 11,529	14,244 11,275	353 - 254	2.5
60 to 64 years	23,458 42,996	23,288 42,251	-170 -745	-0.7 -1.7	11,929 21,990	12,013 21,505	84 -485	0.7 -2.2	21,006	20,746	-260	-1.2
75 years and over	22,424	21,523	-901	-4.0	11,698	11,697	-1	•••	10,726	9,826	-900	-8.4
Median ageyears	27.6	27.4	•••	•••	28.2	28.1	•••	•••	26.9	26.7	•••	•••
White, all ages	650,738	650,538	-200	•••	334,088	333,996	-92		316,650	316,542	-108 -128	-0.3
Under 5 years 5 to 9 years	78,707 73,440	78,541 73,800	-166 360	-0.2 0.5	40,282 36,381	40,244 36,539	-38 158	-0.1 0.4	38,425 37,059	38,297 37,261	202	0.5
10 to 14 years	64,153	64,196	43	0.1	31,237	31,280 24,983	43 14	0.1	32,916 23,642	32,916 24,144	502	2.1
15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	48,611 37,816	49,127 38,203	51.6 387	1.1	24,969 21,202	21,338	136	0.6	16,614	16,865	251	1.5 -0.2
25 to 29 years	37,303 40,385	37,186 40,360	-117 -25	-0.3 -0.1	19,722 21,161	19,643 20,858	-79 -303	-0.4 -1.4	17,581 19,224	17,543 19,502	-38 278	1.4
30 to 34 years	41,551	41,884	333	0.8	21,704	22,059	355 -166	1.6	19,847 20,564	19,825 20,214	-22 -350	-0.1 -1.7
40 to 44 years	42,173	41,657	-516	-1.2	21,609	21,443					181	0.9
45 to 49 years	39,003 32,626	38,909 33,079	-94 453	0.2 1.4	19,666 16,411	19,391 16,678	-275 267	-1.4 1.6	19,337 16,215	19, <i>5</i> 18 16,401	186	1.1
50 to 54 years	27,839	28,324	485	1.7	14,478	14,653	175 104	1.2	13,361 11,097	13,671 10,861	31.0 -236	2.3
60 to 64 years	22,933 42,242	22,801 41,453	-132 -789	-0.6 -1.9	11,836 21,817	11,940 21,343	-474	-2.2	20,425	20,110	-31.5	-1.5
75 years and over	21,956	21,018	-938	-4.3	11,613	11,604	-9	-0.1	10,343	9,414	-929	-9.0
Median ageyears	28.0	27.9			28.3	28.2			27.7	27.5	108	0.5
Nonwhite, all ages		24,229	200	0.8	4,369	4,461 766	92	3.2	19,660	19,768 3,730	77	2.1
Under 5 years	4,395 3,608	4,496 3,523	101 -85	2.3	742 542	538	-4	-0.7	3,066	2,985	81	-2.6
5 to 9 years	2,889	2,885	-4 -67	-0.1 -3.1	397 325	390 373	-7 48	-1.8 14.8	2,492 1,831	2,495 1,716	-115	0.1 -6.3
15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	2,156 1,762	2,089 1,820	58	3.3	428	397	-31	-7.2	1,334	1,423 1,274	89 74	6.7 6.2
25 to 29 years	1,579 1,344	1,667 1,334	88	5.6 -0.7	379 259	393 239	14 -20	3.7 -7.7	1,200 1,085	1,095	10	0.9
30 to 34 years	1,222	1,163	-59 75	-4.8 7.3	294 193	269 222	-25 29	-8.5	928 836	894 882	-34 46	-3.7 5.5
40 to 44 years	1,029	1,104	ļ	1	1	ļ			754	682	-72	-9.5
45 to 49 years	936 709	867 718	-69 9	-7.4 1.3	182 154	185 161	3 7		555	557	2	0.4
50 to 54 years	653	773	120 -38	18.4 -7.2	123 93	200 73	77 -20	:::	530 432	573 414	43 -18	-4.2
60 to 64 years	754	487 798	44	5.8	173	162 93	-11 8	•••	581 383	636 412	55 29	
75 years and over		505	37	7.9	85		°					
Median ageyears	17.6	17.9	•••	•••	22.1	22.1	•••		16.7	17.0		
MARITAL STATUS												
Total, 14 and over	458,398	458,398			233,817	233,817			224,581	224,581	1 707	-3.5
Single	101,194	98,460	-2,734 3,952	-2.7 1.3	49,834 156,767	48,897 158,235	-937 1,468		51,360 153,256	49,563 155,740	-1,797 2,484	1.6
Married		313,975 3,588	-8	-0.2	2,057	2,105	48 -468	2.3	1,539	1,483 13,810	-56 -550	
Widowed		32,829 13,134	-1,018 -200	-3.0 -1.5	19,487 7,729	19,019 7,666	-63		5,605	5,468	-137	
Divorced	بدرورد	12,22			_							
RELATIONSHIP					222 527	330 704	267	0.1	326,831	326,804	-27	,
Population in households	657,358	657,598 202,240	240	:::	330,527 107,514	330,794 107,514			94,726	94,726		
Head of household Head of primary family	162,399	165,534	3,135		83,532 23,982	84,999 22, <i>5</i> 15	1,467	1.8		80,535 14,191	1,668	-10.5
Primary individual	. 39,841	36,706 148,588	-3,135 1,891	1.3	74,621	75,072	451	0.6	72,076	73,516 128,848	1,440	2.0
Child under 18 of head	. 247,192	249,558 48,769	2,366 -1,534	1.0 -3.0	119,812	120,710 23,330	-265	-1.1	26,708	25,439	-1,269	-4.8
Other relative of head	10,926	8,443	-2,483 -240	-22.7	4,985 7,930	4,168 7,663				4,275 9,506	-1,666 27	
Population in group quarters.	. 17,409	17,169	-240		الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ					<u> </u>		

XIV Introduction

or mixed parentage in the distribution of the foreign white stock by country of origin, and those on mother tongue of the foreignborn white, are based on a 5-percent sample. Fertility statistics for women 15 to 44 years old are based on Sample C; nationally, this sample covered about 3.3 percent of the women.

Statistics for census dates before 1940 are from complete counts, except that fertility statistics for women 15 to 44 years old for 1910 are based on an 8.9-percent sample. (For further explanations of sample historical data, see publications of the 1950 and 1940 Censuses, especially U.S. Census of Population: 1950, Vol. IV, Special Reports, Part 2, chapter A, General Characteristics of Families, and Part 5C, Fertility.)

CHANGES IN DEFINITIONS

The definitions of the major concepts used in the 1960 Census of Population are given below. A few of the definitions used in 1960 differ from those used in 1950. These changes were made after consultation with users of census data and were made in order to improve the statistics, even though it was recognized that comparability would be affected. In some cases the new definitions were tested by the Bureau of the Census in connection with its Current Population Survey and census pretests, and, where feasible, measures of the impact of the change on the statistics were developed.

AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1960 Census taken as of April 1, 1960, was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of abode, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile. Although there may be appreciable differences for a few areas, in the vast majority of cases the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics.

In the application of this rule, persons were not always counted as residents of the places in which they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Persons in the larger hotels, motels, and similar places were enumerated on the night of March 31, and those whose usual place of residence was elsewhere were allocated to their homes. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on the family was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for a person who reported for himself while away from his usual residence and who was also reported at his usual residence by someone else.

Persons in the Armed Forces quartered on military installations were enumerated as residents of the States, counties, and county subdivisions in which their installations were located. Members of their families were enumerated where they actually resided. As in 1950, college students were considered residents of the communities in which they were residing while attending college. The crews of vessels of the U.S. Navy and of the U.S. merchant marine in harbors of the United States were counted as part of the population of the ports in which their vessels were berthed on April 1, 1960. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for long periods of time, were counted as inhabitants of the place in which the institution was located, whereas patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily remain for short periods of time, were counted at, or allocated to, their homes. Persons without a usual place of residence were counted where they were enumerated.

Persons staying overnight at a mission, flophouse, jail, detention center, reception and diagnostic center, or other similar place on a specified night (for example, April 8 in some areas) were enumerated on that night as residents of that place.

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) are not included in the population of any of the States or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, persons temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were enumerated at their usual residence on the basis of information received from members of their families or from neighbors.

URBAN-RURAL RESIDENCE

The population of the State by urban-rural residence is shown in table 1 and for counties, or comparable areas, in table 6.

In general, the urban population comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 inhabitants or more outside urbanized areas. More specifically, according to the definition adopted for use in the 1960 Census, the urban population comprises all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, boroughs, villages, and towns (except towns in New England, New York, and Wisconsin); (b) the densely settled urban fringe, whether incorporated or unincorporated, of urbanized areas (see section below); (c) towns in New England and townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania which contain no incorporated municipalities as subdivisions and have either 25,000 inhabitants or more or a population of 2,500 to 25,000 and a density of 1,500 persons or more per square mile; (d) counties in States other than the New England States, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania that have no incorporated municipalities within their boundaries and have a density of 1,500 persons or more per square mile; and (e) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more (see section on "Places").

This definition of urban is substantially the same as that used in 1950; the major difference between 1950 and 1960 is the designation in 1960 of urban towns in New England and of urban townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. The effect on population classification arising from this change was actually small because, in 1950, most of the population living in such places was classified as urban by virtue of residence in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated urban place. (See sections below.) In the definition used prior to 1950, the urban population comprised all persons living in incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more and areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under somewhat different special rules relating to population size and density. In all definitions, the population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population. In the tables presenting the population by urban-rural residence, the "current" urban definition refers to the population classified in accordance with the definitions used in 1950 and 1960. The "previous" urban definition refers to the definition used prior to 1950.

The most important component of the urban territory in both definitions is the group of incorporated places having 2,500 inhabitants or more. A definition of urban territory restricted to such places, however, excludes a number of equally large and densely settled places merely because they are not incorporated places. Under the definition used previous to 1950, an effort was made to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by the inclusion of selected places which were classified as urban under special rules. Even with these rules, however, many large and closely built-up places were excluded from the urban territory.

To improve its measure of urban population, the Bureau of the Census adopted, in 1950, the concept of the urbanized area and defined the larger unincorporated places as urban. All the population residing in the urban-fringe areas and in unincorporated places of 2,500 or more is classified as urban, according to the current definition. The urban towns, townships, and counties, as defined for the 1960 Census, are somewhat similar in concept to the minor civil divisions classified as urban under special rules in 1940 and 1930.

For the convenience of those interested in the historical trend of the urban and rural population, the 1950 and 1960 population figures are shown on the basis of both the "current" definition and the "previous" definition. Although the Bureau of the Census had employed other definitions of "urban" in prior years, the urban and rural population figures published here as according to the "previous" definition have been revised to present a substantially consistent series.

FARM-NONFARM RESIDENCE

Definitions

The rural population is subdivided into the rural-farm population, which comprises all rural residents living on farms, and the rural-nonfarm population, which comprises the remaining rural population. In the 1960 Census, the farm population includes persons living in rural territory on places of 10 or more acres from which sales of farm products amounted to \$50 or more in 1959 or on places of less than 10 acres from which sales of farm products amounted to \$250 or more in 1959. Through an error in computer programing, the small number (29,873 for the United States) of farm residents in workers' camps (including quarters for migratory agricultural workers) were erroneously classified as nonfarm in the chapter C tables but were correctly classified as farm residents in chapter D. Persons in all other types of group quarters were properly classified as nonfarm.

Farm residence in accordance with this definition was determined from answers to the following questions on the Household Questionnaire:

H17 and H18. Is this house:	
On a city lot (or is this an apart- ment building)?	
OR	
On a place of less than 10 acres?	-Last year (1959), did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to \$250 or more?
	\$250 or more
OR	Less than \$250 or none
On a place of 10 or more acres?	Last year (1959), did salos of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to \$50 or more?
	\$50 or more
	Less than \$50 or none

If the reported value of sales was at least the amount specified for that size of place, the household was classified as living on a farm. Other persons in rural territory, including those living on "city lots," were classified as nonfarm residents. Persons were also classified as nonfarm if their household paid rent for the house but their rent did not include any land used for farming.

Sales of farm products refer to the gross receipts from the sale of field crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.), poultry and poultry products, and nursery and forest products produced on the place and sold at any time during 1959.

Comparability

Earlier censuses of population .-- Farm-nonfarm residence in 1950 was determined by respondents' answers to the question, "Is this house on a farm (or ranch)?" The instructions to the enumerators specified that "persons on farms who paid cash rent for this house and yard only are to be classified as nonfarm." In 1950 and 1960, persons living in group quarters on institutional grounds or in summer camps or motels were classified as nonfarm residents. The definition adopted for 1960 employs more restrictive criteria than the 1950 definition. One reason for the change was to make the definition of farm residence essentially consistent with the definition of a farm used in the agricultural census beginning with the 1959 Census of Agriculture. The net effect of the 1960 definition is to exclude from the farm population persons living on places considered farms by the occupants but from which agricultural products are not sold or from which sales are below the specified minimum. In previous censuses. farm-nonfarm residence was determined in cities and other territory classified as urban, but in 1960 no effort was made to identify farm population in urban areas. In 1950, this urban-farm population amounted to only about 300,000 persons in the country as a whole.

1959 Census of Agriculture.—According to the 1960 Census of Population, the rural-farm population numbered 13.4 million and rural-farm households numbered 3.6 million. According to the 1959 Census of Agriculture, there were 3.7 million farms and an estimated 3.4 million farm operators living on the farms they operated. The number of rural-farm households was 3.9 percent below the number of farms but 4.0 percent above the estimated number of farmers living on the farms they operated. Even if there had been no errors of enumeration, the number of farm households from the Census of Population would not equal exactly either the number of farms or the number of operators living on farms operated. The Census of Agriculture, for example, includes farms in urban territory. Moreover, there are two or more households on some farms and no resident households on other farms. In addition, the absence of a resident operator does not preclude the presence of a household, for example, that of a farm hand. Finally, the Census of Agriculture was taken in the fall of 1959, and evidence from other sources suggests that there was a decline in the number of farm residents between the time of this enumeration and that of the Census of Population.

Current Population Survey.—A test conducted in the CPS of April 1960 indicated that at that time the change in the definition of the farm population resulted in a net reduction of 4.2 million persons on farms, representing about 21 percent of the farm population under the old definition. The farm population of 15.7 million under the new definition indicated by the CPS, however, was 2.3 million greater than the 1960 Census count, 13.4 million. This discrepancy between the census and the CPS figures may be the result of the effect of several factors.

Although there is no conclusive evidence on the relative validity of the farm-nonfarm classification in the CPS as compared with that in the census, the difference between the CPS and census procedures already noted (see "Current Population Survey," above) must be taken into consideration in evaluating the figure, 2.3 million. There is also a difference between the definition of urban territory in the census and in the CPS. In the CPS of

Introduction

1960, the boundaries of urban areas used were still those of the 1950 Census and did not include the annexations and other substantial expansions of urban territory that were incorporated in the 1960 Census. In the 1960 Census, the determination of farm residence was limited to rural territory as defined in 1960. The effect of this difference was to classify an unknown number of persons as rural farm in the CPS who are treated as urban in the reports of the 1960 Census.

COUNTIES

Except as noted below, the primary divisions of the States are called counties. In Louisiana these divisions are known as parishes, and in Alaska where there are no counties data are shown for election districts, which are the nearest equivalents of counties. In Maryland, Missouri, and Virginia, there are a number of cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States.

COUNTY SUBDIVISIONS

Minor civil divisions.—The minor civil divisions which have been used traditionally for the presentation of statistics for the component parts of counties represent political or administrative subdivisions set up by the States. In addition to the county divisions shown by the Bureau, there are thousands of school, taxation, election, and other units for which separate census figures are not published. Where more than one type of primary division exists in a county, the Bureau of the Census uses the more stable divisions, so as to provide comparable statistics from decade to decade, insofar as possible.

Among the States where minor civil divisions are still recognized, there is a considerable variety of types. Although civil and judicial townships are the most frequent type of minor civil division, there are also beats, election districts, magisterial districts, towns, and gores. In some instances, as is discussed more fully below, none of the systems of subdivisions is adequate, and census county divisions have been substituted for them.

Census county divisions.—For purposes of presenting census statistics, counties in 18 States have been subdivided into statistical areas, which are called "census county divisions" (CCD's). These divisions are used instead of the minor civil divisions for which population statistics were previously reported. These changes were made because the boundaries of the minor civil divisions observed in previous censuses changed frequently or were indefinite. Where the boundaries changed frequently, comparison of the data from one census to another was impeded and the statistics for the areas were of limited value. Enumerators had difficulty in locating boundaries and in obtaining an accurate count of the population where the boundaries were indefinite, did not follow physical features, or were not well known by many of the inhabitants because the areas had lost most, if not all, of their local functions.

Census county divisions were established in the State of Washington for use in the 1950 Census. Between 1950 and 1960, they were established in 17 additional States, including 10 States in the West—Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, and Wyoming—and 7 States in the South—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas.

The census county divisions were defined with boundaries that seldom require change and that can be easily located. The boundaries normally follow physical features, such as roads, highways, trails, railroads, power lines, streams, and ridges. The use of survey lines was limited. The larger incorporated places are recognized as separate divisions, even though their boundaries may change as the result of annexations. Cities with 10,000 inhabitants or more generally are separate divisions. In addition, some incorporated places with as few as 2,500 inhabitants

may be separate divisions. Where an unincorporated enclave exists within a city, it is included in the same census county division as the city. In establishing census county divisions, consideration was given to the trade or service areas of principal settlements and in some cases to major land use or physiographic differences.

Each census county division has a name which is ordinarily the name of the principal place located within it, except in the State of Washington where most county divisions are numbered rather than named. The boundaries of census county divisions were reviewed with the officials in each county and various State agencies and were approved by the governors of the States or their representatives. Descriptions of these boundaries are given in a set of reports entitled *United States Censuses of Population and Housing*, 1960: Census County Division Boundary Descriptions, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C., 1961.

In the State of Washington, some revisions in the census county divisions recognized in 1950 were made in the metropolitan counties in order to coordinate the divisions with the expanded system of census tracts.

The population count for each county or comparable area by county subdivisions (minor civil divisions or census county divisions) appears in table 7. Incorporated places which are not themselves county subdivisions and unincorporated places are shown indented under the county subdivisions in which they are located. When an incorporated or unincorporated place lies in more than one county subdivision, the population of the several parts is shown in table 7 under the appropriate county subdivision, and each part is designated as "part." The total population of such places appears in table 8. Changes in the boundaries of minor civil divisions and of census county divisions between 1950 and 1960 are shown in the notes at the end of table 7. Minor civil division boundary changes occurring between 1940 and 1950 are given in table 6 of the State reports of the 1950 Census of Population. Selected characteristics of the 1960 population of county subdivisions are shown in tables 25 and 26.

PLACES

The term "place" as used in census reports refers to a concentration of population, regardless of the existence of legally prescribed limits, powers, or functions. Most of the places listed are incorporated as cities, towns, villages, or boroughs. In addition, the large unincorporated places outside the urbanized areas were delineated; and, those places with a population of 1,000 or more are presented in the same manner as incorporated places of equal size. Each unincorporated place possesses a definite nucleus of residences and has its boundaries drawn so as to include, if feasible, all the surrounding closely settled area. Unincorporated places are shown within urbanized areas if they have 10,000 inhabitants or more and if there was an expression of local interest in their recognition. The towns in New England, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and counties recognized as urban are also counted as places.

INCORPORATED PLACES

Political units recognized as incorporated places in the reports of the decennial censuses are those which are incorporated as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages with the exception that towns are not recognized as incorporated places in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin. The towns in these States are minor civil divisions similar to the townships found in other States and not necessarily thickly settled centers of population such as the cities, boroughs, towns, and villages in other States. Similarly, in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, where some townships possess powers and functions similar to those of incorporated places, the townships are not classified as "incorporated places." Thus, some minor civil divisions which are

"incorporated" in one legal sense of the word are not regarded by the Census Bureau as "incorporated places."

Without this restriction on "incorporated places," all of the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin and the townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania would be counted as incorporated places without any consideration of the nature of population settlement. A number of towns and townships in these States do qualify, however, as urban towns or townships and in other towns and townships the densely settled portions are recognized as unincorporated places or as parts of an urban fringe.

UNINCORPORATED PLACES

As it did for the 1950 Census, the Bureau delineated, in advance of enumeration, boundaries for densely settled population centers without corporate limits to be covered in the 1960 Census. (See the section above on "Places.")

URBAN PLACES

The count of urban places in 1960 includes all incorporated and unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and the towns, townships, and counties classified as urban. Unincorporated places are designated by "U" and urban towns and townships by "UT." Under the urban definition used previous to 1950, places of 2,500 or more and the areas urban under special rules were urban places.

ANNEXATIONS

The population figure for an incorporated place in earlier censuses applies to the area of the place at the time of the given census. Hence, the indicated change in population over the decade reflects the effect of any annexations or detachments. In order to permit an analysis of the relative importance of population growth within the old boundaries and of population added in annexed territory, table 9 for incorporated places of 2,500 or more has been included here. There were a great many annexations in cities in the decade of the 1950's, and some of these annexations involved large areas.

URBANIZED AREAS

The major objective of the Bureau of the Census in delineating urbanized areas was to provide a better separation of urban and rural population in the vicinity of the larger cities. In addition to serving this purpose, however, individual urbanized areas have proved to be useful statistical areas. They correspond to what are called "conurbations" in some other countries. An urbanized area contains at least one city which had 50,000 inhabitants or more in 1960,1 as well as the surrounding closely settled incorporated places and unincorporated areas that meet the criteria listed below. An urbanized area may be thought of as divided into the central city, or cities, and the remainder of the area, or the urban fringe. All persons residing in an urbanized area are included in the urban population.

It appeared desirable to delineate the urbanized areas in terms of the 1960 Census results rather than on the basis of information available prior to the census, as was done in 1950. For this purpose a peripheral zone was recognized around each 1950 urbanized area and around cities that were presumably approaching a population of 50,000 in 1960. Within the unincorporated parts of this zone, small enumeration districts (ED's) were established, usually including no more than one square mile of land area and no more than 75 housing units.2

Arrangements were made to include within the urbanized area those enumeration districts meeting specified criteria of population density as well as adjacent incorporated places. Since the urbanized area outside incorporated places was defined in terms of ED's, the boundaries of the urbanized area for the most part follow such features as roads, streets, railroads, streams, and other clearly defined lines which may be easily identified by census enumerators in the field and often do not conform to the boundaries of political units.

In addition to its central city or cities, an urbanized area also contains the following types of contiguous areas, which together constitute its urban fringe:

- 1. Incorporated places with 2,500 inhabitants or more.
- 2. Incorporated places with less than 2,500 inhabitants, provided each has a closely settled area of 100 housing units or
- 3. Towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania and counties elsewhere which are classified as urban.
- 4. Enumeration districts in unincorporated territory with a population density of 1,000 inhabitants or more per square mile. (The areas of large nonresidential tracts devoted to such urban land uses as railroad yards, factories, and cemeteries, were excluded in computing the population density of an ED.)
- 5. Other ED's provided that they served one of the following purposes:

 - a. To eliminate enclaves,b. To close indentations in the urbanized areas of one mile
- or less across the open end, c. To link outlying ED's of qualifying density that were no more than 11/2 miles from the main body of the urbanized area.

A single urbanized area was established for cities in the same SMSA if their fringes adjoin. Urbanized areas with central cities in different SMSA's are not combined, except that a single urbanized area was established in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area and in the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Standard Consolidated Area.

Urbanized areas were first delineated for the 1950 Census. In 1950, urbanized areas were established in connection with cities having 50,000 inhabitants or more according to the 1940 Census or a later special census prior to 1950; in 1960, urbanized areas were established in connection with cities having 50,000 inhabitants or more according to the 1960 Census.

The boundaries of the urbanized areas for 1960 will not conform to those for 1950, partly because of actual changes in land use and density of settlement, and partly because of relatively minor changes in the rules used to define the boundaries. The changes in the rules were made in order to simplify the process of defining the boundaries, and, as a result of these changes, the area classified as urbanized tends to be somewhat larger than it would have been under the 1950 rules. The changes include the following:

- 1. The use of ED's to construct the urbanized areas in 1960 resulted in a less precise definition than in 1950 when the limits were selected in the field using individual blocks as the unit of area added. On the other hand, the 1960 procedures produced an urbanized area based on the census results rather than an area defined about a year before the census, as in 1950.
- 2. Unincorporated territory was included in the 1950 urbanized area if it contained at least 500 dwelling units per square mile, which is a somewhat different criterion than the 1,000 persons or more per square mile of the included 1960 unincorporated areas.
- 3. The 1960 areas include those entire towns in New England, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and counties that are classified as urban in accordance with the criteria listed in the section on urban-rural residence. The 1950 criteria permitted the exclusion of portions of these particular minor civil divisions.

¹ There are a few urbanized areas where there are "twin central cities," neither having a population of 50,000 or more but which have a combined population of at least 50,000. See the section below on "Standard metropolitan statistical areas" for further discussion of twin central cities.

² An enumeration district is a small area assigned to one enumerator to be canvassed and reported separately. The average ED contained approximately 200 housing units.

Introduction XVIII

In general, however, the urbanized areas of 1950 and 1960 are based on essentially the same concept, and the figures for a given urbanized area may be used to measure the population growth of that area.

Any city in an urbanized area which is a central city of an SMSA (see following section) is also a central city of an urbanized area. With but two exceptions, the names of the central cities appear in the titles of the areas. The central cities of the New York-Northeastern New Jersey Area are the central cities of the New York, Newark, Jersey City, and Paterson-Clifton-Passaic SMSA's. Likewise, the central cities of the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Area are the central cities of the Chicago and Gary-Hammond-East Chicago SMSA's.

In this report, data are shown for each urbanized area with a central city located in this State. In chapter A the population for each component of the urbanized area is shown; and, in chapters B and C, general characteristics are presented for the central city and the total urbanized area.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

It has long been recognized that for many types of analysis it is necessary to consider as a unit the entire population in and around a city, the activities of which form an integrated economic and social system. Prior to the 1950 Census, areas of this type had been defined in somewhat different ways for different purposes and by various agencies. Leading examples were the metropolitan districts of the Census of Population, the industrial areas of the Census of Manufactures, and the labor market areas of the Bureau of Employment Security. To permit all Federal statistical agencies to utilize the same areas for the publication of generalpurpose statistics, the Bureau of the Budget has established "standard metropolitan statistical areas" (SMSA's). (In the 1950 Census, these areas were referred to as "standard metropolitan areas.") Every city of 50,000 inhabitants or more according to the 1960 Census is included in an SMSA.

The definitions and titles of SMSA's are established by the Bureau of the Budget with the advice of the Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. This committee is composed of representatives of the major statistical agencies of the Federal Government. The criteria used by the Bureau of the Budget in establishing the SMSA's are presented below. (See the Bureau of the Budget publication Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C., 1961.)

The definition of an individual SMSA involves two considerations: First, a city or cities of specified population to constitute the central city and to identify the county in which it is located as the central county; and, second, economic and social relationships with contiguous counties which are metropolitan in character, so that the periphery of the specific metropolitan area may be determined.* SMSA's may cross State lines.

Population criteria.—The criteria for population relate to a city or cities of specified size according to the 1960 Census.

- 1. Each SMSA must include at least:
- a. One city with 50,000 inhabitants or more, or
 b. Two cities having contiguous boundaries and constituting, for general economic and social purposes, a single community with a combined population of at least 50,000, the smaller of which must have a population of at least 15,000.
- 2. If each of two or more adjacent counties has a city of 50,000 inhabitants or more (or twin cities under 1b) and the cities are within 20 miles of each other (city limits to city limits), they will be included in the same area unless there is definite evidence that the two cities are not economically and socially integrated.

Criteria of metropolitan character.—The criteria of metropolitan character relate primarily to the attributes of the contiguous county as a place of work or as a home for a concentration of nonagricultural workers.

- 3. At least 75 percent of the labor force of the county must be in the nonagricultural labor force.
- 4. In addition to criterion 3, the county must meet at least one of the following conditions:
 - a. It must have 50 percent or more of its population living in contiguous minor civil divisions with a density of at least 150 persons per square mile, in an unbroken chain of minor civil divisions with such density radiating from a central city in the area.
 - b. The number of nonagricultural workers employed in the county must equal at least 10 percent of the number of nonagricultural workers employed in the county containing the largest city in the area, or the county must be the place of employment of 10,000 nonagricultural workers.
 - c. The nonagricultural labor force living in the county must equal at least 10 percent of the number of the nonagricultural labor force living in the county containing the largest city in the area, or the county must be the place of residence of a nonagricultural labor force of 10,000.
- 5. In New England, the city and town are administratively more important than the county, and data are compiled locally for these minor civil divisions. Here, towns and cities are the units used in defining SMSA's. In New England, because smaller units are used and more restricted areas result, a population density criterion of at least 100 persons per square mile is used as the measure of metropolitan character.

Criteria of integration.-The criteria of integration relate primarily to the extent of economic and social communication between the outlying counties and central county.

- 6. A county is regarded as integrated with the county or counties containing the central cities of the area if either of the following criteria is met:
 - a. 15 percent of the workers living in the county work in the county or counties containing central cities of the area, or b. 25 percent of those working in the county live in the county or counties containing central cities of the area.

Only where data for criteria 6a and 6b are not conclusive are other related types of information used as necessary. This information includes such items as the average number of telephone calls per subscriber per month from the county to the county containing central cities of the area; percent of the population in the county located in the central city telephone exchange area; newspaper circulation reports prepared by the Audit Bureau of Circulation; analysis of charge accounts in retail stores of central cities to determine the extent of their use by residents of the contiguous county; delivery service practices of retail stores in central cities; official traffic counts; the extent of public transportation facilities in operation between central cities and communities in the contiguous county; and the extent to which local planning groups and other civic organizations operate jointly.

Criteria for titles.—The criteria for titles relate primarily to the size and number of central cities.

- 7. The complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities and the State or States in which the SMSA is located:
 - a. The name of the SMSA includes that of the largest city. b. The addition of up to two city names may be made in the area title, on the basis and in the order of the following criteria:
 - The additional city has at least 250,000 inhabitants. (2) The additional city has a population of one-third or more of that of the largest city and a minimum population of 25,000 except that both city names are used in those instances where cities qualify under criterion 1b.

Central cities are those appearing in the SMSA title. A "contiguous" county either adjoins the county or counties containing the largest city in the area, or adjoins an intermediate county integrated with the central county. There is no limit to the number of tiers of outlying metropolitan counties so long as all other criteria are met.

⁴ Nonagricultural labor force is defined as those employed in nonagricultural occupations, those experienced unemployed whose last occupation was a nonagricultural occupation, members of the Armed Forces, and new workers.

⁵ A contiguous minor civil division either adjoins a central city in an SMSA or adjoins an intermediate minor civil division of qualifying population density. There is no limit to the number of tiers of contiguous minor civil divisions so long as the minimum density requirement is met in each tier.

which qualified as a secondary central city in 1950 but which does not qualify in 1960 has been temporarily retained as a central city.)

c. In addition to city name, the area titles contain the name of the State or States in which the area is located.

Data on the number of inhabitants for SMSA's which cross State lines are shown in full in table 11 for each State in which a central city is located. If that part of an SMSA that extends into another State does not include a central city, data are shown only for the part within the State. In table 12 only that part of the SMSA which is within the State is shown. Data on general characteristics in chapters B and C are shown for each SMSA with a central city located in this State.

Data on detailed characteristics in chapter D for SMSA's which cross State lines are shown for the State containing the largest central city, and, in addition, for any State not containing the largest central city but containing 50 percent or more of the total population of the SMSA.

In the 1950 Census reports, data were presented for standard metropolitan areas (SMA's) and in several earlier censuses a

somewhat similar type of area called the "metropolitan district" was used. In 1959, the criteria for delineating metropolitan areas were revised by the Bureau of the Budget, and, at the same time, the areas were designated as standard metropolitan statistical areas. The comparative SMSA figures shown here for 1950 apply to the SMSA as defined in 1960.

STANDARD CONSOLIDATED AREAS

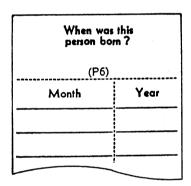
In view of the special importance of the metropolitan complexes around New York and Chicago, the Nation's largest cities, several contiguous SMSA's and additional counties that do not appear to meet formal integration criteria but do have strong interrelationships of other kinds, have been combined into the New York-Northeastern New Jersey and the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Standard Consolidated Areas, respectively. The former is identical with the New York-Northeastern New Jersey SMA of 1950, and the latter corresponds roughly to the Chicago SMA of 1950 (two more counties having been added).

SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

AGE

Definitions

The data on age were derived from answers to question P6 on the Advance Census Report. These answers were copied to the complete-count and sample FOSDIC forms, as explained in the section below on "Collection of data."



The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1960. For the first time since 1900, the Bureau of the Census obtained data on the age of the population by asking for date of birth. The respondent was requested to give the month and year of birth; for simplicity in the processing, however, only the quarter of year of birth was used in determining age. The comparable question in previous censuses was designed to obtain the age in completed years. It was believed that the use of self-enumeration coupled with the wording of the question in terms of date of birth would result in fewer errors in age reporting. On the other hand, there was a substantial rise in the proportion of persons reporting no information relating to age.

Assignment of Unknown Ages

In each census since 1940, the Bureau of the Census has estimated the age of a person when it was not reported. In censuses prior to 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. The summary totals for "14 years and over" and "21 years and over" for earlier censuses included all persons of "unknown age" since there is evidence that most of the persons for whom age was not reported were in the age classes above these limits. Both in 1940 and 1950, estimates for unknown ages were made for less than 0.20 percent of the population of the United States using basically

similar techniques of inferring age from related information for the person and other members of the family and household. In 1960, birth date was estimated for 1.7 percent of the enumerated population on the basis of other information regarding the person reported on the census questionnaire. Also, birth date was allocated for an additional 0.5 percent of the population as a part of the process of substituting persons with reported characteristics for persons not tallied because of the enumerator's failure to interview households or because of mechanical failure in processing. This makes a total of about 2.2 percent of the population for whom age was estimated. For a discussion of the procedure followed in 1960 to estimate values for unknown items, including age, see the section below on "Editing of unacceptable data."

Errors in Age Statistics

Studies of age data collected in previous censuses have shown that age has been occasionally misreported in several characteristic ways. The numbers in some age groups have been understated, whereas others have been overstated, as the combined result of net underenumeration and of misstatements of age. One of the presumed advantages of self-enumeration was an expected reduction in such misreporting. The respondent was given an opportunity to consult records and discuss his reply before responding. Also, the wording of the question in terms of date of birth rather than age in number of years has changed the way in which age statistics tend to heap on certain terminal digits (e.g., 0 and 5) and may have reduced the overall extent of such heaping. As data become available from the 1960 tabulations, a more definitive analysis of the effect of the new enumeration techniques will be made.

Age estimates for selected SMSA's.—The 1950 data shown here for SMSA's apply to the area as defined in 1960. Estimates of some of the age categories were prepared for the relatively few areas in which 1950 data were not available in the detail needed for the 1960 area. The estimation was based on the assumption that the distribution of ages for the area to be estimated was the same as that of the area as defined in 1950.

Median Age

The median, a type of average, is presented in connection with the data on age which appear in this report. The median is the value which divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases falling below this value and one-half of the cases exceeding this value. The medians shown in tables 94 and 95 (giving age by single years to 84) were computed on the basis of 5-year groupings.

XX Introduction

Fertility Ratios

The "fertility ratio," as the term is used in this report, is the number of children under 5 years old per 1,000 women 15 to 49 years old. It is a rough index of the natural growth tendencies of various areas and population groups. The ratio is a measure of effective fertility.

The fertility ratios shown in table 13 were computed from the distribution of the population in each area by age and sex and, therefore, included all persons under 5 years old. The data are not comparable with those in table 114, which show women by number of own children under 5 years old. (See section below on "Child.")

RACE AND COLOR

Definitions

The data on race were derived from answers to the following question on the Advance Census Report:

Is this person—
White
Negro
American Indian
Japanese
Chinese
Fillpino
Hawaiian
Part Hawaiian
Aleut
Eskimo
(etc.)?

Race.—The concept of race, as it has been used by the Bureau of the Census, is derived from that which is commonly accepted by the general public. It does not reflect clear-cut definitions of biological stock, and several categories obviously refer to national origin. The use of self-enumeration in the 1960 Census may have affected the data on race as compared with those of earlier censuses. Whereas formerly the classification was obtained in most cases by the enumerator's observation, in 1960 it was possible for members of the household to classify themselves. Some of their entries were ambiguous; but, where the enumerator failed to classify these into the prescribed census racial categories, the classification was made in the editing process. Nonetheless, in many areas the proportion of persons classified as of "other races" may be somewhat higher than it would have been had the 1950 procedures been followed.

Color.—The term "color" refers to the division of the population into two groups, white and nonwhite. The color group designated as "nonwhite" includes persons of Negro, American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Asian Indian, and Malayan races. Persons of Mexican birth or ancestry who are not definitely of Indian or other nonwhite race are classified as white. In the 1930 publications, Mexicans were included in the group "other races," but the 1930 data published in this report have been revised to include Mexicans in the white population.

Negroes, Indians, Japanese, etc., are quite different with respect to some demographic and economic characteristics; but, since Negroes constitute 92 percent of all nonwhites, many of the data presented are shown for all the nonwhite races combined, in order to effect savings in tabulation and publication. Statistics for specific nonwhite races may be found in chapter B.

Nonwhite Races

Negro.—In addition to persons of Negro and of mixed Negro and white descent, this classification includes persons of mixed Indian and Negro descent, unless the Indian ancestry very definitely predominates or unless the individual is regarded as an Indian in the community.

American Indian.—In addition to fullblooded Indians, persons of mixed white and Indian blood are included in this category if they are enrolled on an Indian tribal or agency roll. A common requirement for such enrollment at present is that the proportion of Indian blood should be at least one-fourth. Indians living in Indian territory or on reservations were not included in the official population count of the United States until 1890.

Other races.—The category "other races" is used variously in different tables of this report to include all racial stocks not shown separately. The greatest detail on racial stock of the population is presented in chapter B, in which separate statistics for persons of the white, Negro, American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, and all other racial stocks are shown for each SMSA, urbanized area, urban place of 10,000 or more, and county. In tables of chapter B in which detailed racial stock is presented, "other races" thus includes only the relatively small numbers of Koreans, Hawaiians, Asian Indians, Malayans, Eskimos, Aleuts, etc. Elsewhere, "other races" includes all non-white races other than Negro.

Mixed parentage.—Persons of mixed racial parentage are classified according to the race of the nonwhite parent, and mixtures of nonwhite races are classified according to the race of the father, with the special exceptions noted above.

In 1950, an attempt was made to classify as separate groups persons of mixed white, Negro, and Indian ancestry living in specified communities. These persons were included in the "other races" category. Because of problems of identification of these groups encountered in 1950 and the difficulty of distinguishing these groups by self-enumeration, the practice was dropped in 1960, except for the classification of a very few small mixed groups.

NATIVITY, PLACE OF BIRTH, AND PARENTAGE

The data on nativity, place of birth, and parentage were derived from answers to the following questions on the Household Questionnaire:

P8.	Where was this person born?
	(If born in hospital, give residence of mother, not location of hospital)
	If born in the United States, write name of State.
	If born outside the United States, write name of country, U.S. possession, etc. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the U.S. Distinguish Northern Ireland from Ireland (Eire).
	(State, foreign country, U.S. possession, etc.)
P10.	What country was his futher born in?
	United States OR
	(Name of foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)
P11. 1	What country was his mother born in?
	United States OR
	(Name of foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)

Nativity

In this report, information on place of birth is used to classify the population of the United States into two major categories, native and foreign born. The "native" category comprises persons born in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a possession of the United States. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country or at sea, have at least one native American parent. Persons whose place of birth was not reported are assumed to be native unless their census report contains contradictory information, such as an entry of a language spoken prior to coming to the United States. Persons not classified as "native" in accordance with these qualifications were considered "foreign born."

The total and white populations of the United States have been classified as native or foreign born in every census since 1850. Beginning with the Census of 1900, the Negro population and the population of other races were similarly classified.

Place of Birth

Native.—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected at each census beginning with that of 1850. In the Censuses of 1850 and 1860, State of birth was presented for whites and for free Negroes only. In this report, as in those for some of the more recent censuses, State of birth has been shown for the native population of the urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm parts of States, and of individual cities above a specified minimum size.

In chapter C of this report, the native population is further classified into the following groups: Persons born in the State in which they were residing at the time of the census, persons born in a different State, persons born in an outlying area of the United States or at sea of American parents, and persons whose State of birth was not reported. In addition, chapter D presents the region of birth of persons born in a different State and separate categories are shown for persons born in an outlying area of the United States and for persons born abroad or at sea of American parents. The enumerators in 1960 were instructed to report place of birth in terms of the mother's usual State of residence at the time of birth rather than in terms of the location of the hospital if the birth occurred in a hospital. This instruction also appeared on the Household Questionnaire.

The statistics on State of birth are of value mainly for the information they provide on the historical movements of the native population from one State to another within the United States from the time of birth to the date of the census. These statistics indicate migration only in terms of the number of persons who had moved from the State of their birth and were still living in another State on the date of the census. The statistics therefore afford no indication of the amount of migration within a given State from rural to urban communities or from one locality to another; nor do they take any account of intermediate moves between the time of a person's birth and the time of the census.

The statistics thus do not indicate the total number of persons who have moved from the State in which they were born to other States, or to any specific State, during any given period of time. Some of those who had gone from one State to another have since died, others have returned to the State in which they were born, and others have gone to still other States, or places outside the United States.

Foreign born.—Foreign-born persons were asked to report their country of birth according to international boundaries as recognized by the United States on April 1, 1960. Similarly, in editing and coding the data on country of birth of the foreign born, the list of countries used was composed of those officially recognized by the United States at the time of the census. There may have

been considerable deviation from the rules specified in the instructions, in view of numerous changes in boundaries that have occurred. Moreover, many foreign-born persons are likely to report their country of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference; such variations in reporting may have been intentional or the result of ignorance of the boundaries recognized by the United States.

Parentage and Birthplace of Parents

Information on birthplace of parents is used to classify the native population of the United States into two categories: Native of native parentage and native of foreign or mixed parentage. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons, both of whose parents are also natives of the United States. The category "native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons, one or both of whose parents are foreign born. The rules for determining the nativity and country of birth of parents are substantially the same as those used for the persons enumerated. Where the data on parents' birthplace were incomplete, the editing procedure made use of other related information on the census schedule in order to determine an acceptable entry where possible.

Foreign Stock

The foreign-born population is combined with the native population of foreign or mixed parentage in a single category termed "foreign stock." This category comprises all first- and second-generation Americans. Third and subsequent generations in the United States are described as "native of native parentage."

In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin with separate distributions shown for the foreign born and the native of foreign or mixed parentage. In this classification, native persons of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father.

MOTHER TONGUE OF THE FOREIGN BORN

Definitions

The data on mother tongue of the foreign born were derived from answers to the following question on the Household Questionnaire:

P9. If this person was born outside the U.S.—
What language was spoken in his home before he came to the
United States?

In the 1960 Census, mother tongue is defined as the principal language spoken in the person's home before he came to the United States. If a person reported more than one language, the code assigned was the mother tongue reported by the largest number of immigrants from that country in the 1940 Census. Data are shown in chapter C for all the more common European languages, as well as Chinese, Japanese, and Arabic.

Data on mother tongue were collected in the interest of determining nationality or ethnic or linguistic origin of the foreign born, especially of those persons born in certain Eastern European areas which have experienced changes in national sovereignty. The data on mother tongue of the foreign born do not necessarily reflect a person's current language skills or an inability to speak English. The vast majority of persons reporting a mother tongue other than English have learned to speak English since entering this country. It is likely, furthermore,

XXII Introduction

that many of these persons have forgotten the mother tongue they reported, and some have acquired skills in other foreign languages.

Nonresponse to the question on mother tongue was relatively frequent in some areas. Failure to report a language may have resulted from a number of causes. For example, in some situations, the respondent and the enumerator may have thought the mother tongue was obvious from the country of birth. Furthermore, since the mother-tongue question was asked only of foreign-born persons, it was asked relatively rarely in some areas and may have been overlooked by the enumerator in direct interview situations. It is apparent that in areas where there are large concentrations of foreign-born persons, nonresponse rates are substantially lower than in areas where there are relatively few such persons. No assignments to replace nonresponses were made for missing entries on mother tongue for this report.

Comparability

A question on mother tongue was asked in the Censuses of 1910, 1920, 1930, and 1940. The comparability of these data is limited to some extent by changes in the wording of the question, in the categories of the population to which the question was addressed, and in the detail that was published. In 1940, the question asked for the language spoken in earliest childhood and included a caution to enumerators that, when obtaining this information from foreign-born persons, they should record the language spoken in the home before the person came to the United States. In 1960, if both English and another mother tongue were reported, preference was always given to the non-English language. This procedure may reduce somewhat the proportion of the foreign-born population classified as having English as their mother tongue.

In the 1910 and 1920 Censuses, statistics on mother tongue were published for the foreign white stock; in 1930, they were published for the foreign-born white population; and in 1940 they were published for the native white of native parentage as well as the foreign white stock. In the present census, they are shown for the foreign-born population of all races combined.

YEAR MOVED INTO PRESENT HOUSE

The data on year moved into present residence were derived from the answers to the following question on the Household Questionnaire:

P12. When did this person move into (Check date of last move)	this house (or apartment)?
In 1959 or 1960	Jan. 1954 to March 1955
In 1958	1950 to 1953
In 1957	1940 to 1949
April 1955 to Dec. 1956	1939 or earlier Always lived here_

Respondents were asked to answer in terms of the most recent move they had made. The intent was to obtain the year when the person established his usual residence in the housing unit. Thus, a person who had moved back into the same house (or apartment) in which he had previously lived was asked to give the date at which he began the present occupancy. If a person had moved from one apartment to another in the same building, he was expected to give the year when he moved into the present apartment. In reports of the 1960 Census, the category "always lived here" includes persons who reported that their residence on April 1, 1960, was the same as their residence at birth and who had never had any other place of residence. In reports of the 1960 Census of Housing, however, "year moved into present house" is shown for heads of households, but the category "always lived here" is not used; heads of households who had

always lived in the present house were distributed among the time periods on the basis of the head's age.

RESIDENCE IN 1955

Definitions

The data on residence in 1955 were derived from the answers to the following questions on the Household Questionnaire:

P13. Did he live in this house on April 1, 1955? (Answer 1, 2, or 3)	
1. Born April 1955 or later	
2. Yes, this house OR 3. No, different house	
Where did he live on April 1, 1955?	
a. City or town	
b. If city or town—Did he live inside the city limits?	
County	

Residence on April 1, 1955, is the usual place of residence 5 years prior to enumeration. Residence in 1955 was used in conjunction with residence in 1960 to determine the extent of mobility of the population.

The category "same house as in 1960" includes all persons 5 years old and over who were reported as living in the same house on the date of enumeration in 1960 and 5 years prior to enumeration. Included in the group are persons who had never moved during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1960 had returned to their 1955 residence. Persons who had changed residence from 1955 to 1960 were classified according to type of move.

The category "different house in the U.S." includes persons who, on April 1, 1955, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1960, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1955 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1955 residence, viz., "different house, same county," "different county, same State," and "different State." The last category was further subdivided by region of 1955 residence.

The category "abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or an outlying area of the United States in 1955. (In the coding of this item, persons who lived in Alaska or Hawaii in 1955 but in other States in 1960 were classified as living in a different State in 1955.)

Persons 5 years old and over who had indicated they had moved into their present residence after April 1, 1955, but, for whom, or for members of their families, sufficiently complete and consistent information regarding residence on April 1, 1965, was not collected, are included in the group "moved, place of residence in 1955 not reported." (Missing information was supplied if data were available for other members of the family.) Also included in the category "moved, place of residence in 1955 not reported" are persons who gave no indication as to their movement since April 1,

1955, but who, on the basis of the final edited entry for year moved (for which all nonresponses were replaced by assigned entries), were classified as having moved into their present house since April 1, 1955.

The number of persons who were living in different houses in 1960 and 1955 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5 years. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of enumeration had returned to their 1955 residence. Other persons made two or more moves. Persons in a different house in the same county may actually have moved between counties during the 5-year period but by 1960 had returned to the same county of residence as that in 1955. Finally, some movers during the 5-year period had died or gone abroad.

Comparability

Similar questions on mobility were asked in the 1950 and 1940 Censuses. However, the questions in the 1950 Census, as well as in annual supplements to the Current Population Survey, applied to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. In the 1950 reports, migrants reporting the State but not the county of residence in 1949 were included in the known categories of migration status and State of origin, whereas in this report such persons were all assigned to the category "moved, place of residence in 1955 not reported." This partial nonresponse group comprised 411,590 migrants in 1950; the corresponding figure for 1960 is not known.

Although the questions in the 1940 Census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census is reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. In 1940, the population was classified in terms of four categories: Migrants, nonmigrants, immigrants, and migration status not reported. The first group, "migrants," included those persons who in 1935 lived in a county (or quasi-county) different from the one in which they were living in 1940. A quasi-county was defined as a city which had a population of 100,000 or more in 1930 or the balance of the county within which such a city was located. The second group, "nonmigrants," comprised those persons living in the same house in 1935 as in 1940 as well as persons living in a different house in the same county or quasi-county. The group classified as "immigrant" in 1940 is comparable to the group classified in 1960 as "abroad." The 1940 classification, "migration status not reported," included persons for whom information was not reported in addition to those for whom the information supplied was not sufficient.

In the Series PHC(1), Census Tract Reports, for Denver, Colo.; Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.; New Orleans, La.; Baltimore, Md.; St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.; Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J.; and Richmond, Va., the number of persons shown as having moved within the central city of the SMSA is slightly too low and the number shown as having moved from the ring to the central city is correspondingly too high. The cities in question are either coterminous with counties or are independent of any county. The error occurred in the tabulation where codes of "this county" without a code for the city were tallied as "other part of this SMSA." In those SMSA's with only one central city, the correct figures are available from the line for "same county" in table 82 of this report. If there are two or more central cities, however, the correct figures are not available for the category "central city of this SMSA." The SMSA's concerned are Newport News-Hampton and Norfolk-Portsmouth in Virginia and San Francisco-Oakland in California.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND YEAR OF SCHOOL IN WHICH ENROLLED

Definitions

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to the following questions on the Household Questionnaire:

P16.	Has he attended regular school or college at any time since February 1, 1960?
	If he has attended only nursery school, business or trade school, or adult education classes, check "No"
	Yes
	P17. Is it a public school or a private school?
	Public school
	Private or parochial school

The answers to these questions were recorded for persons 5 to 34 years of age. The data on year of school in which enrolled were obtained by tabulating, for those who were enrolled, the responses to the question on highest grade attended (see section below on "Years of school completed").

Schooling included .- Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending or being enrolled in a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1960, and the time of enumeration. According to the census definition, "regular" schooling refers to formal education obtained in public and private (denominational or nondenominational) kindergartens, graded schools, colleges, universities, or professional schools, whether day or night school, and whether attendance was full time or part time. That is, "regular" schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons who had been enrolled in a regular school since February 1, 1960, but who had not actually attended, for example, because of illness, were counted as enrolled in school.

Schooling excluded.—Persons were excluded from the enrollment figures if the only schools they had been attending at any time since February 1, 1960, were not "regular" (unless courses taken at such schools could have been counted for credit at a regular school). Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that which is given in nursery schools, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Level and year of school in which enrolled.—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified according to the level and year of school in which they were enrolled. The levels which are separately identified in this report are kindergarten, elementary school, high school, and college. Table 101 in chapter D presents data for single years within each level. Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8 and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was obtained. (See the section on "Years of school completed" for a discussion of variations in school organization.) The term "college" includes junior or community colleges, regular 4-year colleges, and graduate or professional schools.

Public or private school.—Persons who were enrolled in school were also classified as attending a public or private school. In general, a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency, whereas "private" schools are defined as schools which are controlled and supported mainly by a religious organization or by private persons or organizations.

Enumeration of college students.—College students were enumerated in 1950 and 1960 where they lived while attending college, whereas in most earlier censuses they generally were enumerated

XXIV Introduction

at their parental home. A study conducted in the Current Population Survey showed, however, that residence while attending college is the same under both the current and the previous procedures for roughly one-half of the college students; furthermore, only part of the one-half who would be classified at different residences would be counted in different counties and still fewer in different States.

Comparability

Earlier census data.—The corresponding question on schooling in the 1930 Census applied to a somewhat longer period, the period since the preceding September 1. Furthermore, in that census the question was not restricted as to the kind of school the person was attending. In 1940, the question referred to the period since the preceding March 1. There were indications, following that census, that in some areas the schools closed early (i.e., before March 1) for such reasons as lack of funds, flood conditions, or crop sowing. For such areas, the enrollment rates would, therefore, have been relatively low. In order to insure more complete comparability among areas, it was considered advisable in 1950 to change the reference period to that between February 1 (the usual date for beginning the second semester) and the time of enumeration. The corresponding reference period was used in 1960.

In 1950, for the first time in a decennial census, kindergarten enrollment was separately identified, but the number of children enrolled in kindergarten was not included with the 1950 statistics on enrollment in regular schools. In 1960, kindergarten enrollment was separately identified and included with the regular enrollment figures. In this report, the statistics for 1950 have been adjusted to include enrollment in kindergarten with the regular enrollment figures.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained has varied for the several censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in 1930 and 1940, for persons 5 to 29 years old in 1950, and for those 5 to 34 years old in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures relate, however, to ages 5 to 20 in 1930, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, and 5 to 34 in 1960. The enrollment statistics at the older ages reported in 1930 and 1940 were regarded as of poor quality and as relating mostly to enrollment in other than regular schools. The extended age coverage for the published enrollment data in the recent censuses reflects the increasing number of persons in their late twenties and early thirties who are attending regular colleges and universities.

In 1960, as in prior censuses, persons for whom there was no report on school enrollment were allocated as either enrolled or not enrolled. In both 1940 and 1950, the editing rules were determined largely on the basis of information on ages of compulsory attendance as compiled by the U.S. Office of Education. Additional information used in editing included other items on the schedule and results of Current Population Surveys showing the percent enrolled for various age groups. In general, in 1940 and 1950, persons 5 through 17 years of age not reporting on school enrollment were treated as enrolled, whereas those over 17 years old were considered not enrolled. The general scheme used in eliminating nonresponses in 1960 is discussed in the section below on "Editing of unacceptable data."

Data from other sources.—Data on school enrollment are also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local governmental agencies. This information is generally obtained from reports of school systems and institutions of higher learning and from other surveys and censuses. These data are only roughly comparable with data collected by the Bureau of the Census by household canvassing, however, because of differences in definitions, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods.

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

Definitions

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to the following questions on the Household Questionnaire:

P14. What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school this person has ever attended? (Check one box)							
If now attending a regular school or college, check the grade (or year) he is in. If it is in junior high school, check the box that stands for that grade (or year).							
Never attended school							
Kindergarten							
Elementary 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 school (Grade)							
1 2 3 4 High school (Year)							
College (Year)							
P15. Did he <u>finish</u> the highest grade (or year) he attended?							
Finished Did not Never this finish attended grade this grade school							

These questions on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools, as defined above. Both questions were asked of all persons 5 years of age and over. In the present report, these data are shown for persons 14 to 24 years old not enrolled in school and for all persons 14 years old and over.

Highest grade of school attended.—The first question called for the highest grade attended, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades, rather than the number of full school years which the person had spent in school. If the highest grade of school attended was in a junior high school, the instructions to enumerators were to determine the equivalent in elementary grades 1 to 8 or high school grades 1 to 4.

In some areas in the United States, the school system has, or formerly had, 11 years of school (7 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school) rather than the more conventional 12 years (8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school, or equivalent years in the elementary-junior high school system). Persons who had progressed beyond the 7th grade in this type of school system were treated as though they had progressed beyond the 8th grade of elementary school.

Enumerators were instructed to obtain the approximate equivalent grade in the American school system for persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, whose highest level of attendance was in an ungraded school, whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training by a tutor was regarded as qualifying under the "regular" school definition.

Completion of grade.—The second question on educational attainment asked whether or not the highest grade attended had been finished. It was to be answered "Yes" if the person had successfully completed the entire grade or year indicated in response to the previous question on the highest grade ever attended. If the person was still attending school in that grade, had completed only a half grade or semester, or had dropped out of or failed to pass the last grade attended, the question was to be answered "No."

Comparability

Question wording and editing.—In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. Analysis of the 1940 returns and those of other surveys conducted by the Census Bureau using wording similar to that used in 1940 indicated that respondents frequently reported the grade or year in which they were enrolled, or had last been enrolled, instead of the one completed. The two-question approach used in 1950 and 1960 was designed to reduce this kind of error.

In 1950, persons for whom highest grade attended was reported but for whom no report was made on finishing the grade were assumed not to have finished the grade if they were at the compulsory school ages but to have finished the grade if they were not at those ages. In 1960, nonresponses on both highest grade attended and completion of grade were eliminated by the procedure described below, in the section on "Editing of unacceptable data."

The number in each category of highest grade of school completed for 1950 and 1960 represents the combination of (a) persons who reported that they had attended the indicated grade and finished it, and (b) those who had attended the next higher grade but had not finished it.

Median School Years Completed

The median number of school years completed is defined as the value which divides the population group into two equal partsone-half having completed more schooling and one-half having completed less schooling than the median. This median was computed after the statistics on years of school completed had been converted to a continuous series of numbers (e.g., completion of the 1st year of high school was treated as completion of the 9th year and completion of the 1st year of college as completion of the 13th year). The persons completing a given school year were assumed to be distributed evenly within the interval from .0 to .9 of the year. In fact, at the time of census enumeration (generally April or May), most of the enrolled persons had completed at least three-fourths of a school year beyond the highest grade completed, whereas a large majority of persons who were not enrolled had not attended any part of a grade beyoud the highest one completed. The effect of the assumption is to place the median for younger persons slightly below, and for older persons slightly above, the true median.

The same procedure for computing this median has been used in the 1940, 1950, and 1960 Censuses. Because of the inexact assumption as to the distribution within an interval, this median is more appropriately used for comparing groups and the same group at different dates than as an absolute measure of educational attainment.

VETERAN STATUS

The data on veteran status were derived from answers to the following question on the Household Questionnaire:

P35. If this is a man—			
Has he ever served in the United States?	the Army, Navy, or of	ther Armed Fo	rces of
Yes 🔲	No 🔲	(Check o	
₩		Yes	No
Was it s			
Korean War (Je	une 1950 to Jan. 1955) -		片
World War II (Sept. 1940 to July 1947)		님
World War I (A	April 1917 to Nov. 1918)	님	H
	including present service		

Data on veteran status are being published in detail for the first time in this census. In the Census of 1840, a special volume was issued giving the names, ages, and places of residence of

pensioners of the Revolutionary War or other U.S. military service, but other veterans were not identified. An inquiry on veteran status was undertaken in the Census of 1890, and summary statistics on surviving veterans of the Union and Confederate Armies were published. A question on veteran status was also included in the Censuses of 1910, 1930, 1940, and 1950, but the results of these inquiries were not published because of the high rate of nonresponse and other reasons.

A "veteran" as defined here is a civilian male 14 years old and over, who has served but is not now serving in the Armed Forces of the United States. All other civilian males 14 years old and over are classified as nonveterans. Because relatively few females have served in the Armed Forces of this country, questions on veteran status were asked only of males.

The veteran population is classified according to period of service. Among veterans with more than one period of service, those who served in both the Korean War and World War II are presented as a separate group. All other persons with more than one period of service reported are shown according to the most recent wartime period of service reported. All data for veterans were edited to eliminate reported periods of service which were inconsistent with reported ages.

Comparability

The figures in this report on the number of veterans cover all civilian males 14 years old and over in the United States who have served in the Armed Forces, regardless of whether their service was in war or during peacetime. The Veterans Administration's estimates include civilian veterans living outside as well as in the United States and, generally speaking, cover only persons with war service. Thus, the count of veterans from the 1960 Census is not directly comparable in all particulars with estimates of the total number of veterans published by the Veterans Administration.

Within these limitations, however, it appears that the 1960 Census figure for veterans of World War II and/or the Korean War is about 7 percent less than the Veterans Administration's estimate, and that the census count and the Veterans Administration's estimate for veterans of World War I are in substantial agreement. The difference in definition of the "other service" category precludes any useful comparison of the figures for this group. It is possible that the census figure, which presumably reflects in large part persons who served between World War II and the Korean War and after the Korean War, is overstated. Additional tabulations of the characteristics of veterans from the 1960 Census, and further study of the figures from both the Census Bureau and Veterans Administration, are being planned in an effort to determine the sources of these differences.

MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to the following question on the Advance Census Report:

Is this person— Manied Widowed Divorced Separated Single (never manied)?
(Leave blank for children born after March 31, 1946)
(P7)

XXVI Introduction

The classification refers to the marital status of the person at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" comprise, therefore, both those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced.

Persons reported as separated (either legally separated or otherwise absent from the spouse because of marital discord) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. The enumerators were instructed to report persons in common-law marriages as married and persons whose only marriage had been annulled as single. Persons "ever married" are those in the categories married (including separated), widowed, and divorced.

Differences between the number of married men and the number of married women are due partly to the absence of husbands or wives from the country at the time of enumeration. Examples are women whose husbands were in the Armed Forces overseas and immigrants whose husbands or wives were still abroad. Differences may also arise because the husband and wife have different places of residence, because of differences in the completeness and accuracy of reporting on marital status for men and women, and because of the methods used to inflate the sample cases as explained in the second paragraph below.

Married persons with "spouse present" are persons whose spouse was enumerated as a member of the same household even though he or she may have been temporarily absent on business or vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc. The small number of persons living with their spouse in group quarters are classified as married, spouse absent; if a married person in group quarters was in the sample, his spouse was unlikely to be in the sample, because in group quarters the sample consisted of every fourth person in order of enumeration.

The number of married men with wife present, shown in this report, is identical with the number of married couples. (See discussion of "Married couple" below.) By definition, these numbers should also be identical with the number of married women with husband present. However, the figures may not be exactly the same because, in the weighting of the sample, husbands and their wives were sometimes given different weights. Married persons with "spouse absent—other" comprise married persons employed and living away from their homes, those whose spouse was absent in the Armed Forces, in-migrants whose spouse remained in other areas, husbands or wives of inmates of institutions, married persons (other than separated) who were living in group quarters, and all other married persons whose place of residence was not the same as that of their spouse.

Comparability

The 1960 marital status categories are the same as those of the 1950 Census, except for the exclusion of all persons in group quarters from the category "married, spouse present." It is possible, however, that the use of self-enumeration in 1960 rather than direct enumeration, as in 1950, has produced some degree of incomparability between the two sets of data.

Whether Married More Than Once

The data on whether married more than once were derived from answers to the following question on the Household Questionnaire:

P18. If this person has ever b Has this person been ma	een married — stried more than once?	
Once	More than once	

In 1950, the corresponding question was "Has this person been married more than once?"

HOUSEHOLD AND GROUP QUARTERS MEMBERSHIP, AND RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

Definitions

The data on households, group quarters, and relationship to head of household were derived in part from the following question on the Advance Census Report:

What is the relationship of each person to the head of this household?			
(For example, wife, son, daughter, grandson, mother-in-law, lodger, lodger's wife)			
(P3)			
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD			

Greater detail on persons classified as "other relative" or "nonrelative," which was used in determining family membership, was obtained from the following question on the Household Questionnaire:

P3.	What is the relationship of this person to the head of this household?
	Head
	Wife of head
	Son or daughter of head
*************	Other—Write in:

Household.—A household consists of all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a single room, is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and in which there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall, or (2) a kitchen or cooking equipment for the exclusive use of the occupants.

The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of households. The number of households is equal to the number of household heads.

Group quarters.—All persons who are not members of households are regarded as living in group quarters. Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for other groups containing five or more persons unrelated to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, lodging and boarding houses, military and other types of barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, homes for nurses, convents, monasteries, and ships. Group quarters are also located in a house or an apartment in which the living quarters are shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him.

Five categories of group quarters are shown here:

1. Rooming or boarding house.—In addition to rooming and boarding houses, this category includes group quarters in ordinary homes, tourist homes, hotels, motels, residential clubs, Y's, and dormitories for students below the college level. Not all of the persons in these types of quarters are classified as living in group quarters; some are classified as living in housing units.

- 2. Military barracks.—These are quarters which are occupied by military personnel and which are not divided into separate housing units. Data on persons in such quarters are shown separately in this report only for men.
- 3. College dormitory.—As used here, this term also refers to a fraternity or sorority house.
- 4. Institution.—Institutions include the following types: Correctional institution, hospital for mental disease, residential treatment center, tuberculosis hospital, other hospital for chronic disease, home for the aged and dependent (with or without nursing care), home or school for the mentally or physically handicapped, home for unwed mothers, or a home for dependent and neglected children; or a place providing custody for juveniles, such as a training school for juvenile delinquents, detention home, or diagnostic and reception center. Inmates of institutions are persons for whom care or custody is being provided. "Resident staff members" are persons residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide care or custody for the inmates.
- 5. Other group quarters.—These quarters include the following types: General hospital (including quarters for nurses and other staff members), mission or flophouse, ship, religious group quarters (largely quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories; also other convents and monasteries except those associated with a general hospital or an institution), and dormitory for workers (including bunkhouse in migratory workers' camp, logging camp, or other labor camp). In addition, military barracks occupied by women are classified in this report as "other" group quarters.

All rural-farm persons in group quarters are persons in dormitories for workers located on a farm. (See chapter D, table 107.) In chapter C, these persons were erroneously classified as rural nonfarm because of a processing error.

Relationship to head of household.—The following categories of relationship are recognized in this report:

1. The "head of household" is the member reported as the head by the household respondent. The instructions to enumerators defined the head as the person considered to be the head by the household members. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was classified as the head for the purpose of these tabulations.

Household heads are either heads of primary families or primary individuals. The head of a primary family is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

- 2. The "wife of head" is a woman married to, and living with, a household head. This category includes women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. This category is somewhat less inclusive than the category of married women, husband present, because it excludes those married women whose husband is not head of the household. By definition, the number of wives of household heads should be identical with the number of heads of households who are married males, wife present, but in practice the two numbers may differ because, in the weighting of the sample, husbands and wives were sometimes given different weights.
- 3. A "child of head," as shown in tables on relationship in chapters B and D, is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the head of the household (regardless of the child's marital status or age). The term excludes all other children, sons-in-law, and daughters-in-law in the household. "Child of head" is a more inclusive category than "own child of head." (See section on "child" below.)
- 4. An "other relative of head" is a household member related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption but not included specifically in another category. In table 106 this category includes only such relatives of the head as nephews, aunts, cousins, and grandparents; however, in table 135 the category comprises all relatives of the head other than his wife.
- 5. A "nonrelative of head" is any person in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Nonrelatives consist of lodgers and resident employees, as defined below.

A "lodger" is any household member not related to the head except a resident employee. The category "lodger" includes roomers, boarders, partners, and relatives of such persons, and also foster children and wards. A resident employee is an employee of the head of the household who usually resides in the housing unit with his employer; the term also includes the employee's relatives living in the same housing unit. Among the main types of resident employees are maids, hired farm hands, cooks, nurses, and companions.

Comparability

1960 and 1950 household definition.—The 1960 definition of a household differs slightly from that used in the 1950 Census. The change arises as a result of the shift from a dwelling unit to a housing unit as the basic unit of enumeration in the Census of Housing. According to the 1960 definition, a household consists of all the persons who occupy a housing unit, whereas according to the 1950 definition, a household consisted of all the persons who occupied a dwelling unit.

In 1950, a dwelling unit was defined as: (1) A group of rooms occupied or intended for occupancy as separate quarters and having either separate cooking equipment or a separate entrance; or (2) a single room (a) if it had separate cooking equipment, (b) if it was located in a regular apartment house, or (c) if it constituted the only living quarters in the structure.

Housing units differ from dwelling units mainly in that separate living quarters consisting of one room with direct access but without cooking equipment always qualify as a housing unit in 1960 but qualified as a dwelling unit in 1950 only when located in a regular apartment house or when the room was the only living quarters in the structure.

The evidence so far available suggests that using the housing unit concept in 1960 instead of the dwelling unit concept as in 1950 had relatively little effect on the comparability of the statistics for the two dates on the number of households for large areas and for the Nation. Any effect which the change in concept may have on comparability can be expected to be greatest in statistics shown in other reports for some small areas, such as city blocks and census tracts. Living quarters classified as housing units in 1960 but which would not have been classified as dwelling units in 1950 tend to be clustered in neighborhoods where many persons live alone in single rooms in hotels, rooming houses, and other light housekeeping quarters. In such areas, the number of households in 1960 may be higher than in 1950 even though no housing units were added by construction or conversion.

The count of households in 1950 excluded groups of persons living as members of quasi-households. A quasi-household was defined as the occupants of a rooming house containing five or more persons not related to the head, or the occupants of certain other types of living quarters, such as dormitories, military barracks, and institutions. The concept of quasi-household used in 1950 is thus similar to the concept of group quarters used in 1960. Moreover, except for the household concept, the 1960 definitions with respect to relationship to head of household are essentially the same as those used in 1950. However, the national statistics for certain relatively small categories by relationship and family status may have been significantly affected through the change in the household definition. The effects of this change were still under investigation when the present report was prepared. The change from dwelling unit to housing unit (and, therefore, by implication, the change in household definition) is discussed in 1960 Census of Housing, Vol. IV, Components of Inventory Change, Part 1A. This report contains statistics on dwelling units based on the December 1959 Components of Inventory Change Survey which was part of the 1960 Census of Housing.

Complete-count versus sample figures on members of group quarters.—The number of inmates of institutions shown in the complete-count data for some small areas may differ from the corresponding number shown in the sample data because of errors in the classification of living quarters as an institution or other group quarters. Thus, secondary individuals in a few group quarters were misclassified as inmates in one of these two sources and correctly classified in the other. The opposite error, misclassification of inmates as secondary individuals, also occurred, but in fewer cases. Differences arising from these errors were usually caused by erroneous classification in the complete-count data rather than in the sample data. Revised figures for these areas

XXVIII Introduction

on the numbers of inmates and secondary individuals in group quarters have been prepared, where feasible, and are shown in the List of Corrections which begins on page XLYM.

MARRIED COUPLE, FAMILY, SUBFAMILY, CHILD, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUAL

Married Couple

In the 1960 Census, a married couple is defined as a husband and his wife enumerated as members of the same household. Statistics on married couples were compiled in 1960 for persons in sample housing units only; data are not available for the very small number of married couples in group quarters. Married persons living with their spouse in group quarters were classified as "married, spouse absent." In 1950, the figures on married couples in quasi-households are available. For further discussion of this point, see section below on "Sample design."

The number of married couples, as shown in this report, is identical with the number of married men with wife present. By definition, the number of married couples in any area should also be identical with the number of married women with husband present; however, the two figures may not be exactly the same because of the method used in the weighting of the sample, as noted above in the section on "Marital status."

A "married couple with own household" is a married couple in which the husband is the household head; the number of such married couples is the same as the number of "husband-wife families with own household." In the tables in chapter B of this report, figures based on complete-count data are shown for women classified as wife of head of household.

Family

A family consists of two or more persons living in the same household who are related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons living in one household who are related to each other are regarded as one family. Thus, if the son of the head of the household and the son's wife are members of the household, they are treated as part of the head's family. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. A few households contain more than one family, that is, two family groups in the same household in which none of the members of one family is related to any of the members of the other family. A "husband-wife family," as the term is used in the 1960 Census, is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household.

Statistics on the total number of families were compiled in 1960 only for persons in the households that were in the sample. The 1950 Census data on families included those in quasi-households as well as those in households.

Statistics on the number of heads of "primary families" (that is, heads of households with relatives in the household) are shown on a complete-count basis in chapter B of this report. The number of husband-wife "secondary families" is the number of husband-wife families without their own household; these are families in which the members (lodgers or resident employees) are household members not related to the head of the household. Table 109 shows figures on the total number of "secondary families."

Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple with or without own children, or one parent with one or more own children under 18 years old, living in a housing unit and related to the head of the household or his wife. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families. The number of husband-wife "subfamilies" (that is, the number of married couples without their own household who are living with relatives) may be obtained by subtracting the number of husband-wife families from the total number of married couples. Table 108 shows figures on the total number of subfamilies.

Child

Statistics on the presence of "own" children are shown here for married couples, families, subfamilies, and women 15 to 49 years old. An own child is defined, in this report, as a person under 18 years of age who is a single (never-married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of a family head or subfamily head. The number of "persons under 18 living with both parents" includes single stepchildren and adopted children as well as single sons and daughters born to the couple.

Data on women by age, classified by number of own children under 5 years old, provide a rough indication of how recent fertility has varied with age of woman. The age of the mother is known from information on the schedule for only those children who were living with their mother. Because the sample data on own children under 5 (in table 114) are inflated by the sample inflation weight of the mother rather than the sample inflation weight of the child, the results are not strictly comparable with the data on the total number of children under 5 years old shown in other tables in this report. Thus, the count of own children under 5 years old (living with their mother) exceeds the count of total population under 5 years old in some States, whereas it logically should be smaller by 1 to 3 percent for white children (because some children do not live with their mother) and much smaller for nonwhite children. (See also the section above on "Fertility ratios.")

Comparisons of figures on children under 18 years old of the household or family head with the total population in the same age group may also be affected by the fact that the parent's sample inflation weight was used in some tables (such as table 108), whereas the child's own sample inflation weight was used in others (such as table 106).

Tables 111, 112, and 140 show the number of "related children" under 18 years old in the family. These persons include not only "own" children, as defined above, but also all other family members under 18 (regardless of marital status) who are related to the head or wife by blood, marriage, or adoption.

After most of the State PC(1)-D final reports were published, a tabulation error was discovered in the number of children under 5 years old shown in table 114. If this State was affected by this error, corrected figures are presented in the List of Corrections which begins on page xLVII.

Unrelated Individual

As the term is used in the 1960 Census, an unrelated individual is either (1) a member of a household who is living entirely alone or with one or more persons all of whom are not related to him, or (2) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution. Unrelated individuals who are household heads are called "primary individuals." Those who are not heads of households are called "secondary individuals." Statistics on primary individuals are presented in chapter B on the basis of complete-count data. Secondary individuals in households are shown in table 106 of chapter D; secondary individuals in group quarters constitute all persons in group quarters except inmates of institutions (table 107). Data for unrelated individuals by marital status and income are limited to persons 14 years old and over.

CHILDREN EVER BORN

The data on children ever born were derived from answers to the following question on the Household Questionnaire:

P20.		If this is a woman who has ever been married—		
		How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths?		
				ildren or adopted children.
		(Number)	OR	None
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Although the question on children ever born was asked only of women reported as having been married, the number of children reported undoubtedly includes some illegitimate births. It is likely that many of the unwed mothers living with an illegitimate child reported themselves as having been married and therefore were among the women who were expected to report the number of children ever born, and that many of the mothers who married after the birth of an illegitimate child counted that child (as they were expected to do). On the other hand, the data are, no doubt, less complete for illegitimate than for legitimate births. Consequently, the rates of children ever born per 1,000 total women may be too low. The enumerator was instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away

from home, as well as children borne by the woman who were still living in the home.

The FOSDIC form for the sample data contained a terminal category of "12 or more" children ever born. For purposes of computing the total number of children ever born, the terminal category was given a mean value of 13.

Comparability

The wording of the question used in the 1960 Census differs slightly from that used in 1950. In that census, the question was, "How many children has she ever borne, not counting still-births?" The intent of the change was to make the question more understandable to respondents and to obtain a better count from the few women who might misinterpret the word "children" to mean only those who survived early infancy.

ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Definitions

The data on employment status were derived from answers to the following questions on the Household Questionnaire:

P22. Did this person work at any time last week?				
Include part-time work such as a Saturday job, delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Do not count own housework.				
Yes No				
P23. How many hours did he work last week (at all jobs)?				
(If exact figure not known, give best estimate)				
1 to 14 hours 40 hours				
15 to 29 hours 41 to 48 hours				
30 to 34 hours 49 to 59 hours				
35 to 39 hours 60 hours or more				
P24. Was this person looking for work, or on layoff from a job?				
Yes No				
P25. Does he have a job or business from which he was temporarily absent all last week because of illness, vacation, or other reasons?				
Yes				

The series of questions on employment status are designed to identify, in this sequence: (a) Persons who worked at all during the reference week; (b) those who did not work but were looking for work or were on layoff; and (c) those who neither worked nor looked for work but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent. For those who worked during the reference week, a question was asked on hours of

Reference week.—In the 1960 Census, the data on employment refer to the calendar week prior to the date on which the respondents filled their Household Questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week. The majority of the population was enumerated during the first half of April. The employment status data for the 1950 Census refer to the approximately corresponding period in 1950. The 1940 data, however, refer to a fixed week, March 24 to 30, 1940, regardless of the date of enumeration.

Employed.—Employed persons comprise all civilians 14 years old and over who were either (a) "at work"—those who did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay for 15 hours or

more on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work"—those who did not work and were not looking for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent because of bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, illness, or other personal reasons. There appears to have been a tendency for seasonal workers, particularly nonwhite women in the rural South, to report themselves as "with a job but not at work" during the off-season.

Unemployed.—Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 14 years old and over and not "at work" but looking for work. A person is considered as looking for work not only if he actually tried to find work during the reference week but also if he had made such efforts recently (i.e., within the past 60 days) and was awaiting the results of these efforts. Examples of looking for work are:

- 1. Registration at a public or private employment office.
- 2. Meeting with or telephoning prospective employers.
- 3. Being on call at a personnel office, at a union hall, or from a nurses' register or other similar professional register.
 - 4. Placing or answering advertisements.
 - 5. Writing letters of application.

Persons waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or furloughed were also counted as unemployed. Unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past are classified as the "experienced unemployed."

Labor force.—The labor force includes all persons classified as employed or unemployed, as described above, and also members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the U.S. Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). The "civilian labor force" comprises only the employed and unemployed components of the labor force. The "experienced civilian labor force" comprises the employed and the experienced unemployed.

Not in labor force.—This category consists of all persons 14 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force and includes persons doing only incidental unpaid work in a family farm or business (less than 15 hours during the week). Most of the persons in this category are students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, or persons who cannot work because of long-term physical or mental illness or disability. Of these groups not in the labor force, only inmates of institutions are shown separately.

Problems in Classification

Although the classification of the population by employment status is correct for most regular full-time workers, it is subject to error in marginal cases. Some of the concepts are difficult to apply; more important, for certain groups, the complete informaXXX Introduction

tion needed is not always obtained. For example, students or housewives may not consider themselves as working if their job required only a few hours of work a week.

Comparability

Statistics on gainful workers.—The data on the labor force for 1940, 1950, and 1960 are not entirely comparable with the statistics for gainful workers for years prior to 1940 because of differences in definition. "Gainful workers" were persons reported as having a gainful occupation, that is, an occupation in which they earned money or a money equivalent, or in which they assisted in the production of marketable goods, regardless of whether they were working or seeking work at the time of the census. A person was not considered to have had a gainful occupation if his activity was of limited extent.

The labor force is defined on the basis of activity during the reference week only and includes all persons who were employed, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during that week. Certain classes of persons, such as retired workers, some inmates of institutions, recently incapacitated workers, and seasonal workers neither working nor seeking work at the time of the census, were frequently included among gainful workers; but in general, such persons are not included in the labor force. On the other hand, the census included in the labor force for 1940, 1950, and 1960 persons without previous work experience who were seeking work, that is, new workers; such new workers were probably not reported as gainful workers in the Censuses of 1920 and 1930.

1940 and 1950 Censuses.—The 1940 and 1950 Census questionnaires, interviewing techniques, and tabulation procedures differed somewhat from each other and from those used in the 1960 Census. In addition, modification in wording and some simplification in concepts were introduced in 1960, instead of using the Current Population Survey questions and concepts almost unchanged as was done in the 1950 Census. This was in recognition of the different tasks, motivation, and training of the enumerators in the CPS and the Census.

The so-called "main activity" question of 1950—"What was this person doing most of last week—working, keeping house, or something else?"—was omitted from the 1960 schedule on the assumption that the information obtained in that item (e.g., the knowledge that a person was primarily a housewife or a student) might induce enumerators, in direct interview situations, to omit the follow-up questions on work activity, job seeking, etc. It was felt that the loss of the classification of nonworkers (keeping house, in school, unable to work, and "other") shown in 1950 would not be serious. Actually the only group that cannot be approximated by means of data on marital status and school enrollment is the "unable to work" category.

The question on unemployment was revised in conformity with the classification under the 1957 CPS revision of the definition of persons on temporary (less than 30-day) layoff as unemployed, as well as with the previous implicit inclusion with the unemployed of those on "indefinite" layoff. Formerly, such persons were included among the employed. However, no mention was made either on the schedule or in instructions to enumerators of the other small categories of "inactive" unemployed covered under CPS concepts and in the 1950 and 1940 Censuses, that is, those who would have been looking for work except for temporary illness or belief that no suitable work was available in their community. The definition of "unpaid family work" was simplified to include any work done without pay in an enterprise operated by a relative, without further specifying (as in CPS and in the 1950 Census) that this relative had to be a member of the same household. In 1940, this relative had to be a member of the same family.

The 1940 data for the employed and unemployed in this report differ in some cases from the figures published for that census. Members of the Armed Forces living in the State in 1940 were originally included among employed persons. In this report, the figures for 1940 on employed persons have been adjusted to exclude the estimated number of men in the Armed Forces. Similarly, statistics for persons on public emergency work in 1940 were originally published separately, but in this report they have been combined with those for persons classified as unemployed.

Other data.—Because the 1960 Census employment data were obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. The data obtained from households provide information about the work status of the whole population without duplication. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, on the other hand, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, other series, unlike those presented here, may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 14 years of age.

An additional difference between the two kinds of data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the statistics shown here, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the household reports include persons on the basis of their place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when data are being compared for areas where a number of workers commute to or from other areas.

For a number of reasons, the unemployment figures of the Bureau of the Census are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. Generally, persons such as private household workers, agricultural workers, State and local government workers, the self-employed, new workers, and workers whose rights to unemployment benefits have expired. are not eligible for unemployment compensation. Further, many employees of small firms are not covered by unemployment insurance. In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Bureau of the Census. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons classified as "with a job but not at work" are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "employed" in the census reports. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as place of residence of the unemployed worker.

HOURS WORKED

The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked, and not necessarily to the number usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. For persons working at more than one job, the figures reflect the combined number of hours worked at all jobs during the week. The data on hours worked presented here provide a broad classification of persons at work into full-time and part-time workers. Persons are considered to be working full time if they worked 35 hours or more during the reference week and part time if they worked less than 35 hours. The proportion of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated because such persons were omitted from the labor force count more frequently than were full-time workers. The comparability of data for 1960 and 1950 on hours worked may be affected by the fact that in 1950 a precise answer on number of hours was requested, whereas in 1960 check boxes were provided as shown in item P23.

WEEKS WORKED IN 1959

Definitions

The data on weeks worked in 1959 were derived from answers to the following two questions on the Household Questionnaire:

P30. Last year (1959), did this person work at all, even for a few days?			
Yes	١٥ ـ ـ [
P31. How many weeks did he work in 1959, either full-time or part-time? Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service as weeks worked.			
(If exact figure not known, gi			
13 weeks or less_	40 to 47 weeks		
14 to 26 weeks	48 to 49 weeks		
27 to 39 weeks	50 to 52 weeks		

The data pertain to the number of different weeks during 1959 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included. It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1959 and the number of weeks they worked are understated, because there is some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment, or they may have a tendency not to report weeks worked without pay.

Comparability

The comparability of data on weeks worked collected in the 1940 and 1950 Censuses with data collected in the 1960 Census may be affected by certain changes in the questionnaires. In the 1960 questionnaire, two separate questions were used to obtain this information. The first was used to identify persons with any work experience in 1959 and thus to indicate those for whom the questions on number of weeks worked and earned income were applicable. This procedure differs from that used in 1940 and 1950, when the schedules contained a single question regarding the number of weeks worked.

In 1940, the enumerator was instructed to convert part-time work to equivalent full-time weeks, whereas in 1950 and 1960 no distinction was made between a part-time and a full-time work week. The 1940 procedure was to define as a full-time week the number of hours locally regarded as full time for the given occupation and industry. Furthermore, in the 1940 reports, the data were shown for wage and salary workers only and were published in terms of months rather than weeks.

YEAR LAST WORKED

The data on year last worked were obtained for the first time in the 1960 Census. They were derived from answers to the following question on the Household Questionnaire:

P26. When did he last work at all, even for a few days?			
(Check one box)			
Working now	1949 or earlier 🗌		
In 1960			
In 1959	Never worked		
1955 to 1958 🔲			
1950 to 1954			

The "year last worked" pertains to the most recent year in which a person did any work for pay or profit, or worked without

pay on a family farm or in a family business. Active service in the Armed Forces is also included. Data derived from this item were tabulated for persons classified as not in the labor force and for persons classified as unemployed.

There are several reasons for introducing this item into the census. The data provide a means of evaluating the current applicability and significance of the inventory of the occupational skills for those persons not in the labor force, and the tabulations resulting from the cross-classifications of this information provide data on the demographic characteristics of the labor reserve. Also, the data give some indication of the duration of unemployment for persons seeking jobs.

OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on occupation, industry, and class of worker were derived from answers to the following question on the Household Questionnaire:

P27.	Occupation (Answer 1, 2, or 3)
	1. This person last worked in 1949 or earlier }
	This person has never worked
OR	2. On active duty in the Armed Forces now
OR	3. Worked in 1950 or later Answer a to e, below.
	Describe this person's job or business last week, if any, and write in name of employer. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1950.
	a. For whom did he work?
	(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)
	b. What kind of business or industry was this?
	Describe activity at location where employed.
	(For example: County junior high school, auto assembly plant, TV and radio service, retail supermarket, road construction, farm)
	c. Is this primarily: (Check one box)
	Manufacturing L
	Wholesale trade
	Retail trade
	d. What kind of work was he doing?
	(For example: 8th grade English teacher, paint sprayer, repairs TV sets, grocery checker, civil engineer, farmer, farm hand)
	e. Was this person: (Check one box)
	Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions
	Government employee (Federal, State, county, or local)
İ	Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm
	Working without pay in a family
L	business or farm

In the 1960 Census, information on occupation, industry, and class of worker was collected for persons in the experienced civilian labor force as well as for persons not in the current labor force but who had worked sometime during the period 1950 to April 1960. All three items related to one specific job held by the person. For an employed person, the information referred

XXXII Introduction

to the job he held during the reference week. If he was employed at two or more jobs, the job at which he worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week was reported. For experienced unemployed persons, i.e., unemployed persons who have had previous job experience, and for those not in the labor force, the information referred to the last job that had been held.

The classification systems used for the occupation and industry data in the 1960 Census described below were developed in consultation with many individuals, private organizations, government agencies, and, in particular, the Interagency Occupational Classification Committee of the U.S. Bureau of the Budget.

Occupation

Classification system.—The occupational classification system is organized into 12 major groups. It consists of 494 items, 297 of which are specific occupation categories and the remainder are subgroupings (mainly on the basis of industry) of 13 of the occupation categories. The composition of the 297 categories is shown in the publication, U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1960 Census of Population, Classified Index of Occupations and Industries, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1960.

For the presentation of occupation data in chapter C, a condensed set of categories is used for employed persons in certain tables and the 12 major groups for employed persons in other tables as well as for experienced unemployed persons. The condensed set consists of 31 categories for males and 23 categories for females (including the subdivisions by industry and class of worker). The composition of most of these categories in terms of specific occupation categories can be readily determined by reference to detailed occupation table 120 in chapter D. The following list shows the components of the condensed categories whose composition may not be readily determined:

Construction craftsmen.—Includes brickmasons, carpenters, cement and concrete finishers, electricians, excavating, grading, and road machinery operators, painters (construction and maintenance), paperhangers, pipefitters, plasterers, plumbers, roofers and slaters, stone masons, structural metal workers, tile setters.

Drivers and deliverymen.—Includes bus drivers, chauffeurs, deliverymen, routemen, taxicab drivers, truck and tractor drivers.

Medical and other health workers.—Includes chiropractors, dentists, dietitians, healers, medical and dental technicians, nutritionists, optometrists, osteopaths, pharmacists, physicians and surgeons, professional nurses, student professional nurses, psychologists, therapists, veterinarians.

Metal craftsmen, except mechanics.—Includes blacksmiths, boilermakers, coppersmiths, die makers and setters, forgemen and hammermen, heat treaters, annealers and temperers, machinists, metal jobsetters and molders, metal rollers and roll hands, millwrights, pattern and model makers (except paper), sheet metal workers, tinsmiths, toolmakers.

In chapter D, several levels of classification are used. The most detailed list appears in tables 120 and 121; for the purposes of these tables, certain categories were combined and the list consists of 479 items (rather than 494). For the cross-tabulations by race, class of worker, year last worked for experienced workers not in the current labor force, age, earnings, and industry, use has been made of intermediate occupational classifications with 161 categories for males and 70 for females (tables 122 to 124). The occupation stub for table 125 consists of 57 categories for males and 30 for females. Both of these levels represent selections and combinations of the items in the detailed system. A listing of the relationships between the levels of classification can be obtained by writing to the Chief, Population Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D.C. This listing will also appear in Part 1 (U.S. Summary) of this volume.

In the separation of "Managers, officials, and proprietors (n.e.c.)" by class of worker into salaried and self-employed components, the small number of unpaid family workers in this occupation is included in the self-employed component. Since the data presented in the occupation tables refer only to civilians,

the category "former members of the Armed Forces" shown in table 120 is limited to experienced unemployed persons whose last job was as a member of the Armed Forces.

Relation to DOT classification.—The occupational classification of the Population Census is generally comparable with the system used in the Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT). The two systems, however, are designed to meet different needs and to be used under different circumstances. The DOT system is designed primarily for employment service needs, such as placement and counseling, and is ordinarily used to classify very detailed occupational information obtained in an interview with the worker himself. The census system, on the other hand, is designed for statistical purposes and is ordinarily used in the classification of limited occupational descriptions obtained in a self-enumeration questionnaire or in an interview with a member of the worker's family. As a result, the DOT system is much more detailed than the census system; and it also calls for many types of distinctions which cannot be made from census information.

Industry

Classification system.—The industrial classification system developed for the 1960 Census is organized into 13 major industry groups and consists of 151 items (two of which are the government and private subgroupings of the category "Educational services"). The composition of each specific category is shown in the above-mentioned Classified Index of Occupations and Industries.

Several different levels of classification are used in this volume. The most detailed industry list appears in chapter D, tables 126 and 127; two combinations were made for the purposes of these tables and thus the list consists of 149 categories. In chapter C, a 40-item condensed grouping is used. In chapter D, for crosstabulations by age, race, class of worker, and earnings, an intermediate industrial classification of 71 categories has been used (tables 128 to 130). The industry list for table 125 consists of 43 categories. The industry list for nonwhite workers in table 130 consists of 42 categories for male and 28 for female. These intermediate classifications represent selections and combinations of the categories in the detailed system. The relationships among the 40-, 71-, and 149-category levels of classification are shown in List A. Further information on the intermediate classifications can be obtained by writing to the Chief, Population Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D.C.

Relation to Standard Industrial Classification.—List A shows for each Population Census category the code designation of the similar category or categories in the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC). This relationship is presented here for general information purposes only and does not imply complete comparability. The SIC, which was developed under the sponsorship of the U.S. Bureau of the Budget, is designed for the classification of industry reports from establishments. These reports, by their nature and degree of detail, produce considerably different data on industry from those obtained from household enumeration such as the Census of Population. As a result, some of the distinctions called for in the SIC cannot be made in the 1960 Census.

Furthermore, the data from the Census of Population are designed to meet different needs from those met by the establishment data. The allocation of government workers represents perhaps the most basic difference between the two systems. The SIO classifies all government agencies in a single major group. In the Population Census system, however, the category "public administration" includes only those activities which are uniquely

⁶ See U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, Dictionary of Occupational Titles, Second Edition, Vols. I and II, Washington, D.C., 1949.

⁷ See Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, Standard Industrial Classification Manual (1957). For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.

governmental functions, such as legislative and judicial activities and most of the activities in the executive agencies. Government agencies engaged in educational and medical services and in activities commonly carried on also by private enterprises, such as transportation and manufacturing, are classified in the appropriate industrial category. For example, persons employed by a hospital are classified in the "hospitals" group, regardless of whether they are paid from private or public funds. Information on the total number of government workers appears in the tables on class of worker.

Relation to certain occupation groups.-In the Population Census classification systems, the industry category "agriculture" is somewhat more inclusive than the total of the two major occupation groups, "farmers and farm managers" and "farm laborers and foremen." The industry category also includes (a) persons employed on farms in occupations such as truck driver, mechanic, and bookkeeper, and (b) persons engaged in agricultural activities other than strictly farm operation, such as crop dusting or spraying, cotton ginning, and landscape gardening. Similarly, the industry category "private households" is somewhat more inclusive than the major occupation group "private household workers." In addition to the baby sitters, housekeepers, laundresses, and miscellaneous types of domestic workers covered by the major occupation group, the industry category includes persons in occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary, if they are employed by private families.

Class of Worker

The class-of-worker information refers to the same job as the occupation and industry information. The assignment of a person to a particular class-of-worker category is basically independent, however, of the occupation or industry in which he worked. The classification by class of worker consists of four categories which are defined as follows:

- 1. Private wage and salary workers.—Persons who worked for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, payin-kind, or at piece rates.
- 2. Government workers.—Persons who worked for any governmental unit (Federal, State, local, or international), regardless of the activity which the particular agency carried on.
- 3. Self-employed workers.—Persons who worked for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm either as an owner or tenant. Included here are the owner-operators of large stores and manufacturing establishments as well as small merchants, independent craftsmen and professional men, farmers, peddlers, and other persons who conducted enterprises of their own. Persons paid to manage businesses owned by other persons or by corporations, on the other hand, are classified as private wage and salary workers (or, in some few cases, as government workers).
- 4. Unpaid family workers.—Persons who worked without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a person to whom they are related by blood or marriage. The great majority of unpaid family workers are farm laborers.

The relatively small number of employed persons for whom class of worker was not reported have been included among private wage and salary workers unless there was evidence on the census schedule that they should have been classified in one of the other class-of-worker categories.

Special Editing Procedures

A factor to be considered in the interpretation of these data is that respondents sometimes returned occupation and industry designations which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification. Indefinite occupation and industry returns were frequently assigned, however, to the appropriate category through the use of supplementary information. For example, the name of the employer or the industry return on the census schedule was often of great assistance in determining occupation. The name of the employer (company name) was used extensively to assign the proper industrial classification using lists of employers show-

ing their industrial classification in the 1958 Economic Censuses. In the coding of indefinite industry returns, helpful information was frequently obtained from other sources regarding the types of industrial activity in the given area or of the given company.

Comparability

Earlier censuses.—The changes in schedule design and interviewing techniques for the labor force questions, described in the section on "Employment status," have little effect on the comparability between 1940, 1950, and 1960 for most of the occupation, industry, and class-of-worker categories. For experienced unemployed persons, however, the 1950 and 1960 occupation data are not comparable with the data for the United States shown in Volume III of the 1940 reports on population, The Labor Force. The occupation data for public emergency workers (one of the two component groups of the unemployed in 1940) referred to "current job," whereas the "last job" of the unemployed was reported in 1950 and 1960.

The occupational and industrial classification systems used in 1940 and 1950 are basically the same as those of 1960. There are a number of differences, however, in the title and content for certain items, as well as in the degree of detail shown for the various major groups. For 1930 and earlier censuses, the occupational and industrial classification systems were markedly different from the 1960 systems. The 1940 and 1950 classification by class of worker is comparable with the 1960 categories. The following publications contain much helpful information on the various factors of comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Sixteenth Census Reports, Population, Comparative Occupation Statistics for the United States, 1870 to 1940, and Bureau of the Census Working Paper No. 5, Occupational Trends in the United States, 1900 to 1950, 1958.

The 1940 and 1950 occupation and industry data shown in this report include adjustments which take account of the differences between the 1940, 1950, and 1960 classification systems. In order to make available as much comparable data as possible, it was sometimes necessary to estimate the adjustments from information which was incomplete or not entirely satisfactory for the purpose. Furthermore, there were certain differences among the 1940, 1950, and 1960 coding and editing procedures which could not be measured statistically. Caution should, therefore, be exercised in interpreting small numerical changes.

The 1940 data on occupation, industry, and class of worker shown in this report have been revised to eliminate members of the Armed Forces in order to achieve comparability with the 1950 and 1960 figures for the employed, which are limited to civilians. In the occupation tables of the 1940 reports, the Armed Forces were mainly included in the major group "protective service workers." In the industry tables, the Armed Forces were all included in the major group "government." In the class-of-worker tables, the Armed Forces were all included in the category "government workers" and in the total "wage or salary workers."

Other data.—Comparability between the statistics presented in this volume and statistics from other sources is frequently affected by the use of different classification systems, as well as by many of the factors described in the paragraphs on comparability with other data in the section on "Employment status." Occupation figures from the Population Census are not always directly comparable with data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc. Among the sources of difference may be the inclusion in the organizational listing of retired persons or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation, the inclusion of the same person in two or more different listings, and the fact that relatively few organizations attain complete coverage of membership in an occupation field.

Introduction

List A.—RELATIONSHIPS AMONG INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEMS USED IN THE 1960 CENSUS OF POPULATION

[Figures in parentheses in the third column are code designations in the Standard Industrial Classification; see text for explanation]

	n the third column are code designations in the Standard Inc	
Condensed classification—40 items	Intermediate classification—71 items	Detailed classification—149 items
Agriculture	Agriculture	
Forestry and fisheries	Forestry and fisheries	{Forestry (08). Fisheries (09).
Mining	Mining	(Metal mining (10). Coal mining (11, 12). Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction (13). Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, except fuel (14).
Construction	Construction	
Furniture and lumber and wood products	Logging Sawmills, planing mills, millwork and miscellaneous wood products. Furniture and fixtures	Logging (241). (Sawmills, planing mills and millwork (242, 243). (Miscellaneous wood products (244, 249). Furniture and fixtures (25).
Primary metal industries	Primary iron and steel industries Primary nonferrous industries	1
Fabricated metal industries (incl. not specified metal).	Fabricated metal industries (Incl. not specified metal)	Cutlery, hand tools and other hardware (342). Fabricated structural metal products (344). Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 345-349, 19 excep 194). Not specified metal industries.
Machinery, except electrical	Machinery, except electrical	(Farm machinery and equipment (352). Office, computing, and accounting machines (357). Miscellaneous machinery (351, 353-356, 358, 359).
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies (36).
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment	Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment	
Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles.	Aircraft and parts Other transportation equipment	Aircraft and parts (372). Ship and boat building and repairing (373). Railroad and miscellaneous transportation equipment (374, 375, 379).
Other durable goods	Stone, clay, and glass products	(Glass and glass products (321-323). Cement, and concrete, gypsum, and plaster products (324, 327). Structural clay products (325). Pottery and related products (326). Miscellaneous nometallic mineral and stone products (328, 329). Professional equipment and supplies (381-385, 194). Photographic equipment and supplies (388). Watches, clocks, and clockwork-operated devices (387). Miscellaneous manufacturing industries (39).
Food and kindred products	Meat products	Dairy products (202). Canning and preserving fruits, vegetables, and sea foods (203). Grain-mill products (204, 0713). Confectionery and related products (207). Beverage industries (208). Miscellaneous food preparations and kindred products (206, 209). Not specified food industries. ²
Textile mill products	Knitting mills	Knitting mills (225). Yarn, thread, and fabric mills (221-224, 228).
	Other-textile mill products	Knitting mills (225). Yarn, thread, and fabric mills (221-224, 228). Dyeing and finishing textiles, except wool and knit goods (226). Floor coverings, except hard surface (227). Miscellaneous textile mill products (229).
Apparel and other fabricated textile products	Apparel and other fabricated textile products	Apparel and accessories (231-238). Miscellaneous fabricated textile products (239).
Printing, publishing, and allied products	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	(Newspaper publishing and printing (271). Printing, publishing, and allied industries, except newspapers (272).
Chemicals and ailled products	Chemicals and allied products	Synthetic fibers (2823, 2824). Drugs and medicines (283). Paints, varnishes, and related products (285). Miscellaneous chemicals and allied products (281, 282 except 2823 and 2824, 284, 286–289).
	Paper and allied products	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (261-263, 266). Paperboard containers and boxes (265). Miscellaneous paper and pulp products (264).
Other nondurable goods (incl. not specified	Petroleum and coal products	(Petroleum refining (291). Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products (295, 299). (Rubber products (301–303, 300).
manufacturing industries).	Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products Footwear, except rubber	Miscellaneous plastic products (307). Footwear, except rubber (313, 314).
	All other nondurable goods	1 Tobacco manufactures (21).
	Not specified manufacturing industries.	Leather: tanned, curried, and finished (311). Not specified manufacturing industries.
Trucking service and warehousing	Trucking service and warehousing.	Trucking service (421, 423). Warehousing and storage (422).
Railroads and railway express service	Railroads and railway express service	Railroads and railway express service (40).
	(Street railways and bus lines	Change well-warm and have bloom that the same
Other transportation	Air transportation	Air transportation (45).
See footnotes at end of list.	(All other transportation	Petroleum and gasoline pipe lines (46). Services incidental to transportation (47).

Characteristics of the Population

List A.—RELATIONSHIPS AMONG INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEMS USED IN THE 1960 CENSUS OF POPULATION—Continued

Condensed classification—40 items	Intermediate classification—71 items	Detailed classification—149 items
mmunications	Communications	(Radio broadcasting and television (483). Telephone (wire and radio) (481). Telegraph (wire and radio) (482, 489).
	(Electric and gas utilities	Electric light and power, and electric-gas utilities (491, 493).3 (Gas and steam supply systems (492, 496).
ilities and sanitary services	<u></u> {	Water supply (494). Sanitary services (495). Other and not specified utilities (497).
	Water supply, sanitary services, and other utilities	Other and not specified utilities (497).
holesale trade	Wholesale trade	(Motor vehicles and equipment (501). Drugs, chemicals, and allied products (502). Drugs, chemicals, and allied products (502). Drug goods and apparel (503). Food and related products (504). Farm products—raw meterials (505). Electrical goods, hardware, and plumbing equipment (506, 507). Machinery, equipment, and supplies (508). Petroleum products (5092). Miscellaneous wholesale trade (5091, 5093-5099). Not specified wholesale trade. Food and dairy products stores (54).
ood and dairy products stores	Food and dairy products stores and milk retailing	4-01
ating and drinking places	The second secon	Eating and drinking places (58).
	General merchandise and limited price variety stores Apparel and accessories stores	I A marai and areasories stores, cacept show stores (**
	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	Furniture and housefurnishings stores (571). Household appliance, TV, and radio stores (572, 573).
	la a decomposition retailing	Motor vehicles and accessories retailing (55 except 554). Gasoline service stations (554).
ther retail trade	!\ Canalina convice stations	Drug stores (591).
	Drug stores. Hardware, farm implement, and building material retailing.	Liquor stores (592). Retail florists (5992).
	All other retail trade	Miscellaneous retail stores (593-596, 599 except 5992). Not specified retail trade. ²
	Banking and other finance	(Transport of (62 64)
linance, insurance and real estate	Insurance and real estate	
	Business services	Advertising (731). Miscellaneous business services (732-736, 739).
Business services		
Repair services	Automobile repair services and garages	i a company and a company
Private households	Private households	Private households (88).
Trivate nousenous	(Hotels and lodging places	Hotels and lodging places (70). Laundering, cleaning, and dyeing services (721, 727). [Dressmaking shops (729).5]
Other personal services	All other personal services	Miscellaneous personal services (722, 726, 729).
Entertainment and recreation services	Entertainment and recreation services	(Theaters and motion pictures (78, 792). Bowling alleys and billiard and pool parlors (793). Miscellaneous entertainment and recreation services (791, 794).
W	(6)	
HospitalsEducational services, government	Educational services, government	Educational services, government (82, 84). Educational services, private (82, 86)
Educational services, private	and membership organizations	
Welfare, religious and nonprofit membership ganizations.	[Legal, engineering, and miscellaneous professional serv	Legal services (81). Engineering and architectural services (891). Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services (893). Miscellaneous professional and related services (892, 899).
Other professional and related services	Medical and other health services 6	(Medical and other health services, except hospitals (806).
Public administration	Postal service Federal public administration State and local public administration	Postal service Federal public administration \(^{91}, 94\).7 State public administration \(^{92}\).7 Local public administration \(^{93}\).7
	Industry not reported	Industry not reported (99).

Note: See Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1957 edition.

¹ The components of SIC category 3399 are allocated between "Other primary iron and steel industries" and "Primary nonferrous industries" on a ferrous-nonferrous basis.

2 In the Population Census system, "not specified" categories were set up within certain groups to take care of schedule returns which were not sufficiently precise for allocation to a specific category within the group.

3 This item represents a combination of two categories in the 1960 Census industrial classification system—"Electric light and power" and "Electric-gas utilities."

⁴ This item represents a combination of two categories in the 1960 Census industrial classification system—"Food stores, except dairy products" and "Dairy products stores and milk retailing."

4 Dressmaking shops are separated from the rest of the SIC category 729 which is included in "Miscellaneous personal services."

1 The category "Hospitals," which appears as a separate item in the condensed classification, is included in "Medical and other health services" in the intermediate classification.

2 See text for explanation of basic difference between SIC and Population Census in classification of government workers.

XXXVI Introduction

PLACE OF WORK AND MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

Data on place of work and means of transportation to work were obtained for the first time in the 1960 Census. They were derived from answers to the following questions on the Household Questionnaire:

If this person worked lo	ast week, answer questi	ons P28 and P29.
If he worked in	ounty did he work in last more than one city or ked most last week.	
a. City or tow	n,	•••••
b. If city or to	own—Did he work insid the city limits?	le Yes No
c. County		State
P29. How did he get (Check one box	to work last week? for principal means use	ed last week)
Railroad	Taxicab	Walk only
Subway or elevated	Private auto or car pool	Worked at home
Bus or streetcar	Other means—	
L		

Place of Work

Place of work refers to the geographic location in which civilians at work during the reference week and Armed Forces personnel not on leave, sick, etc., carried out their occupational or job activities. In chapter C, place of work is classified simply as to whether it was in the same county (or equivalent area) as the worker's county of residence or in a different county.

These work locations were classified in two ways in chapter D. For the standard metropolitan statistical areas in table 131, the locations are: (1) Central city (or cities) of the SMSA, (2) ring (or outlying parts) of the SMSA, and (3) the area outside the SMSA. For the State statistics in table 132, the areas are: (1) State of residence, (2) specified States contiguous to the State of residence, and (3) noncontiguous States.

Persons working at more than one job were asked to report on the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the census week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to name the place in which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. In cases in which work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the county in which he had worked the greatest number of hours during the previous week.

During the tabulation of statistics on place of work, it was discovered that some enumerators working in counties containing central cities of SMSA's, but outside the cities themselves, had failed to identify correctly these central cities as places of work. For the convenience of the enumerator and the coder, the FOSDIC document contained a circle for "this city" for indicating that the place of work was in the respondent's city or town of residence. Some enumerators understood this category to refer to a nearby large city and filled the circle when they should have written in the name of that city in P28a. Since the city that actually contained the place of work was frequently a central city of an SMSA, the statistics in table 131 were impaired.

After a limited study of the relevant materials, including some of the Household Questionnaires (which gave the respondent's

own written reply), it was decided that a simple mechanical edit would tend to improve the statistics. This mechanical edit applies to entries for workers living in unincorporated parts of counties containing the central city of an SMSA (or other city with a population of 50,000 or more). For these workers, a workplace code of "this city" was tabulated as the largest city in the county. This edit was not used in New England, New Jersey, or the urban townships of Pennsylvania since it was considered likely that the category "this city" was used to refer to the town or township rather than to the large city. For the same reason, in all States, entries for workers living in incorporated places were not edited. Finally, codes of "this city" for workers living in unincorporated areas outside counties containing central cities of SMSA's (or other city of 50,000 or more) were tabulated as "balance of county" since it was not clear what city, if any, was intended.

Later, a national sample of reports of place of work was assembled for the purposes of estimating the magnitude of the error before and after the corrective edit. On a national basis, excluding from consideration New England States and New Jersey. it appears that the published statistics are substantially better than would have been the case had the corrective edit been omitted. The number of workers residing outside central cities in the balances of central counties and working in the central cities appeared to be considerably understated before the correction and only slightly overstated, in net effect, after the correction. For the workers who were residing in parts of central counties located in incorporated places and in urban townships in Pennsylvania, there still remains a small understatement of reports of place of work in central cities. Moreover, it is probable that there is also some understatement of commuting to central cities from outside the central counties. It was not feasible to estimate the error or take corrective action for these more distant areas. Therefore, it cannot be readily determined whether the total number of commuters to central cities of SMSA's is overstated or understated in the published statistics. This edit was further refined for the tabulations in chapter D; therefore, some minor inconsistencies in the data on both place of work and means of transportation are apparent between chapter D and chapter C, especially for areas containing military installations. Both before and after the corrective edit, there was considerable variation in the error rate from one SMSA to another. Hence, caution should be exercised in using the statistics for particular areas (especially in table 131).

Means of Transportation to Work

Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work by civilians at work during the reference week and Armed Forces personnel not on leave, sick, etc. In this report, the categories "railroad" and "subway or elevated" were combined, and "taxicab" was included in "other means." The enumerator was instructed that "principal means" referred to the means of transportation covering the greatest distance, if more than one means was used in daily travel, or to the means of transportation used most frequently, if different means were used on different days. "Bus or streetcar" was defined as referring to vehicles operating within or between cities on public streets or highways. The facts that the items on place of work and means of transportation refer to the job held "last week" (see section on "Employment status") and that the worker may have subsequently changed his usual place of residence may explain some impossible or unlikely commuting patterns for particular areas.

INCOME IN 1959

Definitions

The data on income were derived from answers to the following questions on the Household Questionnaire:

P32. How much did this person earn in 1959 in wages, salary, commissions, or tips from all jobs?
Before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items. (Enter amount or check "None." If exact figure not known, give best estimate.)
\$
P33. How much did he earn in 1959 in profits or fees from working in his own business, professional practice, partnership, or farm?
Net income after business expenses. (Enter amount or check "None." If exact figure not known, give best estimate. If business or farm lost money, write "Loss" after amount.)
\$
P34. Last year (1959), did this person receive any income from:
Social security
Pensions
Veteran's payments
Rent (minus expenses)
Interest or dividends
Unemployment insurance
Welfare payments
Any other source not already entered
Yes No
What is the amount he received from these sources in 1959? (If exact figure not known, give best estimate)
\$00

Information on income for the calendar year 1959 was requested from all persons 14 years old and over in the sample. "Total income" is the sum of the amounts reported in P32 (wage or salary income), P33 (self-employment income), and P34 (other income). Earnings were obtained by summing wage or salary and self-employment income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: Money received from the sale of property, unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property; the value of income "in kind," such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawals of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; gifts and lump-sum inheritances or insurance benefits.

Wage or salary income.—This is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned.

Self-employment income.—This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a business, farm, or professional enterprise in which the person was engaged on his own account. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include the costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes, etc.

Income other than earnings.—This includes money income received from sources other than wages or salary and self-employment, such as net income (or loss) from rents or receipts from roomers or boarders; royalties; interest, dividends, and periodic income from estates and trust funds; Social Security benefits; pensions; veterans' payments, military allotments for dependents, unemployment insurance, and public assistance or other governmental payments; and periodic contributions for support from persons who are not members of the household, alimony, and periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities.

This report presents information on income for families and unrelated individuals and for persons 14 years old and over by detailed characteristics. Data are also presented for 4-person husband-wife families with two (own) children under 18 in which the head was an earner, including families in which there were one or more additional earners.⁸

In the statistics on family income, the combined incomes of all members of each family are treated as a single amount; whereas in the statistics on the income of unrelated individuals and in those on the income of persons 14 years old and over the classification is by the amount of their own income. Although the time period covered by the income statistics is the calendar year 1959, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration. Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1959 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of the interview. On the other hand, family income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1959 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration. For most of the families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1959.

Median and Mean Income

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals, the median income is based on the total number of families and unrelated individuals; whereas for persons the medians are based on the distributions of persons 14 years old and over with income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a group by the number of income recipients in that group. For wage or salary income and self-employment income, the means are based on persons having those types of income. In the derivation of aggregate amounts, persons in the open-end interval "\$25,000 and over" were assigned an estimated mean of \$50.000.

Limitations of the Data

The schedule entries for income are frequently based not on records but on memory, and this factor probably produces underestimates, because the tendency of respondents is to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misunderstanding of the income questions or to misrepresentation.

A possible source of understatement in the income figures was the failure, on occasion, to obtain from the respondent any report on "other money income." For these cases, the assumption was made in the editing process that no income other than earnings was received by a person who reported the receipts of either wage or salary income or self-employment income. Where no income information for a person 14 years old and over was reported, a more elaborate editing procedure was used, as described below in the section on "Editing of unacceptable data." Appendix tables C-2 and C-3 indicate the extent to which income in 1959 was allocated for families and persons 14 years old and over. Because of an error in programing the tabulations, however, the nonresponse rates for families shown in these tables are somewhat overstated. This error is described in more detail in the section below on "Extent and implications of editing."

The income tables for families and unrelated individuals include in the lowest income group (under \$1,000) those that were

⁸ Because of a processing error, the data on this subject shown in tables 65, 76, and 86 were mislabeled in a number of States. To determine whether this State is one of those affected, see "List of Corrections" on page xLVII.

XXXVIII Introduction

classified as having no 1959 income, as defined in the census. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly constituted families, or were unrelated individuals who recently left families, or were families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or had left the household. However, many of the families and unrelated individuals who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data in this report cover money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of rent-free housing and of goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. In comparing income data for 1959 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income between 1949 and 1959 does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, because adjustments for changes in prices have not been made in this report.

Comparability

1940 and 1950 Censuses.—In 1950, information on income similar to that requested in 1960 was obtained from a 20-percent sample of persons 14 years old and over. If the sample person was the head of a family, the income questions were repeated for the other family members as a group in order to obtain the income of the whole family. In 1960, however, separate income data were requested for each person 14 years old and over in the sample household.

In tabulating family income for the 1950 Census, if only the head's income was reported, the assumption was made that there was no other income in the family. In the 1960 Census, all non-respondents on income (whether heads of families or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar demographic characteristics.

In 1940, all persons 14 years old and over were asked to report (a) the amount of money wages or salary received in 1939 and (b) whether income amounting to \$50 or more received in 1939 was from sources other than money wages or salaries. Income distributions for 1959 and 1949 shown in the present report relate to total money income or to earnings; comparable statistics from the 1940 Census are not available.

Income tax data.—For several reasons, the income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with those which may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for tax purposes, differs somewhat from the

concept used by the Bureau of the Census. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is less inclusive because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income. Furthermore, some income tax returns are filed as separate returns and others as joint returns; and, consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance earnings record data.—The earnings data shown here are not directly comparable with those which may be obtained from the earnings records of the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance for several reasons. The coverage of the earnings record data for 1959 is less inclusive than that of the 1960 Census data because of the exclusion of the earnings of self-employed physicians, many civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons who are not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings, including some self-employed persons, some farm workers, and domestic servants. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$4,800 in 1959 are not covered by the earnings record data. Finally, as the Bureau of the Census data are obtained by household interviews, they will differ from the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

Office of Business Economics State income series .- The Office of Business Economics of the Department of Commerce publishes data on aggregate and per capita personal income received by the population in each State. If the aggregate total income were estimated from the income statistics shown in this report, it would be lower than that shown in the State income series for several reasons. The income statistics published by the Bureau of the Census are obtained from households, whereas the State income series published by the Office of Business Economics is estimated largely on the basis of data derived from business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The Office of Business Economics income series includes some items not included in the income statistics shown in this report, such as income in kind, the value of the services of banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to the time of enumeration. On the other hand, income statistics in publications of the Bureau of the Census include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household, and employee contributions for social insurance.

COLLECTION AND PROCESSING OF DATA

The steps taken in the collection and processing of data in the 1960 Census differed in several important respects from those in the 1950 Census. In 1960, all the complete-count data and the sample data for about four-fifths of the population were obtained in the field by self-enumeration supplemented, if necessary, by a visit or telephone call by an enumerator, whereas in 1950, nearly all the data were collected by direct interview.

In 1960, enumerators recorded all the complete-count items and many of the sample items in the form of codes by marking appropriate circles on the schedule, but those in 1950 recorded most answers in terms of written entries on the population census schedule which were later coded by clerks. In both censuses, some of the sample items were edited by clerks and some by machine; however, machine procedures were used much more extensively for this operation in 1960 than in 1950. For complete-count data, the 1960 Census used machine editing almost exclusively as contrasted to the reliance in 1950 on both mechanical and clerical means.

More detailed descriptions of the 1960 Census practices in the collection and processing of data are given, respectively, in the reports entitled United States Censuses of Population and Housing, 1960: Principal Data-Collection Forms and Procedures, 1961, and Processing the Data, 1962, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C.

COLLECTION OF DATA

Single- and Two-Stage Areas

In all parts of the United States, a few days before the census date (April 1), all households received by mail an Advance Census Report (ACR) containing the complete-count questions, that is, the questions which were to be answered for all persons. Household members were requested to fill these forms before the enumerator called.

In some areas, a "single stage" enumeration procedure was used, as discussed in the "General" section above. When the

enumerator in a "single stage" area made his visit, he collected all the complete-count and sample information at that time. This information included answers to the questions on the ACR and to the additional (sample) questions which were to be answered for one-fourth of the households and one-fourth of the persons in group quarters.

In the other areas, a "two stage" enumeration procedure was used. When the "Stage I" enumerator called to collect the ACR, he left at every fourth household a Household Questionnaire containing the sample questions and asked that the questionnaire be filled and mailed promptly to the local census office. (Special procedures were used for sample persons in group quarters.) If the "Stage II" enumerator found that the questionnaire was incompletely filled or was not mailed, or if he detected answers that contained obvious inconsistencies, he was instructed to make calls by telephone or personal visit to obtain the missing information or to correct errors.

Advance Census Report, Household Questionnaire, and FOSDIC Forms

When an enumerator visited a household in a single-stage area, he obtained and recorded the complete-count information required for each person and for each living quarters on a special form designed for electronic processing on FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). In doing so, he made use of the information which the household had entered on the ACR. Also, in each sample household, he completed the sample FOSDIC form. In addition, he transferred the complete-count information for the sample household to the sample FOSDIC form.

When a Stage I enumerator visited a household in a two-stage area, he followed the procedure described above for recording the complete-count information. Later, the Stage I enumerator transferred the complete-count information for each sample household to its sample FOSDIC form. When the sample household mailed its Household Questionnaire to the local census office, the Stage II enumerator transferred the sample information from the Household Questionnaire to the sample FOSDIC form. If the sample household had failed to mail a completed Household Questionnaire, the Stage II enumerator usually recorded the sample information directly on the sample FOSDIC form when he called for the information by telephone or by personal visit.

Thus, the enumerator's duty was to deliver completed FOSDIC schedules to the local census office. To do so, he made use of completed ACR's and Household Questionnaires where they were available and conducted direct interviews as needed.

Most of the questions on the ACR and Household Questionnaire were virtually identical with the corresponding ones on the FOSDIC forms. Those on the FOSDIC forms were somewhat briefer and more compact, contained more boxes for precoding, and omitted many of the brief instructions which are given on the self-enumeration forms to explain the meaning of certain questions. The differences between the two types of forms, however, are regarded as minor and probably did not contribute in any important way to a lack of comparability of the sample data; the less detailed wording on the FOSDIC forms was reinforced by the training on detailed instructions that was given to enumerators who used these forms. The respondent was probably not ordinarily aware, however, of the special cases discussed in the instructions unless he asked the enumerator for clarification of a particular point.

Field Review

In the 1960 Census, one of the more important innovations was a series of regularly scheduled field reviews of the enumerator's work by his crew leader or field reviewer. This operation was designed to assure at an early stage of the work that the enumerator was performing his duties properly and had corrected the errors he had made. Moreover, the completeness of coverage of the enumeration was checked in various ways, including, for the first time, an advance partial listing by one of the supervisors of addresses throughout the enumerator's district, and the checking of this list of addresses against that reported by the enumerator.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons in housing units at the time of the 1960 Census, the sampling unit was the housing unit and all its occupants; for persons in group quarters, it was the person. On the first visit to an address, the enumerator assigned a sample key letter (A, B, C, or D) to each housing unit sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units, whether or not he completed an interview. Each enumerator was given a random key letter to start his assignment, and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although these instructions allowed some latitude in the order of visiting addresses. Each housing unit assigned the key letter "A" was designated as a sample unit, and all persons enumerated in the unit were included in the sample. In every group quarters, the sample consisted of every fourth person in the order listed.

In 1950, the sample was designed to include every fifth person, regardless of his living arrangements. Thus, if a household head was in the sample, his wife, if any, and most or all of his children, if any, were not in the sample; likewise, if the wife or a child was in the sample, the head generally was not. This handicap to the analysis of household and family statistics was overcome by the use of the housing unit (hence, the household) as the basic sampling unit in 1960. But the effect of "clustering" persons by sampling whole households increased the sampling variability of the data for some items and is one of the factors that led to the enlargement of the sampling fraction from 20 percent to 25 percent. (See discussion of "Sampling variability" below.) Moreover, in the 1950 Census, the last few sample questions were to be asked only of every sixth sample person and may, therefore, have been regarded by the enumerator as less important, hence, could be given more casual treatment than the other sample questions. In the 1960 Census, if a person was in the sample, he was asked to answer all of the sample questions that were applicable.

Although the 1960 sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 25-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions. Generally, for large areas the deviation from 25 percent was found to be small. Biases may have arisen, however, if the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly.

Table C-1 shows the percentage of persons and households, respectively, that were in the unweighted sample. For the United States, as a whole, the published figures are 24.7 and 24.5, respectively. The sample as finally processed, taking account of all replications, represented somewhat higher percentages, namely, 24.94 for persons and 24.82 for households. Available records indicate that the sample of persons as designated in the field was very slightly larger than this, since the number of persons canceled because of bias in size of household was only slightly larger than the 85,255 persons replicated to replace them. Estimates of the total number and percent of persons with specified characteristics based on sample data for 1960 were obtained by a ratio estimation procedure that is described in the section below on "Ratio estimation."

States enumerated completely on a single-stage basis were: Alaska, Arkansas, Hawaii, Idaho, Mississippi, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming. States enumerated partly, but not completely, on a single-stage basis were: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wisconsin.

MANUAL EDITING AND CODING OF SCHEDULES

After the sample FOSDIC forms had been assembled and checked for completeness in the field, they were sent to a central processing office in Jeffersonville, Ind., for coding and microfilming. The FOSDIC forms for the complete-count data had not been coded manually (except where some special problems arose) before they were microfilmed.

The clerical editing and coding operation of the sample schedules provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors and to assign numerical codes to written entries before the data were processed by the electronic equipment. As a rule, editing or coding was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine. Thus, the manual operation was essentially limited to the minority of items where editing and coding required the reading of written entries rather than the reading of marked circles.

One of the coding problems that required the manual processing of every sample FOSDIC form was the coding of the item on relationship to the head of the household. The main purposes of this operation were to assign codes for relationship in detailed categories and to assign a family number to every member of a family group that was sharing the living quarters of the household head as a secondary family or a subfamily. A special group of coders assigned a code for type of institution or type of other group quarters to the first person in each of these types of living accommodations, and then the computer assigned the same code to all other persons in the group quarters.

Clerks also assigned codes for mother tongue of the foreign born, State of birth of the native population, country of origin of the foreign stock, residence five years prior to the census date, place of work, and income. The items related to geographic location created special problems because many respondents were unfamiliar with the names of counties and other political subdivisions required and, in many instances, provided incomplete or inaccurate information, or information not called for by the questions.

A special group of clerks coded the entries for occupation and industry. The clerks were provided with lists of names of large companies and their industrial classifications, as well as the 1960 Census of Population, Alphabetical Index of Occupations and Industries. The class-of-worker entry was edited for consistency with occupation and industry.

The principles of quality control were applied in the manual editing and coding operation, just as they were used in the review of enumeration work and in certain other operations. Thus, in the first stage of the coding operation, one-fifth of the work of each occupation and industry coder, and one-tenth of the work of other coders, was verified by an examination of the work of the coders during the first few weeks of their assignment, that is, before they were eligible to be rated as "qualified." In the second stage, one-fortieth of the work of the occupation and industry coders, and one-eightieth of that of the other coders, was checked by two verifiers, each of whom did the work independently and did not see the work of the coder or of the other verifier. If the work done by a coder in the early phase was rejected on the basis of either or both of these checks, his work was verified completely. If the coder's work failed to qualify after a reasonable period of time he was dismissed from coding work.

After the coder qualified, control of his work was based on the results of the independent verification in which the majority rule among the coder and two verifiers was used to determine whether the coder had made an error. If the coder's error rate rose and remained consistently high, he was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of all the work of occupation and industry coders who showed very high weekly error rates. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

ELECTRONIC PROCESSING

The steps after the clerical processing of the sample data for 1960 were quite different from those performed in connection with the 1950 Census. In 1960, the procedure was as follows: (1) The schedules, which contained both population and housing information in the form of shaded code circles, were microfilmed; (2) the microfilm was read by FOSDIC, which converted the shaded circles to coded signals on magnetic tape; (3) this tape was read by an electronic computer, which edited, coded (that part of coding sometimes referred to as "recoding"), and tabulated the data; (4) a high-speed electronic printer printed the numbers and captions on sheets to which preprinted titles were added by hand; (5) the tables were reviewed; and (6) the high-speed printer output was used as copy for offset printing of the publication.

In 1950, the steps were as follows: (1) Clerks edited and coded both complete-count and sample entries; (2) clerks punched a card for each person containing the codes for population (but not housing) characteristics; (3) the punchcards were edited, the sample punchcards were weighted, and all cards were tabulated by conventional tabulators; (4) the tables were typed manually from the tabulation sheets; (5) the typed tables required proofreading and verification in addition to review; and (6) the tables were reproduced by offset printing for publication.

The extensive use of electronic equipment in the 1960 Census insured more uniform editing of the data than could have been accomplished by clerical work. On the other hand, the inability of the electronic equipment to read names and to perform some other operations that can be readily done by clerks introduced a measure of inflexibility at certain points in the processing operations. In the editing operation, substitutions were made for some of the nonresponses and inconsistencies, in order to simplify later tabulations and to make the published tables more usable. Moreover, the use of FOSDIC completely eliminated the cardpunching operation and thereby eliminated one important source of error. The types of error introduced by the use of FOSDIC were probably minor by comparison.

The enormous capacity of the electronic computer made it possible to do much more complex editing and coding than in earlier censuses and to insure consistency among a larger number of interrelated items. For example, the computer assigned a code to each person 14 years old and over for one of the five categories of employment status. In some instances, the determination of this code required the scanning of entries in as many as 9 items, where a full cross-classification of the 9 items would involve approximately 7,500 combinations of categories. At the same time, the greater capacity of the computer permitted the keeping of a detailed record of the extent of computer editing of census entries. (See section below on "Editing of unacceptable data.")

ACCURACY OF THE DATA

SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Such errors include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining

inconsistent information, recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly, and otherwise producing inconsistencies between entries on interrelated items on the field documents. Sampling biases occur because some of the enumerators fail to follow the sampling instructions. Clerical coding and editing

errors occur, and errors occur in the electronic processing operation for reasons discussed in the next section.

Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Review of the enumerator's work, verification of manual coding and editing, checking of tabulated figures, and ratio estimation of sample data to control totals from the complete count (as discussed in a later section) reduce the effects of the errors in the census data. According to present plans, one or more reports evaluating the statistics of the 1960 Census will be published later. A report published by the Bureau of the Census and entitled *The Post-Enumeration Survey: 1950*, Technical Paper No. 4, presents evaluative material on the 1950 Census.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

Assignments for Nonresponse or Inconsistency

Regardless of the operating procedure that is used, the desired end is to produce a set of statistical tables that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. In keeping with this objective, certain unacceptable entries on the 1960 Census questionnaires were edited.

As one of the first steps in editing, the computer scanned the configuration of marks from a given section of the sample FOSDIC schedule to determine whether it contained information for a person, or merely a spurious mark or two. If the section contained marks for at least two of the general characteristicsrelationship, sex, color, age, marital status-and at least one of the entries was a relationship, sex, or color, the inference was made that the section contained entries for a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic computer was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space. If the entries indicated that the line contained data for a person, the computer supplied information by assignment (as explained below) for more than half of the sample characteristics, where such information was missing, and for all of the missing complete-count characteristics. However, if sample information was entirely missing for more than a tolerable proportion of sample households in an area, special remedial action was taken, as explained in the section below on "Editing for other reasons."

Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person. (See section below on "Editing for other reasons" for examples of other situations requiring allocations.) As in earlier censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person that was consistent with entries for other persons with similar characteristics. Thus, a person who was reported as a 20-year-old son of the household head, but for whom marital status was not reported, was assigned a marital status from a marital status distribution for other sons in the same age group. Through the assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed that the usefulness of the data is enhanced.

In earlier censuses, the distributions from which assignments were made were derived from previous censuses or surveys. The use of the electronic computer improved upon this procedure by making feasible the use of distributions implicit in the 1960 data being tabulated. In addition, the superior flexibility of the computer permitted the use of a greater number of homogeneous subgroups and thus increased the probability that assignments would be accurate and consistent with entries on other items for the person.

The technique in the 1960 Census may be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment of wage or salary income. The allocation of this item was carried out in the following steps:

- 1. The computer stored reported wage or salary income, by sex, age, color, major occupation group, and number of weeks worked in 1959, for persons 14 years old and over who worked in 1959.
- 2. Each stored wage or salary income was retained in the computer only until a succeeding person having the same characteristics and having wage or salary income reported was processed through the computer during the mechanical edit operation. Then, the reported wage or salary income of the succeeding person was stored in place of the one previously stored.
- 3. When the wage or salary income of a person 14 years old or over who worked in 1959 was not reported or the entry was unacceptable, the wage or salary income assigned to this person was that stored for the last person who otherwise had the same characteristics.

The above procedure insured that the distribution of wage or salary income assigned by the computer for persons of a given set of characteristics would correspond closely to the reported wage or salary income distribution of such persons in the current census.

In general, the procedure for making assignments of complete-count items shown in chapters C and D was more complex than that used for making assignments of complete-count items shown in chapter B. The assignment procedure used for chapters C and D often took account of additional information not available on the complete-count schedules about the sample person, and, when feasible, about other members of the household to determine the most appropriate value to assign.

For persons in large group quarters in which the enumerator had not been able to obtain the required sample information, a manual editing operation was used. For some of these places, entries for sample items were assigned by clerks from distributions of acceptable values for each item. These distributions of acceptable values were compiled through inspection of data for other group quarters of similar type for which adequate entries had been obtained.

Editing for Other Reasons

Editing was performed not only when there were nonresponses and inconsistencies but was also performed when the proportion of sample households in a "work unit" (group of enumeration districts) with little or no sample information exceeded certain tolerance limits. When this situation was discovered, households with inadequate sample information were canceled, and households of the same size in the same general area that did have the sample information were replicated to replace the ones that were canceled. As shown in table C-1 for the United States, this procedure involved 315,069 persons and 127,257 households. Also, adjustments were made in the work done by a small proportion of the enumerators, for biases in the size distribution of sample households as compared to that of all households. Thus, if there were too many large sample households, the proper number of large households was canceled and the same number of small households was substituted. For the United States as a whole. this adjustment involved 85,255 persons in 26,307 replicated households. The number of persons in the canceled households has not yet been firmly established, but it is estimated at about

Editing was necessary, in addition, because of occasional failures in the microfilming process that caused an entire page of a schedule to be unreadable by FOSDIC. When this occurred, all information for at least one household was canceled. (Each sample FOSDIC page was designed to contain information for one housing unit and for one person or two persons.) If the unreadable page contained entry spaces for both housing and population information, two households may have been canceled because the computer was not always able to determine in this situation whether the page represented the beginning of a new household or the continuation of the previous household.

XLII Introduction

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations, substitutions, and cancellations that would be permitted for an enumeration district. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the schedule books in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged schedules, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged schedules, or from other types of machine failure, the schedules were manually repaired and reprocessed. Sometimes this repair work consisted simply of remicrofilming or of making darker shadings in the code circles. If a large number of allocations resulted from faulty entries on the schedules, the appropriateness of the computer allocations was considered and, in some instances, a manual allocation based on special sources of information was substituted.

As noted, inconsistencies in the reported data were resolved primarily by machine editing but occasionally by clerical editing. However, because of limitations of computer capacity and other resources, a number of complicated editing steps were not introduced when the effect upon the final data was considered to be small. Thus, for some characteristics, there may be a small number of cases in an unlikely age group. Illustrations include women under 18 years old with 5 or more children, members of the Armed Forces under 17, and parents under 30 years old of household heads or wives.

Very minor differences between tables result from imperfections in the electronic equipment. For example, in table 82 for the United States, Male, Employed is 43,466,951, whereas in table 86 for the United States, the same universe is reported as 43,466,946. No attempt has been made to reconcile these insignificant discrepancies.

Extent and Implications of Editing

In order to measure the effects of the various editing procedures, a number of appendix tables is presented. Appendix tables show the extent and implications of census editing. Tables B-1 and B-2 follow the chapter B tables, tables C-1, C-2, and C-3 follow the chapter C tables, and table D-1 follows the chapter D tables. Specifically, tables B-1 and B-2 show the extent of the allocations for nonresponse or for inconsistency. In these tables "substituted persons" and "persons with allocations" are stated as percentages of the population subject to the risk of such substitutions or allocations.

Persons substituted for "omissions due to noninterview" represent persons from previous occupied housing units substituted to take the place of the group of persons in a housing unit enumerated as occupied but for which the computer could find no persons. Persons substituted for "omissions due to mechanical failure" represent persons on preceding schedule pages who were substituted to account for persons on pages which could not be read by FOSDIC.

The count of "persons with one or more allocations" and the count of persons with allocations of various characteristics generally exclude "persons substituted." However, persons who served as substitutes for other persons, and who also had missing or inconsistent entries in one or more population characteristics, were included in the count of persons with one or more allocations for themselves and also for the person (or persons) for whom they were substituted. The sum of the percentages of persons having assignments in each population characteristic is greater than the number of persons with one or more allocations because some persons had allocations on more than one characteristic.

The size of the sample and the extent of replication are shown in appendix table C-1. The extent of the allocations for nonresponse or for inconsistency is shown in tables C-2 and C-3. In these tables, the percentages of persons for whom nonresponses were allocated are essentially exclusive of those persons with all sample characteristics not reported.

In table C-1, "persons in sample" and "households in sample" represent unweighted counts of distinct sample persons and distinct sample households, as determined after the computer had completed the various processing steps. These totals do not include the figures for "replicated because of bias in size of household" and "replicated because of absence of sample information" that appear on the following lines in table C-1. In tables C-2 and C-3, replicated persons were tallied as many times as they were replicated; and, therefore, the percent of "persons in sample" in table C-3 may be larger than the corresponding percent in table C-1. All data shown in tables C-2 and C-3 are weighted so as to be consistent with corresponding complete-count data, except "persons in sample" in table C-3, which represents the ratio of the unweighted sample count plus replications to the total population.

In table C-2, "persons with two or more sample characteristics reported" are persons with acceptable entries in two or more relevant sample characteristics (for example, entries in employment status are only relevant to persons 14 years old and over). The characteristics listed in table C-2 cover all the items that are published in chapter C and are classified into three major groups: Those subjects for which all nonresponses were allocated, those for which some but not all nonresponses were allocated, and those for which no nonresponses were allocated. For each subject, the universe applicable to the characteristic is indicated, along with the percent of persons in the relevant universe for whom nonresponses were allocated.

For each subject, the number of assignments shown in table C-2 for nonresponse or inconsistency includes only those made by the computer. This number excludes any assignments that were made in the field review of the census schedules, in the manual editing and coding operation, or in the manual repair of schedules for areas where the computer had made more than the tolerable number of assignments on the subject.

In table C-3, the percent of nonresponses shown in the column "nativity and nativity of parents" is overstated because, if both items were not reported, the person was incorrectly counted twice in the numerator.

The allocation rates for family income shown in tables C-2 and C-3 are somewhat overstated. The number of primary individuals for whom income items were allocated was inadvertently included in the numerator of the rates. The numerator should have included only families for which any member 14 years old and over had a nonresponse on income. This error was discovered too late for correction. For most areas, a fairly adequate correction may be obtained by assuming that the allocation rate for primary individuals is the same as that shown for persons 14 years old and over. This adjustment, though reducing the rates for families shown in tables C-2 and C-3, would nevertheless tend to result in an overstatement of the true rate because allocation rates for primary individuals are generally higher than those for all persons 14 years old and over. The application of this procedure reduces the family-income allocation rate for the United States from 11.7 to 10.6 percent.

Appendix table D-1 presents distributions of selected subjects, essentially as they appeared prior to allocation of nonresponses. These distributions may be compared with the corresponding statistics in the regular tables, category by category, in order to measure the net effects of allocation.

The figures shown are based on the final weighted sample figures, and the total number of persons in each distribution should agree with corresponding totals in the report. The data shown include persons in households which were replicated, and the characteristics tabulated for these persons are those of the members of the replicated household. In other words, the "not reported" categories in table D-1 include allocations but not replications (unless the person in the replicated household himself happened to have a nonresponse on the given characteristic).

For each subject, the number of allocations shown in table D-1 for "not reported" includes only those made by the computer; the exclusions are the same as those noted above for table C-2.

For items with all nonresponses allocated in 1960 but not in 1950—such as income and years of school completed—the 1960 percent distributions are based on the total number of persons in the given area or group; whereas the corresponding percent distributions for earlier censuses, as shown in this report, are based on the number reporting. If the nonresponses had been distributed for the earlier censuses in the more complicated ways that were used for the 1960 Census, the results obviously would have been a little different.

Certain types of response assignment (or allocation) are not included in the appendix tables. Among these, the following are the chief examples: Allocations of color were made for household members by substituting the color of the household head; allocations of marital status and sex were automatically made for persons identified as wives of household heads or as heads of households with wife present; and allocations were made at random for missing information on quarter of year of birth. Allocations of color made by substituting that of the household head were made only when the person was related to the head. The possibility of error in these cases was considered so low that the inclusion of such allocations in the tables was felt to be unjustified. All persons coded as wives were automatically classified as female and married, and all heads with wife present as male and married. These automatic classifications occurred regardless of the original entries in sex or marital status, and assignments in sex or marital status resulting from these allocations were not recorded. Also, clerical corrections, such as making darker shadings in the code circles, were not tallied and are not reflected in the counts of allocations.

Assignments for nonresponse or inconsistency, substitutions of persons and households, and other aspects of editing by the electronic computer will be discussed more fully as part of a more detailed report to be published at a later date under the title Eighteenth Decennial Census: Procedural History.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on the sample of the 1960 Census returns are estimates that have been developed through the use of a ratio estimation procedure. This procedure was carried out for each of the following 44 groups of persons in each of the smallest areas for which sample data are published.¹⁰

Group	Sex, color, and age	Relationship and tenure
	Male white:	
1	Under 5	
2 3	5 to 13	
3	14 to 24	Head of owner household
4	14 to 24	Head of renter household
4 5	14 to 24	Not head of household
6-8	25 to 44	Same groups as age group 14 to 24
9-11	45 and over	Same groups as age group 14 to 24
12–22	Male nonwhite: Same groups	
23–33	Female white: Same groups	as male white
	Female nonwhit	te:
34-44	Same groups	as male white

For each of the 44 groups, the ratio of the complete count to the sample count of the population in the group was determined. Each specific sample person in the group was assigned an integral weight so that the sum of the weights would equal the complete count for the group. For example, if the ratio for a group was 4.2, one-fifth of the persons (selected at random)

within the group were assigned a weight of 5, and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 4. The use of such a combination of integral weights rather than a single fractional weight was adopted to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. In order to increase the reliability, where there were fewer than 50 persons in the complete count in a group, or where the resulting weight was over 16, groups were combined in a specific order to satisfy both of these two conditions.

These ratio estimates reduce the component of sampling error arising from the variation in the size of household and achieve some of the gains of stratification in the selection of the sample, with the strata being the groups for which separate ratio estimates are computed. The net effect is a reduction in the sampling error and bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the 25-percent sample by a uniform factor of four. The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A byproduct of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are generally consistent with the complete count with respect to the total population and for the subdivisions used as groups in the estimation procedure. A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in another report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The figures from the 25-percent sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability, which can be estimated roughly from the standard errors shown in tables B and C below. Somewhat more precise estimates of sampling error may be obtained by using the factors shown in table D in conjunction with table C for percentages and table B for absolute numbers. These tables " do not reflect the effect of response variance, processing variance, or bias arising in the collection, processing, and estimation steps. Estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference due to sampling variability between an estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 21/2 times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks.

Table B shows rough standard errors of estimated numbers. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table C shows rough standard errors of data in the form of percentages. Linear interpolation in tables B and C will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. The standard errors estimated from tables B and C are not directly applicable

$$\mathbf{x}' = \sum_{i=1}^{44} \frac{\mathbf{x}_i}{\mathbf{y}_i} \, \mathbf{Y}_i$$

where x' is the estimate of the characteristic for the area obtained through the use of the ratio estimation procedure,

xi is the count of sample persons with the characteristic for the area in one (i) of the 44 groups,

yi is the count of all sample persons for the area in the same one of the 44 groups, and

Y₁ is the count of persons in the complete count for the area in the same one of the 44 groups.

¹¹ The estimates of sampling variability are based on calculations from a preliminary sample of the 1960 Census results. Further estimates are being calculated and will be available at a later date.

¹⁰ Estimates of characteristics from the sample for a given area are produced using the formula:

XLIV Introduction

Table B.—Rough Approximation to Standard Error of Estimated Number

[Range of 2 chances out of 3]

Estimated number 1	Standard error	Estimated number ¹	Standard error
50	15 20 30 40 50 80	5,000 10,000 15,000 25,000 50,000	110 160 190 250 350

¹ For estimated numbers larger than 50,000, the *relative* errors are somewhat smaller than for 50,000.

Table C.—Rough Approximation to Standard Error of Estimated Percentage

[Range of 2 chances out of 3]

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage						
	500	1,000	2,500	10,000	25,000	100,000	
2 or 98	1.3 2.0 2.8 3.8 4.4	0.9 1.4 2.0 2.7 3.1	0. 5 0. 9 1. 2 1. 5 1. 6	0.3 0.4 0.6 0.7 0.8	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5	0. 1 0. 1 0. 2 0. 2 0. 3	

to differences between two sample estimates. These tables are to be applied in the three following situations as indicated:

- 1. For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1960 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1950 or 1940), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1960 estimate alone.
- 2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1960 and the other from 1950, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard error of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristics in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1960 sample figure is derived directly from table B or C. The standard error of a 20-percent 1950 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1950 Census report, or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying by 1.2 the appropriate value in table B or C.
- 3. For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, table B or C (whichever is appropriate) can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median age, median years of school completed, and median income) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median, such that there is a stated degree of confidence that the true median lies within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number reporting (designated $\frac{N}{2}$) on the characteristic on which the median is based. By the methods outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of $\frac{N}{2}$. Subtract this standard error from $\frac{N}{2}$. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) up to the interval containing the difference between $\frac{N}{2}$ and its standard error, and by linear interpolation obtain a value

corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to $\frac{N}{2}$, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value corresponding to the sum of $\frac{N}{2}$ and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women, or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (for example, the use of households as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates. Formulas for computing the variability of a mean in simple random sampling can be found in textbooks on statistics. Although the estimated distribution on which a given mean is based may not be published in the detailed tables which follow, an approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained by using a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group. A rough estimate of the sampling variability of means in this report may then be obtained by multiplying the figure thus derived by the factor corresponding to it in table D.

For most characteristics, the use of the household as a sampling unit increases the standard error above what would be expected for a simple random sample of persons taken with the same sampling fraction. In particular, sample items which tend to have the same value for all members of a household (e.g., race or residence in 1955) may have a considerably higher variance than if a sample of persons had been used. However, for many characteristics, the standard error is reduced below what would be expected for a simple random sample of persons because of geographic stratification in the selection of the sample and the use of ratio estimation.

Table E shows standard errors for estimated numbers of persons depending on the population of the place (city, county, State), unlike table B, and the magnitude of the estimate but, similar to table B, ignoring some aspects of the sample design and the estimation process. Table D provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in table E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample design, the estimation procedure, and the population of the area over which the estimate is calculated.

To estimate a somewhat more precise standard error for a given characteristic, locate in table D the factor applying to the characteristic. Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate each characteristic in table D. The factor to be used for any cross-classification will usually lie between the values of the factors. When a given characteristic is cross-classified in extensive detail (i.e., by single years of age), the factor to be used is the smaller one shown in table D. Where a characteristic is cross-classified in broad groups (or used in broad groups), the factor to be used in table D should be closer to the larger one. Multiply the standard error given for the size of estimate and the population of the area as shown in table E by this factor from table D. The result of this multiplication is the approximate standard error. Similarly, to obtain a somewhat more precise estimate of the standard error of a percentage, multiply the standard error as shown in table C by the factor from table D. For most estimates, linear interpolation in tables C and E will provide reasonably accurate results.

TABLE D .- FACTOR TO BE APPLIED TO STANDARD ERRORS

Characteristic	Factor
Age	0.8
Nativity and parentage	1.4
Color or race	1.8
Farm-nonfarm residence	1.8
Place of birth	1.2
Country of origin	1.4
Mother tongue	1.4
Residence in 1955	1.8
Year moved into present house	1.8
School enrollment	0.8
Level and type of school in which enrolled	0.8
Years of school completed.	1.0
Veteran status of civilian males	î. ŏ
7 000 221 500 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 0	1.0
Marital status.	1.0
Presence of spouse	î.ŏ
Married couples	1.0
Whether married more than once	î.ŏ
Household relationship and unrelated individuals	i.ŏ
Families and subfamilies	1.0
Children ever born	1.0
Cindren ever both	1.0
Employment status	1.0
Labor force status	1.0
Hours worked	1.0
Weeks worked in 1959	1.0
Year last worked	1.0
Occupation	
Industry	
Place of work	1.0
Means of transportation to work	1.0
Class of worker	1.0
Earnings in 1959	1.0
Income in 1959	

Illustration: Let us assume that, for a city with a population of 250,000, table 101 shows that there are an estimated 1,500 males 6 years old who were enrolled in the first year of elementary school. Table D shows that, for data on school enrollment, the appropriate standard error in table E should be multiplied. by a factor of 0.8. Table E shows that the standard error for an estimate of 1,500 in areas of 250,000 inhabitants is about 60. The factor of 0.8 times 60 is 48, which means that the chances are approximately 2 out of 3 that the results of a complete census will not differ by more than 48 from this estimated 1,500. It also follows that there is only about 1 chance in 100 that a complete census result would differ by as much as 120, that is, by about 21/2 times the number estimated from tables D and E.

TABLE E.—STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATED NUMBER

[For multiplying factors see table D and text; range of 2 chances out of 3]

Estimated		Population of area ²								
number 1	1,000	10,000	25,000	100,000	250,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	15,000,000		
50 100 250 500 1,000	15 20 25 25 0	15 20 30 40 50	15 20 30 40 50	15 20 30 40 50	15 20 30 40 50	15 20 30 40 50	15 20 30 40 50	15 20 30 40 50		
2,500 5,000 10,000 15,000 25,000 50,000		70 80 0	70 100 120 120 0	80 110 150 180 210 250	80 110 150 190 230 310	80 110 150 190 240 340	80 110 160 190 250 350	80 110 160 190 250 350		

1 For estimated numbers larger than 50,000, the relative errors are somewhat smaller

¹ For estimated numbers larger man 0,000, and remains than for 50,000.

² An area is the smallest complete geographic area to which the estimate under consideration pertains. Thus, the area may be the State, city, county, standard metropolitan statistical area, urbanized area, or the urban or rural portion of the State or county. The rural-farm or rural-nonfarm population of the State or county, the nonwhite population, etc., do not represent complete areas.



LIST OF CORRECTIONS

This publication has been prepared primarily by assembling and binding the maps and tabular materials originally issued in the separate PC(1)-A, B, C, and D final reports for the State. This plan was adopted in order to conserve public funds. The corrections listed below represent changes which would ordinarily have been made if this publication had been prepared by reprinting these maps and tabular materials. Those items with an asterisk (*) consist of

errors which affect not only the specific figure(s) mentioned but also affect other data in this publication. Among the other data which might be involved are the statistics for a larger area of which the particular area is part and the statistics by such classifications as urban-rural residence and size of place. The user can, of course, carry through these types of changes if he thinks them worthwhile.

Pages 10, 14, and 15, tables 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12*
Great Falls: Change 1960 population from 55,357 to 55,244.¹ In table 5, change numerical increase from 16,143 to 16,030, and percent increase from 41.2 to 40.9. In table 9, change "In amnewed area" from 11,957 to 11,844. In tables 10 and 12, change "Outside central city" from 2,272 to 2,385. In table 11, change numerical increase for Great Falls city from 16,143 to 16,030, and percent increase from 12, to 40.9; and Great Falls North div. (pt.) from 2,198 to 2,311. Change "Outside central city" from 18,061 to 18,174, numerical increase from 4,248 to 4,361, and percent increase from 30.8 to 31.6.

Page 11, table 6 PMILLIPS County: Change percent increase, total and rural, from 4.9 to 4.8.

Page 12, table 7*
Carbon County: Luther-Bearcreek division shown as Luther-Bear Creek.
Cascade County: Change 1960 population totals of Great Falls city, coextensive with
Great Falls division and Great Falls North division, from 55,357 and 3,791 to 55,244 and 3,904, respectively.

Page 56, table 27
The "1950 population, total" is braced incorrectly; it should be as follows:

Age	Madison	Meagher	Mineral	Missoula
1 year		86	86	1,624
3 years	Š 205	73	93	1,497

79 and 80, table B-2 y names shown as Deer and Silver should read Deer Lodge and Silver Bow.

Tables 35, 37 to 44, 46 to 52, 54 to 58,60,61, 63 to 65, 67, 69, 71, and 91 to 93

Tables 35, 37 to 44, 46 to 52, 54 to 58,60,61,63 to 65,67,69,71, and 91 to 93

In the chapter C tabulations for Montana, 391 persons (almost all males) living in group quarters that housed agricultural workers were classified incorrectly as rural-nonfarm residents. These quarters were located on farms, and hence these persons should have been classified as rural-farm residents. All chapter C tables which present data on farm-nonfarm residence are subject to this error. The overall impact is relatively minor, amounting to a fraction of one percent of the total rural-nonfarm and of the total rural-farm figures, respectively, for males. The impact of the error on the figures for perticular groups or areas may, of course, be substantially greater. When this error was discovered, it was no longer feasible to retabulate the chapter C data. In the chapter D tabulations, however, the error was eliminated; and therefore, for certain subjects, correct State figures can be obtained from the appropriate chapter D tables. For corrections in chapter C table 37, see chapter D table 95; 38, see 96; 44 and 46, see 101; 47, see 103; 48, see 104; 49 and 50, see 106 and 107; 51, see 113; 52 and 54, see 115; 55, see 118; 57, see 121; 65, see 139; 67, see 133; 71, see specific subject tables listed above.

Page 99, table 56*

		The State,	1960		
Class of worker and sex	Numbe	r	Percent		
	From	To	From	To	
NONAGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES					
Male, employed: Private wage and salary workers. Government workers. Self-employed workers.	88,455 19,672 17,849	88,287 19,844 17,845	70.1 15.6 No ch	70.0 15.7 ange	
Female, employed: Private wage and salary workers Government workers	45,152 14,067	45,083 14,136	68.8 21.4	68.7 21.5	

¹ The revised figure excludes a number of persons living <u>outside</u> the particular area who, in the original tabulations, were erroneously counted as living <u>inside</u> the area.

Page 100, table 57

0	The State		Urban		Rural nonfarm		Rural farm	
Occupation group and sex	From	То	From	To	From	То	From	To
Male: Construction craftsmen Other craftsmen PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	8,844 6,712	8,796 6,760	4,903 4,388	4,871 4,420	3,510 2,082	3,498 2,094	431 242	427 246
Male: Construction craftsmen Other craftsmen	No er No er		6.1 5.4	6.0 5.5	No ch No ch		No ch 0.7	nange 0.8

Page 101, table 58
The error in table 57 described above also affected the data in table 58, but the amount of the correction for white and nomwhite could not be determined.

Page 102, table 59
For "Construction craftsmen," under "Number, 1960," change 8,844 to 8,796; and under "Percent increase, 1950 to 1960," change -3.5 to -4.0. For "Other craftsmen," change 6,712 to 6,760, and 9.0 to 9.8, respectively.

Pages 108, 109, 126, and 151-155, tables 65, 76, and 86
The stub line "Husband-wife families, one earner, two children under 18 years" should read "Husband-wife families, head an earner, two children under 18."

Page 173, table C-2
The nonresponse rates for "Birth date, decade unknown" erroneously exclude nonresponses for group quarters members other than inmates.

Page 184, table 99
Add footnote symbol 3 to the line for "Other West Indies."

Page 212, table 114--See page XLVIII.

Pages 229 and 235, tables 120 and 121 Under "Laborers (n.e.c.)" the 15 lines from "Machinery, exc. electrical" through "Mis-cellaneous manufacturing industries" are indented two spaces too many.

Pages 236-244, tables 122 to 124 On each page showing Male, Operatives and kindred workers, the line reading "Furnacemen, smeltermen, and heaters" should be changed to "Furnacemen, smeltermen, and pourers."

Pages 236-250, tables 122 to 125 On each page showing Male, Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers, the line reading "Cranemen, hoistmen, and const. mach. operators" should be changed to "Cranemen, der-rickmen, and hoistmen."

Page 273, table D-1 The following explanatory footnote should be keyed to the line for "Not reported" in the section on "Relationship":

Limited to persons who were allocated to the categories "Wife of head," "Other relative of head," or "Nonrelative of head."

<u>Page 273, table D-1</u>
The category "Not reported in decade or year" under "Age" erroneously excludes non-responses on decade of birth for group quarters members other than inmates.

(Continued on next page)

List of Corrections

Table 114.--REVISED FIGURES FOR LAST THREE COLUMNS

		IMDIC II	,,	AEG FOR EAST TITLE COZOTO			
	Childre	en under 5 years	old		Childre	n under 5 years	old
Area and age of woman	Number	Per 1,000 total women	Per 1,000 women ever married	Area and age of woman	Number	Per 1,000 total women	Per 1,000 women ever married
THE STATE Total, 15 to 49 years. 15 to 19 years. 15 to 17 years. 18 and 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 20 and 21 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. URBAN Total, 15 to 49 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 30 to 34 years. 31 to 39 years. 32 to 39 years. 35 to 39 years. 30 to 49 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 49 years.	2,483 21,635 51,934 15,701 24,764 17,115 9,911 4,601 1,087 40,709 1,578 10,590 12,461 8,604 4,810 2,236	558 116 28 280 1,080 746 1,301 1,268 842 465 217 57 527 117 937 1,242 813 436 203	694 655 417 731 1,355 1,088 1,494 478 223 59 669 669 655 1,270 1,336 851 452 211	RURAL NONFARM Total, 15 to 49 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 49 years. RURAL FARM Total, 15 to 49 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 29 years. 30 to 34 years. 35 to 39 years. 40 to 44 years. 45 to 49 years. 46 to 49 years. 47 to 49 years. 48 to 49 years.	29,624 1,076 8,429 8,933 5,882 3,322 1,584 398 11,719 285 2,616 3,370 2,629 1,779 781 259	612 131 1,272 1,304 875 486 228 65 547 77 1,250 1,272 868 513 238 80	744 674 1,449 1,372 906 496 234 67 666 586 1,447 1,319 885 527 241 82

Number of Inhabitants

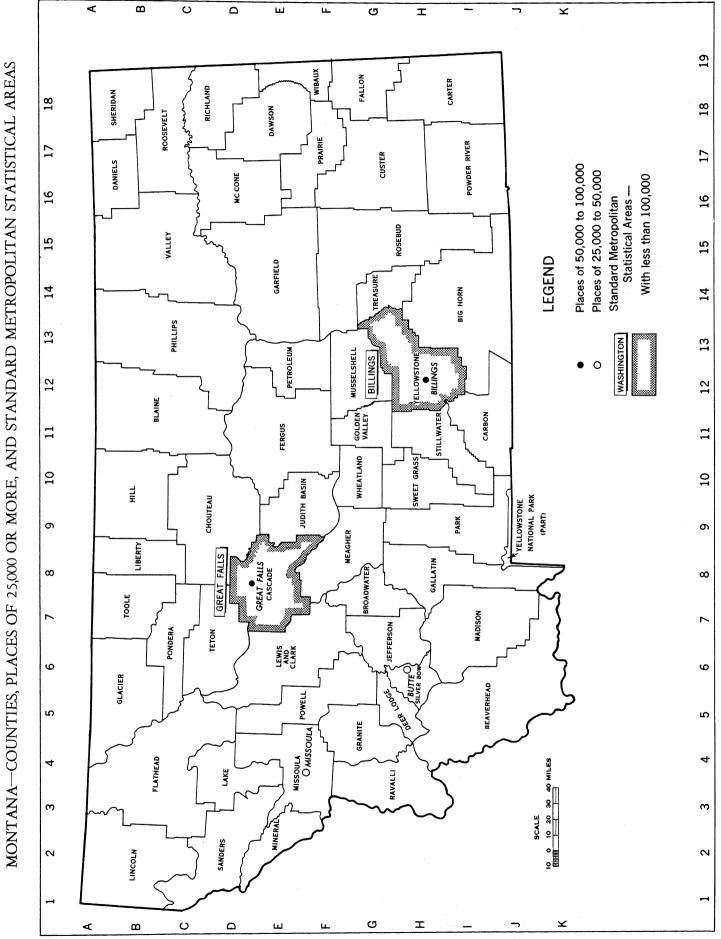
NUMBER OF INHABITANTS

Montana

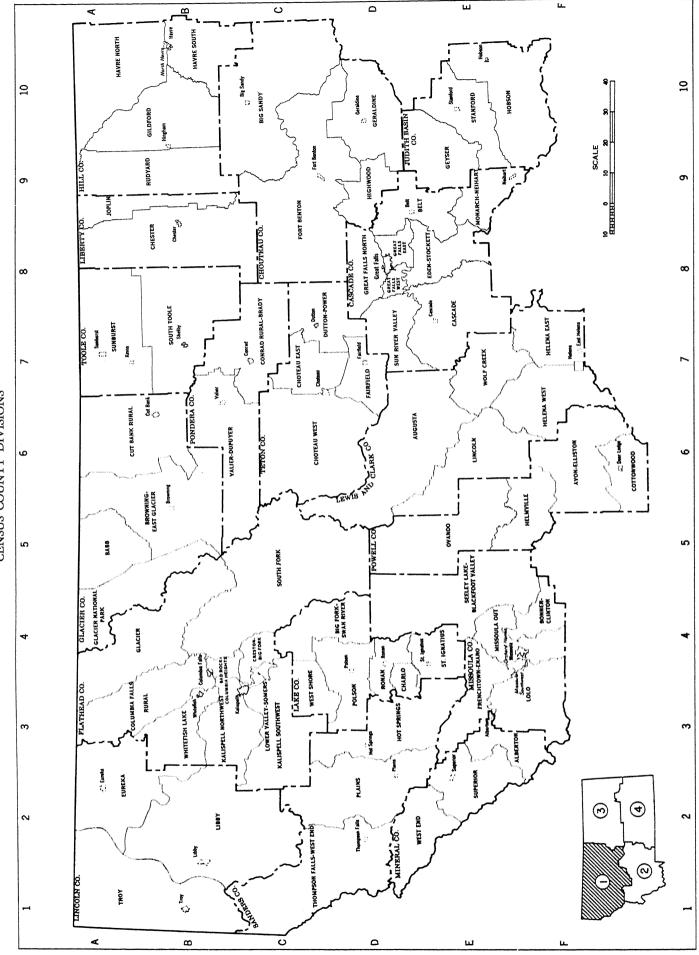
LIST OF TABLES

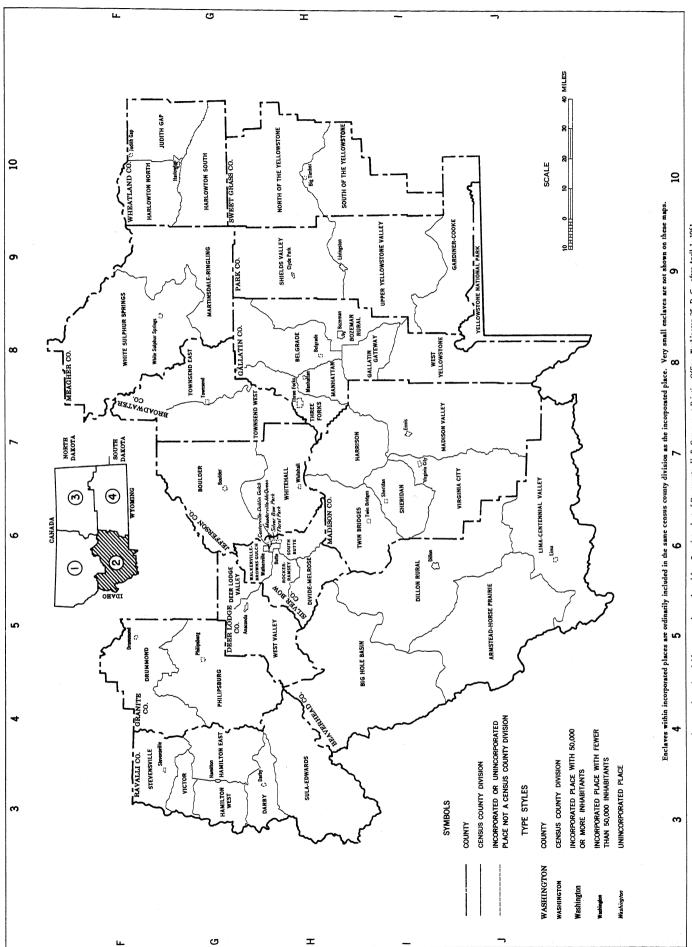
 $[\hbox{Page numbers listed here omit the State prefix number which appears as part of the page number for each page.} \label{eq:page_number}$ The prefix for this State is 28]

Table	Page
1.—Population of the State, urban and rural: 1870 to 1960.	8
2.—Population in groups of places according to size: 1960 and 1950.	8 9 10
3.—Population in groups of places according to size: 1900 to 1960.	9
4.—Population in incorporated and unincorporated places according to size: 1960	10
5.—Population of incorporated places of 10,000 or more from earliest census to 1960	10
6.—Area and population of counties, urban and rural: 1960 and 1950	11
7.—Population of counties, by census county divisions: 1960.	12
8.—Population of all incorporated places and of unincorporated places of 1,000 or more: 1940 to 1960.—9.—1960 population of areas annexed between 1950 and 1960 by incorporated places having 2,500 inhabitants	14
or more in 1950	14
10.—Population of urbanized areas: 1960 and 1950	15
11.—Population of standard metropolitan statistical areas: 1960 and 1950	15
12.—Population of the State and of standard metropolitan statistical areas, by type of residence: 1960	15
LIST OF MAPS	
The State, showing counties, places of 25,000 or more, and standard metropolitan statistical areas	3
Urbanized areas (separate map for each area)	16
98_1	



MONTANA—SECTIONS 1 AND 2 CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS

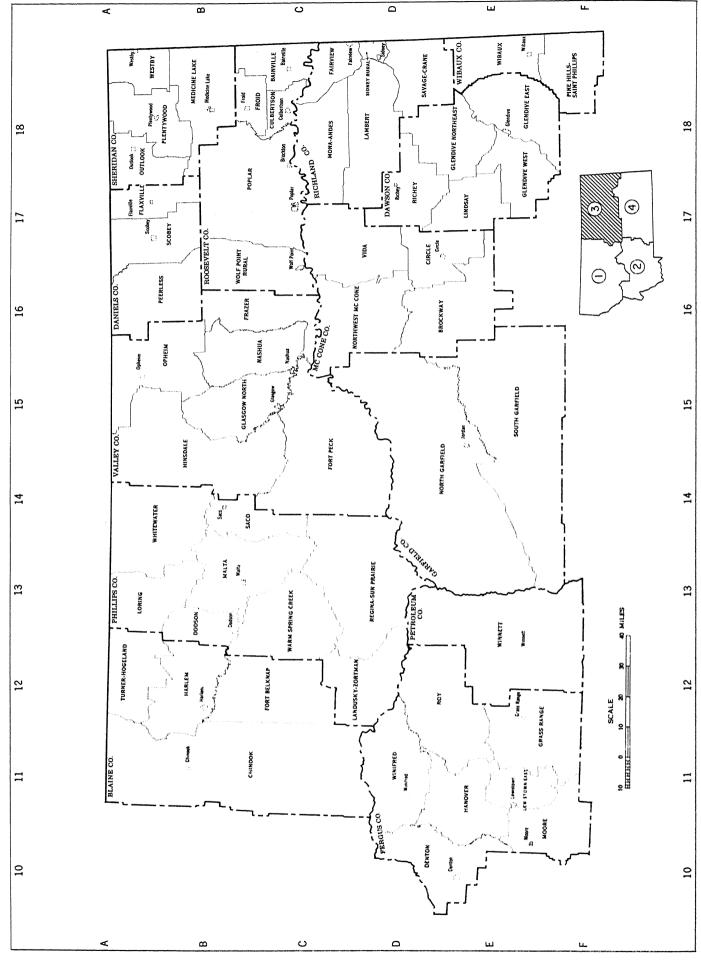


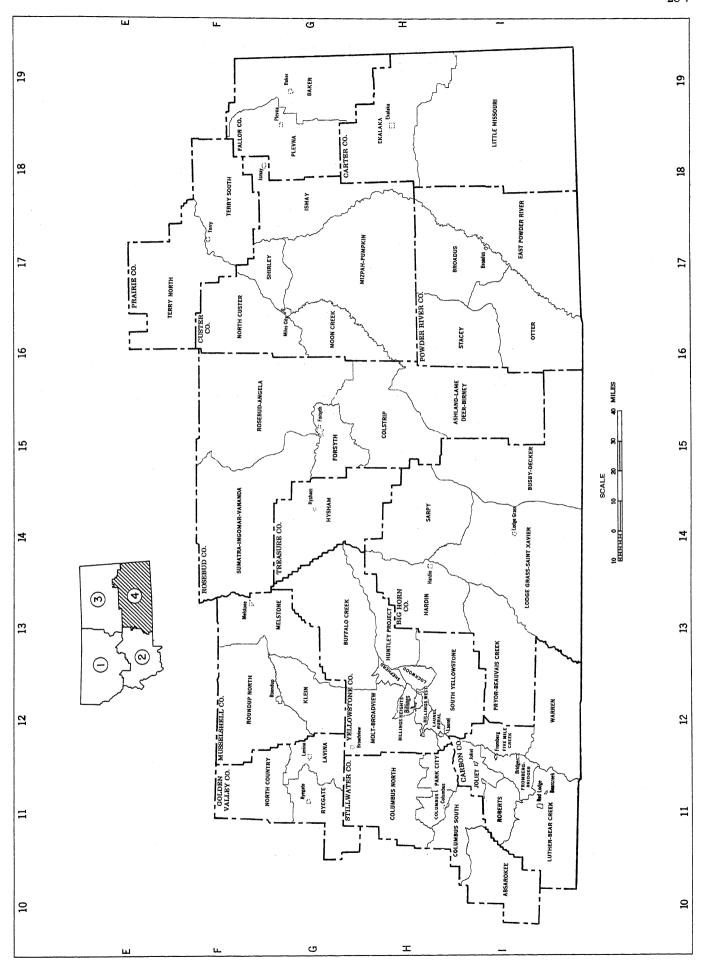


Large-scale copies of this map may be purchased from Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C., after April 1, 1961.

MONTANA—SECTIONS 3 AND 4







28-8 Montana

Table 1.—POPULATION OF THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1870 TO 1960

 $[For \ description \ of \ current \ and \ previous \ urban \ definitions, see \ text. \quad Minus \ sign \ (\textbf{-}) \ denotes \ decrease}]$

		The State			Urban te	erritøry		Ru	ıral territory		Percent	of total
Census date	Population	Increase ov ceding ce		Number of urban	Population	Increase o		Population	Increase o		Urban	Rural
		Number	Percent	places		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		
Current urban definition: 1960 (Apr. 1) 1950 (Apr. 1) Previous urban definition: 1960 (Apr. 1) 1950 (Apr. 1) 1940 (Apr. 1) 1930 (Apr. 1) 1930 (Apr. 1) 1920 (Jan. 1) 1910 (Apr. 155) 1900 (June 1) 1880 (June 1) 1880 (June 1) 1870 (June 1)	559,456 537,606 548,889	83,743 31,568 83,743 31,568 21,850 -11,283 172,836 132,724 100,405 103,765	14.2 5.6 14.2 5.6 4.1 -2.1 46.0 54.5 70.3 265.0 90.1	30 26 25 23 18 17 14 10 6 2	1338, 457 258, 034 312, 232 252, 906 211, 535 181, 036 172, 011 133, 420 84, 554 38, 787 6, 987 3, 106	59,326 41,371 30,499 9,025 38,591 48,866 45,767 31,800 3,881	23.5 19.6 16.8 5.2 28.9 57.8 118.0 455.1	336, 310 332, 990 362, 535 338, 118 347, 921 356, 570 376, 878 242, 633 158, 775 104, 137 32, 172 17, 489	3,320 	1.0 7.2 -2.8 -2.4 -5.4 -5.3 52.8 52.5 223.7 84.0	50.2 43.7 46.3 42.8 37.8 33.7 31.3 35.5 34.7 27.1 17.8	49.8 56.3 53.7 57.2 62.2 66.3 68.3 72.9 82.2 84.9

¹ There were 10,133 persons in urban territory outside of urban places.

Table 2.—POPULATION IN GROUPS OF PLACES ACCORDING TO SIZE: 1960 AND 1950

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

[reference not shown where less than 0.1]													
		19	BO			195	0						
Type of area and size of place	Number of places	Population	Percent of total population	Percent of total	Number of places	Population	Percent of total population	Percent of total					
The State.		674,767	100.0			591,024	100.0						
URBAN	1												
Total	(¹)	338,457	50.2	100.0	26	258,034	43,7	100.0					
Within urbanized areas		118,341	17.5	35.0			•••						
Central cities, total Cities of 1,000,000 or more	2	108,208	16.0	32.0				•••					
Cities of 500 000 to 1 000 000	:::	:::	:::	•••		•••	•••	•••					
Cities of 250,000 to 500,000 Cities of 100,000 to 250,000	•••		•••	***	:::	:::	•••	***					
Cities of 50,000 to 100 000	2	108,208	16.0	32.0		•••		•••					
Cities under 50,000			10.0	32.0		***	***	•••					
Urban fringes total		10,133	1.5	3.0	•••	***	•••	***					
Places of 2.500 or more		10,255	***	3.0	:::	:::	***	***					
Places of 100,000 or more Places of 50,000 to 100,000	•••	•••		***		:::	***	***					
	•••	::: 1	:::	***	••••	***	•••	***					
				***	:::	:::	:::	***					
Places of 2,500 to 10,000 Places of 2,500 to 5,000	•••			***			::: 1	•••					
Flaces under 2 500	***	•••	***	•••	•••	•••		•••					
Places of 2.000 to 2.500	:::	:::	:::	•••	:::	•••	***	***					
Places of 1,000 to 2,000			::: 1	***	:::	***	***	***					
	•••		***		•••	•••		***					
Other urban territory	:::	10,133	1.5	3:6	:::	***	•••	***					
Outside urbanized areas	28	220,116	32.6	65.0	26	258,034		***					
Places of 25,000 or more	2	54,967	8.1	16.2	3	104,299	43.7	100,0 40,4					
Places of 10,000 to 25,000 Places of 5,000 to 10,000	5	66,533	9,9	19.7	4	62,645	10.6	24.3					
Places of 2,500 to 5,000	16	38,758 59,858	5.7 8.9	11.5	7	51,704	8.7	20.0					
		27,030	0.9	*/-/	إعد	39,386	6.7	15.3					
RURAI.	1	ľ											
Total		336,310	49.8	100.0		332,990	56.3	100.0					
Places of 1,000 to 2,500	37	60,120	8.9	17.9	37	59,217	10.0						
Places of 2,000 to 2,500 Places of 1,500 to 2,000	11	24,312	3.6	7.2	7	15,566	2.6	17.8 4.7					
1 Taces of 1,000 to 1,500	8	13,585	2.0	4.0	15	25,870	2.2	7.8					
Other rural territory		276, 190	3.3 40.9	6.6 82.1	15	17,781 273,773	3.0	5.3					
						213,713	46,3	82,2					
URBANIZED AREAS							l						
1	1		l	1	1								
Total	2	118,341	17.5	100.0									
Areas of 1,000,000 or more Areas of 500,000 to 1,000,000	•••							***					
Areas of 250,000 to 500,000	•••	•••				:::	:::	•••					
Areas of 100 000 to 250 000	:::	:::	•••	•••	•••	•••		***					
Areas under 100,000	2	118,341	17.5	100.0	:::	:::	:::	•••					

¹ There were 30 places of 2,500 or more.

Number of Inhabitants

Table 3.—POPULATION IN GROUPS OF PLACES ACCORDING TO SIZE: 1900 TO 1960

	196	30	195	60	T				
Subject and size of place	Current urban definition	Previous urban definition	Current urban definition	Previous urban definition	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900
NUMBER OF PLACES									
, No. 1021 GA 1211020									
Urban territory	30	26	26	25	23	18	17	14	10
Places of 2,500 or more Places of 1,000,000 or more	30	26	26	25	23	18	17	14	10
Places of 500,000 to 1,000,000 Places of 250,000 to 500,000	•••	•••	•••	•••			:::	:::	•••
Places of 100,000 to 250,000 Places of 50,000 to 100,000			•••	•••		•••	:::	• • • •	•••
Places of 25,000 to 50,000 Places of 10,000 to 25,000	2 5	2 5	3	3	2 4	2 4	1 5	1 5	1 2
Places of 5,000 to 10,000	5	5	7	6	6	6	6	3 5	ī 6
Places of 2,500 to 5,000 Places under 2,500 Places under 2,500	16	12	12	12	11	6			•••
Rural territory	101	98	104	95	92	98	90	43	16
Places of 1,000 to 2,500	. 37	34	37	28	25	24	24	12	8 8
Places under 1,000	64	64	67	67	67	74	66	31	8
Cumulative summary: Places of 1,000,000 or more						•••			
Places of 500,000 or more Places of 250,000 or more		:::	•••	•••	•••	•••	:::	:::	•••
Places of 100,000 or more Places of 50,000 or more			:::	•••	•••	•••	•	:::	•••
Places of 25,000 or more	4 9	4	3 7	3 7	2 6	2 6	1 6	1 6	1 3
Places of 5,000 or more	14 30	14	14 26	13 25	12 23	12 18	12 17	9	10
Places of 2,500 or more	30	26	20	2	2.5				
POPULATION				:					
Urban territory	338,457	312,232	258,034	252,906	211,535	181,036	172,011	133,420	84,554 84,554
Places of 2,500 or morePlaces of 1,000,000 or more	328,324	312,232	258,034	252,906	211,535	181,036	172,011	133,420	•••
Places of 500,000 to 1,000,000		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	:::	•••
Places of 100,000 to 250,000	108,208	108,208	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Places of 25,000 to 50,000	54,967 66,533	54,967 66,533	104,299 62,645	104,299 62,645	67,009 67,770	68,354 55,334	41,611 75,594	39,165 59,497	30,470 25,700
Places of 5,000 to 10,000	38,758	38,758	51,704	46,576	43,166 33,590	38,245 19,103	37,127 17,679	16,015 18,743	9,453 18,931
Places of 2,500 to 5,000	59,858	43,766	39,386	39,386	•••	••••	•••	•••	•••
Other urban territory	10,133		•••	•••	•••				158,775
Rural territory	336,310	362,535 55,588	332,990 59,217	338,118 44,079	347,921 39,394	356,570 36,270	376,878 36,462	242,633 18,835	11,354
Places of 1,000 to 2,500 Places under 1,000 Other rural territory	60,120 30,845 245,345	30,845 276,102	34,289 239,484	34,289 259,750	34,273 274,254	34,109 286,191	33,237 307,179	16,351 207,447	4,351 143,070
Cumulative summary:	,								
Places of 1,000,000 or morePlaces of 500,000 or more			•••					•••	•••
Places of 250,000 or morePlaces of 100,000 or more			•••	:::		:::	:::	•••	•••
Places of 50,000 or more	108,208 163,175	108,208	104,299	104.299	67,009	68,354	41,611	39,165	30,470
Places of 25,000 or more	229,708	229,708 268,466	166,944 218,648	166,944 213,520	134,779 177,945	123,688 161,933	117,205 154,332	98,662 114,677	56,170 65,623
Places of 5,000 or morePlaces of 2,500 or more	268,466 328,324	312,132	258,034	252,906	211,535	181,036	172,011	133,420	84,554
PERCENT OF TOTAL POPULATION									-
Urban territory	50.2	46.3	43.7	42.8	37.8	33.7	31.3	35.5	34.7
Places of 2,500 or more	48.7	46.3	43.7	42.8	37.8	33.7	31.3	35.5	34.7
Places of 1,000,000 or more		:::	•••			•••	:::	•••	•••
Places of 250,000 to 500,000			•••					•••	
Places of 50,000 to 100,000	8.1	16.0 8.1	17.6	17.6	12.0 12.1	12.7 10.3	7.6 13.8	10.4 15.8	12.5 10.6
Places of 10,000 to 25,000	5.7	9.9 5.7	10.6	10.6	7.7	7.1	6.8	4.3 5.0	3.9 7.8
Places of 2,500 to 5,000	8.9	6.5	6.7	6.7	6.0	3.6	•••	•••	•••
Other urban territory	1.5		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Rural territory		53.7	56.3	57.2	62.2 7.0	66.3	68.7	5.0	65.3
Places of 1,000 to 2,500	4,6	8.2 4.6 40.9	10.0 5.8 40.5	7.5 5.8 43.9	6.1 49.0	6.3 53.2	6.1 56.0	4.3 55.2	1.8 58.8
Other rural territory	36.4	40.9	1						
Places of 1,000,000 or more	:::		•••	:::	:::	:::	:::		
Places of 250,000 or more Places of 100,000 or more	-			•••	•••	:::			
Places of 50,000 or more	. 16.0	16.0	17.6		12.0	12.7	7.6	10.4	12.5
Places of 10,000 or more	. 34.0	34.0	28.2 37.0	28.2	24.1 31.8	23.0 30.1	21.4	26.2 30.5	23.1 27.0
Places of 5,000 or more Places of 2,500 or more	48.7	46.3	43.7		37.8		31.3	35.5	34.7

 $Table\ 4.-POPULATION\ IN\ INCORPORATED\ AND\ UNINCORPORATED\ PLACES\ ACCORDING\ TO\ SIZE:\ 1960$

Size of place and urban-rural	A	dl places	Inc	orporated places		corporated places	Size of place and urban-rural	All places		Inc	corporated places	Unincorporated places	
classification	Num- ber	Population	Num- ber	Population	Num- ber	Population	classification	Num- ber	Population	Num- ber	Population	Num- ber	Population
Total		419,289	124	398,665	7	20,624	In urbanized areas—Con. 5.000 to 10.000						
500,000 or more		108,208		108,208		:::	2,500 to 5,000 2,000 to 2,500 1,500 to 2,000			:::	•••		:::
25,000 to 50,000 20,000 to 25,000 10,000 to 20,000	2	54,967 20,227 46,306	2 1 4	54,967 20,227 46,306			1,000 to 1,500 500 to 1,000 200 to 500		•••	:::	•••	:::	:::
5,000 to 10,000	16	38,758 59,858 24,312	5 12 10	38,758 43,766 22,293		16,092 2,019	Under 200	28	220,116	24	204,024		16,092
2,000 to 2,500 1,500 to 2,000 1,000 to 1,500 500 to 1,000		13,585 22,223 19,577	8 16 27	13,585 19,710 19,577		2,513	Other urban territory	2 1	54,967 20,227	2	54,967 20,227	:::	:::
200 to 500	31 6	10,459	31 6	10,459		:::	10,000 to 20,000 5,000 to 10,000 2,500 to 5,000	5 16	46,306 38,758 59,858	4 5 12	46,306 38,758 43,766	:::	16,092
In urbanized areas	2	108,208	2	108,208			Rural territory	101	90,965	98	86,433	3	4,532
500,000 or more 250,000 to 500,000 100,000 to 250,000 50,000 to 100,000		108,208		108,208		:::	2,000 to 2,500 1,500 to 2,000 1,000 to 1,500	11 8 10	24,312 13,585 22,223	10 8 16	22,293 13,585 19,710	12	2,019
25,000 to 50,000 20,000 to 25,000 10,000 to 20,000		····	:::		 	:::	500 to 1,000 200 to 500 Under 200	27 31 6	19,577 10,459 809	27 31 6	19,577 10,459 809		

Table 5.—POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE FROM EARLIEST CENSUS TO 1960 [Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

Incorporated place	Population	Increase ceding	over pre- census	Incorporated place and census year	Population	Increase ceding		Incorporated place	Population	Increase of ceding of	
and census year		Number	Percent	and census year		Number	Percent	and census year	•	Number	Percent
ANACONDA: 1960	12,054 11,254 11,004 12,494 11,668 10,134 9,453 3,975	800 250 -1,490 826 1,534 681 5,478	7.1 2.3 -11.9 7.1 15.1 7.2 137.8	BUTTE: 1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920. 1910. 1900. 1890. 1880.	27,877 33,251 37,081 39,532 41,611 39,165 30,470 10,723 3,363	-5,374 -3,830 -2,451 -2,079 2,446 8,695 19,747 7,360	-16.2 -10.3 -6.2 -5.0 6.2 28.5 184.2 218.9	HELENA: 1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920. 1910. 1900. 1880. 1880. 1870.	20,227 17,581 15,056 11,803 12,037 12,515 10,770 13,834 3,624 3,106	2,646 2,325 3,253 -234 -478 1,745 -3,064 10,210 518	15.1 16.8 27.6 -1.9 -3.8 16.2 -22.1 281.7 16.7
BILLINGS: 1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920. 1910. 1900. 1890.	52,851 31,834 23,261 16,380 15,100 10,031 3,221 836	21,017 8,573 6,881 1,280 5,069 6,810 2,385	66.0 36.9 42.0 8.5 50.5 211:4 285.3	GREAT FALLS: 1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920. 1910. 1900. 1890.	55,357 39,214 29,928 28,822 24,121 13,948 14,930 3,979	16,143 9,286 1,106 4,701 10,173 -982 10,951	41.2 31.0 3.8 19.5 72.9 -6.6 275.2	KALISPELL: 1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920. 1910.	10,151 9,737 8,245 6,094 5,147 5,549 2,526	414 1,492 2,151 947 -402 3,023	4.3 18.1 35.3 18.4 -7.2 119.7
1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920. 1910. 1900. 1880.	13,361 11,325 8,665 6,855 6,183 5,107 3,419 2,143 894	2,036 2,660 1,810 672 1,076 1,688 1,276 1,249	18.0 30.7 26.4 10.9 21.1 49.4 59.5 139.7	HAVRE: 1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920. 1910. 1900.	10,740 8,086 6,427 6,372 5,429 3,624 1,033	2,654 1,659 55 943 1,805 2,591	32.8 25.8 0.9 17.4 49.8 250.8	MISSOULA: 1960. 1950. 1940. 1930. 1920. 1910. 1900. 1890.	27,090 22,485 18,449 14,657 12,668 12,869 4,366 3,426	4,605 4,036 3,792 1,989 -201 8,503 940	20.5 21.9 25.9 15.7 -1.6 194.8 27.4

Number of Inhabitants

Table 6.—AREA AND POPULATION OF COUNTIES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960 AND 1950

[Minus sign (-) denotes decrease. Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

		- We will				196	0 population	1				195	0 populatio	n	Percent increase, 1950 to 1960		
		Land area	Tota	ı		U:	rban			Rural							
County	Map refer- ence	in square miles, 1960	Number	Per square mile	Total	Percent of total population	Urban- ized areas	Other urban terri- tory	Total	Places of 1,000 to 2,500	Other rural terri- tory	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
The State	•••	145,736	674,767	4.6	338,457	50.2	118,341	220,116	336,310	60,120	276,190	591,024	258,034	332,990	14.2	31.2	1.0
BeaverheadBig HornBlaineBroadwaterCarbon.	H-4 H-13 A-11 F-7 I-11	5,556 5,033 4,267 1,198 2,070	7,194 10,007 8,091 2,804 8,317	1.3 2.0 1.9 2.3 4.0	3,690 2,789 	51.3 27.9		3,690 2,789 	3,504 7,218 8,091 2,804 8,317	3,593 1,528 2,278	3,504 7,218 4,498 1,276 6,039	6,671 9,824 8,516 2,922 10,241	3,268 2,730	3,403 9,824 8,516 2,922 7,511	7.8 1.9 -5.0 -4.0 -18.8	12.9	3.0 -26.5 -5.0 -4.0 10.7
Carter	C-18 D-8 C-8 F-16 A-16	3,313 2,659 3,920 3,765 1,443	2,493 73,418 7,348 13,227 3,755	0.8 27.6 1.9 3.5 2.6	57,629 9,665	78.5 73.1	57,629 	9,665	2,493 15,789 7,348 3,562 3,755	1,887 1,726	2,493 15,789 5,461 3,562 2,029	2,798 53,027 6,974 12,661 3,946	39,214 9,243	2,798 13,813 6,974 3,418 3,946	-10.9 38.5 5.4 4.5 -4.8	47.0 4.6	-10.9 14.3 5.4 4.2 -4.8
Dawson Deer Lodge	D-17 G-5 F-18 D-10 A-3	2,358 738 1,633 4,244 5,140	12,314 18,640 3,997 14,018 32,965	5.2 25.3 2.4 3.3 6.4	7,058 12,054 7,408 13,116	57.3 64.7 52.8 39.8	 	7,058 12,054 7,408 13,116	5,256 6,586 3,997 6,610 19,849	2,365 2,132	5,256 6,586 1,632 6,610 17,717	9,092 16,553 3,660 14,015 31,495	5,254 11,254 6,573 13,005	3,838 5,299 3,660 7,442 18,490	35.4 12.6 9.2 4.7	34.3 7.1 12.7 0.9	37.0 24.3 9.2 -11.2 7.3
Gallatin. Garfield. Glacier. Golden Valley. Granite.	G-8 D-14 A-4 F-11 F-4	2,517 4,595 2,974 1,178 1,733	1,981	10.3 0.4 3.9 1.0 1.7	13,361 4,539	51.3 39.2	•••	13,361 4,539	12,684 1,981 7,026 1,203 3,014	2,218 2,011 1,107	10,466 1,981 5,015 1,203 1,907	21,902 2,172 9,645 1,337 2,773	11,325 3,721 	10,577 2,172 5,924 1,337 2,773	19.9	18.0	-8.8
Hill. Jefferson. Judith Basin. Lake. Lewis and Clark.	A-9 G-6 D-9 C-3 D-5	2,926 1,651 1,880 1,500 3,466	18,653 4,297 3,085 13,104 28,006	6.4 2.6 1.6 8.7 8.1	10,740	57.6 72.2		10,740	7,913 4,297 3,085 13,104 7,779	1,168 1,394 3,648 1,490	6,745 2,903 3,085 9,456 6,289	14,285 4,014 3,200 13,835 24,540	8,086 17,581	6,199 4,014 3,200 13,835 6,959	-5.3	1 :::	7.1 -3.6 -5.3
Liberty. Lincoln. McCone. Madison. Meagher	A-8 A-1 C-15 H-6 F-8	3,715 2,594 3,530	12,537 3,321 5,211	1.8 3.4 1.3 1.5 1.1	2,828	22.6		2,828	2,624 9,709 3,321 5,211 2,616	1,158 1,229 1,117	1,466 8,480 2,204 5,211 1,097	2,180 8,693 3,258 5,998 2,079		2,180 8,693 3,258 5,998 2,079	44.2 1.9 -13.1		20.4 11.7 1.9 -13.1 25.8
Mineral Missoula Misselshell Park Petroleum	F-12 G-9	2,627	44,663 4,888 13,168	2.5 17.1 2.6 5.0 0.5	30,907 2,842 8,229	69.2 58.1 62.5		30,907 2,842 8,229	3,037 13,756 2,046 4,939 894		1,795 11,737 2,046 4,939 894	2,081 35,493 5,408 11,999 1,026	22,485 2,856 7,683	2,552	25.8 -9.6 9.7	37.4 -0.5 7.3	-19.8 L 14.4
Phillips. Pondera Powder River Powell Prairie	H-16 D-5	1,643 3,285 2,337	7,653 2,485 7,002	1.2 4.7 0.8 3.0 1.3	2,665 4,681	l		2,665 4,681	2.485		3,788 4,988 2,485 2,321 1,178	6,334 6,392 2,693 6,301 2,377	3,779	6,334 6,392 2,693 2,522 2,377	19.7 3 -7.7 2 11.1	23.9	-4.9 -22.0 -7.7 -8.0 -2.5
Ravalli	F-3 C-18 B-16 F-13	2,065 2,385 5,032	12,341 10,504 11,731 6,187	5.2 5.1 4.9 1.2		43.5 30.6		4,564 3,585	12,341 5,940 8,146 6,187 6,880	1,565	4,934 6,581	13,101 10,366 9,580 6,570 6,983	3,987 2,557	6,379	1.3 22.5 -5.8	14.5	2 16.0 -5.8
SheridanSilver Bow. StillwaterSweet Grass	A-17 H-5 G-11 G-10	1,700 716 1,797	6,458 46,454 5,526 3,290	1.8	40,152	86.4		40,152	6,458 6,302 5,526 3,290 7,295	2,798 1,281 1,660	1,630	6,674 48,422 5,416 3,621 7,232	38,379	6,674 10,043 5,416 3,623 7,233	3 -4.1 5 2.0 1 -9.1	4.6	. 2.0 -9.1
Toole. Treasure Valley. Wheatland Wibaux. Yellowstone	A-7 G-14 A-14 F-10	1,950 984 4,961 1,422	7,904 1,345 17,080 2,3,026 1,698	4.1 1.4 3.4 2.1 1.9	6,398	37.5		4,017 6,398 4,601	1,345 10,682 3,026 1,698	1,734	3,887 1,345 10,682 1,292 1,698 13,703	3,187 1,907	3,82	1,40 7,53 3,18 1,90 7 20,37	2 -4.3 2 50.4 7 -5.3 7 -11.0 8 41.4	67.	-4.1 4 41.8 -5.1 -11.0
Yellowstone National Park (pt.)	l	269	9 47	0.2	<u></u>				47	<u>' </u>	47	58	<u></u>	. 5	8	<u>·I ··</u>	· ···

¹ Yellowstone National Park geographically located within limits of Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming. Total population: 467 in 1960 and 411 in 1950.

Table 7.--POPULATION OF COUNTIES, BY CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Total population of a place located in 2 or more census county divisions appears in table 8]

County and census county division	Population	County and census county division	Population	County and census county division	Population	County and census county division	Population
BEAVERHEAD COUNTY	7,194	DAWSON COUNTY	12,314	HILL COUNTY	18,653	MISSOULA COUNTY	44,663
	564	Glendive div	7,058	Gildford div	1,483	Bonner-Clinton div	1,869
Armstead-Horse Prairie div Big Hole Basin div	766	Glendive city9	7,058	Hingham town	254 10,740	Frenchtown-Enaro div	1, 131 752
Dillon div	3,690	Glendive East div	494	Havre div	10,740	Missoula div	27,090
Dillon city1	3,690	Glendive Northeast div	800 2,667	Havre North div	2,341	Missoula City ²⁴ Missoula Out div	27,090
Dillon Rural div Lima Centennial Valley div	1,473	Glendive West div Lindsay div	427	North Havre (U)	1,168	Missoula Out div	12,669
Lima town	397	Richey div	868	Havre South div	2,502 1,587	Missoula Southwest (U) Orchard Homes (U)	3,817 2,019
	i	Richey town	480	Rudyard div	1,507	Seeley Lake-Blackfoot	,,,,,
BIG HORN COUNTY	10,007		30.640			Valley div	1, 152
Busby-Decker div	1,012	DEER LODGE COUNTY	18,640	JEFFERSON COUNTY	4,297		1
Hardin div	3,984	Anaconda div	12,054	Boulder div	2,603	MUSSELSHELL COUNTY	4,888
Hardin city2	2,789	Deer Lodge Valley div	12,054 4,163	Boulder town	1,394 1,694	Klein div	603
Lodge Grass-Saint Xavier div Lodge Grass town	4,370 687	West Valley div	2,423	Whitehall div	898	Melstone div	713 266
Pryor-Beauvais Creek div	395	•		HALL VOLUME CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PART		Roundup div	2,842
Sarpy div	246	FALLON COUNTY	3,997	TOTAL DAGEN CONTENT	3,085	Roundup div	2,842
		Baker div	3,273	JUDITH BASIN COUNTY		Roundup North div	730
BLAINE COUNTY	8,091	Baker div	2,365	Geyser div	660 1,064		
Chinook div	4,198	Plevna div	724 263	Hobson div	207	PARK COUNTY	13, 168
Chinook town	2,326 1,452	Plevna town	203	Stanford div	1,361	Gardiner-Cooke div	929
	1,764	FERGUS COUNTY	14,018	Stanford town	615	Livingston div	8,229 8,229
Harlem div	1,267					Shields Valley div	1,699
Turner-Hogeland div	677	Denton div Denton town	1,164 410	LAKE COUNTY	13,104	Clyde Park town	253
		Grass Range div	870	Big Fork-Swan River div	675	Upper Yellowstone Valley div	2,311
BROADWATER COUNTY	2,804	Grass Range town	222	Charlo div	1,187		
Townsend East div	2,223	Hanover div	945 7,408	Polson div	4,749	PETROLEUM COUNTY	894
Townsend town	1,528 581	Lewistown div Lewistown city ¹²	7,408	Polson city**	2,314	Winnett div	894
TOWNSCHIM MESS WILLIAM	202	Lewistown East div	1,283	Ronan div	3,251 1,334	Winnett town	360
CARBON COUNTY	8,317	Moore div	1,425 216	St. Ignatius div	2,663	THE PARTY OF THE P	
Five Mile Creek div	442	Moore town	396	St. Ignatius town	940 579	PHILLIPS COUNTY	A CONTRACTOR OF STANCOURS
Fromberg-Bridger div	1,850	Winifred div	527	West Shore div	3/4	Dodson div	511
Bridger town4	824	Winifred town	220			Dodson town Landusky-Zortman div	
Fromberg town	367			LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY	28,006	Loring div	212
Joliet div	1,395	FLATHEAD COUNTY	32,965	Augusta div	992	Malta div	
Luther-Bear Creek div	1,028	Bad Rock-Columbia Heights div	1,243	Helena div	20,227	Malta city	
Bearcreek town	61 [Columbia Falls div	2,132	Helena City	20,227 3,168	Saco div	
Red Lodge div	2,278 2,278	Columbia Falls Rural div	2,132 1,568	Helena East div East Helena town 19	1,490	Saco town	490
Roberts div	950	Creston-Big Fork div	1,771	Helena West div	2,587	Warm Spring Creek div	
Warren div	374	Glacier div	160	Lincoln div	593	Whitewater div	499
		Kalispell div	10,151 10,151	Wolf Creek div	439	STATE SPENSES OF TRANSPORTATION	
CARTER COUNTY	2,493	Kalispell Northwest div	4,411			PONDERA COUNTY	EUGLOSS SESSONS
Ekalaka div	1,348	Kalispell Southwest div	2,407	LIBERTY COUNTY	2,624	Conrad div	2,665
Ekalaka town	738	Lower Valley-Somers div	2,256	Chester div Chester town ²⁰ Joplin div	2,041	Conrad Rural-Brady div	2,450
Little Missouri div	1,145	South Fork div	1,547	Chester town co	1,158 583	Valier-Dupuyer div	2,538
		Whitefish div	2,965 2,965	Jopin div	20.3	Valier town	724
CASCADE COUNTY	73,418	Whitefish Lake div	2,354				
Belt div	1,500			LINCOLN COUNTY	12,537	FOWDER RIVER COUNTY	P. CHIETPISC CONTROL COMMON
Belt city	757 1,245	GALLATIN COUNTY	26,045	Eureka div	3,054	Broadus div	1,284
Cascade town	604	Belgrade div	2,446	Eureka town	1,229 7,347	East Fowder River div	661
Eden-Stockett div	969	Belgrade town	1,057	Libby div	2,828	Otter div	. ≥80
Great Falls div	55,357	Bozeman div	13,361 13,361	Troy div	2,136	Stacey div	. 260
Great Falls city'	55,357 7,391	Bozeman div	4,087	Troy town	855	POWELL COUNTY	7,002
Great Falls North div	3,791	Gallatin Gateway div	1,019				NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O
Great Falls West div	809	Manhattan div	2,575 889	Macone County	3, 321	Aven-Ellisten div	
Monarch-Neihart div Neihart town	301 150	Manhattan town	1,958	Brockway div	518	Deer Lodge div	4,481
Sun River Valley div	2,055	Three Forks town	1,161	Circle div	1,464	Deer Lodge city	4,681
		West Yellowstone div	599	Circle town	1,117	Helmville div	262
CHOUTEAU COUNTY	7,348			Vida div	1,032		
	7,540	GARFIELD COUNTY	1,981		1	PRAIRIE COUNTY	Shipping a compagnitude
	2 214		3 000		1	Terry North div	335
Big Sandy div	2,316 954	North Garfield div	1,372	MATITECIAL CONTINUES	A 911		
Big Sandy div Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div	954 3,484	Jordan town ¹⁵	557	MADISON COUNTY	5,211	Terry South div	1,983
Big Sandy div Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div Fort Benton city	954 3,484 1,887	North Carfield div		Harrison div	921	Terry South div	
Big Sandy div Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div Fort Benton city	954 3,484 1,887 1,034	Jordan town ¹⁵	557	Harrison div	921 1,078 525	Terry South div	1,140
Big Sandy div Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div	954 3,484 1,887	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div GLACIER COUNTY Babb div	557 609 11,565 522	Harrison div	921 1,078 525 1,330	Terry South div	1, 140
Big Sandy div Big Sandy town ⁶ . Fort Benton div Fort Benton city. Geraldine div Geraldine town ⁶ .	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Glacier div.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ² Sheridan div. Sheridan town.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby team	1, 140 12, 341 911 398
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton city. Geraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514	Jordan town ¹⁵ . South Carfield div. CLACIER COUNTY. Babb div. Browning-East Clacier div. Browning town.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis toym ² Sheridan div. Sheridan toym. Thin Bridges div.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby team	1, 140 12, 341 911 398
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton city Geraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Carfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Clacier div. Browning town. Cut Bank div. Cut Bank div.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 4,539	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges town. Virginic city div.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁰ RAVALLY COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton city ¹⁰	1,140 12,341 911 398 2,475 2,475
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton city. Geraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Carfield div. GLACIER COUNTY. Babb div. Browning-East Clacier div. Browning town. Cut Bank div. Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 4,539 1,631	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ²² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges town.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby team	1, 140 12, 341 911 398 2, 475 2, 475 3, 377 1, 436
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton city Geraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div. Ismay town Miles City div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227 318 59 9,665	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Carfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Clacier div. Browning town. Cut Bank div. Cut Bank div.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 4,539	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges town. Virginic city div.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton city ¹⁰ Hamilton East div. Hamilton was div. Stevenswille div.	1, 140 12, 341 911 398 2, 475 2, 475 1, 436 2, 626
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton city. Geraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div. Ismay town Miles City div. Miles City div. Miles City div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227 318 59 9,665	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Clacier div. Browning town Cut Bank div. Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div. Glacier National Park div.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 4,539 1,631 42	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges town. Virginic city div.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton rest div. Hamilton west div. Stevensville div. Stevensville div.	1, 140 12, 341 911 398 2, 475 2, 475 3, 377 1, 436 2, 626
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton div. Ceraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div. Ismay town. Miles City div. Miles City ⁷ Mizpah-Pumpkin div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227 318 59 9,665 9,665	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Carfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Clacier div. Browning town Cut Bank div. Cut Bank div. Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div. Glacier National Park div. GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY.	557 609 11,265 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 4,539 1,631 42 1,203	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis toyn ² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges div. Virginia City div. Virginia City town. MEAGHER COUNTY.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333 194	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton city ¹⁵ Hamilton East div. Hamilton East div. Stevensville div. Sala-Edwards div.	1,140 12,341 911 398 2,475 2,475 3,377 1,436 2,626 784
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town Fort Benton div. Fort Benton div. Geraldine div. Geraldine town Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div. Ismay town Miles City div. Miles City div. Miles City Mipah-Pumpkin div. Moon Creek div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227 318 59 9,665	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Clacier div. Browning town. Cut Bank div. Cut Bank div. Cut Bank Rural div. Glacier National Park div. COLDEN VALLEY COUNTY. Lavina div. Lavina town.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 1,631 42 1,203 532 212	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ²² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges town. Virginia City div. Virginia City town. MEAGHER COUNTY. Martinsdale Ringling div.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333 194 2,616	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town. Hamilton div. Hamilton city ¹⁰ Hamilton East div. Hamilton West div. Stevensville div. Stevensville div. Stevensville town. Sula-Edwards div. Victor div.	1,140 12,341 911 988 2,475 3,377 1,436 2,626 784 991 1,125
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton div. Ceraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div. Ismay town. Miles City div. Miles City ⁷ Mizpah-Pumpkin div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227 318 59 9,665 9,665 1,462 425	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Glacier div. Browning town. Cut Bank div. Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div. Glacier National Park div. GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY Lavina div. Lavina town. North Country div.	557 609 11,365 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 4,539 1,631 42 1,203 532 212	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis toyn ² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges div. Virginia City div. Virginia City town. MEAGHER COUNTY.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333 194 2,616	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton city ¹⁰ Hamilton west div. Stevensville div. Stevensville div. Stevensville town Sula-Edwards div. Victor div.	1,140 12,341 911 988 2,475 2,475 3,377 1,436 2,626 784 391 1,125
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton div. Fort Benton city. Geraldine div. Geraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div. Ismay div. Miles City div. Miles City div. Mispah-Puspkin div. Moon Creek div. North Custer div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227 318 59 9,665 1,462 425 480	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Glacier div. Browning town Cut Bank div. Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div. Glacier National Park div. COLDEN VALLEY COUNTY. Lavina div. Lavina town. North Country div. Ryegate div.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 1,631 1,631 1,203 532 212 135 536	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ²² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges town. Virginia City div. Virginia City town. MEAGHER COUNTY. Martinsdale Ringling div.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333 194 2,616	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton city ¹⁰ Hamilton East div. Hamilton East div. Stevensville div. Stevensville town Sola-Edwards div. Victor div. RICHLAND COUNTY. Fairview div.	1,140 12,341 911 988 2,475 2,475 3,377 1,436 2,626 984 901 1,125
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton div. Fort Benton city. Geraldine div. Geraldine div. Geraldine town ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div. Ismay div. Miles City div. Miles City div. Mispah-Puspkin div. Moon Creek div. North Custer div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227 318 59 9,665 1,462 425 480	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div GLACIER COUNTY Bebb div Browning-East Clacier div Browning town Cut Bank div Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div Clacier National Park div GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY Lavina div Lavina town North Country div Ryegate div Ryegate town	557 609 11, 565 522 4, 831 2, 011 4, 539 4, 539 1, 631 1, 631 1, 203 532 212 213 536 314	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ²² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges town. Virginia City div. Virginia City town. MEAGHER COUNTY. Martinsdale Ringling div.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333 194 2,616 532 2,084 1,519	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton East div. Hamilton East div. Hamilton west div. Stevensville div. Stevensville town Sola-Edwards div. Victor div. RICHLAND COUNTY Fairview div. Fairview town	1,140 12,341 111,398 2,475 2,475 3,771 1,436 2,426 2,426 11,125 10,504 1,637 1,006
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy tom ⁶ Fort Benton div. Fort Benton div. Fort Benton div. Geraldine div. Geraldine div. Geraldine tom ⁶ Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY. Ismay div. Ismay town Miles City div. Miles City div. Moon Creek div. North Custer div. Shirley div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 514 13,227 318 59 9,665 9,665 1,462 425 480 877	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Glacier div. Browning town Cut Bank div. Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div. Glacier National Park div. COLDEN VALLEY COUNTY. Lavina div. Lavina town. North Country div. Ryegate div.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 1,631 1,631 1,203 532 212 135 536	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges town. Virginia City div. Virginia City div. MEAGHER COUNTY. Martinsdale Ringling div. White Sulphur Springs div. White Sulphur Springs div. MINERAL COUNTY.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333 194 2,616 532 2,084 1,519	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton city ¹⁰ Hamilton East div. Hamilton East div. Stevensville div. Stevensville town Sula-Edwards div. Victor div. RICHLAND COUNTY Fairview div. Pairview town Lambert div.	1,140 12,341 911 988 2,475 2,475 3,377 1,436 2,626 784 911 1,125 10,504
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy tome Fort Benton div. Fort Benton div. Fort Benton city Geraldine div. Geraldine div. Geraldine towne Highwood div. CUSTER COUNTY Limmay div. Limmay town Miles City div. Miles City div. Mizpah-Pumpkin div. North Custer div. North Custer div. Shirley div.	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 364 514 13,227 318 59 9,665 9,665 1,462 423 480 877 3,755 813 262	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div. GLACIER COUNTY Babb div. Browning-East Glacier div. Browning town. Cut Bank div. Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div. Glacier National Park div. COLDEN VALLEY COUNTY Lavina div. Lavina town. North Country div. Ryegate div. Ryegate town. GRANITE COUNTY. Drummond div.	557 609 11,565 522 4,831 2,011 4,539 1,631 42 1,203 532 212 135 536 314 3,014	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ² Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Tvin Bridges div. Virginia City div. Virginia City town. MEAGHER COUNTY. Martinsdale Ringling div. White Sulphur Springs div. White Sulphur Springs eity ²³ MINERAL COUNTY. Alberton div. Alberton town.	921 1,078 525 1,330 539 1,549 509 333 194 2,616 532 2,084 1,519	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALLI COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton city ¹⁰ Hamilton East div. Hamilton West div. Stevensville div. Stevensville town Sula-Edwards div. Victor div. RICHLAND COUNTY Fairview div. Fairview town Lambert div. Mona-Andes div. Suvage-Crame div.	1,140 12,341 11,398 2,475 2,475 3,377 1,436 2,626 2,626 11,125 10,504 4,630 942 6,100 1,440
Big Sandy div. Big Sandy town Sig Sandy Sig Sa	954 3,484 1,887 1,034 514 13,227 318 59 9,665 1,462 480 877 3,755 813	Jordan town ¹⁵ South Garfield div GLACIER COUNTY Babb div Browning-East Clacier div. Browning town Cut Bank div. Cut Bank town ¹⁶ Cut Bank Rural div. Clacier National Park div. COLDEN VALLEY COUNTY. Lavina div. Lavina town. North Country div. Ryegate town. GRANITE COUNTY.	557 609 11, 565 522 4, 831 2,011 4,539 4,539 1,631 1,631 1,203 532 212 135 536 314	Harrison div. Madison Valley div. Ennis town ² Sheridan div. Sheridan div. Sheridan town. Twin Bridges div. Twin Bridges div. Virginia city div. Virginia city town. MEAGHER COUNTY. Martinsdale Ringling div. White Sulphur Springs div. White Sulphur Springs city ² HINERAL COUNTY. Alberton div.	921 1,078 925 1,330 539 1,549 509 333 194 2,616 532 2,084 1,519 3,037 527 356 1,713	Terry South div. Terry city ²⁹ RAVALL COUNTY. Darby div. Darby town Hamilton div. Hamilton city ³⁰ Hamilton East div. Hamilton West div. Stevensville div. Stevensville town Sula-Edwards div. RICHLAND COUNTY. Fairview div. Fairview town. Lambert div. Mona-Andes div.	1,140 12,341 11,398 2,475 2,475 3,377 1,436 2,626 2,626 11,125 10,504 4,630 942 6,100 1,440

See footnotes at end of table, p. 13.

Number of Inhabitants

Table 7.—POPULATION OF COUNTIES, BY CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960-Con.

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Total population of a place located in 2 or more census county divisions appears in table 8]

		division	Population	County and census county division	Population
SHERIDAN COUNTYCon.			T 005		
Plentywood div	3,098	TETON COUNTY	7,295	WHEATLAND COUNTY	
Plentywood city	2,121	Choteau East div	687	Harlowton North div	2,166
Westby div.	800	Choteau West div	3,100	Harlowton city ³⁸	1,734
Westby town	309	Choteau city ³⁵	1,966	Harlowton South div	395
	1	Dutton-Power div Dutton town ³⁵	1,612 504	Judith Gap div	465 185
	1	Frintiald dir	1,896	Judith Gap city	100
SILVER BOW COUNTY	46,454	Fairfield div	752		
Butte div	27,877			WIBAUX COUNTY	1,698
Butte city	27,877	_		Pine Hills-Saint Phillips div	542
Divide-Melrose div	426	TOOLE COUNTY	7,904	Wibaux div	1,156
Rocker-Ramsey div	1,102	Shelby div	4,017	Wibaux town	766
South Butte div	10,853	Shelby div	4,017	Tabuta commission	
Silver Bow Park (U)	4,079	South Toole div	1,112		1
		Sunburst div	2,775	YELLOWSTONE COUNTY	79,016
Walkerville-Brown Gulch div	6,196	Kevin town	375	Billings div	52,900
Centerville-Dublin		Sunburst town	882	Billings div	52,851
Gulch (U)	3,398			Billings Heights div	4,802
Meaderville-McQueen (U) Walkerville city	1,345 1,453	TREASURE COUNTY	1,345	Billings West div	8,002
WALLELVILLE CITY	1,400			Buffalo Creek div	176
		Hysham div	1,345	Huntley Project div	2,663
STILLWATER COUNTY	5,526	Hysham town	494	Laurel div	4,601
Absarokee div				Laurel div Laurel city ³⁹ Laurel Rural div	4,601
		VALLEY COUNTY	17,080	Lockwood div	2,007
Columbus div	1,281			Lockwood div	2,007
Columbus North div	805	Fort Peck div	1,766	Molt-Broadview div	616
Columbus South div	690	Frazer div	1,107	Broadview town	160
Park City div	776	Glasgow div	6,398 6,398	Shepherd div	927
		Glasgow North div	3,972	South Yellowstone div	693
CHARLE OF THE COMME	0.000	Hinsdale div	1,207		[
SWEET GRASS COUNTY	3,290	Nashua div	1,071	YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL	
North of the Yellowstone div	852	Nashua town	796	PARK (pt.) ⁴⁰	47
South of the Yellowstone div	2,438	Opheim div	1,559	·- ·	
Big Timber city	1,660	Opheim town	457	Yellowstone National Park div	47
rlem city returned in 1950 as a from Great Falls city. Geraldine towns. noe 1950. Detachment from Scobe y. rom Baker city. town, Whitefish and Kalispell cite 1950. ities. lena town.	y city.	changed to city since 1950. AMISSULA.—Annexations to MISSULA.—Annexation to 124 MISSULA.—Annexation to 124 PORDERA.—Annexation to 124 POWDERA.—Annexations to 28 POWDER RIVER.—Annexation to 131 RICHAID.—Annexation to 131 RICHAID.—Annexation to 132 ROOSEVELT.—Annexation to 134 STILIMATER.—Annexation to 134 STILIMATER.—Annexations to D 150 TOOLE.—Annexations to D 150 TOOLE.—Annexations to 23 WHEATLAND.—Annexations to 24 WHEATLAND.—Annexations to 25	White Sulphi o Missoula c: s to Roundup ingston city. Comrad city ns to Broadu manufactor city o Wolf Point Thompson Fall to Columbus utton and Fat helby city. Clasgow city to Harlowton s to Billings	ur Springs city. White Sulphur S ity. city. s town. since 1950. 7. city. Brockton town incorporated is town. town. trown. triedd towns and Choteau city.	since 1950.
e it	1950.	1950.	34 STILLMARKAnnexations 35 TETONAnnexations to D 36 TOOLEAnnexations to D 36 TOOLEAnnexations to S 37 VALLEYAnnexations to C 38 WHEATLANDAnnexations to C 38 WHEATLANDAnnexations 39 YELLOWSTONEAnnexations 39 YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PAR	1950. 35 TILIMATER. —Annexations to Columbus 1950. 36 TOLE. —Annexations to Dutton and Fai 76 TOLE. —Annexations to Shelby city. 37 VALLEY. —Annexations to Glasgow city. 38 WHEATLAND. —Annexations to Harlowton ine town. 39 YELLOWSTORE. —Annexations to Billings	24 STILIMATER.—Annexations to Columbus town. 25 TETON.—Annexations to Dutton and Fairfield towns and Choteau city. 26 TOOLE.—Annexations to Shelby city. 27 VALLEY.—Ammexations to Glasgow city. 28 VHLET.—Annexations to Glasgow city. 29 VELLOWSTONE.—Annexations to Harlowton city. 29 YELLOWSTONE.—Annexations to Billings and Laurel cities. 40 YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK.—Geographically located in Idaho, Montana

Table 8.—POPULATION OF ALL INCORPORATED PLACES AND OF UNINCORPORATED PLACES OF 1,000 OR MORE: 1940 TO 1960

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Asterisk (*) denotes an incorporated place under 2,500 located in an urbanized area]

	["U" denotes an unin						1000	1050	1040
Place	County	1960	1950	1940	Place	County	1960	1950	1940
			206	283	Jordan	Garfield	557		
Alberton	Mineral	356 12,054	326 11,254	11,004	Judith Gap	Wheatland	185	175	212
Anaconda	Deer Lodge	285	356	403	Kalispell	Flathead	10,151	9,737	8,245
Bainville	Fallon	2,365	1,772	1,304	Kevin	Toole	375	351	360
Baker Bearcreek	Carbon.	61	162	324	Laurel	Yellowstone	4,601	3,663	2,754
	1		663	618	Lavina	Golden Valley	212	195	199
Belgrade	Gallatin	1,057 757	702	744	Lewistown	Fergus	7,408	6,573	5,874
Belt	Cascade	954	743	596	Libby	Lincoln	2,828	2,401	1,837
Big Sandy	Chouteau	1,660	1,679	1,533	Lima	Beaverhead	397	483	554
Big Timber	Yellowstone	52,851	31,834	23,261	Livingston	Park	8,229	7,683	6,642
-		1,394	1,017	510	Lodge Grass	Big Horn	687	536	839
Boulder	Jefferson	13,361	11,325	8,665	Malta	Phillips	2,239	2,095	2,215
BozemanBridger	Carbon	824	854	783	Manhattan	Gallatin	889	716	646
Broadus	Powder River	628	517		Meaderville-McQueen (U)	Silver Bow	1,345	1,704	***
Broadview	Yellowstone	160	164	140	Medicine Lake	Sheridan	452	454	396
	Roosevelt	367			Melstone	Musselshell	266	195	203
Brockton	Glacier	2,011	1,691	1,825	Miles City	Custer	9,665	9,243	7,313
Butte	Silver Bow	27,877	33,251	37,081	Missoula	Missoula	27,090	22,485	18,449
Cascade	Cascade	604	447	419	Missoula Southwest (U)	Missoula	3,817	:::	***
Centerville-Dublin Gulch (U)	Silver Bow	3,398	1,825		Moore	Fergus	216	224	241
Chester	Liberty	1,158	733	548	Nashua	Valley	796	691	943
	Blaine	2,326	2,307	2,051	Neihart	Cascade	150	289	466
Chinook	Teton	1,966	1,618	1,181	North Havre (U)	Hill	1,168		***
Circle	McCone	1,117	856	685	Onheim	Valley	457	383	344
Clyde Park	Park	253	280	216	Orchard Homes (U)	Missoula	2,019	1,545	•••
Columbia Falls	Flathead	2,132	1,232	637	Outlook	Sheridan	226	235	208
Columbus	Stillwater	1,281	1,097	962	Philipsburg	Granite	1,107	1,048	1,304
Conrad	Pondera	2,665	1,865	1,471	Plains	Sanders	769	714	624
Culbertson	Roosevelt	919	779	585	Plentywood	Sheridan	2,121	1,862	1,574
Cut Bank	Glacier	4,539	3,721	2,509	Plevna	Fallon	263	247	291
Darby	Ravalli	398	415	481	Polson	Lake	2,314	2,280	2,156
Deer Lodge	Powell	4,681	3,779	3,278	Poplar	Roosevelt	1,565	1,169	1,442
Denton	Fergus	410	435	406	Red Lodge	Carbon	2,278	2,730	2,950
Dillon	Beaverhead	3,690	3,268	3,014	Richey	Dawson	480	595	
Dodson	Phillips	31.3	330	397	Ronan	Lake	1,334	1,251	1,032
Drummond	Granite	577	531		Roundup	Musselshell	2,842	2,856	2,644
Dutton	Teton	504	431	447	Ryegate	Golden Valley	314	339	348
East Helena	Lewis and Clark	1,490	1,216	1,143	Saco	Phillips	490	539	452
Ekalaka	Carter	738	904	719	St. Ignatius	Lake	940	781	768
Ennis	Madison	525		•••	Scobey	Daniels	1,726	1,628	1,311
Eureka	Lincoln	1,229	929	912	Shelby	Toole	4,017	3,058	2,538
Fairfield	Teton	752	693		Sheridan	Madison	539	572	597
Fairview	Richland	1,006	942	901	Sidney	Richland	4,564	3,987	2,978
Flaxville	Daniels	262		•••	Silver Bow Park (U)	Silver Bow	4,798	1 :::	529
Floral Park (U)	Silver Bow	4,079		•••	Stanford	Judith Basin	615	542	1
Forsyth	Rosebud	2,032	1,906	1,696	Stevensville	Ravalli	784	772	703
Fort Benton	Chouteau	1,887	1,522	1,227	Sunburst	Toole	882	845	709
Froid	Roosevelt	418	555	441	Superior	Mineral	1,242	626	1,012
Fromberg	Carbon	367	442	533	Terry	Prairie	1,140	1,191	736
Geraldine	Chouteau	364	374	262	Thompson Falls	Sanders	1,274	1	ł
Glasgow	Valley	6,398	3,821	3,799	Three Forks	Gallatin	1,161	1,114	876
Glendive	Dawson	7,058	5,254	4,524	Townsend	Broadwater	1,528	1,316	1,309
Grass Range	Fergus	222	234	206	Troy	Lincoln	855	770 497	796 534
Great Falls	Cascade	55,357	39,214	29,928	Twin Bridges	Madison	509 724	710	641
Hamilton	Ravalli	2,475	2,678	2,332	Valier	Pondera	16.4	110	
Hardin	Big Horn	2,789	2,306	1,886	Virginia City	Madison	194	323	380
Harlem	Blaine	1,267	1,107	1,166	Walkerville	Silver Bow	1,453	1,631	1,880
Harlowton	Wheatland	1,734	1,733	1,547	Westby	Sheridan	309	396	369
Havre	H111	10,740	8,086	6,427	Whitefish	Flathead	2,965	3,268	2,602
Helena	Lewis and Clark	20,227	17,581	15,056	Whitehall	Jeffernon	898	929	818
Hingham	H111	254	214	205					
Hobson	Judith Basin	207	205	239	White Sulphur Springs	Meagher	1,519	1,025	858
Hot Springs	Sanders	585	733	663	Wibaux	Wibaux	766	739	625 300
Hysham	Treasure	494	410	392 176	Winifred	Fergus	220 360	407	399
Ismay	Custer	59 452	182	476	Winnett	Petroleum	3,585	2,557	1,960
Joliet	Carbon	492	410	**10	WOLL POINT	INTO THE WALL AND THE STATE OF	e2 p -213 2	A. J. 577	A P / T MAN

Table 9.—1960 POPULATION OF AREAS ANNEXED BETWEEN 1950 AND 1960 BY INCORPORATED PLACES HAVING 2,500 INHABITANTS OR MORE IN 1950

[Minus sign (~) denotes decrease]

	1960 population				Increase,		191	60 population	«	1950	Increase,
Incorporated place	ated place In 1950 In	1950 popula- tion, total	1950 to 1960, in 1950 area	Incorporated place	Total	In 1950 area	In annexed area	popula- tion, total	1950 to 1960, in 1950 area		
Anaconda. Billinga. Bozeman. Cut Bank Dillon Glasgov. Glendive.	13,361 4,539 3,690	11,261 28,986 13,137 4,090 3,613 5,745 6,957	793 23,865 224 449 77 653 101	11,254 31,834 11,325 3,721 3,268 3,821 5,254	7 -2,848 1,812 369 345 1,924 1,703	Laurel. Levistown Livingston Miles City Missoula Roundup.	8,229 9,665 27,090 2,842	3,760 6,543 8,167 9,628 22,535	841 865 62 37 4,555	3,663 6,573 7,683 9,243 22,485 2,856	97 -30 484 385 50 -14 778
Great Falls	55,357	43,400 2,369 9,190 9,794	11,957 106 1,550 357	39,214 2,678 8,086 9,737	4,186 -309 1,104 57	Shelby Sidney Whitefish Wolf Point	4,017 4,564 2,965 3,585	3,836 4,073 2,850 3,321	181 491 115 264	3,058 3,987 3,268 2,557	778 86 -418 764

Table 10.—POPULATION OF URBANIZED AREAS: 1960 AND 1950

Area "	1960 1950		Area	1 96 0	1950	
BILLINGS (MONT.) URBANIZED AREA			GREAT FALLS (MONT.) URBANIZED AREA			
The area	60,712	(¹)	The area	57,629	(¹)	
Billings city Outside central city	52,851 7,861	•••	Great Falls city. Outside central city.	55,357 2,272		
The area includes the following census county divisions and parts of census county divisions:			The area includes the following census county divisions and parts of census county divisions:			
Yellowstone County (part). Billings division. Billings city. Billings Heights division (part). Billings West division (part). Lockwood division (part).	52,900 52,851 1,354 5,741		Cascade County (part) Great Falls division. Great Falls city. Great Falls orth division (part). Great Falls West division (part).	57,629 55,357 55,357 2,198 74	··· ···	

¹ There were no urbanized areas delineated for Billings and Great Falls for the 1950 Census.

Table 11.—POPULATION OF STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS: 1960 AND 1950

[Data relate to areas as defined for 1960. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

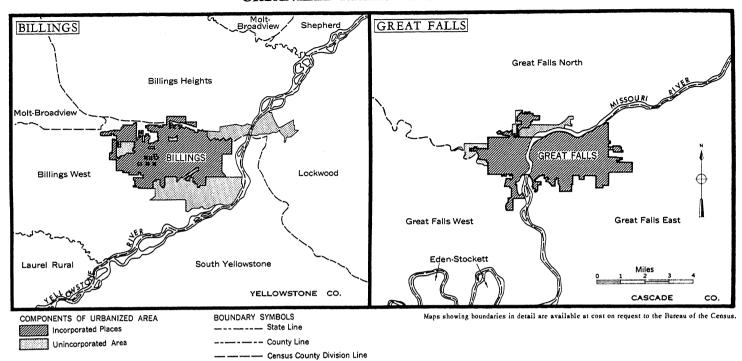
Standard metropolitan statistical area, central city, and other component areas	1960	1950	Incre	ase	Standard metropolitan statistical area, central city, and other	1960	1950	Increase		
	1500	1800	Number	Percent	component areas	1500	1990	Number	Percent	
BILLINGS, MONT. (Yellowstone County)		art ye ye.		1	GREAT FALLS, MONT. (Cascade County)					
Total	79,016	55,875	23,141	41.4	Total	73,418	53,027	20,391	38.5	
Billings city Outside central city	52,851 26,165	31,834 24,041	21,017 2,124	66.0 8.8	Great Falls cityOutside central city	55,357 18,061	39,214 13,813	16,143 4,248	41.2 30.8	

Table 12.-POPULATION OF THE STATE AND OF STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY TYPE OF RESIDENCE: 1960

Notes and the second se			Urban		Rural				
Metropolitan–nonmetropolitan residence	Total	Total	Central city or cities	Other urban territory	Total	Places of 1,000 to 2,500	Other rural territory		
The State	674,767	338,457	108,208	230,249	336,310	60,120	276,190		
In standard metropolitan statistical areas Billings		122,942 65,313 57,629	108,208 52,851 55,357	14,734 12,462 2,272	29,492 13,703 15,789	:::	29,492 13,703 15,789		
Not in standard metropolitan statistical areas	522,333	215,515		215,515	306,818	60,120	246,698		

28-16 Montana

URBANIZED AREAS-MONTANA



General Population Characteristics

GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Montana

LIST OF TABLES

[Page numbers listed here omit the State prefix number which appears as part of the page number for each page.

The prefix for this State is 28]

THE STATE	
Table	Page
13.—Summary of population characteristics, for the State, by size of place, and for standard metropolitan statistical areas,	_
urbanized areas, urban places, and counties: 1960	19
14.—Color by sex, for the State, by size of place, 1960, and urban and rural residence, 1950	21
15.—Race by sex, for the State, by size of place, 1960, and for the State, 1890 to 1950	22
16.—Age by color and sex, for the State, by size of place, 1960, and urban and rural residence, 1950	23
17.—Age by color and sex, for the State: 1890 to 1960	28
18.—Marital status, by color and sex, for the State, by size of place, 1960, and for the State, 1950 and 1940,	30
19.—Household relationship, by color, for the State, by size of place, 1960, and for the State, 1950 and 1940	31
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE	
20.—Age by color and sex, for standard metropolitan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or more: 1960_21.—Characteristics of the population, for standard metropolitan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or	32
more: 1960	36
COUNTIES, CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS, AND PLACES OF LESS THAN 10,000	
22.—Characteristics of the population, for urban places of 2,500 to 10,000: 1960	37
23.—Characteristics of the population, for places of 1,000 to 2,500: 1960.	39
24.—Age by sex, for places of 1,000 to 2,500: 1960	39
25.—Characteristics of the population, for census county divisions: 1960	40
26.—Age by sex, for census county divisions: 1960.	44
27.—Age by color and sex, for counties: 1960	49
28.—Characteristics of the population, for counties: 1960	64
29.—Characteristics of the rural population, for counties: 1960	69
30.—Characteristics of the rural population outside places of 1,000 to 2,500, for counties: 1960	73
31.—Household population, by age and sex, for selected urban places and counties: 1960.	77
APPENDIX	
Table	Page
B-1.—Percent of allocation for nonresponse, for the State, by size of place: 1960	79
B-2Percent of allocation for nonresponse, for urban places of 10,000 or more and counties: 1960	79

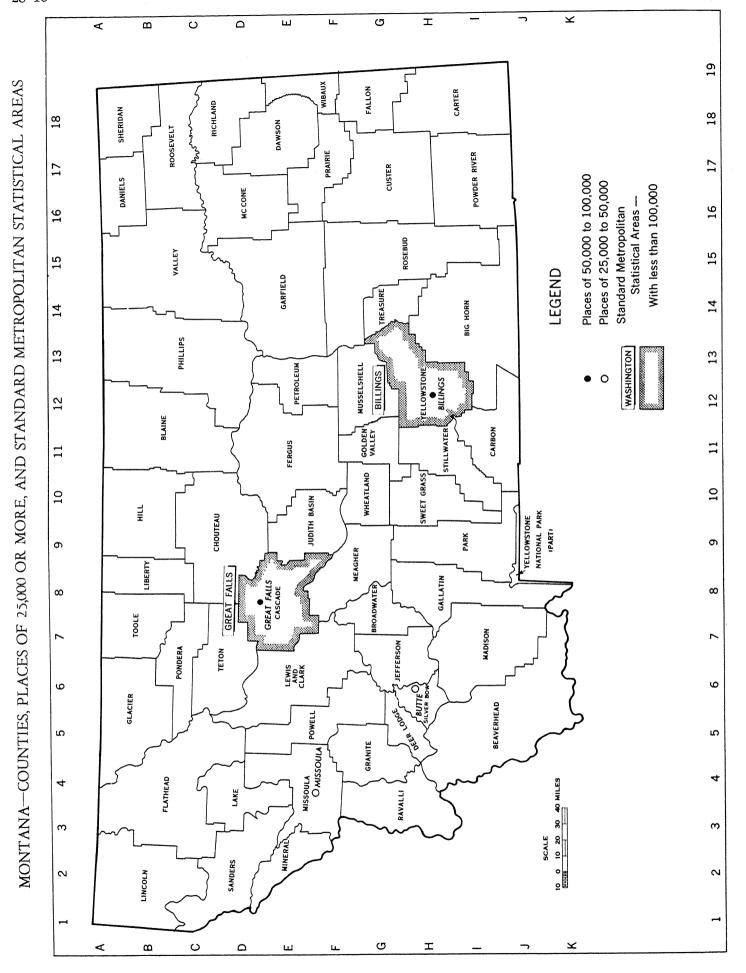


Table 13.—SUMMARY OF POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, AND FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, URBAN PLACES, AND COUNTIES: 1960

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100; fertility ratio not shown where base is less than 100; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households]

population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households] POPULATION															
			ALL PE		FOLATIO	IN .			RS OLD	18 YEARS	HOUSEHOLDS			POPULATION IN GROUP QUARTERS	
AREA	NUMBER	PER- CENT IN- CREASE: 1950 TO 1960	PER- CENT NON- WHITE	PER- CENT UNDER 18 YEARS OLD	PER- CENT 18 TO 64 YEARS OLD	PER- CENT 65 YEARS AND OVER	FER- TIL- ITY RATIO ¹	MALE PER- CENT MAR- RIED	PER- CENT MAR- RIED	OLD AND OVER PER- CENT MALE	NUMBER	PER- CENT IN- CREASE: 1950 TO 1960 ²	POPU- LATION PER HOUSE- HOLD	NUMBER	PER- CENT OF TOTAL
THE STATE	674 767 338 457 118 341 108 208 10 133 220 116 121 500 98 616 336 310 60 120 276 190	14.2 31.2 -14.7 -27.2 9.3 1.0 1.5 0.9	3.6 1.4 1.4 1.0 1.5 5.8 4.9 6.0	38.6 36.9 38.6 38.0 45.0 33.9 38.5 40.3 38.4 40.7	51.7 53.2 53.4 53.7 50.5 53.0 54.8 50.8 50.3 48.7 50.6	9.7 10.0 8.0 8.3 4.5 11.0 11.3 10.7 9.4 12.9 8.7	566 529 555 544 674 471 569 608 564 618	66.3 68.4 72.2 72.0 75.0 66.5 63.8 69.9 64.3 67.1	69.0 65.7 68.2 67.5 764.5 61.4 68.6 72.8 66.8 74.2	51.1 48.9 48.0 48.0 50.2 49.7 53.5 49.4 54.4	202 240 107 514 37 069 34 328 2 741 70 445 39 970 30 475 94 778 75 948	15.2 32.4 -13.2 -24.2 7.0 0.3 6.6	3.25 3.07 3.16 3.11 3.69 2.92 3.18 3.45 3.13 3.53	17 409 7 930 1 334 1 309 25 6 596 4 844 1 752 9 479 1 391 8 088	2.6 2.3 1.1 1.2 0.2 3.0 4.0 1.8 2.8 2.3
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS															
BILLINGS	79 016 73 418	41.4 38.5	1.0 2.1	39.7 38.6	52.9 53.7	7•4 7•7	526 608	72•1 67•9	68•4 71•0	48.4 51.3	23 900 22 187	42.6 41.0	3.27 3.20	810 2 315	1•0 3•2
URBANIZED AREAS															
BILLINGS	60 712 57 629	(3)	1.1	39.0 38.2	53.4 53.4	7•6 8•4	521 592	72•9 71•6	66•9 69•6	47.5 49.0	18 842 18 227	(3)	3.19 3.12	561 773	1.3
URBAN PLACES ANACONDA	12 054 52 851 13 361 27 377 3 398 2 665 4 539 4 681 3 690 4 079	7.1 66.0 18.0 -16.2 86.2 42.9 22.0 23.9 12.9 (3)	9.25.96 1.5.96 0.6 5.906	37.3 38.1 29.1 33.5 41.9 41.9 41.3 30.9 40.2	53.4 53.8 61.1 53.3 50.5 48.2 57.5 55.5	9.3 8.1 9.8 13.2 8.4 10.4 7.2 10.1 13.7 6.6	527 500 386 508 673 633 633 558 473 475	65.4 72.4 52.8 63.5 62.3 69.2 70.9 61.1 60.2 76.0	65.5 65.5 57.2 59.7 66.2 72.0 68.1 74.2	50.0 47.1 52.3 48.4 47.8 49.6 57.6 50.3 49.0	3 846 16 715 4 099 9 969 964 825 1 351 1 312 1 212	11.55 63.1 20.0 -9.7 85.4 46.8 22.3 26.3 (3)	3-11 3-13 2-85 2-76 3-52 3-22 3-34 3-06 2-74 3-42	84 536 1 664 366 7 28 662 267	0.7 1.0 12.5 1.3 0.3 0.6 14.1 7.2
GLASGOW GLENDIVE. GREAT FALLS HARDIN. HAVE HELENA. KALISPELL LAUREL. LEWISTOWN LIBBY	6 398 7 058 55 357 2 789 10 740 20 227 10 151 4 601 7 408 2 828	67.4 34.3 41.2 20.9 32.8 15.1 4.3 25.6 12.8	2.53 0.69 1.77 1.52	40.7 40.3 38.7 38.6 35.1 35.1 39.1 36.1 39.2	51.9 50.5 53.5 49.3 54.3 50.7 52.4 46.8 52.3	7.4 8.9 8.5 11.5 9.1 10.5 14.2 8.5 17.1 8.5	658 668 582 556 475 468 507 537	71.2 71.6 71.6 69.1 70.1 67.8 70.2 73.8 68.9 69.8	74.5 69.5 66.9 64.9 61.9 63.0 64.1 73.1	51.7 49.0 48.9 48.1 47.3 47.1 49.6 48.0 50.9	1 893 2 158 17 613 872 3 212 6 749 3 437 1 422 2 414 854		3.24 2.91	56 67 773 44 342 576 117 6 219	0.9 0.9 1.4 1.6 3.2 2.8 1.2 0.1 3.0
LIVINGSTON. MILES CITY. MISSOULA. MISSOULA SOUTHWEST (U). ROUNDUP. SHELBY. SIDNEY. SIDNEY. SILVER BOW PARK (U). WHITEFISH. WOLF POINT.	8 229 9 665 27 090 3 817 2 842 4 017 4 564 4 798 2 965 3 585	7.1 4.6 20.5 (3) -0.5 31.4 14.5 (3) -9.3 40.2	0.6 0.5 0.8 1.5 0.7 0.4 1.0 11.7	34.6.1 36.6.1 32.5 34.5 36.3 41.0 39.2 42.3 42.3 42.3 42.3	52.3 50.1 56.8 50.1 47.6 49.8 48.4 51.5 49.5	13.4 13.4 11.2 5.5 16.1 9.2 12.3 6.3 13.5	442 558 422 618 610 623 603 587 478 656	70.1 62.0 75.3 67.7 68.7 74.8 74.1 74.3	68.4 66.0 76.4 69.7 67.1 70.4 69.5	49.9 49.9 49.1 50.7 50.4 48.8 48.8	2 815 3 230 8 658 1 034 933 1 199 1 426 1 319 966 1 048			55 135 1 695 49 45 20 48 16	
COUNTIES					54.0			EE .	/7 E	== 7	2 7/13		2 80	,,,,,,	
BEAVERHEAD. BIG HORN. BLAINE. BROADWATER. CARBON. CARTER. CASCADE CHOUTEAU. CUSTER. DANIELS	7 194 10 007 8 094 8 317 2 493 73 418 7 348 13 227 3 755	7.8 1.9 -5.0 -4.8 -10.5 -10.5 -10.5 -4.8	0.5 34.2 21.3 0.2 0.2 2.1 1.6 1.1	31.7 43.9 43.0 39.3 35.4 38.6 40.9 37.8 38.9	56.8 48.7 46.4 49.3 49.5 51.4 53.7 48.6 49.6	11.5 7.4 10.6 11.5 15.0 10.3 7.7 10.6 11.8 11.5	642 695 655 459 589 608 651 579	55.64.9 602.5 65.1 61.9 65.7 64.8	67.5 68.1 68.3 71.1 66.8 72.3 71.0 73.3 68.8 70.0	53.6 54.1 50.3 54.4 51.3 53.3 51.0	2 343 2 532 2 278 842 2 732 753 22 188 4 127 1 145	1.2 -1.1 -3.0 -12.5 -7.0 41.0 3.5	3.92 3.48 3.29 3.03 3.28 3.20 3.33 3.09	424 92 170 31 44 25 2 315 68 464	0.9 2.1 1.1 0.5 1.0 3.2 0.9
DAWSON. DEER LODGE. FALLON. FERGUS. FLATHEAD. GALATIN. GARFIELD. GLACIER GOLDEN VALLEY GRANITE	12 314 18 640 3 997 14 018 32 965 26 045, 1 981 11 565 1 203 3 014	35.4 12.6 9.2 4.7 18.9 -8.8 19.9 -10.0 8.7	0.2 1.4 0.1 0.4 0.7 0.4 37.8	43.4 36.3 41.8 38.5 34.7 39.9 37.9	49.2 53.6 49.4 48.1 56.4 49.4 50.1 47.5 52.2	7.4 10.1 8.9 13.6 11.4 8.9 11.1 5.9 14.5	533 663 589 543 498 573 727 518	70.5 58.0 69.5 66.6 61.0 58.1 63.8 62.4 62.4	72.1 62.9 73.2 68.4 71.6 66.4 72.2 71.6 72.3	51.9 51.5 50.8 50.3 52.3 55.4 52.8	4 199	19.5 15.9 -0.3 4.9 19.9 -11.0 16.2 -10.0	3.29 3.43 3.21 3.22 3.15 3.31 3.78 3.19	76 2 150 1 530 369 1 729 19 224	3.8 1.1 6.6 1.0
HILL	18 653 4 297 3 085 13 104 28 006	30.6 7.1 -3.6 -5.3	6.7 1.4 0.4 11.4	41.1 36.9 38.8 38.9	50.7 53.3 50.8 47.8	8.2 9.8 10.5 13.3	643 406 580 574	48 • 8 64 • 0 67 • 5	68•2 53•9 73•9 70•2	50.5 51.8 53.9 50.6		-1.9 0.5 -2.9	3.14 3.22 3.34	525 904 35 157 1 066	21.0 1.1 1.2

 $^{^1}$ CHILDREN UNDER 5 YEARS OLD PER 1.000 WOMEN 15 TO 49 YEARS OLD. 2 SEE TEXT FOR CHANGES IN HOUSEHOLD DEFINITION. 3 1950 DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

28-20 Montana

Table 13.—SUMMARY OF POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, AND FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, URBAN PLACES, AND COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100; fertility ratio not shown where base is less than 100; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households

		popula	ttion per i	louselloid	not snow.	II WHELE I									
				PC	PULATIO	ON					но	USEHOLDS		POPULATIO	
			ALL PE	RSONS					ARS OLD OVER	18 YEARS				GROUP QUA	ARTERS
AREA	NUMBER	PER- CENT IN- CREASE: 1950 TO 1960	PER- CENT NON- WHITE	PER- CENT UNDER 18 YEARS OLD	PER- CENT 18 TO 64 YEARS OLD	PER- CENT 65 YEARS AND OVER	FER- TIL- ITY RATIO ¹	PER- CENT MAR- RIED	PER- CENT MAR- RIED	OLD AND OVER PER- CENT MALE	NUMBER	PER- CENT IN- CREASE: 1950 TO 1960 ²		NUMBER	PER- CENT OF TOTAL
COUNTIESCON.															
LIBERTY LINCOLN MC CONE MADISON MEAGHER MISSOULA MISSOULA MISSELSHELL PARK PETROLEUM PHILLIPS PONDERA POWBERA POWBER RIVER RAVALLI RAYALLI ROSEBUD ROSEVELT ROSEBUD SANDERS	2 624 12 537 3 321 5 211 2 616 3 037 44 663 4 888 13 168 894 6 027 7 653 2 485 7 002 2 318 12 341 10 531 6 187 6 880	20.4 44.2 13.1 25.8 45.9 25.8 -9.6 12.9 -4.8 19.7 -7.7 -7.7 -7.7 11.1 -2.5 -5.8 22.5 -5.8	0.44 0.41 1.024 0.46 0.46 5.37 7.53 2.33 0.77 0.44 23.66 21.90	42.6 41.8 42.2 35.5 35.5 35.5 36.8 35.5 35.1 36.8 35.1 35.3 35.3 44.5 35.3 35.3 44.6 35.3 44.6 44.6 44.8 44.8 44.8	51.29 48.36 53.66 51.77 48.77 48.77 48.77 48.77 48.77 48.77 48.77 48.77 48.81 47.88 47.88 49.81	6.3 7.3 9.8 11.0 7.3 11.0 9.2 14.8 11.1 13.2 8.3 9.7 9.8 11.1 14.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6	674 637 680 598 571 506 571 469 489 651 626 590 558 519 4620 689 628	64.9 69.0 63.8 56.5 66.5 66.5 64.8 68.7 56.6 61.8 62.9 64.5 64.5 64.5 64.5 65.1	70.2 76.8 70.6 67.1 71.0 70.2 68.0	54.8 53.6 55.2 57.9 50.2 52.4 51.3 57.9 54.1 52.1 52.1 52.1 50.5 51.6 51.6 51.6	726 3 611 918 1 672 881 1 572 881 2 724 1 825 2 083 7 723 2 023 7 724 3 956 3 071 1 749 2 256	12.2 35.3 -3.1 -9.3 22.5 25.3 29.9 -11.6 -10.5 -5.1 -18.4 -9.2 14.0 2.5 -2.9 3.1 -1.8	3.45 3.61 2.98 3.13 3.41 3.17 3.03 3.24 3.63 3.40 3.12	17 86 7 234 8 31 1 816 63 110 7 31 86 24 694 99 57 55 77	0.6 0.7 0.2 4.5 3.4 1.0 0.8 0.8 0.5 1.1 0.9 9.9 0.5 0.5
SHERIDAN. SILVER BOW. SILLWATER. SWEET GRASS TETON TOOLE TREASURE. VALLEY. WHEATLAND WHEATLAND WHEADUX. YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK (PT.)	6 458 46 454 5 526 3 290 7 904 1 345 17 080 3 026 1 698 79 016	-3.2 -4.1 2.0 -9.1 0.9 15.1 -4.1 50.4 -5.1 -11.0 41.4	0.73	39.5 36.6 37.6 34.4 40.2 41.7 42.5 41.5 36.3	48.4 52.8 50.4 50.5 49.9 50.5 48.3 50.3 50.3	12.1 11.0 11.9 15.2 10.0 7.8 9.0 6.5 13.4 11.3	573 527 485 536 568 650 742 7390 608 526	64.9 65.7 67.3 65.1 67.0 67.1 68.1 64.0 64.7 72.1	62.6 72.0 72.5 73.7 72.1 75.4 77.9	52.3 48.9 50.0 52.3 52.3 55.6 55.5 54.4 48.4	1 899 15 334 1 673 1 071 2 136 2 206 378 4 656 932 494 23 900	42.6	3.00 3.27 3.06 3.39 3.50 3.56 3.54 3.08	11 462 50 16 49 191 592 156 810 8	0.2 1.0 0.9 0.5 0.7 2.4 3.5 5.2

¹ CHILDREN UNDER 5 YEARS OLD PER 1.000 WOMEN 15 TO 49 YEARS OLD. 2 SEE TEXT FOR CHANGES IN HOUSEHOLD DEFINITION.

Table 14.—COLOR BY SEX, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE, 1950 [Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

		ALL CLASSES			WHITE			NONWHITE	
AREA AND CENSUS YEAR	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
1960									
THE STATE	674 767 338 457 118 341 108 208 10 133 220 116 121 500 98 616 336 310 60 120 276 190	343 743 166 970 57 924 52 850 5 074 109 046 59 747 49 299 176 773 29 972 146 801	331 024 171 487 60 417 55 358 5 059 111 070 61 753 49 317 159 537 30 148 129 389	650 738 334 088 116 710 106 674 10 036 217 378 120 251 97 127 316 650 57 156 259 494	331 374 164 659 57 101 52 081 5 020 107 558 59 067 48 491 166 715 28 511 138 204	319 364 169 429 59 609 54 593 5 016 109 820 61 184 48 636 149 935 28 645 121 290	24 029 4 369 1 631 1 534 97 2 738 1 249 1 489 19 660 2 964 16 696	12 369 2 311 823 769 54 1 488 680 808 10 058 1 461 8 597	11 660 2 058 808 765 43 1 250 569 681 9 602 1 503 8 099
THE STATE	591 024 258 034 258 034 332 990	309 423 129 648 129 648 179 775	281 601 128 386 128 386 153 215	572 038 255 765 255 765 255 765 316 273	299 415 128 342 128 342 171 073	272 623 127 423 127 423 145 200	18 986 2 269 ••• 2 269 16 717	10 008 1 306 1 306 8 702	8 978 963 963 8 015
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION 1960 THE STATE	100.0 50.2 17.5 16.0 1.5 32.6 18.0 14.6 49.8 8.9	100.0 48.6 16.9 15.4 1.5 31.7 17.4 14.3 51.4 8.7 42.7	100.0 51.8 18.3 16.7 1.5 33.6 18.7 14.9 48.2 9.1 39.1	100.0 51.3 17.9 16.4 1.5 33.4 18.5 14.9 48.7 8.8	100.0 49.7 17.2 15.7 1.5 32.5 17.8 14.6 50.3 8.6	100.0 53.1 18.7 17.1 1.6 34.4 19.2 15.2 46.9 9.0 38.0	100.0 18.2 6.8 6.4 0.4 11.4 5.2 6.2 81.8 12.3	100.0 18.7 6.7 6.2 0.4 12.0 5.5 6.5 81.3 11.8 69.5	100.0 17.7 6.9 6.6 0.4 10.7 4.9 5.8 82.3 12.9 69.5
THE STATE	100.0 43.7 43.7 56.3	100.0 41.9 41.9 58.1	100.0 45.6 45.6 45.6 54.4	100.0 44.7 44.7 55.3	100.0 42.9 42.9 57.1	100.0 46.7 46.7 53.3	100.0 12.0 12.0 88.0	100.0 13.0 13.0 87.0	100.0 10.7 10.7 89.3

Table 15.—RACE BY SEX, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND FOR THE STATE, 1890 TO 1950 [Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100. Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 100]

			7			NONWHITE				
AREA: CENSUS YEAR: AND SEX	ALL CLASSES	WHITE	TOTAL	NEGRO	TOTAL	INDIAN	JAPA- NESE	CHINESE	FILI- PINO	ALL OTHER
TOTAL									. 2.10	OTHER
URBANIZED AREAS. CENTRAL CITIES URBAN FRINGE OTHER URBAN. PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000 RURAL. PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500 OTHER RURAL.	674 767 338 457 118 341 108 208 10 133 220 116 121 500 98 616 336 310 60 120 276 190	650 738 334 088 116 710 106 674 10 036 217 378 120 251 97 127 316 650 57 156 259 494	24 029 4 369 1 631 1 534 97 2 738 1 249 1 489 19 660 2 964 16 696	1 467 931 535 525 10 396 279 117 536 510	22 562 3 438 1 096 1 009 87 2 342 970 1 372 19 124 2 938 16 186	21 181 2 572 757 695 62 1 815 652 1 163 18 609 2 893 15 716	589 320 110 97 13 210 90 120 269 16	240 193 73 68 5 120 94 26 47 16 31	253 186 107 100 7 79 59 20 67 6	299 167 49 49 118 75 43 132 7
1950	591 024 559 456 537 606 548 869 376 053 243 329 142 924	572 038 540 468 519 898 534 260 360 580 226 283 127 690	18 986 18 988 17 708 14 629 15 473 17 046 15 234	1 232 1 120 1 256 1 658 1 854 1 523 1 490	17 754 17 868 16 452 12 971 13 639 15 523 13 744	16 606 16 841 14 798 10 956 10 745 11 343 11 206	524 508 753 1 074 1 585 2 441	209 258 486 872 1 285 1 739 2 532	(295) (29771) (20771)	415 261 120 69 24
MALE 1960	343 743 166 970 57 924 52 850 5 074 109 046 59 747 49 299 176 773 29 972 146 801	331 374 164 659 57 101 52 081 5 020 107 558 59 067 48 491 166 715 28 511 138 204	12 369 2 311 823 769 54 1 488 680 808 10 058 1 461 8 597	864 508 285 280 5 223 163 60 356 11	11 505 1 803 538 489 49 1 265 517 748 9 702 1 450 8 252	10 793 1 326 371 334 37 955 319 636 9 467 1 430 8 037	245 135 34 29 5 101 40 61 110 8	150 128 50 46 4 78 61 17 22 7	146 113 56 53 57 43 14 23 2	171 101 27 27 27 74 54 20 70
1950	309 423 299 009 293 228 299 941 226 872 149 842 93 117	299 415 288 975 283 559 291 592 217 620 139 139 84 145	10 008 10 034 9 669 8 349 9 252 10 703 8 972	695 647 710 962 1 058 912 1 053	9 313 9 387 8 959 7 387 8 194 9 791 7 919	8 588 8 647 7 664 5 679 5 384 5 657 5 444	326 328 510 842 1 559 2 434	148 221 427 805 1 227 1 700 2 473	(1) (2) 293 (2) (1) (1)	251 191 65 61 24
FEMALE 1960 URBAN: URBANIZED AREAS. CENTRAL CITIES URBAN FRINGE OTHER URBAN. PLACES OF 10 1000 OR MORE PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000 RURAL. PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500 OTHER RURAL.	331 024 171 487 60 417 55 358 5 059 111 070 61 753 49 317 159 537 30 148 129 389	319 364 169 429 59 609 54 593 5 016 109 820 61 184 48 636 149 935 28 645 121 290	11 660 2 058 808 765 43 1 250 569 681 9 602 1 503 8 099	603 423 250 245 5 173 116 57 180 15	11 057 1 635 558 520 38 1 077 453 624 9 422 1 488 7 934	10 388 1 246 386 361 25 860 333 527 9 142 1 463 7 679	344 185 76 68 8 109 50 59 159 8	90 65 23 22 1 42 33 9 25	107 73 51 47 42 16 6 34 4	128 66 22 22 22 44 21 23 62 4
1950	281 601 260 447 244 378 248 948 149 181 93 487 49 807	272 623 251 493 236 339 242 668 142 960 87 144 43 545	8 978 8 954 8 039 6 280 6 221 6 343 6 262	537 473 546 696 776 611 437	8 441 8 481 7 493 5 584 5 445 5 732 5 825	8 018 8 194 7 134 5 277 5 361 5 686 5 762	198 180 243 232 26 7	61 37 59 67 58 39 59	(1) (2) 2 (2) (1) (1)	164 70 55 8
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										
URBAN. URBANIZED AREAS. CENTRAL CITIES. URBAN FRIGE. OTHER URBAN. PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE. PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000. RURAL. PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500. OTHER RURAL.	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	96.4 98.7 98.6 99.0 98.8 99.0 98.5 94.2 95.1	3.6 1.3 1.4 1.0 1.0 1.5 5.8 4.9	0.2 0.5 0.5 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1	3.3 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.9 1.1 0.8 1.4 5.7 4.9 5.9	3.1 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.5 1.2 5.5 4.8 5.7	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	0-1 0-1 0-1 0-1	0-1	0.1
1950	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	96.8 96.6 96.7 97.3 95.9 93.0 89.3	3.2 3.4 3.3 2.7 4.1 7.0 10.7	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.6	3.0 3.2 3.1 2.4 3.6 6.4 9.6	2.8 3.0 2.8 2.0 2.9 4.7 7.8	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.4 1.0	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.7 1.8	(1) 0-1 (1) (1)	0.1
MALES PER 100 FEMALES 1960	103.8 109.9 114.8 120.0 120.5 152.1 160.3 187.0	103.8 109.8 114.9 120.0 120.2 152.2 159.7 193.2	106-1 111-5 112-1 120-3 132-9 148-7 168-7 143-3	143.3 129.4 136.8 130.0 138.2 136.3 149.3 241.0	104.1 110.3 110.7 119.6 132.3 150.5 170.8 135.9	103.9 107.1 105.5 107.4 107.6 100.4 99.5 94.5	71.2 164.6 182.2 209.9 362.9		136.4	133.6

¹ NOT AVAILABLE.
2 INCLUDED WITH "ALL OTHER." THE TOTAL NUMBERS OF FILIPINOS WERE AS FOLLOWS: 1940, 155; 1920, 49; 1910, 11.

Table 16.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE, 1950

					1960					number of leman	1950	
				URBAN				RURAL			1,50	
AGE: COLOR: AND SEX	TOTAL		URBANIZE	D AREAS	OTHER	URBAN		PLACES				
	TOTAL	TOTAL	CENTRAL CITIES	URBAN FRINGE	PLACES OF 10+000 OR MORE	PLACES OF 2:500 TO 10:000	TOTAL	0F 1:000 T0 2:500	OTHER RURAL	TOTAL	URBAN	RURAL
ALL CLASSES												
TOTAL, ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR	674 767 16 935 16 7097 16 380 16 286 16 233 15 650 15 714 15 175 14 252 14 123 13 662 10 823	338 457 8 550 8 318 8 301 7 976 7 879 7 617 7 172 6 740 6 750 6 750 6 703 6 466 4 941	108 208 2 963 2 889 2 913 2 732 2 697 2 652 2 553 2 194 2 193 2 194 2 223 2 080 2 063 1 493	10 133 334 308 338 328 318 305 301 261 263 243 243 262 250 218 146	121 500 2 708 2 639 2 535 2 470 2 509 2 419 2 485 2 2366 2 277 2 272 2 260 1 760	2 545 2 482 2 491 2 384 2 359 2 328 2 056 2 040 2 032	336 310 8 385 8 386 8 496 8 407 8 408 8 081 8 093 7 536 7 502 7 408 7 420 7 196 5 88	60 120 1 443 1 404 1 393 1 400 1 320 1 322 1 395 1 279 1 297 1 340 1 290 1 275 1 005	276 190 6 942 6 982 7 092 7 011 7 007 7 004 6 765 6 608 6 257 6 205 6 068 6 130 5 921 4 877	591 024 13 458 28 958 25 785 11 328 11 437 32 592 37 725 8 809	258 034 5 580 11 872 10 191 4 353 4 379 12 495 14 044	332 990 7 878 17 086 15 594 6 975 7 058 20 097 23 681 5 519
15 YEARS	11 103 10 990 11 123 9 229	5 049 5 029 5 208 5 105	1 504 1 531 1 570 1 406	162 149 138 102	1 826 1 792 1 894 2 449	1 557 1 557 1 606 1 148	6 054 5 961 5 915 4 124	1 044 1 029 1 058 731	5 010 4 932 4 857 3 393	8 641 16 197 15 802	3 162 6 080 7 206	5 479 10 117 8 596
19 YEARS	8 322 8 135 388 673	4 903 4 495 199 087	1 373 1 325 62 958	98 103 5 271	2 424 2 063 73 321	1 008 1 004 57 537	3 419 3 640 189 586	531 592 35 164	2 888 3 048 154 422	7 947 372 345	3 870 171 512	4 077 200 833
UNDER 5 YEARS	83 102 77 048 67 042 50 767 39 578 38 882 41 729 42 773 43 202 39 939 33 335 28 492 22 797 20 199 12 943 6 146 3 335	41 024 36 923 31 634 25 294 21 630 20 101 21 420 21 998 21 802 19 848 16 565 14 655 14 654 11 929 11 654 10 336 6 789 3 20 3 20	14 194 12 294 10 053 7 384 7 022 7 227 7 500 7 608 7 148 6 194 4 995 4 218 3 397 3 124 2 776 1 837 799 438	1 626 1 365 1 119 649 631 829 829 625 504 250 197 175 142 94	12 911 12 014 10 806 10 385 6 380 6 632 7 313 7 701 7 504 6 511 6 083 4 934 4 837 4 175 2 671 1 313	5 665 6 468	42 078 40 125 35 408 25 473 17 948 18 781 20 309 20 775 21 400 16 770 13 891 11 143 9 863 9 863 6 943 1 629	7 044 6 720 6 207 4 393 2 979 3 083 3 420 3 530 3 790 3 508 3 033 2 191 2 462 2 445 1 629 781 442	35 034 33 405 29 201 21 080 14 969 15 698 16 889 17 245 17 610 16 583 13 737 11 428 9 338 8 681 7 418 4 525 2 162 2 1 187	68 201 55 357 46 534 40 640 41 716 44 181 45 290 43 063 37 552 32 160 28 714 28 812 27 940 21 940 13 947 12 692 2 285	27 643 21 227 17 334 16 448 20 682 20 682 20 523 19 244 17 116 14 777 13 383 13 147 10 035 6 548 6 113	40 558 34 130 29 200 24 192 21 478 23 499 24 767 23 819 20 436 17 383 15 331 15 665 15 468 11 905 7 399 6 579
UNDER 18 YEARS 65 YEARS AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	260 408 65 420 27•6	124 867 33 688 28•2	41 146 8 974 27•2	4 559 457 22•4	41 243 13 691 29•7	37 919 10 566 28•4	135 541 31 732 26.9	23 102 7 759 29.4	112 439 23 973 26.4	194 930 50 864 29•9	75 446 23 800 31•3	119 484 27 064 28•6
MALE, ALL AGES. UNDER 1 YEAR. 1 YEAR. 2 YEARS 3 YEARS 4 YEARS 5 YEARS 6 YEARS 6 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 20 YEARS	343 743 8 532 8 395 8 319 8 334 8 166 7 987 7 792 7 651 7 241 7 241 7 241 7 241 7 241 7 241 7 255 5 558 4 577 5 558 4 564 4 064 199 142	166 970 4 349 4 194 4 130 4 018 4 023 3 937 3 864 5 879 5 365 5 365 5 379 5 381 5 176 2 512 2 530 2 437 2 4479 2 266 2 111 2 095 97 955	52 850 1 517 1 462 1 457 1 412 1 387 1 280 1 249 1 149 1 091 1 056 1 113 780 754 743 743 748 546 442 501	5 074 153 151 167 135 169 158 145 145 107 131 125 119 108 73 85 80 69 50 29 39 2 694	59 747 1 400 1 309 1 218 1 277 1 252 1 217 1 254 1 182 1 144 1 100 1 122 1 149 863 916 838 886 1 133 1 214 1 080 35 841	49 299 1 279 1 279 1 278 1 194 1 195 1 197 1 185 1 197 1 103 1 023 1 019 1 056 951 776 776 776 776 537 426 475 28 702	176 773 4 255 4 338 4 265 4 301 4 219 4 123 4 156 4 072 3 790 3 683 3 889 3 670 5 105 5 195 5 121 5 049 2 288 1 953 101 187	29 972 733 719 702 728 690 684 667 686 648 647 683 631 642 522 535 543 530 351 252 242	146 801 3 522 3 619 3 559 3 589 3 589 3 188 3 288 3 143 3 000 3 258 3 2660 2 578 2 519 1 937 1 701 83 763	309 423 6 754 14 657 13 131 5 895 5 786 16 624 19 305 4 491 4 437 8 193 7 903 3 879 198 368	129 648 2 766 5 971 5 071 2 284 2 170 6 286 7 029 1 611 1 546 2 907 3 023 1 698 87 286	179 775 3 988 8 686 8 060 3 611 3 616 10 338 12 276 2 880 2 891 5 286 4 880 2 181 111 082
UNDER 5 YEARS	42 184 39 037 33 899 25 429 19 636 19 428 21 241 21 794 21 795 20 670 17 735 15 079 11 575 10 644 6 821 3 069 1 537	20 714 18 581 15 802 11 823 10 334 10 014 10 719 9 843 8 457 7 224 5 724 5 724 5 464 4 950 3 277 1 444 716 62 543 15 851 28 1	7 235 6 134 5 029 3 233 3 043 3 524 3 719 3 852 3 537 3 086 2 519 2 110 1 601 1 472 1 320 881 367 188 20 643 4 228	775 697 556 313 256 396 419 360 334 212 129 104 92 79 52 17 10 2 262 250 23.8	6 456 6 5 328 4 987 5 289 5 289 5 2627 5 6627 5 664 2 982 2 223 1 916 2 2 223 1 916 2 479 6 146 2 8 8	6 248 6 695 5 695 5 4889 3 290 2 465 2 805 3 198 3 198 3 820 2 448 2 022 1 657 1 677 1 635 1 149 516 250	21 470 20 456 18 097 13 606 9 302 9 414 10 531 10 699 11 177 9 278 7 836 6 285 6 111 15 694 1 625, 821 69 388 17 795 27.9	3 595 3 375 3 125 2 211 1 350 1 539 1 687 1 797 1 806 1 818 1 539 1 247 1 006 1 189 1 262 832 392 202	17 875 17 081 14 972 11 395 7 952 7 875 8 844 8 902 9 371 9 009 7 739 6 589 5 279 4 922 2 712 1 23 619 57 685 13 918 27.6	34 542 28 305 23 796 20 533 21 355 22 732 23 032 22 347 20 196 17 376 15 245 15 530 15 901 12 574 7 839 6 946 1 174 99 273 28 533 30.7	13 808 10 740 8 640 7 476 9 906 10 599 10 225 9 667 8 873 7 552 6 737 6 693 6 543 5 357 7 3 329 3 016 487 37 641 12 189 31.8	20 734 17 565 15 156 13 057 11 449 12 133 12 807 12 680 11 323 9 824 8 508 8 837 9 358 7 217 4 510 3 930 687 61 632 16 344 29,9

28-24 Montana

Table 16.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE, 1950—Con.

T	1 				1960						1950	
	1			URBAN				RURAL				
AGE: COLOR: AND SEX	TOTAL	TOTAL	URBANIZE CENTRAL CITIES	D AREAS URBAN FRINGE	OTHER PLACES OF 10:000	PLACES OF	TOTAL	PLACES OF 1,000 TO	OTHER RURAL	TOTAL	URBAN	RURAL
			CITIES	PRINCE	OR MORE	10,000		2,500				
ALL CLASSESCON. FEMALE, ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR	331 024 8 331 8 172 8 402 8 061 7 952 8 067 7 663	171 487 4 201 4 124 4 171 3 958 3 856 3 888 3 705	55 358 1 446 1 427 1 456 1 320 1 310 1 287 1 270	5 059 181 157 171 193 147 156	1 308 1 330 1 341 1 258 1 218 1 292	49 317 1 266 1 210 1 203 1 187 1 179 1 162 1 114	159 537 4 130 4 048 4 231 4 103 4 096 4 179 3 958	30 148 710 685 691 691 672 714 636	129 389 3 420 3 363 3 540 3 412 3 424 3 425 3 322	281 601 6 704 14 301 } 12 654 5 433 5 651	128 386 2 814 5 901 5 120 2 069 2 209	153 215 3 890 8 400 7 534 3 364 3 442
7 YEARS	7 722 7 524 7 035 7 156 7 072 6 853 6 816 5 246	3 781 3 593 3 375 3 444 3 347 3 322 2 290 2 429	1 294 1 217 1 092 1 138 1 110 1 023 1 040 713	119 118 128 112 137 131 110	1 227 1 153 1 122 1 173 1 135 1 123 1 168	1 141 1 105 1 033 1 021 965 1 045 974 762	3 941 3 931 3 660 3 712 3 725 3 526 2 817	655 709 631 650 657 659 633 483	3 286 3 222 3 029 3 062 3 068 2 893 2 893 2 334	} 15 968 18 420 4 318	6 209 7 015 1 679	9 759 11 405 2 639
15 YEARS	5 378 5 432 5 595 4 675 4 258 4 083 189 531	2 519 2 592 2 729 2 839 2 792 2 400 101 132	750 788 822 860 931 824 32 240	77 69 69 52 69 64 2 577	910 954 1 008 1 316 1 210 983 37 480	782 781 830 611 582 529 28 835	2 859 2 840 2 866 1 836 1 466 1 683 88 399	509 486 528 380 279 350 17 740	2 350 2 354 2 338 1 456 1 187 1 333 70 659	4 204 8 004 7 899 4 068 173 977	1 616 3 173 4 183 2 172 84 226	2 588 4 831 3 716 1 896 89 751
UNDER 5 YEARS	40 918 38 011 33 143 25 338 19 942 19 454 20 488 20 979 21 246 19 560 13 413 11 449 11 222 9 555 6 122 3 077 1 798	20 310 18 342 15 832 13 471 11 296 10 087 10 710 10 903 11 023 10 005 8 108 7 358 6 205 6 190 5 386 3 512 1 759 990	6 959 6 160 5 024 4 151 5 979 5 703 5 781 5 756 5 611 5 108 2 476 2 108 1 796 1 652 1 456 432 250	858 6683 5753 5753 4019 2291 2291 2291 2391 2413 6423	6 455 5 959 5 478 5 398 4 065 7 091 7 339 7 991 7 840 7 823 7 101 2 257 2 614 2 259 1 476 7 769 427	6 045 5 555 4 767 5 586 2 877 2 860 3 189 3 122 3 130 2 828 2 247 2 028 1 744 1 841 1 608 1 038 5 357	20 608 19 669 17 311 11 867 8 646 9 367 9 778 10 076 10 223 9 264 7 492 6 055 5 244 5 032 4 169 2 610 1 318	3 449 3 345 2 182 2 182 1 629 1 544 1 733 1 783 1 784 1 216 1 185 1 273 1 185 1 273 2 389	17 159 16 324 14 229 9 685 7 017 7 823 8 045 8 343 8 239 7 574 5 998 4 839 4 059 3 759 2 986 1 813 929 568	33 659 27 052 22 738 20 107 20 361 21 449 22 258 20 716 17 356 14 784 13 469 13 282 12 039 9 366 6 108 5 746	13 835 10 487 8 694 8 972 10 352 10 083 10 298 9 577 8 243 7 225 6 646 6 454 5 929 4 678 3 219 3 097	19 824 16 565 14 044 11 135 10 029 11 366 11 960 11 139 9 113 7 559 6 828 6 110 4 688 2 889 2 649
UNDER 18 YEARS	128 477 31 774 27•1	62 324 17 837 28•2	20 503 4 746 26.9	2 297 207 21.5	20 764 7 545 30.6	18 760 5 339 28•2	66 153 13 937 25•9	11 399 3 882 29.5	54 754 10 055 25-2	95 657 22 331 28.9	37 805 11 611 30.9	57 852 10 720 27+2
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION TOTAL, ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 45 TO 49 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 59 YEARS 50 TO 69 YEARS 50 TO 69 YEARS 50 TO 69 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 80 TO 84 YEARS 80 TO 84 YEARS 81 YEARS 82 YEARS AND OVER	100.0 12.3 11.4 9.5 5.8 6.3 6.4 5.9 4.9 4.9 4.5 7.9	100.0 12.1 10.9 7.5 6.4 5.9 6.3 6.4 5.9 4.3 5.9 4.3 5.9	100.0 13.1 11.4 6.8 6.5 6.7 6.9 7.0 6.6 5.7 4.6 3.9 2.6 1.7	100.0 16.0 13.5 11.0 6.2 8.1 6.2 8.1 6.2 5.0 0.7 1.7 1.4	100.0 10.6 9.9 8.9 8.5 7.1 5.5 6.0 6.2 5.4 5.0 4.1 4.0 3.4 2.2	100-0 12-5 11-4 9-8 7-0 5-7 6-6 6-5 6-5 4-1 3-6 3-3-2 1-1	100-0 12-5 11-9 10-5 7-6 5-6 6-0 6-4 6-0 4-1 3-4 12-9 0-5	100.7 11.23 107.35 5.17 5.01 5.79 5.80 4.17 10.7	100-0 12-7 12-1 10-6 5-4 6-1 6-2 6-4 6-0 5-0 4-1 3-1 2-7 1-6 9-0 9-0 9-0 9-0 9-0 9-0 9-0 9-0 9-0 9-0	100.0 11.5 9.4 7.9 6.9 7.5 7.7 7.3 6.4 5.4 4.9 4.9 4.7 2.1	100.0 10.7 8.2 6.7 6.4 7.8 8.0 7.5 6.6 5.7 5.2 5.1 4.8 9.2 5.2	100-0 12-2 10-2 8-8 7-3 6-5 7-1 7-4 7-2 4-6 4-7 4-6 2-2 2-0
MALES PER 100 FEMALES TOTAL, ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 80 TO 84 YEARS.	103.8 103.1 102.7 102.5 100.4 98.5 99.9 103.7 103.9 103.3 107.3 113.7 112.4 104.9 103.1 111.4 111.4 111.4	97-4 102-0 101-3 99-8 87-8 91-5 100-0 101-8 98-4 104-3 98-4 92-2 88-3 91-9 3-2-1 72-3	95.5 104.0 99.6 100.1 77.9 76.5 95.2 98.4 102.6 98.0 99.3 101.7 100.1 89.1 90.7 92.2 85.0 75.2	100 - 3 91 - 1 104 - 3 93 - 2 68 - 3 91 - 5 104 - 5 106 - 2 114 - 8 139 - 5 106 - 6	96.8 100.0 101.6 97.3 92.4 112.4 106.4 98.6 93.0 101.4 96.2 91.8 85.0 84.8 81.0 70.7 62.8	100.0 103.4 102.5 91.7 85.7 98.1 102.8 104.3 102.2 99.7 108.9 99.7 101.7 95.0 91.1 101.7 110.7 94.7	110-8 104-2 104-0 104-5 107-5 107-7 106-2 107-7 116-9 123-8 119-9 121-6 135-8	99.4 104.2 100.9 101.4 101.3 82.7 97.3 103.7 91.0 107.6 103.0 102.5 84.9 93.4 106.7 104.4	113.5 104.2 104.6 105.2 117.7 113.3 100.7 109.9 106.7 113.7 118.9 129.0 129.0 130.1 130.9 148.4 149.6 132.7	109.9 102.6 104.6 104.7 102.1 104.9 106.0 103.5 107.9 116.4 117.5 113.2 116.9 132.1 134.3 128.3	101.0 99.8 102.4 99.4 83.3 95.9 105.9 107.6 104.5 101.4 103.7 110.4 114.5 103.4 97.4	117-3 104-6 106-0 107-9 117-3 114-2 106-7 107-1 113-8 124-3 130-0 124-7 153-2 153-2 156-1 148-4

Table 16.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE, 1950—Con.

								temales not	PHOMIT MITEL	number of fem		in 100]
		<u> </u>		URBAN	1960		<u> </u>	RURAL			1950	
AGE: COLOR: AND SEX			URBANIZE		OTHER	URBAN		PLACES				
	TOTAL	TOTAL	CENTRAL CITIES	URBAN FRINGE	PLACES OF 10:000 OR MORE		TOTAL	0F 1,000 T0 2,500	OTHER RURAL	TOTAL	URBAN	RURAL
WHITE												
TOTAL, ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR. 1 YEAR. 2 YEARS 3 YEARS 4 YEARS 5 YEARS 6 YEARS 6 YEARS 7 YEARS 8 YEARS 10 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 17 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 20 YEARS	650 738 15 936 15 847 15 869 15 563 15 471 15 408 14 933 15 012 14 488 13 575 13 587 13 575 13 530 10 351 10 596 10 664 8 836 7 949 7 764 378 663	334 088 8 367 8 176 8 150 7 858 7 771 7 700 7 514 7 059 6 653 6 663 6 665 6 665 6 665 6 615 6 615 6 615 6 615 6 625 6 645 6 64	106 674 2 874 2 826 2 851 2 692 2 640 2 617 2 520 2 329 2 157 2 163 2 200 2 057 2 037 1 479 1 480 1 508 1 544 1 383 1 348 1 296 62 154	10 036 331 304 336 323 316 301 299 257 261 231 242 259 249 214 146 162 148 157 100 98 100	120 251 2 666 2 615 2 5167 2 4471 2 443 2 350 2 252 2 252 2 224 1 779 1 879 2 431 2 345 3 646 1 779 2 441 1 779 2 441 1 779 2 441	97 127 2 496 2 431 2 447 2 346 2 352 2 264 2 159 2 006 1 996 2 065 1 895 1 539 1 539 1 534 1 537 1 584 1 131 983 56 773	316 650 7 569 7 671 7 740 7 700 7 700 7 463 7 493 7 493 6 961 6 922 6 900 6 915 6 720 5 459 5 619 5 594 5 520 3 791 3 118 3 340	57 156 1 335 1 291 1 296 1 295 1 303 1 294 1 222 1 305 1 193 1 193 1 167 1 205 947 1 205 980 973 1 008 680 490 549 33 868	259 494 6 234 6 380 6 444 6 410 6 437 6 124 5 768 5 768 5 633 5 757 4 621 4 639 4 621 4 512 2 791 147	} 24 624 10 781 10 933 } 31 056 } 35 870 } 8 368 8 244 15 440 } 15 185 7 656 363 414	255 765 5 531 11 741 10 095 4 298 4 334 12 378 13 858 3 264 3 139 6 020 7 145 3 837 170 125	316 273 7 254 15 941 14 529 6 483 6 599 18 678 22 012 5 104 5 105 9 420 8 040 3 819 193 289
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 70 TO 64 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 85 TO 79 YEARS. 85 TO 79 YEARS. 85 TO 84 YEARS. 85 YEARS AND OVER UNDER 18 YEARS. 85 YEARS AND OVER MEDIAN AGE.	78 707 73 7470 64 153 48 611 37 816 37 303 40 385 41 551 42 173 39 003 32 626 27 839 22 933 22 937 19 865 12 693 6 024 3 239 248 126 64 198 28.0	40 282 36 381 31 237 24 969 21 202 19 722 21, 161 21 704 21 609 19 666 16 411 14 478 11 856 6 739 3 182 1 692 12 993 3 3430 28-3	13 883 12 142 9 936 7 263 6 855 7 077 7 396 7 519 7 093 6 132 4 938 4 180 3 365 3 065 2 757 1 820 2 757 1 820 4 938 4 180 3 365 3 365 3 365 3 365 2 757 1 820 4 938 8 895 2 7 - 3	1 610 1 349 1 110 645 621 822 808 694 623 497 360 247 196 173 141 94 30 16	12 717 11 858 10 690 10 295 8 515 6 574 6 568 7 231 7 435 6 465 6 035 4 900 4 158 2 656 1 307 692 40 734 13 616 29 8	12 072 11 032 9 501 6 766 5 211 5 549 6 260 6 261 5 582 4 648 4 016 3 375 3 483 3 210 2 169 1 053 550 37 250 10 465 28 6	38 425 37 059 32 916 23 642 16 614 17 581 19 224 19 847 20 564 19 337 16 215 13 361 11 097 10 826 9 599 5 959 5 954 2 842 1 547 125 133 30 768 27 7	6 520 6 263 5 825 4 131 2 7906 2 3253 3 3 647 3 253 2 315 2 2 115 2 2 117 2 398 1 569 7 550 2 30.2	31 905 30 796 27 091 19 511 13 830 14 675 16 455 16 917 15 939 13 255 10 979 8 982 8 982 8 402 8 402 1 370 2 087 1 121 103 564 23 188 27.3	65 091 52 770 44 238 38 869 40 261 42 895 44 235 44 235 42 041 36 743 31 405 28 031 28 289 27 429 21 484 13 658 12 392 2 207 185 783 3 741 30.2	27 367 21 010 17 122 16 304 20 049 20 475 20 385 19 098 14 670 13 274 13 054 12 370 9 953 6 494 6 060 1 091 74 658 23 598 31.4	37 724 31 760 27 166 20 212 22 420 22 843 19 735 14 735 15 059 11 535 17 164 6 332 1 116 111 125 26 125
MALE, ALL AGES. UNDER 1 YEAR. 1 YEAR. 2 YEARS. 3 YEARS. 4 YEARS. 5 YEARS. 6 YEARS. 7 YEARS. 9 YEARS. 10 YEARS. 11 YEARS. 12 YEARS. 13 YEARS. 14 YEARS. 15 YEARS. 16 YEARS. 17 YEARS. 18 YEARS. 19 YEARS. 10 YEARS. 11 YEARS. 11 YEARS. 12 YEARS. 13 YEARS. 14 YEARS. 15 YEARS. 16 YEARS. 17 YEARS. 18 YEARS. 19 YEARS. 19 YEARS. 20 YEARS.	331 374 8 092 8 095 7 934 7 926 7 922 7 729 7 630 6 879 6 770 6 815 6 959 6 580 5 335 5 340 5 306 4 346 3 863 3 854 193 598	164 659 4 253 4 114 4 049 3 954 3 949 3 871 3 802 3 789 3 517 3 313 3 260 3 383 3 340 3 142 2 486 2 407 2 454 2 074 2 077 96 725	52 081 1 473 1 423 1 424 1 394 1 359 1 343 1 263 1 237 1 124 1 079 1 042 1 101 1 771 740 733 738 536 433 30 323	5 020 151 147 165 133 168 157 143 139 143 130 123 118 106 73 85 80 69 48 29 38 2 671	59 067 1 375 1 299 1 199 1 257 1 228 1 199 1 236 1 146 1 132 1 082 1 108 1 135 1 085 854 906 829 880 0 1 124 1 193 1 072 35 459	48 491 1 254 1 245 1 261 1 170 1 194 1 172 1 160 1 167 1 081 998 1 006 1 051 1 039 1 039 788 755 765 767 526 419 461 28 272	166 715 3 839 3 981 3 885 3 972 3 973 3 858 3 858 3 855 3 792 3 566 3 516 3 432 3 432 3 432 2 849 2 962 2 933 2 852 2 112 1 789 1 797 96 873	28 511 678 664 667 663 678 633 643 617 639 599 597 652 604 492 492 492 231 225 16 784	138 204 3 161 3 317 3 218 3 309 3 295 3 225 3 185 3 153 2 967 2 913 2 780 3 015 2 825 2 357 2 463 2 426 1 792 1 558 1 578 2 0 089	12 545 5 600 5 520 15 855 18 332 4 245 4 237 7 820	128 342 2 746 5 912 5 026 2 250 2 148 6 231 6 919 1 599 1 534 2 876 2 990 1 673 86 438	171 073 3 679 8 100 7 519 3 350 3 372 9 624 11 413 2 646 2 703 4 944 4 593 2 057 107 073
UNDER 5 YEARS	39 969 37 191 32 459 24 303 18 730 18 666 20 531 21 159 21 457 20 180 17 333 14 727 11 712 11 354 10 446 6 684 3 002 1 491 125 713 32 977 28.5	20 319 18 292 15 611 11 655 10 105 9 835 10 565 10 940 10 684 9 739 8 363 7 179 5 671 5 411 4 898 3 250 1 434 708 61 569 15 701 28.2	7 073 6 046 4 973 3 186 3 186 3 667 3 815 3 5050 2 484 2 093 1 584 1 450 873 365 186 20 303 4 181	764 686 550 311 251 358 333 272 209 128 103 91 10 2 234 248	6 358 5 982 5 264 4 932 4 498 3 233 3 257 3 584 3 637 3 253 2 952 2 341 2 206 1 905 1 186 265 20 219 6 102 288.9	6 124 5 578 4 824 3 232 2 794 5 169 3 169 2 780 2 417 2 006 1 643 1 608 1 139 2 47 18 813 5 170 28.8	19 650 18 899 16 848 12 648 8 625 8 831 9 966 10 219 10 7548 6 041 5 943 5 548 3 434 1 568 783 64 144 17 276 28.8	3 350 3 131 2 958 2 063 1 257 1 455 1 601 1 726 1 736 1 1505 1 208 968 1 168 1 168 1 168 1 169 376 199	16 300 15 768 3890 10 585 7 376 8 365 7 376 8 493 9 014 8 680 7 465 6 3073 4 751 2 625 1 192 4 311 2 693 1 93 1 3 487	32 982 26 975 22 577 19 640 20 577 22 070 22 495 21 805 19 731 16 975 14 879 15 590 12 309 7 661 6 771 1 138 94 591 27 879 31:1	13 684 10 629 8 518 7 400 9 791 10 482 10 136 9 579 8 783 7 497 6 673 6 673 6 6471 5 306 6 471 5 306 2 983 482 37 241 12 063 31.8	19 298 16 346 14 059 12 240 10 786 11 588 12 359 12 226 10 948 8 206 8 604 9 119 7 003 4 369 3 788 656 57 350 15 816 30.5

28-26 Montana

Table 16.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE, 1950—Con.

Fercent not shown where	,				1960						1950	
				URBAN				RURAL				
AGE: COLOR: AND SEX	TOTAL		URBANIZE	D AREAS	OTHER	URBAN		PLACES OF	OTHER	TOTAL	URBAN	RURAL
	TOTAL	TOTAL	CENTRAL CITIES	URBAN FRINGE	PLACES OF 10:000 OR MORE	PLACES OF 2:500 TO 10:000	TOTAL	1,000 T0 2,500	RURAL			
WHITECON.												
FEMALE, ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR	319 364 7 844 7 752 7 956 7 637	169 429 4 114 4 062 4 101 3 904	54 593 1 401 1 403 1 427 1 298	5 016 180 157 171 190	1 291 1 316 1 317 1 240	1 186 1 176	149 935 3 730 3 690 3 855 3 733	657 627 629 632	121 290 3 073 3 063 3 226 3 101	6 360 13 670 12 079	127 423 2 785 5 829 5 069	145 200 3 575 7 841 7 010
4 YEARS	7 549 7 679	3 782 3 829	1 281 1 274	148 144	1 272	1 139	3 767 3 850 3 635	625 661 606	3 142 3 189 3 029	5 181 5 413	2 048 2 186	3 133 3 227
6 YEARS	7 303 7 368 7 179	3 668 3 725 3 542	1 256 1 283 1 205	156 118 118	1 207	1 117	3 643 3 637	605 666	3 038 2 971	h l	6 147	9 054
9 YEARS	6 720 6 805 6 772 6 571	3 325 3 393 3 304 3 275	1 078 1 121 1 099 1 009	127 112 136 131	1 106 1 160 1 124 1 109	1 014 1 000 945 1 026	3 395 3 412 3 468 3 296 3 282	594 596 615 611 590	2 801 2 816 2 853 2 685 2 692	17 538	6 939	10 599
13 YEARS	6 530 5 016 5 148	3 248 2 406 2 491	1 026 708 740	108 73 77	874	751	2 610 2 657	455 481	2 155 2 176	4 123 4 007	1 665 1 605	2 458 2 402
16 YEARS	5 226 5 358	2 565 2 690	775 806	68 68	950 999	772 817	2 661 2 668	466 502 360	2 195 2 166 1 319	/	3 144 4 155	4 476 3 447
18 YEARS	4 490 4 086 3 910	2 811 2 757 2 367	847 915 810	52 69 62	1 202	571	1 679 1 329 1 543	259 324	1 070 1 219	3 926	2 164	1 762
21 YEARS AND OVER	184 465	100 070	31 831	2 551	37 187	28 501	84 395 18 775	17 084 3 170	67 311 15 605	169 903 32 109	83 687 13 683	86 216 18 426
UNDER 5 YEARS	38 738 36 249 31 694	19 963 18 089 15 626	6 810 6 096 4 963	846 663 560	5 876 5 426	5 454 4 677	18 160 16 068	3 132 2 867	15 028 13 201	25 795 21 661	10 381 8 604	15 414 13 057
15 TO 19 YEARS	24 308 19 086	13 314 11 097 9 887	4 083 3 894	334 370 430	4 017	2 816	10 994 7 989 8 750	2 068 1 527 1 451	8 926 6 462 7 299	19 229 19 684 20 825	8 904 10 258 9 993	10 325 9 426 10 832
25 TO 29 YEARS	18 637 19 854 20 392	9 887 10 596 10 764	3 611 3 729 3 704	393 336	3 311	3 163 3 077	9 258 9 628	1 652 1 666	7 606 7 962	20 236	10 249 9 519	11 491 10 717
40 TO 44 YEARS	20 736 18 823	10 925 9 927	3 585 3 082	290 225	3 958 3 818	2 802	9 811 8 896 7 245	1 908 1 637 1 455	7 903 7 259 5 790	14 430	8 206 7 173 6 601	8 806 7 257 6 551
50 TO 54 YEARS	15 293 13 112 11 221	8 048 7 299 6 165	2 454 2 087 1 781	151 119 93	3 083	2 010	5 813 5 056	1 174	4 639 3 909	13 049 11 839	6 418 5 899	6 631 5 940
65 TO 69 YEARS	11 023 9 419	6 140 5 368	1 642 1 450	82 63	2 597 2 253	1 819	4 883 4 051	1 249 1 161	3 634 2 890 1 745	5 997	4 647 3 202 3 077	4 528 2 795 2 544
75 TO 79 YEARS	6 009 3 022 1 748	3 489 1 748 984	947 427 248	42 13 6	767	541	2 520 1 274 764	775 379 227	895 537		609	460
UNDER 18 YEARS 65 YEARS AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	122 413 31 221 27.6	61 424 17 729 28•4	20 190 4 714 27•0	2 282 206 21.4	20 515 7 514	18 437 5 295	60 989 13 492 26•7	10 618 3 791 30.3	50 371 9 701 26.0	21 862	37 417 11 535 30.9	53 775 10 327 27•7
NONWHITE												
TOTAL + ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR	24 029 999	4 369 183	1 534	97			19 660 816	2 964 108	16 696 708		2 269 49	16 717 624
1 YEAR	857 907	142 151	63 62	4 2	43	44	715 756	113	602 648	5	131	1 145
3 YEARS	817 815 825	118 148 125	40 57 35	5 2 4	47	42	699 667 700	98 97 110	601 570 590	}	55	492
6 YEARS	717 702	103	31 23	2	32	44	618 599		547 499	l)	117	1 419
8 YEARS	687 677 677	113 102 97	26 31	2 4 1	28	44	574 575 580	90 86 104	484 489 476	K I		
11 YEARS	595 593	87 88	23 23	3 1 4	28	36	508 505 476	73 75	435 430 404	16	186	1 669
13 YEARS	552 472 507	76 49 72	26 14 24	• • • •	16	19	423 435	72 58 64	365 371	397	26 23	415 374
16 YEARS	424 459	57 64	23 26	1 1 2	13 15	20	367 395 333	56 50 51	311 345 282	Į/	60	697 556
18 YEARS	393 373 371	60 72 71	23 25 29		29	18 21	301 300	41	260 257	15	33	258
21 YEARS AND OVER	10 610 4 395	2 292 742	804 311	49 16	675	764	8 318 3 653	1 296 524	7 022 3 129		1 387	7 544 2 834
UNDER 5 YEARS	3 608 2 889	542 397	152 117	16 9	156 116	218 155	3 066 2 492	457 382	2 609 2 110	2 587 2 296	217 212	2 370 2 084
15 TO 19 YEARS	2 156 1 762 1 579	325 428 379	121 167 150	10 7	120	131	1 831 1 334 1 200	262 195 177	1 569 1 139 1 023	1 455	144 189 207	1 627 1 266 1 079
30 TO 34 YEARS	1 344	259 294	104 89	12 5	64	79	1 085 928	167 138	918 790	1 055	138 146	917 876
40 TO 44 YEARS	1 029 936 709	193 182 154	55 62 57	2 5 4	49	66	836 754 555	143 110 73	693 644 482	755	127 107 109	682 648 574
50 TO 54 YEARS	653 525	123	38 32	3	48	34	530 432	81	449 356	523	93 102	430 409
65 TO 69 YEARS	420 334	103 70	32 19	2 1	34 17	35 33	317 264	45 47	272 217	456 289	82 54 53	374 235 247
75 TO 79 YEARS	250 122 96	50 21 14	17 7 4	• • •		8	200 101 82	26	155 75 66	V	13	65
UNDER 18 YEARS 65 YEARS AND OVER	12 282 1 222	1 874 258		43 3	509	669		1 533	8 875 785			8 359 921
MEDIAN AGE	17.6			•••					16.6			

Table 16.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE, 1950—Con.

					1960					number of fema	1950	
				URBAN				RURAL				
AGE: COLOR: AND SEX	TOTAL		URBANIZE	D AREAS	OTHER	URBAN		PLACES OF	OTHER	TOTAL	URBAN	RURAL
		TOTAL	CENTRAL CITIES	URBAN FRINGE	PLACES OF 10:000 OR MORE	PLACES OF 2:500 TO 10:000	TOTAL	1,000 TO 2,500	RURAL	1012	CHOAN	
NONWHITECON.												
MALE: ALL AGES: UNDER 1 YEAR	12 369 512 437	2 311 96 80	769. 44 39	54 2 4	680 25 10	808 25 27	10 058 416 357	1 461 55 55	8 597 361 302	10 008 329 } 645	1 306 20 59	8 702 309 586
2 YEARS	461 393 412	81 64 74	18 28	2 1 1	19 20 24	27 24 21	.380 329 338	46 39	334 290 288	586	45	541
5 YEARS	437 357	66 62	28. 22 17	1 2 3	24 18 18	25 25	371 295	50 57 41	314 254	295 266	34 22	261 244
7 YEARS	348 342 362	47 62 52	12 25 12	3 2 3	12 13 12	20 22 25	301 280 310	50 47 49	251 233 261	769	55	714
10 YEARS	326 295	46 44	14	1	18 14	13	280 251	50 31	230 220	973	110	863
12 YEARS	311 266	41 34	9 12	2 1 2	14	17 11	270 232	27 29	243 203	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		.7"
14 YEARS	242 277 218	26 44 30	9 14 10	•••	10 9	8 20 11	216 233 188	30 36 36	186 197 152	246 200 373	12 12 31	234 188 342
17 YEARS	222 208	25 32	10 10	2	6 9	9 11	197 176	24 31	173 145	320	33	287
19 YEARS	201 198 5 544	37 38 1 230	9 15 395	1 23	21 8 382	7 14 430	164 160 4 314	21 17 640	143 143 3 674	149 4 857	25 848	124 4 009
UNDER 5 YEARS	2 215	395	162	11	98	124 117	1 820	245 244	1 575 1 313	1 560 1 330	124 111	1 436 1 219
5 TO 9 YEARS	1 846 1 440 1 126	289 191 168	88 56 53	11 6 2	73 64 55	65 58	1 557 1 249 958	167 148	1 082 810	1 219 893	122 76	1 097
20 TO 24 YEARS	906 762	229 179	82 58	5 4	72	70 61	677 583	93 84	584 499	778 662	115 117	663 545
30 TO 34 YEARS	710 635 519	145 155 95	52 37 29	4 2 1	56 36 43 36 27	53 73 29	565 480 424	86 71 67	479 409 357	537 542 465	89 88 90	448 454 37 5
45 TO 49 YEARS	490	104	36 35 17	i	27	40 31	386 308	57 34	329 274	401 366	55 64	346 302
55 TO 59 YEARS	352 297	64 53	17	1 1	25 30 21	16 14	288 244	39 38	249 206	290 311	57 72	233 239
65 TO 69 YEARS	221 198 137	53 52 27	22 13 8	.1	17 11 9	13 27 10	168 146 110	21 25 23	147 121 87	265 178 175	51 37 33	214 141 142
80 TO 84 YEARS	67 46	10	2 2		3	3	57 38	16	41 35	J	5	31
UNDER 18 YEARS	6 218 669 18.0	974 150 22•5	340 47 21•6	28 2	260 44 23•5	57	5 244 519 17•1	752 88 17•5	4 492 431 17.0	4 682 654 20•0	400 126 29•5	4 282 528 18•7
FEMALE, ALL AGES	11 660	2 058	765	43	569	681	9 602	1 503	8 099	8 978	963	8 015
UNDER 1 YEAR	487 420 446	87 62 70	45 24 29	1	17 14 24	24 24 17	400 358 376	53 58 62	347 300 314		29 72	315 559
3 YEARS	424 403	54 74	22 29	3 1	18 23 20	11 21	370 329	59 47	311 282	} 575	51	524
5 YEARS	388 360	59 37	13 14		15	23	329 323	53 30	276 293	252 238	21 23	231 215
7 YEARS	354 345 315	56 51 50	11 12 14	1 ••• 1	20 12 16	24 27 19	298. 294 265	50 43 37	248 251 228	767	62	705
10 YEARS	351 300 282	51 43 47	17 11 14	1	13 11 14	21 20 19	300 257 235	54 42 48	246 215 187	882	76	806
13 YEARS	286 230 230	42 23 28	14 5 10	.2	7 7 5	19 11 13	244 207 202	43 28 28	201 179 174	195 197	14 11	181 186
16 YEARS	206	27 39	13 16	1	9	9 13	179 198	20 26	159 172	384	29	355
18 YEARS	185 172	28 35	13 16	•••	9	6 11 7	157 137 140	20 20 26	137 117 114	l)	28	269 134
20 YEARS	5 066	1 062	14 409	2 26	l	334	4 004	656	3 348	4 074	539	3 535
UNDER 5 YEARS	2 180 1 762	347 253 206	149 64 61	5 5 3	96 83 52	97 101 90	1 833 1 509 1 243	279 213 215	1 554 1 296 1 028	1 550 1 257 1 077	152 106 90	1 398 1 151 987
10 TO 14 YEARS	1 449 1 030 856	157 199	68 85	2	35 48	52 61	873 657	114	759 555	878 677	68 74	810 603
25 TO 29 YEARS	817 634	200	92 52	3 8	50 28	26	617 520	93 81	524 439	624 518	90 49	534 469
35 TO 39 YEARS	587 510	139 98 78	52 26 26	3 1 4	39 33 22	45 38 26	448 412 3 68	67 76 53	381 336 315	480 344 354	58 37 52	422 307 302
45 TO 49 YEARS	446 307 301	60 59	22 22 21	1 2	21 18	16 18	247 242	39 42	208 200	317 233	45 36	272 197
60 TO 64 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS	228 199	40 50	15 10	1	13 17	12 22	188 149	38 24	150 125	200 191	30 31	170 160
70 TO 74 YEARS	136 113 55	18 23 11	6 9 5	•••	6 6 2	6 8 4	118 90 44	22 22 10	96 68 34	}	17 20	94 105
80 TO 84 YEARS 85 YEARS AND OVER	50	6	2	•••	•••	4	44	13	31	42	8	34
UNDER 18 YEARS 65 YEARS AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	6 064 553 17•1	900 108 21.7	313 32 22.4	15	249 31 21.9	323 44 20•0	5 164 445 16•2	781 91 17•0	4 383 354 16.1	4 465 469 18•4	388 76 24•4	4 077 393 17•9

28-28 Montana

Table 17.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE: 1890 TO 1960

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent and median not shown where base is less than 100]

											PERCE	NT DIS	TRIBUT	ION		
AGE + COLOR + AND SEX	1010	1050	1940	POPULAT 1930	1920	1910	1900	1890 ¹	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	18901
	1960	1950	1940	1750												
ALL CLASSES											100.0		100.0	100.0	100.0	100•0
TOTAL UNDER 5 YEARS	674 767 83 102 77 048 67 042 50 767 39 578 38 882 41 729 42 773 43 202	591 024 68 201 55 357 46 534 40 640 41 716 44 181 45 290 43 063 37 552	559 456 48 581 45 213 48 101 51 136 51 278 47 028 41 152 36 361 32 816	537 606 49 263 53 992 56 396 50 135 43 753 38 195 35 476 40 559 42 127	548 889 67 372 60 074 51 327 42 028 40 485 49 451 52 426 47 448 35 382	376 053 38 323 34 179 29 686 29 864 43 147 44 264 36 701 30 976 25 133	243 329 26 979 24 754 17 360 24 009 26 945 26 466 24 323 17 366	132 159 13 266 11 082 8 394 8 248 16 502 20 202 17 203 11 465 7 790	100.0 12.3 11.4 9.9 7.5 5.9 5.8 6.2 6.3 6.4	100.0 11.5 9.4 7.9 6.9 7.1 7.5 7.7 7.3 6.4	8.7 8.1 8.6 9.1 9.2 8.4 7.4 6.5	9.2 10.0 10.5 9.3 8.1 7.1 6.6 7.5 7.8	12.3 10.9 9.4 7.7 7.4 9.0 9.6 8.6	10.2 9.1 7.9 7.9 11.5 11.8 9.8 8.2 6.7	11 · 1 10 · 2 8 · 0 7 · 1 9 · 9 11 · 1 10 · 9 10 · 0 7 · 1	10.0 8.4 6.4 6.2 12.5 15.3 13.0 8.7
45 TO 49 YEARS	39 939 33 335 28 492 23 458 22 797 20 199 22 424	32 160 28 714 28 812 27 940 21 940 13 947 14 977 	35 399 36 116 28 788 21 230 15 356 10 410 10 491 	35 634 27 834 20 625 16 580 12 323 7 911 6 466 337 27.0	28 882 23 884 18 191 13 194 8 291 4 406 4 111 1 937 26.2	20 567 15 582 9 207 6 468 4 238 2 554 2 293 2 871 26.3	11 856 8 142 5 552 4 090 2 482 1 308 1 055 1 246	6 448 4 431 2 646 1 585 823 439 305 1 330 27.0	992540B	5.4 4.9 4.9 4.7 3.7 2.4 2.5	6.3 6.5 5.1 3.8 2.7 1.9	6.6 5.2 3.8 3.1 2.3 1.5 1.2 0.1	5.3 4.4 5.3 2.4 1.5 0.8 0.7	5.5 4.1 2.4 1.7 1.1 0.7 0.6 0.8	4.9 3.3 2.3 1.7 1.0 0.5 0.4	4.9 3.4 2.0 1.2 0.6 0.3 0.2 1.0
MALE UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS	343 743 42 184 39 037 33 899 25 499 19 636 19 428 21 241 21 794 21 956	309 423 34 542 28 305 23 796 20 533 21 355 22 732 23 032 22 347 20 196	299 009 24 618 23 037 24 530 26 168 26 329 24 634 22 087 19 394 17 378	293 228 25 154 27 541 28 623 25 540 23 211 20 155 18 831 22 137 24 479	299 941 33 824 30 531 26 095 21 058 19 858 26 056 29 542 28 147 20 970	226 872 19 409 17 200 15 043 15 939 27 140 28 966 23 768 19 916 16 359	149 842 13 648 12 470 9 754 9 434 14 86 17 473 17 798 16 848 12 354	87 882 6 723 5 563 4 256 4 386 11 215 14 808 12 944 8 634 5 743	100.0 12.3 11.4 97.4 5.7 5.7 6.3 6.4	100.0 11.2 9.1 7.7 6.6 7.3 7.4 7.5	100.0 8.27.7 8.28 8.8 8.27.5 5.8	100.0 8.6 9.4 9.8 8.7 7.9 6.9 6.4 7.5 8.3	100.0 11.3 10.2 8.7 7.0 6.6 8.7 9.8 9.4 7.0	100.0 8.6 7.6 6.6 7.0 12.0 12.8 10.5 8.8 7.2	100.0 9.1 8.3 6.5 6.3 9.9 11.7 11.9 11.2 8.2	100.0 7.7 6.3 4.8 5.0 12.8 16.8 14.7 9.8 6.5
45 TO 49 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 60 TO 64 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 75 AND OVER NOT REPORTED MEDIAN AGE	20 670 17 735 15 079 12 009 11 575 10 644 11 427 	17 376 15 245 15 530 15 901 12 574 7 839 8 120	19 194 20 908 17 188 12 575 8 776 6 121 6 072	21 437 16 859 12 346 10 208 7 669 4 946 3 878 214 29•1	17 277 14 823 11 385 8 455 5 204 2 727 2 523 1 466 28.4	13 668 10 679 6 187 4 236 2 704 1 627 1 445 2 586 28.0	8 521 5 744 3 883 2 836 1 685 824 593 1 081 29•1	4 938 3 391 2 005 1 126 570 292 182 1 106 28.8	6.0 5.2 4.4 3.5 3.4 3.1 3.3	6001156 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.4 7.0 5.7 4.9 2.0 2.0	7.3 5.7 4.2 3.5 2.6 1.7 1.3 0.1	5.8 4.9 3.8 2.8 1.7 0.9 0.8 0.5	6.0 4.7 2.7 1.9 1.2 0.7 0.6 1.1	5.7 3.8 2.6 1.9 1.1 0.5 0.4 0.7	5.6 3.9 2.3 1.3 0.6 0.3 0.2 1.3
FEMALE UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 35 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS	331 024 40 918 38 011 33 143 25 338 19 942 19 454 20 488 20 979 21 246	281 601 33 659 27 052 22 738 20 107 20 361 21 449 22 258 20 716 17 356	260 447 23 963 22 176 23 571 24 968 24 949 22 394 19 065 16 967 15 438	244 378 24 109 26 451 27 773 24 595 20 542 18 645 18 422 17 648	248 948 33 548 29 543 25 232 20 970 20 627 23 395 22 884 19 301 14 412	149 181 18 914 16 979 14 643 13 925 16 007 15 298 12 933 11 060 8 774	93 487 13 331 12 284 9 643 7 926 9 172 8 668 7 475 5 012	44 277 6 543 5 519 4 138 3 862 5 287 5 394 4 259 2 831 2 047	100.0 12.4 11.5 10.0 7.7 6.0 5.9 6.2 6.3	100.0 9.6 8.1 7.1 7.2 7.6 7.9 7.4 6.2	100.0 9.5 9.1 9.6 9.6 7.5 6.5 5	100.0 9.8 10.4 10.4 7.4 6.8 7.52	100.0 13.5 11.9 10.1 8.4 8.7 9.4 9.2 7.8 5.8	100.0 12.7 11.4 9.8 9.3 10.7 10.3 8.7 7.4	100.0 14.3 13.1 10.3 9.7 10.3 8.0 8.0	100-0 14-8 12-5 9-3 8-7 11-9 12-2 9-6 6-4 4-6
45 TO 49 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 60 TO 64 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 75 AND OVER NOT REPORTED MEDIAN AGE	19 269 15 600 13 413 11 449 11 222 9 555 10 997 	14 784 13 469 13 282 12 039 9 366 6 108 6 857	16 205 15 208 11 600 8 655 6 580 4 289 4 419 	14 197 10 975 8 279 6 372 4 654 2 965 2 588 123 24.7	11 605 9 061 6 806 4 739 3 087 1 679 1 588 471 23.6	6 899 4 903 3 020 2 232 1 534 927 848 285 23-1	3 335 2 398 1 669 1 254 797 484 462 164 21•9	1 510 1 040 641 459 253 147 123 224 21.9	5.8 4.7 4.1 3.5 3.4 2.9 3.3	5.2 4.8 4.7 4.3 3.3 2.2 2.4	6.2 5.8 4.5 3.3 2.5 1.6 1.7	5.8 4.5 3.46 1.9 1.11	4.7 3.6 2.7 1.9 1.2 0.7 0.0	4.63 2.55 1.06 0.66 0.02	5.66859 1.09552 1.0000	3.4 2.3 1.4 1.0 0.6 0.3 0.3
WHITE					The annual pages 1700											
TOTAL	650 738 78 707 73 440 64 153 48 611 37 816 37 303 40 385 41 551 42 173	572 038 65 071 52 770 44 238 38 869 40 261 42 895 44 235 42 041 36 743	540 468 45 883 42 711 45 940 49 592 45 686 40 105 35 399 31 866	519 898 46 852 51 720 54 422 48 507 42 783 37 039 34 443 39 553 41 212	534 260 65 499 50 016 40 893 39 370 48 482 51 475 46 373 34 419	360 580 36 754 32 701 28 378 28 687 41 806 42 867 35 402 29 780 24 100	226 283 25 292 23 210 18 088 15 806 22 148 25 407 25 003 22 964 16 151	10 903 8 249 7 989 15 946 19 438 16 514 10 895	12 · 1 11 · 3 9 · 9 7 · 5 5 · 8 5 · 7 6 · 2 6 · 4		8.5 7.9 8.5 9.1 9.2 8.5 7.4	100.0 9.0 9.9 10.5 9.3 8.2 7.1 6.6 7.6	100.0 12.3 10.9 9.4 7.7 7.4 9.1 9.6 8.7	100.0 10.2 9.1 7.9 8.0 11.6 11.9 9.8 8.3 6.7	100.0 11.2 10.3 8.0 7.0 9.8 11.2 11.0 10.1	100+0 10+3 8+5 6+5 12+5 15+3 15+0 8+6 5+7
45 TO 49 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 60 TO 64 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 75 AND OVER NOT REPORTED MEDIAN AGE	39 003 32 626 27 839 22 933 22 377 19 865 21 956 	31 405 28 031 28 289 27 429 21 484 13 658 14 599 	34 628 35 397 28 191 20 760 14 889 10 143 10 143	34 794 27 079 19 984 16 050 11 884 7 618 6 066 292 27•1	27 999 23 153 17 579 12 686 7 908 4 158 3 847 1 903 26.2	19 676 14 806 8 575 5 930 3 948 2 356 2 080 2 734 26.2	10 880 7 341 5 028 3 687 2 275 1 119 847 1 037 26•6	1 533 802 430 296 1 014	5.0 4.3 3.5 3.4 3.1	4.9 4.9 4.8 3.8 2.4	5.2 3.8 2.8 1.9	6.7 5.2 3.8 3.1 2.3 1.5 1.2 0.1	5.2 4.3 3.3 2.4 1.5 0.8 0.7 0.4	5.5 4.1 2.4 1.6 1.1 0.7 0.6 0.8	4.8 3.2 2.2 1.6 1.0 0.5 0.4	2.0 1.2 0.6 0.3
MALE UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS	331 374 39 969 37 191 32 459 24 303 18 730 18 666 20 531 21 159 21 437	299 415 32 982 26 975 22 577 19 640 20 577 22 070 22 495 21 805 19 731	288 975 23 273 21 830 23 438 25 146 25 427 23 908 21 515 18 865 16 880	283 559 23 925 26 407 27 614 24 696 22 413 19 520 18 287 21 596 23 888	32 855 29 719 25 421 20 477 19 235 25 523 28 939 27 468	217 620 18 625 16 469 14 353 15 322 26 270 28 003 22 901 19 132 15 685	139 139 12 765 11 720 9 076 8 385 13 563 16 370 16 770 15 899 11 533	6 644 5 480 4 173 4 203 10 761 14 152 12 335 8 133	12.1 11.2 9.8 7.3 5.7 5.6 6.2	9.0 7.5 6.6 6.9 7.4 7.5 7.3	8.1 7.6 8.1 8.7 8.8 8.3 7.4	9.7 8.7 7.9 6.9 6.4 7.6	8.7 7.0 6.6 8.8 9.9	100-0 8-6 7-6 6-6 7-0 12-1 12-9 10-5 8-8 7-2	9.2 8.4 6.5 6.0 9.7 11.8 12.1	7.9 6.5 5.0 5.0 12.8 16.9 14.7 9.7

¹ FIGURES EXCLUDE ALL PERSONS RESIDING ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

Table 17.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE: 1890 TO 1960—Con.

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent and median not shown where base is less than 100]

AGE, COLOR:				POPULAT	ION						PERCE	NT DIS	TRIBUT	ION		
AND SEX	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	1890 ¹	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	1890 ¹
WHITECON.																
MALECON. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. NOT REPORTED. MEDIAN AGE	20 180 17 333 14 727 11 712 11 354 10 446 11 177 28.5	16 975 14 879 15 240 15 599 12 309 7 661 7 909	18 760 20 448 16 823 12 291 8 523 5 953 5 895 	20 924 16 391 11 962 9 896 7 395 4 772 3 681 192 29•3	16 715 14 344 10 984 8 151 4 975 2 581 2 402 1 446 28•4	13 069 10 168 5 787 3 918 2 554 1 530 1 369 2 465 28.0	7 890 5 232 3 552 2 630 1 583 747 542 882 29•2	4 628 3 212 1 934 1 083 557 287 178 862 28•6	6.1 5.2 4.4 5.5 5.4 3.2 5.4	5.7 5.0 5.1 5.2 4.1 2.6 2.6	6.5 7.1 5.8 4.3 2.9 2.1 2.0	7.4 5.8 4.2 3.5 2.6 1.7 1.3 0.1	5.7 4.9 3.8 2.8 1.7 0.9 0.8 0.5	6.0 4.7 2.7 1.8 1.2 0.7 0.6 1.1	5.7 3.8 2.6 1.9 1.1 0.5 0.4	5.5 3.8 2.3 1.7 0.7 0.2 1.0
FEMALE UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS	319 364 38 738 36 249 31 694 24 308 19 086 18 637 19 854 20 392 20 736	272 623 32 109 25 795 21 661 19 229 19 684 20 825 21 740 20 236 17 012	251 493 22 610 20 881 22 502 23 989 24 165 21 778 18 590 16 534 14 986	236 339 22 927 25 313 26 808 23 811 19 970 17 519 16 156 17 957 17 324	242 668 32 645 28 780 24 595 20 416 20 135 22 536 18 905 14 062	142 960 18 29 16 232 14 025 13 365 15 536 14 864 12 501 10 648 8 415	87 144 12 527 11 490 9 012 7 421 8 585 9 033 7 065 4 618	43 373 6 460 5 423 4 076 3 786 5 185 5 286 4 179 2 762 1 976	100.0 12.1 11.4 9.9 7.6 5.8 6.2 6.4 6.5	100.0 11.8 9.5 7.9 7.1 7.2 7.6 8.0 7.4 6.2	100.0 9.0 8.3 8.9 9.5 9.6 8.7 7.4 6.6	100.0 9.7 10.7 11.3 10.1 8.4 7.4 6.8 7.6	100.0 13.5 11.9 10.1 8.4 8.3 9.5 9.5 7.8 5.8	100.0 12.7 11.4 9.8 9.3 10.9 10.4 8.7 7.4 5.9	100.0 14.4 13.2 10.3 8.5 9.9 10.4 9.4 8.1 5.3	100.0 14.9 12.5 9.4 8.7 12.0 12.2 9.6 6.4 4.6
45 TO 49 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS NOT REPORTED MEDIAN AGE	18 823 15 293 13 112 11 221 11 023 9 419 10 779 27.6	14 430 13 152 13 049 11 839 9 175 5 997 6 690	15 868 14 949 11 368 8 469 6 366 4 190 4 248 27.7	13 870 10 688 8 022 6 154 4 489 2 846 2 385 100 24.8	11 284 8 809 6 595 4 535 2 933 1 577 1 445 457 23.6	6 607 4 638 2 788 2 012 1 394 826 711 269 23•1	2 990 2 109 1 476 1 057 692 372 305 155 21.8	1 481 1 018 633 450 245 143 118 152 21•8	5.9 4.81 3.5 3.5 2.9 3.4	5.3 4.8 4.8 4.3 3.4 2.2 2.5	6.3 5.4 5.4 5.7 1.7 1.7	5.9 4.5 3.4 2.6 9 1.2 1.0	4.6 3.6 2.7 1.9 1.2 0.6 0.2	4.6 3.2 2.0 1.4 1.0 0.6 0.5 0.2	3.4	3.4 2.3 1.5 1.0 0.6 0.3 0.3
NONWHITE																
TOTAL UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS . 20 TO 24 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS	24 029 4 395 3 608 2 889 2 156 1 762 1 579 1 344 1 222 1 029	18 986 3 110 2 587 2 296 1 771 1 455 1 286 1 055 1 022 809	18 988 2 698 2 502 2 161 2 001 1 686 1 342 1 047 962 950	17 708 2 411 2 272 1 974 1 628 1 370 1 156 1 033 1 006 915	14 629 1 872 1 575 1 311 1 135 1 115 969 951 1 075 963	15 473 1 569 1 478 1 308 1 177 1 341 1 397 1 299 1 196 1 033	17 046 1 687 1 544 1 309 1 554 1 861 1 538 1 463 1 359 1 215	4 888 162 179 145 259 556 764 689 570	100.0 18.3 15.0 12.0 9.0 7.3 6.6 5.6 5.1	100.0 16.4 13.6 12.1 9.3 7.7 6.8 5.6 5.4	100.0 14.2 13.2 11.4 10.5 8.9 7.1 5.5 5.1	100.0 13.6 12.8 11.1 9.2 7.7 6.5 5.8 5.7	100.0 12.8 10.8 9.0 7.8 7.6 6.6 6.5 7.3 6.6	100.0 10.1 9.6 8.5 7.6 8.7 9.0 8.4 7.7 6.7	100.0 9.9 9.1 7.7 9.1 10.9 9.6 8.0 7.1	100.0 3.3 3.7 3.0 5.3 11.4 15.6 14.1 11.7
45 TO 49 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 60 TO 64 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 75 AND OVER NOT REPORTED MEDIAN AGE	936 709 653 525 420 334 468	755 683 523 511 456 289 378	771 719 597 470 467 267 348	840 755 641 530 439 293 400 45 22.0	883 731 612 508 383 248 264 34 26.5	891 776 632 538 290 198 213 137	976 801 524 403 207 189 208 208 208	339 201 79 52 21 9 9 9	3.9 3.0 2.7 2.2 1.7 1.4 1.9	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.7 2.4 1.5 2.0	4.1 3.8 3.1 2.5 2.5 1.4 1.8	4.7 4.3 3.6 3.0 2.5 1.7 2.3	6.0 5.0 4.2 3.5 2.6 1.7 1.8 0.2	5.8 5.0 4.1 3.5 1.9 1.3 1.4	5.7 4.7 3.1 2.4 1.2 1.1	0.2
MALE UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 35 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS	12 369 2 215 1 846 1 440 1 126 906 762 710 635 519	10 008 1 560 1 330 1 219 893 778 662 537 542 465	10 034 1 345 1 207 1 092 1 022 902 726 572 529 498	9 669 1 229 1 134 1 009 844 798 635 544 541	8 349 969 812 674 581 623 533 603 679 613	9 252 784 731 690 617 870 963 867 784 674	10 703 883 750 678 1 049 1 333 1 103 1 028 949 821	3 984 79 83 83 183 454 656 609 501 467	100.0 17.9 14.9 11.6 9.1 7.3 6.2 5.7 5.1	15.6 13.3	13.4 12.0 10.9	100.0 12.7 11.7 10.4 8.7 8.3 6.6 5.6 5.6	100.0 11.6 9.7 8.1 7.0 7.5 6.4 7.2 8.1 7.3	100.0 8.5 7.9 7.5 6.7 9.4 10.4 9.4 8.5 7.3	100.0 8.3 7.0 6.3 9.8 12.5 10.3 9.6 8.9 7.7	2.0 2.1 2.1 4.6 11.4 16.5
45 TO 49 YEARS. • 50 TO 54 YEARS. • 55 TO 59 YEARS. • 65 TO 69 YEARS. • 70 TO 74 YEARS. • 75 AND OVER • • NOT REPORTED. • MEDIAN AGE. • •	490 402 352 297 221 198 250	401 366 290 311 265 178 211	434 460 365 284 253 168 177	513 468 384 312 274 174 197 22	562 479 401 304 229 146 121 20 29•7	599 511 400 318 150 97 76 121 29•5	631 512 331 206 102 77 51 199 27•5		1.6	3.7 2.9 3.1 2.6 1.8 2.1	4.3 4.6 3.6 2.8 2.5 1.7 1.8	5.3 4.8 4.0 3.2 2.8 1.8 2.0 0.2	6.7 5.7 4.8 3.6 2.7 1.7 1.4	6.5 5.5 4.3 3.4 1.6 1.0 0.8 1.3	5.9 4.8 3.1 1.9 1.0 0.7 0.5 1.9	1.8 1.1 0.3 0.1
FEMALE UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 15 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 35 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS	11 660 2 180 1 762 1 449 1 030 856 817 634 587	8 978 1 550 1 257 1 077 878 677 624 518 480 344	8 954 1 353 1 295 1 069 979 784 616 475 433	8 039 1 182 1 138 965 784 572 521 489 465 324	6 280 903 763 637 554 492 436 348 396	6 221 785 747 618 560 471 434 432 412 359	6 343 804 794 631 505 528 435 435 410		18.7 15.1 12.4 8.8 7.3 7.0 5.4	14.0 12.0 9.8 7.5 7.0 5.8 5.3	15.1 14.5 11.9 10.9 8.8 6.9 5.3 4.8	14.7 14.2 12.0 9.8 7.1 6.5 6.1 5.8	100.0 14.4 12.1 10.1 8.8 7.8 6.9 5.5 6.3 5.6	12.6 12.0 9.9 9.0 7.6 7.0 6.9	12.7 12.5 9.9 8.0 8.3 6.9 6.9	9.2 10.6 6.9 8.4 11.3 11.9 8.8 7.6
45 TO 49 YEARS. • 50 TO 54 YEARS. • 65 TO 59 YEARS. • 65 TO 69 YEARS. • 70 TO 74 YEARS. • 75 AND OVER . • MEDIAN AGE. • • MEDIAN AGE. • •	446 307 301 228 199 136 218	354 317 233 200 191 111 167	337 259 232 186 214 99 171	327 287 257 218 165 119 203 23	321 252 211 204 154 102 143 14 22.8	292 265 232 220 140 101 137 16 24•2	345 289 193 197 105 112 157 9	22 8 9 8 4 5 72	2.6 2.6 2.0 1.7 1.2 1.9	3.5 2.6 2.2 2.1 1.2	2.6 2.1 2.4 1.1		5.1 4.0 3.4 3.2 2.5 1.6 2.3 0.2	3.7 3.5 2.3 1.6 2.2	5.4 4.6 3.0 3.1 1.7 1.8 2.5 0.1	2.4 0.9 1.0 0.9 0.4 0.6

¹ FIGURES EXCLUDE ALL PERSONS RESIDING ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

28-30 Montana

Table 18.—MARITAL STATUS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND FOR THE STATE, 1950 AND 1940

[1950 data based on sample. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100 in 1960 or 1940, or less than 500 in 1950]

T					1960					Ī	
				URBAN				RURAL		1950+	1940+
MARITAL STATUS: COLOR: AND SEX			URBANIZ	ED AREAS	OTHER	URBAN		PLACES OF	OTHER	TOTAL	TOTAL
	TOTAL	TOTAL	CENTRAL CITIES	URBAN FRINGE	PLACES OF 10:000 OR MORE	PLACES OF 2:500 TO 10:000	TOTAL	1:000 TO 2:500	RURAL		
ALL CLASSES											
MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER SINGLE	234 200 63 003 155 254 1 786 8 468 7 475	114 385 28 243 78 241 904 4 183 3 718	35 232 7 520 25 361 263 1 133 1 218	3 119 616 2 346 27 66 91	42 771 12 379 27 284 348 1 725 1 383	33 263 7 728 23 250 266 1 259 1 026	119 815 34 760 77 013 882 4 285 3 757	20 399 5 233 13 681 149 864 621	99 416 29 527 63 332 733 3 421 3 136	222 360 64 920 140 260 2 150 9 825 7 355	231 877 91 266 125 970 (1) 9 734 4 907
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	224 198 38 191 154 769 1 810 25 379 5 859	119 432 21 591 78 526 1 153 15 304 4 011	37 928 6 631 25 606 415 4 187 1 504	3 050 448 2 339 20 185 78	44 742 9 165 27 451 445 6 602 1 524	33 712 5 347 23 130 273 4 330 905	104 766 16 600 76 243 657 10 075 1 848	20 755 3 295 13 874 189 3 042 544	84 011 13 305 62 369 468 7 033 1 304	203 170 34 030 142 935 1 990 21 365 4 840	195 544 49 050 123 700 (¹) 19 013 3 781
WHITE											
MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER SINGLE	227 090 60 419 151 412 1 615 8 111 7 148	112 923 27 718 77 477 864 4 113 3 615	34 760 7 372 25 084 253 1 114 1 190	3 093 610 2 328 25 65	42 317 12 189 27 072 336 1 698 1 358	32 753 7 547 22 993 250 1 236 977	114 167 32 701 73 935 751 3 998 3 533	19 564 4 919 13 249 133 816 580	94 603 27 782 60 686 618 3 182 2 953	216 205 62 725 136 900 2 005 9 410 7 170	225 261 88 537 122 670 (1) 9 312 4 742
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	217 699 36 702 150 649 1 621 24 766 5 582	118 157 21 354 77 671 1 101 15 180 3 952	37 432 6 545 25 264 395 4 139 1 484	3 020 444 2 313 18 185 78	44 397 9 094 27 232 433 6 568 1 503	33 308 5 271 22 862 255 4 288 887	99 542 15 348 72 978 520 9 586 1 630	19 931 3 127 13 375 159 2 937 492	79 611 12 221 59 603 361 6 649 1 138	197 970 32 855 139 620 1 845 20 875 4 620	190 105 47 686 120 336 (1) 18 453 3 630
NONWHITE											
MALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER	7 110 2 584 3 842 171 357 327	1 462 525 764 40 70	472 148 277 10 19 28	26 6 18 2 1	454 190 212 12 27 25	510 181 257 16 23 49	5 648 2 059 3 078 131 287 224	835 314 432 16 48 41	4 813 1 745 2 646 115 239 183	6 155 2 195 3 360 145 415 185	6 616 2 729 3 300 (1) 422 165
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	6 499 1 489 4 120 189 613 277	1 275 237 855 52 124 59	496 86 342 20 48 20	30 4 26 2	345 71 219 12 34 21	404 76 268 18 42 18	5 224 1 252 3 265 137 489 218	30	4 400 1 084 2 766 107 384 166	5 200 1 175 3 315 145 490 220	5 439 1 364 3 364 (1) 560 151
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION											
ALL CLASSES										The second secon	
MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER	100.0 26.9 66.3 0.8 3.6	100.0 24.7 68.4 0.8 3.7 3.3	100.0 21.3 72.0 0.7 3.2 3.5	100.0 19.7 75.2 0.9 2.1 2.9	100.0 28.9 63.8 0.8 4.0 3.2	100.0 23.2 69.9 0.8 3.8 3.1	100.0 29.0 64.3 0.7 3.6 3.1	25.7 67.1 0.7 4.2	100.0 29.7 63.7 0.7 3.4 3.2	100.0 29.2 63.1 1.0 4.4 3.3	100+0 39+4 54-3 (1) 4-2
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER: SINGLE: SINGLE: SEPARATED: SEPARATED: SUIDOWED: SINGLE SING	100.0 17.0 69.0 0.8 11.3 2.6	100.0 18.1 65.7 1.0 12.8 3.4	100.0 17.5 67.5 1.1 11.0 4.0	100.0 14.7 76.7 0.7 6.1 2.6	100.0 20.5 61.4 1.0 14.8 3.4	100.0 15.9 68.6 0.8 12.8 2.7	100.0 15.8 72.8 0.6 9.6 1.8	15.9 66.8 0.9 14.7	100.0 15.8 74.2 0.6 8.4	100.0 16.7 70.4 1.0 10.5 2.4	100+0 25+1 63+3 (1) 9+7 1+9
WHITE											
MALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER:	100.0 26.6 66.7 6.7	100.0 24.5 68.6 6.8	100.0 21.2 72.2 6.6	100.0 19.7 75.3 5.0	100.0 28.8 64.0 7.2	100.0 23.0 70.2 6.8	100.0 28.6 64.8 6.6	25 · 1 67 · 7	100.0 29.4 64.1 6.5	100.0 29.0 63.3 7.7	100+0 39+3 54+5 6+2
FEMALE. 14 YEARS AND OVER SINGLE	100.0 16.9 69.2 14.0	100-0 18-1 65-7 16-1	100.0 17.5 67.5 15.1	100.0 14.7 76.6 8.7	100+0 20+5 61+3 18+2	100.0 15.8 68.6 15.6	100.0 15.4 73.3 11.2	15.7 67.1	100+0 15+4 74+9 9+8	100.0 16.6 70.5 12.8	100+0 25+1 63+3 11+6
NONWHITE MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER	100.0 36.3 54.0	100.0 35.9 52.3	100.0 31.4 58.7	•••	100.0 41.9 46.7	100.0 35.5 50.4	100.0 36.5 54.5	37.6	100.0 36.3 55.0	100.0 35.7 54.6	100.0 41.2 49.9
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED	9.6 100.0 22.9 63.4 13.7	11.8 100.0 18.6 67.1 14.3	9.9 100.0 17.3 69.0 13.7	•••	11.4 100.0 20.6 63.5 16.0	14.1 100.0 18.8 66.3 14.9	9.1 100.0 24.0 62.5 13.6	10.6 100.0 20.4 60.6	8.8 100.0 24.6 62.9 12.5	9.7 100.0 22.6 63.8 13.6	8.9 100.0 25.1 61.8 13.1

¹ NOT AVAILABLE.

Table 19.—HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP, BY COLOR, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE, 1960, AND FOR THE STATE, 1950 AND 1940

[1950 data based partly on sample. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100 in 1960 or 1940, or less than 500 in 1950; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households]

		no	old not shown v	where less tha	in 100 persons	s in households]				
					1960						
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP				URBAN	Г			RURAL		19501	1940+
AND COLOR	TOTAL	TOTAL	URBANIZE CENTRAL CITIES	URBAN FRINGE	PLACES OF 10:000 OR MORE	PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000	TOTAL	PLACES OF 1:000 TO 2:500	OTHER RURAL	TOTAL ¹	TOTAL
ALL CLASSES TOTAL POPULATION	674 767 657 358 202 240 162 399 39 841 146 697 247 192 50 303 10 926 17 409 6 058 11 351 3.25	338 457 330 527 107 514 83 532 23 982 74 621 119 812 23 595 4 985 7 930 1 679 6 251 3.07	108 208 106 899 34 328 27 046 7 282 24 338 39 586 7 034 1 613 1 309 361 948 3.11	10 133 10 108 2 741 2 450 291 2 258 4 434 580 95 25 3	121 500 116 656 39 970 29 675 10 295 26 026 39 402 9 398 1 860 4 844 298 4 546	98 616 96 864 30 475 24 361 6 114 21 999 36 380 6 583 1 417 1 752 1 017 735 3.18	336 310 326 831 94 726 78 867 15 859 72 076 127 380 26 708 5 941 9 479 4 379 5 100	60 120 58 729 18 778 14 733 4 045 13 031 21 666 4 552 702 1 391 1 272 119 3•13	276 190 268 102 75 948 64 134 11 814 59 045 105 714 22 156 5 239 8 088 3 107 4 981 3-53	587 940 563 185 171 375 144 043 27 332 132 445 181 555 60 995 16 875 24 755 5 283 19 472 3.29	559 456 542 289 160 769 131 572 159 618 82 523 25 807 17, 167 3 331 13 836
WHITE TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS. HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. HEAD OF PRIMARY FAMILY PRIMARY INDIVIOUAL WIFE OF HEAD CHILD UNDER 18 OF HEAD OTHER RELATIVE OF HEAD IN GROUP QUARTERS. INMATE OF INSTITUTION OTHER.	650 738 634 308 197 645 158 532 39 113 143 338 237 483 45 615 10 227 16 430 5 491 10 939	334 088 326 446 106 435 82 771 23 664 73 891 118 165 23 141 4 814 7 642 1 486 6 156	106 674 105 412 33 903 26 751 7 152 24 048 39 025 6 880 1 556 1 262 331 931	10 036 10 011 2 719 2 433 2 235 4 393 570 94 25 3	120 251 115 489 39 640 29 463 10 17 25 829 38 942 9 276 1 802 4 762 4 762 4 475	24 124 6 049 21 779 35 805 6 415 1 362	316 650 307 862 91 210 75 761 15 449 69 447 119 318 22 474 5 413 8 788 4 005 4 783	57 156 55 842 18 174 14 220 3 954 12 622 20 406 3 999 641 1 314 1 198	259 494 252 020 73 036 61 541 11 495 56 825 98 912 18 475 4 772 7 474 2 807 4 667	569 135 545 245 167 675 (2) 129 740 174 495 57 140 16 195 23 890 5 038 18 852	540 468 523 709 156 772 (2) 110 733 152 335 78 989 24 880 16 759 3 163 13 596
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	3.21	3.07	3.11	3.68	2.91	3.17	3.38	3.07	3•45	3.25	3.34
NONWHITE TOTAL POPULATION	24 029 23 050 4 595 3 867 728 3 359 9 709 4 688 699 979 567 412	4 369 4 081 1 079 761 318 730 1 647 454 171 288 193	1 534 1 487 425 295 130 561 154 57 47 30	97 97 22 17 5 23 41 10 1	1 249 1 167 330 212 118 197 460 122 11 82	65 220 585 168 55 159	19 660 18 969 3 516 3 106 410 2 629 8 062 4 234 528 691 374	2 964 2 887 604 513 91 409 1 260 553 61 77 74	16 696 16 082 2 912 2 593 319 2 220 6 802 3 681 467 614 300 314	18 805 17 940 3 700 (2) (2) (2) 2 705 7 060 3 855 620 865 245 620	18 988 18 580 3 997 (2) 2 2839 3 534 927 408 168 240
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	5.02	3.78	3.50	•••	3.54	4.40	5.40	4.78	5•52	4.85	4.65
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION ALL CLASSES											
TOTAL POPULATION	100.0 97.4 30.0 21.7 36.6 7.5 1.6	100.0 97.7 31.8 22.0 35.4 7.0 1.5 2.3	100.0 98.8 31.7 22.5 36.6 6.5 1.5	100.0 99.8 27.1 22.3 43.8 5.7 0.9	100.0 96.0 32.9 21.4 32.4 7.7 1.5	98.2 30.9 22.3 36.9 6.7 1.4	100.0 97.2 28.2 21.4 37.9 7.9 1.8 2.8	31.2 21.7 36.0 7.6 1.2	100.0 97.1 27.5 21.4 38.3 8.0 1.9 2.9	100.0 95.8 29.1 22.5 30.9 10.4 2.9	100.0 96.9 28.7 20.3 28.5 14.8 4.6
WHITE TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD WIFE OF HEAD CHILD UNDER 18 OF HEAD OTHER RELATIVE OF HEAD NONRELATIVE OF HEAD IN GROUP GUARTERS	100.0 97.5 30.4 22.0 36.5 7.0 1.6 2.5	100.0 97.7 31.9 22.1 35.4 6.9 1.4 2.3	100.0 98.8 31.8 22.5 36.6 6.4 1.5	100.0 99.8 27.1 22.3 43.8 5.7 0.9	100.0 96.0 33.0 21.5 32.4 7.7 1.5	98.4 31.1 22.4 36.9 6.6 1.4	100.0 97.2 28.8 21.9 37.7 7.1 1.7	97.7 31.8 22.1 35.7 7.0 1.1	100.0 97.1 28.1 21.9 38.1 7.1 1.8 2.9	100.0 95.8 29.5 22.8 30.7 10.0 2.8 4.2	100.0 96.9 29.0 20.5 28.2 14.6 4.6
NONWHITE TOTAL POPULATION	100.0 95.9 19.1 14.0 40.4 19.5 2.9	100.0 93.4 24.7 16.7 37.7 10.4 3.9 6.6	100.0 96.9 27.7 18.9 36.6 10.0 3.7 3.1		100.0 93.4 26.4 15.8 36.8 9.8 4.6	89.3 20.3 14.8 39.3 11.3 3.7	100.0 96.5 17.9 13.4 41.0 21.5 2.7	97.4 20.4 13.8 42.5 18.7 2.1	100.0 96.3 17.4 13.3 40.7 22.0 2.8 3.7	100.0 95.4 19.7 14.4 37.5 20.5 3.3 4.6	100.0 97.9 21.1 15.0 38.4 18.6 4.9 2.1

 $^{^{1}}$ SEE TEXT FOR CHANGES IN DEFINITIONS OF HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP CATEGORIES. 2 NOT AVAILABLE.

28-32 Montana

Table 20.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE: 1960

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Median not shown where base is less than 100]

	T		1242.53			porace p		1950	IOWII WIIEIE I			PULATION	<u> </u>		— T	1950
AGE		L CLASSES		PULATIO	ITE	NONW	HITE	POPULA- TION,	AL	L CLASSES		WH		NONW	HITE	POPULA- TION:
705	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	 	FEMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
				ILLINGS	SMSA	L		1		U	GRE	AT FALLS	SMSA	L		NIE WOOD
ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR 1 YEAR 2 YEARS. 3 YEARS. 4 YEARS. 6 YEARS. 6 YEARS. 7 YEARS. 10 YEARS. 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 12 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 10 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 20 YEARS 21 AND OVER.	79 016 2 003 1 934 2 038 2 030 1 987 1 994 1 966 1 859 1 723 1 778 1 781 1 657 1 230 1 202 1 273 1 114 980 889 44 669	38 843 1 045 969 1 030 1 006 1 069 1 011 973 1 001 856 867 865 858 649 610 615 626 477 364 21 852	40 173 958 965 1 008 1 024 918 989 965 929 887 911 916 844 844 799 581 592 658 647 637 616 529 22 817	38 434 1 028 958 1 012 997 1 058 1 001 965 996 917 824 863 859 824 844 640 600 600 466 356 21 634	39 793 941 954 1 004 1 013 902 976 984 980 924 880 924 880 925 578 652 658 608 527 22 605	409 17 11 18 9 11 10 0 8 5 5 13 14 6 6 6 14 3 9 6 11 11 12 12 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	380 17 11 4 11 16 7 5 5 5 5 7 9 9 10 7 7 3 8 6 9 9 9 8 2 2 12	55 875 1 255 2 919 2 593 1 113 1 133 3 130 3 422 825 741 1 497 1 542 764 34 941	73 418 2 140 2 069 1 949 1 915 1 840 1 712 1 693 1 591 1 457 1 474 1 464 1 401 1 374 989 1 032 1 034 981 1 010 1 122 42 057	37 444 1 070 1 101 1 001 957 960 860 842 813 724 712 759 753 652 546 527 491 537 457 599 21 619	35 974 1 078 1 039 948 958 880 852 851 778 733 762 705 648 722 486 507 498 509 464 507	36 609 1 029 1 060 985 975 919 933 846 824 789 710 694 744 740 645 536 516 486 524 428 445 559 21 222	35 250 1 039 1 012 1 016 9 925 9 862 8 31 7 65 7 18 7 746 6 94 6 94 6 95 7 706 4 840 9 80 9 80 9 80 9 80 9 80 9 80 9 80 9 8	835 41 41 32 26 38 27 14 18 13 15 13 7 10 0 11 15 13 9 22 40 397	724 39 27 36 26 23 18 20 20 13 15 16 11 11 16 6 6 7 14 11 19 17 35 6	53 027 1 348 2 696 2 298 965 988 2 664 2 917 683 663 1 214 1 480 879 34 232
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 85 AND OVER.	9 992 9 504 8 120 5 842 4 450 4 952 5 633 5 765 5 311 4 602 2 282 2 207 1 806 1 185 538	5 119 4 751 4 069 2 692 1 906 2 294 2 771 2 906 2 679 2 293 1 920 1 544 1 995 877 877 877 874 1 28	4 7551 4 7551 5 1504 4 01504 5 658 2 859 2 859 1 478 1 059 1 1 1850 9 9 1 1 1 6 6	5 053 4 703 4 703 2 652 2 1 875 2 746 2 2 877 2 656 2 277 1 902 1 084 942 866 589 242 1 27	4 7 2 4 3 2 4 4 5 3 2 4 5 5 5 4 9 7 4 6 7 5 2 4 7 4 2 7 7 4 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7	66 48 53 40 51 25 25 25 27 16 18 15 15 15	59 29 340 33 284 17 25 11 18 8 5 4 5 2	6 767 5 376 4 247 3 780 4 169 4 694 4 738 4 421 3 777 5 055 2 537 2 259 2 163 1 711 1 069 }	10 221 8 293 6 745 4 980 5 673 5 396 4 950 4 927 4 040 5 142 2 583 2 185 2 051 1 1765 1 113 488 263	5 146 4 199 3 422 2 459 2 951 2 804 2 559 2 531 2 71 1 674 1 319 1 096 1 007 897 897 897	5 075 4 094 3 323 2 521 2 722 2 592 2 391 2 372 2 246 1 969 1 089 1 084 1 089 1 089 1 089	4 968 4 1029 2 399 2 399 2 818 2 717 2 503 2 498 2 353 2 037 1 541 1 091 993 546 129	928 928 928 928 928 938 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94	178 97 63 60 133 87 56 33 28 8 8 5 12 4 5 2	151 86 60 54 108 54 19 18 16 15 12 5 4	6 4617 5 4517 5 4517 5 4517 5 4 5059 5 4 4 5059 5 4 4 5059 5 4 4 8 51 5 4 8 8 4 4 1 0 8 4 4 1 0 8 4 4 1 1 0 8 4 4 1 1 0 8 4 4 1 1 0 8 4 1 1 0 8 4 1 1 0 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	31 364 5 830 26.6	15 790 2 800 26•9	15 574 3 030 26•4	15 618 2 766 27•0	15 425 3 008 26.4	172 34 22•8	149 22 23.6	18 628 3 892 28.8	28 328 5 680 25•7	14 322 2 832 26.0	2 848 25.5	2 807 26.2	13 677 2 830 25•6	25 20.7	329 18 20-7	16 436 4 210 29.7
	075 F 0 5 M P 1 M	maga masaa sadaraasida maga waqay	BILLIN	GS URBAN	IIZED ARE	A	wienderstaden versch von de Gre	pri galaggdine vyynija ny nibistava kasti w 1884	or manager of the control of the con	and the second s	GREAT FA	LLS URBA	NIZED AR	EA	enteriori et doministratori di prima	en var onskippen i vasa skri
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEARS . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS .	60 712 1 563 1 506 1 600 1 543 1 520 1 512 1 518 1 491 1 395 1 329 1 332 2 1 245 1 245 1 237 881 913 922 883 762 702	29 366 813 744 798 761 808 763 753 685 621 650 632 595 633 445 4440 345 4440 345 254 440 345 264	31 346 750 762 802 782 712 719 765 743 710 667 679 700 650 650 650 429 436 471 482 508 510 438	29 019 797 734 781 754 755 745 672 611 646 627 591 623 452 438 436 434 249 260	31 018 733 736 799 773 696 697 740 705 661 671 671 694 640 597 426 429 446 474 501 501 436	347 16 10 17 7 9 8 8 5 13 10 4 5 4 10 17 6 6 6 9 9 3	328 17 63 9 16 55 55 68 60 17 75 87 62 183	} } } }	57 629 1 734 1 691 1 651 1 517 1 495 1 345 1 313 1 130 1 108 1 153 1 085 1 044 757 767 785 767 786 655 709 726	28 558 857 869 826 786 672 643 609 577 537 606 581 498 400 394 381 377 251 219 276	29 071 877 822 825 731 747 685 661 670 625 553 571 547 504 546 357 391 386 409 409 490 450 16 820	28 082 827 836 773 728 745 661 633 595 572 526 597 575 494 392 387 377 248 213 264 458	28 591 848 804 799 715 733 675 661 618 544 562 541 500 537 355 388 377 400 398 480 400 436	476 30 318 133 200 15 11 10 14 5 11 9 6 4 4 8 8 7 4 4 12 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	480 29 18 26 16 14 10 9 7 7 9 6 4 9 2 2 5 6 6 14 9 7 7 9 9 6 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	} :::
UNDER 5 YEARS	7 732 7 204 6 025 4 331 3 493 3 870 4 410 4 463 4 084 5 507 2 833 2 362 1 788 1 429 960 406 237	3 924 3 570 2 963 1 924 1 439 1 801 2 158 2 239 2 029 1 738 8 29 1 178 8 29 1 465 465 180	3 808 3 634 2 407 2 059 2 252 2 059 2 252 2 055 1 484 959 841 764 426 143	3 865 3 526 2 939 1 893 1 413 1 785 2 219 2 011 1 724 1 411 1 167 815 722 654 465 179 94	757 7609 2028 2028 2024 2027 2192 2192 21747 1174 9534 761 487 223 142	59 44 24 31 26 16 21 20 18 14 18 11 14 15 11	51 25 34 33 30 22 22 32 13 20 10 6 7	}	8 088 6 455 5 147 3 702 4 160 4 186 3 910 3 844 3 689 2 526 2 106 1 721 1 489 9 71 4 423 2 17	4 086 3 261 2 622 1 622 1 860 2 119 1 980 1 973 1 842 1 621 1 302 1 061 827 734 464 204 104	4 002 3 194 2 525 2 080 2 067 1 930 1 871 1 847 1 045 930 755 507 219	72644 970648 970648 1 7975 1 9590 1 9590 1 2051 1 2	5 899 5 150 2 494 2 494 2 494 1 894 1 856 1 856 1 2132 921 752 2 17 1 12	114 555 58 24 61 46 55 19 123 20 7 4 8 3	103 30 37 60 73 8 23 14 8 13 12 9	
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	23 677 4 610 27.0	11 784 2 145 27•4	11 893 2 465 26•7	11 638 2 114 27.4	11 763 2 447 26•8	146 31 23.0	130 18 23.5	***	22 U28 4 821 26.5	11 121 2 333 27•0	10 907 2 488 26-1	10 899 2 315 27•1	10 709 2 473 26.2	222 18 20-6	198 15 22-2	* * *

¹ DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

Table 20.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE: 1960—Con.

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION	1			1950			1960 PO	PULATION				1950 POPULA-
AGE	AL	L CLASSES		WHI	TE	NONWH	ITE	POPULA- TION, TOTAL	AL	L CLASSES		WHI	TE	NONWH	HITE	TION
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE	
				ANACONE) A						· · · · · ·	BILLING	s	,		
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS .	12 054 274 278 305 263 269 274 264 278 261 241 241 241 253 203 203 186 205 161 100 105 7 188	6 048 146 144 162 128 133 131 142 141 115 117 130 120 94 108 67 43 59 3 607	6 006 128 134 143 135 136 143 122 127 122 120 123 124 104 133 105 92 127 94 57 46	5 986 145 144 157 128 130 130 141 141 1139 114 115 98 99 94 106 66 422 58 3 575	5 960 127 134 143 135 133 142 121 126 122 124 104 132 100 91 126 94 57 45	62 1 5 3 1 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 4 2 1 1 1 3 2 3 2	46 1	11 254. 258 525 483 195 191 626 647 134 127 252 274 138 7 404	52 851 1 309 1 274 1 334 1 291 1 263 1 282 1 276 1 283 1 103 1 103 1 104 6 1 046 1 046 802 772 764 802 819 773 687 624	25 431 695 626 668 663 664 645 637 640 576 540 540 381 381 389 307 227 232 14 644	27 420 614 648 666 628 599 643 617 563 585 597 544 522 378 421 420 460 392 15 990	25 107 617 617 651 655 655 630 630 630 532 538 532 393 376 375 383 300 224 447 1	27 114 598 642 663 632 634 640 612 557 577 591 5315 374 412 459 454 459 454 458	324 16 9 17 6 9 8 7 4 13 8 3 5 5 4 8 1 7 6 6 7 4 1 7 6 7 4 1 7 6 6 7 7 4 1 7 6 6 7 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 8 7 8	306 16 6 16 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 10 7 7 4 8 7 6 2 2 16 7	31 834 621 1 476 1 223 539 546 1 494 1 725 426 372 754 888 462 21 308
UNDER 5 YEARS	1 389 1 318 1 169 885 546 559 653 751 863 914 713 680 494 404 330 237 100 49 4 500 1 120 31.2	713 674 415 276 284 321 363 424 450 401 381 183 158 108 27 77 77 2 272 503 31.33	676 644 589 470 275 332 388 439 29 231 221 172 129 63 32 2 228 617 31.2	704 671 571 273 283 317 360 422 445 399 377 260 156 107 37 17 2 245 31.7	672 639 584 468 267 274 331 459 309 297 230 217 122 230 2212 613 31.1	93983114332524333212766	4 5 5 2 7 1 1 1 4 6 5 5 3 2 1 4 4	1 266 1 012 781 653 771 786 917 936 785 703 617 539 479 428 229 249 42 3 438 1 009 32.0	6 471 6 137 5 140 3 845 3 029 3 185 3 747 3 922 3 611 3 110 2 560 2 175 1 646 1 457 1 323 885 226	3 316 3 038 2 514 1 687 1 263 1 482 1 813 1 960 1 771 1 528 1 265 1 076 757 670 609 427 167 88	3 155 3 099 2 626 2 158 1 766 1 703 1 934 1 962 1 840 0 1 582 1 295 1 099 889 787 714 458 215 138	3 259 2 998 2 493 1 658 1 258 1 467 1 794 1 514 1 514 1 514 1 514 1 514 656 599 423 166 88 9 884 2 881 2 881	3 108 3 0752 2 592 2 126 1 738 1 682 1 916 1 932 1 828 1 264 1 265 1 090 8 83 7 81 7 71 7 11 4 54 2 12 2 13 7 82 2 12 2 12 2 12 2 12 2 12 2 12 2 12 2	17 14 16 10 13 14 10 4 1	47 24 32 28 28 18 30 12 18 30 66 3 4 3 1 22 4 22 4 22 9	3 320 2 579 2 151 2 014 2 482 2 664 2 683 2 565 2 321 1 969 1 462 1 386 1 136 1 749 629 107 9 176 2 613 3 1.3
11802011 748				BOZEM	L	LL					I	BUTTI	·	<u> </u>		
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR	13 J61 285 269 229 224 214 224 220 200 217 221 228 228 141 171 158 179 554 640 521 7 758	6 843 142 121 106 125 116 101 118 118 109 92 109 112 119 111 78 74 276 359 332 3 984	6 518 143 148 123 119 118 113 106 111 112 116 107 117 63 97 79 105 278 281 189 3 774		6 499 143 148 121 119 117 112 104 111 118 110 107 117 63 97 79 105 278 281 189 3 761	54 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 5 5	19	11 325 228 501 378 167 139 454 528 108 135 242 495 7 615 1 107	27 877 585 594 573 606 574 598 526 577 507 494 426 426 417 422 331 282 262 262 27 666	259 240 193 220 174 206 138 130	14 301 302 317 310 277 306 243 243 285 261 241 261 263 252 257 201 206 193 152 137 9 076	251 291 291 281 288 254 262 255 257 239 192 218 171 205 138 127	260 250 257 199 206 243 215 191	4 3 5 5 6 1 2 4 4 2 4 1 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 3 6 7 2 3	118 44 58 84 44 52 23 22 21 56	} 1 502 } 1 502 } 1 771 } 424 385 745 } 725 23 166 3 160
UNDER 5 YEARS	1 261 1 075 1 074 1 702 1 841 829 685 771 749 639 528 527 397 439 376 278	610 526 862 1 1600 343 386 356 355 245 171 179 159 126 45	651 549 515 840 681 323 342 385 393 504 275 282 226 240 217 152 83	608 525 526 854 1 138 342 385 355 170 199 125 45 45	546 515 840 677 319 384 392 274 282 226 239 217 152 82	1 38 22 10 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	760 636 872 1 699 1 090 785 687 622 588 480 502 489 384 266 309	2 725 2 414 1 878 1 292 1 197 1 467 1 553 1 970 1 753 1 446 1 444 6727 135	1 389 1 180 868 614 552 764 895 1 003 862 872 718 657 526	1 336 1 234 1 010 678 645 703 787 967 831 728 751 618 380 80	1 376 1 175 859 607 543 752 758 884 995 854 859 712 653 525 290 141	1 313 1 225 1 006 670 630 781 971 963 828 878 726 749 618 380	15 9 7 9 2 2 6 1 1 8 8 3 5 6 4 1 2 2	23 9 4 15 9 6 7 7 4 3 3 2 2 2	2 506 2 1959 2 0999 2 0999 2 6211 2 536 2 242 2 0711 1 735 1 402 7 84 1 22 8 991
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	3 888 1 313 24.3	1 892 561 23•9	1 996 752 25•4	1 885 560 23.9				2 880 1 008 27•7	9 336 3 686 35.1	1 671	2 015	1 664	2 013	7	20.0	3 229 34.6

28-34 Montana

Table 20.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE: 1960—Con.

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Median not shown where base is less than 100]

	,		1960 PC	PULATIO	N am ammed		<u>.</u>	1950				PULATION	1			1950
AGE	AL	L CLASSES			ITE	NON	WHITE	POPULA- TION:	AL	L CLASSES		WHI	TE	NONW	HITE	POPULA- TION:
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Control of the contro		IL	L	GREAT FA	ALLS	L				<u> </u>		HAVRE				
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 21 AND OVER .	55 357 1 654 1 615 1 579 1 441 1 434 1 370 1 274 1 260 1 173 1 080 1 088 1 089 1 034 1 001 721 740 729 751 633 686 701 32 324	27 419 822 836 789 749 723 720 643 551 515 576 555 483 386 371 362 239 229 2269	27 938 832 779 790 692 711 650 651 651 652 553 513 479 518 335 367 369 367 394 471 432 16 250	26 974 794 806 773 737 704 706 633 631 561 547 550 479 378 358 355 236 236 258 258	27 479 803 764 676 698 642 622 643 593 521 544 508 475 511 333 366 358 441 420 642	445 288 300 162 199 141 100 44 117 75 54 44 43 36 112 222	459 188 266 1133 8 9 8 7 7 8 9 5 5 4 7 7 2 3 9 8 6 6 10 124 242	39 214 1 007 2 020 1 658 684 1 849 1 985 446 814 966 571 26 083	10 740 297 308 287 271 271 284 245 264 243 228 197 216 219 204 146 155 156 153 209 220 180 5 987	5 238 155 1547 1447 1443 146 1324 1222 108 108 108 108 74 67 89 73 75 916	5 502 142 154 140 128 125 148 113 130 121 122 102 108 111 108 86 83 86 120 127 105 5	5 143 149 151 145 142 141 141 133 126 131 120 104 103 93 104 103 73 75 75 76 77 88 90 73 2 875	5 413 139 152 136 120 121 147 112 127 119 102 108 110 107 72 72 83 83 84 118 124 102 3 028	95 6 7 2 2 1 5 5 7 6 7 2 2 2 4 5 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 7 2 2 1 1 7 3 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	89 32 4 8 8 4 1 1 1 5 2 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	8 086 206 408 341 149 144 2 111 99 222 405 142 5 028
UNDER 5 YEARS	7 723 6 197 7 913 3 5599 3 993 4 042 3 753 3 686 3 557 7 3 084 2 435 2 043 1 751 1 667 1 453 952 417 212	3 919 3 096 2 515 1 546 1 780 2 042 1 906 1 892 1 766 1 254 1 034 802 711 454 200	3 804 3 961 2 398 1 993 2 213 2 200 1 847 1 774 1 526 1 181 1 009 907 865 742 498 217	3 814 3 048 2 480 1 522 1 723 1 874 1 754 1 536 1 237 1 840 7794 708 450 199 98	3 702 3 021 2 371 1 957 2 156 929 1 813 1 7757 1 518 1 169 997 898 898 898 898 898 1 739 2155 111	105 48 24 57 433 18 122 29 77 48 33	102 40 36 57 71 14 22 14 12 9 4 3 5 5 12	4 685 3 216 2 433 2 226 2 997 3 534 3 427 3 021 2 582 2 077 1 961 1 796 1 472 866 824 164	1 434 1 264 982 893 760 730 696 684 670 526 448 367 304 318 342 209 72 41	745 481 391 347 369 350 327 335 229 224 181 151 153 108 40 16	689 634 501 502 413 361 357 3357 224 186 173 167 189 101 32 25	728 614 468 385 340 363 324 332 253 225 180 129 148 151 107 40 16	668 648 499 492 403 353 344 350 327 266 222 184 171 166 188 99 32 25	17 16 13 16 7 7 6 7 7 3 3 6 2 1 2 3 2 1	21 10 2 10 10 10 10 10 2 7 7 8 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	955 682 553 726 711 691 629 513 485 402 364 402 372 272 140 140
65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	4 701 26.7	2 267 27 • 1	2 434	2 249	2 419 26.4	18	15 22-1	3 326 30.8	982 25-3	468 25•3	514 25•2	462 25.5	510 25.3	6	4	574 28•0
				HELENA								KALISPE	LL			
ALL AGES	20 227 468 450 432 418 405 427 418 426 392 444 375 408 420 294 302 314 290 339 276 247	9 816 265 235 204 218 217 191 237 213 220 212 225 187 205 200 152 152 154 172 174 173 113 5 777	10 411 215 228 200 226 226 205 205 205 206 180 229 148 203 220 142 140 178 149 167 149 167 142 134 6 462	9 635 2256 233 199 212 210 183 221 211 213 207 183 201 198 150 150 132 138 169 131 112 5 689	10 252 199 211 222 199 219 209 186 195 202 177 214 180 196 217 141 158 176 148 165 140 140 155	1819 22556 7862758444224555188	159 4 4 6 6 1 7 5 5 4 0 4 3 5 8 8 7 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	970 225 184 434 }	10 151 212 192 195 212 200 195 233 219 216 213 207 202 190 193 165 164 171 133 100 90 6 264	4 822 105 96 90 125 93 97 105 96 110 97 99 100 97 93 88 66 79 59 42 40 2 959	5 329 107 96 105 87 107 98 128 123 106 114 107 105 97 71 105 98 78 92 74 58 50 5 305	4 786 102 96 90 124 92 96 105 95 110 98 96 93 88 65 79 58 42 23 29 38	5 299 105 94 104 87 106 96 128 122 107 107 105 96 105 98 78 92 74 50 3 289	36 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	30 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1	9 737 197 425 363 180 173 491 603 135 266 212
UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 59 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 75 TO 69 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 85 AND OVER	2 211 2 068 1 941 1 521 1 191 1 062 1 192 1 373 1 361 1 270 1 134 972 810 809 619 371 125 7 126	1 139 1 073 745 5528 556 674 571 463 349 271 149 75 349 271 149 75	1 072 995 972 776 639 534 636 675 687 712 563 509 418 460 348 222 122 171	1 110 1 045 949 730 546 551 664 553 565 455 385 346 267 147 747 74 51	1 050 969 948 767 632 526 628 664 680 703 556 416 4345 220 121 71	29 28 20 15 6 14 15 10 5 6 8 7 7 7 4 2 1 5	22 26 24 9 7 8 8 8 11 7 9 7 7 2 6 3 2 1	114	1 011 1 076 957 753 449 460 532 653 649 626 585 509 447 422 431 174 99	509 507 444 363 183 225 260 324 308 299 281 238 207 211 200 155 69	502 569 513 390 266 235 272 329 341 327 304 271 240 211 231 163 105	504 504 440 361 180 222 258 323 305 299 280 236 207 209 198 154 67	496 562 512 390 265 233 271 327 341 327 302 269 210 231 161 105	55742552415	22 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2	985 844 738 616 5838 7481 665 584 665 584 7486 584 7486 7486 7486 7486 7486 7486 7486 74
65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	2 121 30.5	898 29•1	1 223	3 534 885 29.3	1 211 31.9	13	77 12 19•2	5 139 1 636 32.2	3 564 1 444 33.5	1 722 674 33.5	1 842 770 33.5	1 709 667 33.5	1 828 767 33.5	13	3	2 971 1 093 32.8

Table 20.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE: 1960—Con.
["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Median not shown where base is less than 100]

AGE TOTAL MALE FEMALE MALE FEMALE MISSOULA MISSOULA ALL AGES	<u></u>			1960	POPULATION				1950
NALE FEMALE MALE FEMALE MALE FEMALE MALE FEMALE	AGE		ALL CLASSES		WHIT	E	NON#	HITE	POPULATION: TOTAL
ALL AGES		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
UNDER 1 YEAR					MISSOULA				
UNDER 5 YEARS	UNDER 1 YEAR	587 548 538 521 479 539 500 509 472 468 472 477 484 465 401 384 397 444 722 806	304 267 253 242 250 269 237 273 243 223 246 235 239 202 191 196 211	283 281 285 279 229 270 263 236 229 234 249 231 249 226 199 193 201 233 390	302 265 251 237 248 265 235 272 241 234 220 244 233 239 199 191 196 211 331	280 278 282 274 226 268 260 233 229 233 244 231 246 224 193 200 229 387 391	2 2 2 5 2 4 2 1 2 2 3 2 2 1 6	3 3 5 5 2 3 3 1 5 1 5 	22 485 412 822 779 344 345 1 001 1 157 243 267 482
5 TO 9 YEARS 2 488 1 256 1 232 1 247 1 223 9 9 9 1 1 1 5 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1	20 YEARS	658	336	322		320	2 74	2 59	618 14 969
40 TO 44 YEARS	UNDER 5 YEARS	2 673 2 488 2 299 2 753 2 556 1 540 1 530 1 536 1 559 1 410 1 275 1 036 1 037 933 586 315	1 316 1 256 1 145 1 343 1 438 825 699 765 718 760 686 602 480 473 449 257 137	1 357 1 232 1 154 1 410 1 118 718 708 765 818 799 724 673 556 564 484 329 178	1 303 1 247 1 135 1 336 1 414 812 694 752 7158 681 600 478 471 449 256 136	1 340 1 223 1 143 1 400 1 103 706 701 759 814 796 721 671 551 562 482 329 178 99	9 10 7 24 13 5 13 6 2 5 2 2 2	9 11 10 15 12 7 6 4 3 3 2 5 2 2	2 013 1 690 1 400 1 795 2 653 1 815 1 541 1 463 1 267 1 181 1 180 1 181 1 180 1 087 1 087

28-36 Montana

Table 21.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE: 1960

["U" denotes an unincorporated place. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households]

	SMS	A'S	URBANIZ	ED AREAS				UF	RBAN PLACE	ES			
SUBJECT	BILLINGS	GREAT FALLS	BILLINGS	GREAT FALLS	ANACONDA	BILLINGS	BOZEMAN	BUTTE	GREAT FALLS	HAVRE	HELENA	KALI- SPELL	MISSOULA
TOTAL POPULATION	79 016	73 418	60 712	57 629	12 054	52 851	13 361	27 877	55 357	10 740	20 227	10 151	27 090
RACE									"				
MALE	38 843 38 434 122	37 444 36 609 334	29 366 29 019 116	28 558 28 082 169	6 048 5 986 52	25 431 25 107 112	6 843 6 789 5	13 576 13 439 33	27 419 26 974 168	5 238 5 143 2	9 816 9 635 38	4 822 4 786 7	13 404 13 289 26
INDIAN	209 27 34	371 32 19	170 14 33	201 20 17		154 11 33	10 5	48 1 10	180 18 13	58 21 11	123 2 13	22 4 1	55 7 13
FILIPINO	4 13	54 25	10	52 17		10	4 21	33 12	49 17	1 2	3 2	2	12
FEMALE	40 173 39 793 113	35 974 35 250 183	31 346 31 018 107	29 071 28 591 143	6 006 5 960 38	27 420 27 114 102	6 518 6 499 6	14 301 14 183 26	27 938 27 479 143	5 502 5 413	10 411 10 252 23	5 329 5 299	13 686 13 578 16
INDIAN	201 41 16	377 83 7	174 23 16	212 53 7	5	164 17	8 4	71 5	197 51	60 20	108 5 17	10	71 7
FILIPINO OTHER RACES	2 7	52 22	2 6	49 16		16 1 6	1	14	46 16		1 5	5	1 4
MARITAL STATUS													
TOTAL MALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER	25 553	25 223	19 362	18 989	4 179								
SINGLE	5 654 18 432	6 388 17 115	4 097 14 116	4 039 13 591	1 081 2 734	16 957 3 644 12 282	5 256 2 244 2 774	9 776 2 592 6 211	18 275 3 876 13 079	3 456 836 2 421	6 787 1 724 4 602	3 428 751 2 407	9 889 3 151 6 135
PERCENT MARRIED	72 • 1 176 725	67.9 188 800	72.9 148 547	71 • 6 142 652	65.4 42 204	72.4 127 496	52.8 23 121	63.5 119 541	71 • 6 136 637	70.1 25 120	67 • 8 54 245	70+2 25 162	62.0 60 332
FEMALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER.	742 27 077	920 23 968	602 21 271	707 19 707	160 4 202	535 18 918	117 4 866	432 10 424	19 010	79 3 750	7 514	108	271 10 142
MARRIED.	4 860 18 519 68-4	3 801 17 022 71.0	3 896 14 223 66.9	3 183 13 722 69.6	797 2 742 65•3	3 569 12 395 65.5	1 304 2 785 57•2	1 964 6 221 59.7	3 062 13 211 69•5	770 2 434 64.9	1 453 4 654 61.9	609 2 431 63+2	2 268 6 184 61.0
SEPARATED	239 2 721 977	243 2 396 749	212 2 268 884	223 2 104 698	38 575 88	199 2 132 822	49 644 133	134 1 875 364	216 2 055 682	35 437 109	61 1 079 328	36 660 144	92 1 332 358
NONWHITE											,20	• • • •	350
MALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER SINGLE	265 96	507 185	221 76	277 78	41 14	207 73	49 37	97 38	265 75	50 17	106	25 5	86 46
MARRIED	132 49.8 6	301 59.4 12	112 50.7 5	183 66 • 1 7	21	102 49.3	10	46	175 66-0	51	56 52 - 8	17	31
WIDOWED.	16 21	7 14	14	10	4 2	13 19	i 1	7 6	6	2 1 1	10	1 2	3 3 6
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER SINGLE	257 57	433 67	221 46	305 44	35 8	204 44	13	65	292 42	56 18	88 15	16	72 18
PERCENT MARRIED	158 61.5 11	74.8 14	142 64-3	226 74 • 1 11	21	127 62.3 11	• • • •	49	215 73.6 9	29	55 ••• 3	15	41
WIDOWED	12	12	10	25 10	3	10		5 2	25 10	5	12 6		6 7
HOUSEHOLDS													
TOTAL	70.044												
TOTAL POPULATION	79 016 78 206 23 900	73 418 71 103 22 187	60 712 60 151 18 842	57 629 56 856 18 227	12 054 11 970 3 846	52 851 52 315 16 715	13 361 11 697 4 099	27 877 27 511 9 969	55 357 54 584 17 613	10 740 10 398 3 212	20 227 19 651 6 749	10 151 10 034 3 437	27 090 25 395 8 658
HEAD OF PRIMARY FAMILY . PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL	19 541 4 359 17 678	17 829 4 358 16 269	15 096 3 746 13 533	14 400 3 827 13 063	2 976 870 2 604	13 184 3 531 11 767	3 010 1 089 2 648	6 928 3 041 5 867	13 862 3 751 12 571	2 546 666 2 299	5 017 1 732 4 433	2 607 830 2 301	6 591 2 067 5 874
CHILD UNDER 18 OF HEAD OTHER RELATIVE OF HEAD NONRELATIVE OF HEAD	30 199 5 382 1 047	27 208 4 393 1 046	22 843 4 057 876	21 177 3 557 832	4 335 1 114 71	19 390 3 637 806	3 684 921 345	8 854 2 542 279	20 196 3 397 807	3 972 730 185	6 816 1 386 267	3 406 751	8 335 1 954
IN GROUP QUARTERS	810 137 673	2 315 360 1 955	561 69 492	773 295 478	84 24 60	536 66 470	1 664 15 1 649	366 47 319	773 295 478	342 15	576 87	139 117 34	574 1 695 76
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	3.27	3.20	3.19	3.12	3-11	3.13	2.85	2.76	3.10	3.24	2.91	2.92	1 619 2.93
NONWHITE													
TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS	789 751 219	1 559 1 411 331	675 650 199	956 934 248	108 107	630 605	73 58	255 236	904 882	184 171	340 337	66 66	223 192
HEAD OF PRIMARY FAMILY . PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL	138	269 62	121	191 57	30 21 9	186 112 74	22 8 14	73 42 31	239 183 56	43 28 15	88 62 26	19 17 2	55 34 21
WIFE OF HEAD	124 253 130	293 620 122	111 226 91	202 376 73	21 37 15	97 212 87	12	42 98 13	193 349 67	27 77 16	46 151 42	15 19 10	37 66 23
NONRELATIVE OF HEAD	25 38 23	45 148 13	23 25 21	35 22 9	4 1 1	23 25 21	12 15	10	34 22 9	8 13 2	10	3	11 31 5
OTHER	3.43	135	3.27	3.77	3.57	3.25	15	3.23	3.69	11	•••	•••	26
					2.51	2.23	•••	2.62	2.07	3.98	3.83	***	3.49

Table 22.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR URBAN PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000: 1960 ["U" denotes an unincorporated place]

				s an unincorpor	aced place]	т				
SUBJECT	CENTER- VILLE- DUBLIN GULCH (U)	CONRAD	CUT BANK	DEER LODGE	DILLON	FLORAL PARK (U)	GLASGOW	GLENDIVE	HARDIN	LAUREL
TOTAL POPULATION	3 398 3 378 1 19	2 665 2 664 •••	4 539 4 272 13 254	4 681 4 541 16 124	3 690 3 667 1 22	4 079 4 078 ••• 1	6 398 6 236 22 140	7 058 7 040 1 17	2 789 2 652 10 127	4 601 4 598 ••• 3
TOTAL MALE: ALL AGES	1 691 254 205 176 143 73 86 94 83 127 100 90 76 71 45	1 291 168 162 130 92 55 75 91 81 95 69 61 40 36 49	2 288 329 313 212 149 96 134 169 150 132 129 118 104 73 75 49 956	2 604 274 223 201 142 165 198 205 217 186 162 119 101 79 66	1 864 200 170 156 147 170 105 83 106 91 95 103 88 77 109 72	278 244 148 65 84 129 156 161	3 228 477 351 293 200 236 279 250 190 195 161 151 119 80 80 70 96	3 502 525 415 328 245 215 227 258 210 192 171 145 149 110 81	1 364 164 151 149 94 54 93 91 74 73 90 73 70 44 40	2 287 283 245 247 175 98 113 158 169 121 117 99 76 49
TOTAL FEMALE: ALL AGES	1 707 224 204 155 117 95 97 92 78 118 113 101 83 59 62 39	1 374 205 145 135 100 67 84 88 67 43 58 53 54 45	2 251 294 280 230 163 130 141 169 130 155 146 106 83 75 60	2 077 220 233 189 131 120 110 131 131 129 133 122 97 81 100 59	1 826 204 145 139 195 140 90 100 91 115 123 82 85 83 59 89	211 238 218 140 81 110 146 158 162 147 113 74 74 588 39	3 170 506 379 301 255 274 199 207 205 179 174 113 79 70 73 69 87	3 556 509 400 3311 253 287 233 224 192 217 161 149 154 111	1 425 161 150 152 117 87 84 83 82 88 82 50 66 47 45 57	2 314 260 266 244 188 108 141 164 184 129 129 56 68 63 74
NONWHITE MALE: ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS	10 5 1 1	1	130 21 37 19 8 5 2 8 7 3 6 6 2 2	126 5 3 2 2 25 23 16 25 7 7 7 5	10 4 1 1 1 1 1 1		73 98 88 98 66 53 33 31 11 12	•••	69 7 8 4 4 7 9 10 6 6 10 2 1 2	
NONWHITE FEMALE: ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS	10 2 2 2 2 2 1 1		137 10 25 21 17 5 5 3 12 12 6 6 6	2	1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		89 131 113 32 9 6 5 4 4 5 	1 2 2 3 3 2 2 1	68 10 7 13 7 7 8 2 4 4 1	
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER	682 6	848 211 587 5	1 473 330 1 045	512 1 180 28	43° 82°	7 269 1 1 017 1 8	502 1 541 28	546 1 638 1 14	209 637 3	317 1 146 10
WIDOWED DIVORCED FEMALE. 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER SINGLE. MARRIED SEPARATED WIDOWED DIVORCED	48 18 1 158 240 691 13 211	19 31 906 153 600 12 127 26	1 477 223 1 063 1 46 45	1 475 223 1 006 10 211	1 360 286 811 1	7 19 0 1 377 5 206 8 1 022 1 8	2 027 287 1 511 16	2 365 2 393 393 1 631 23 276	39 987 168 653 13	1 580 246 1 137 6 162
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS	3 398	2 658	4 511							
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	964 649 1 758	825 575 1 192 66		969 1 702 36	76 1 33 7	5 977 4 1 901 5 10	1 439 2 831 179	1 558 3 151 1 124	613 1 227 33	1 101 2 043 29
NONWHITE: IN HOUSEHOLDS	20 2	1				5				

Table 22.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR URBAN PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000: 1960—Con. ["U" denotes an unincorporated place]

									,	,	
SUBJECT	LEWISTOWN	LIBBY	LIVINGSTON	MILES CITY	MISSOULA SOUTHWEST (U)	ROUNDUP	SHELBY	SIDNEY	SILVER BOW PARK (U)	WHITEFISH	WOLF POINT
TOTAL POPULATION	7 408 7 369 8 31	2 828 2 821 •••	8 229 8 181 8 40	9 665 9 620 4 41	3 817 3 759 11 47	2 842 2 833 2 7	4 017 3 988 ••• 29	4 564 4 548 ••• 16	4 798 4 781 16	2 934	3 585 3 167 2 416
TOTAL MALE, ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 10 TO 94ARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS.	3 650 426 435 350 215 143 157 218 234 208 159 146 119 175 199 251	1 456 167 180 165 94 84 79 75 90 98 77 89 46 44 49	4 088 424 400 395 268 192 221 254 271 267 289 192 192 177 161	4 710 556 513 427 294 251 243 295 308 298 234 227 194 200 223 192 255	1 923 290 296 180 132 98 115 164 151 133 95 76 50 38 32 31	1 447 166 155 141 89 51 72 93 88 89 65 63 36 62 94	2 047 284 238 233 143 95 109 132 144 144 99 105 70 62 56 62	2 217 305 246 250 138 109 116 144 127 145 118 105 75 61 80 74	2 363 326 308 272 162 79 122 166 169 182 162 2 162 5 3 37 48	1 451 149 182 146 93 50 55 101 111 92 90 66 58 72 71	1 768 244 229 194 127 86 102 112 114 103 80 77 41 49 79 77 54
TOTAL FEMALE: ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS.	3 758 383 407 316 277 174 197 234 221 212 191 185 156 165 201 194 245	1 372 158 153 144 105 72 75 76 86 91 100 79 65 50 44 30	4 141 371 427 397 205 217 249 264 281 275 176 199 192 191 183 207	4 955 584 559 471 316 291 268 303 317 280 268 245 197 212 217 217	1 894 259 269 224 123 125 149 164 145 106 76 76 51 50 49	1 395 178 150 113 89 68 75 79 84 78 91 76 56 58 57 67	1 970 261 240 196 129 108 109 143 139 136 111 82 72 62 59 63	2 347 302 241 226 173 148 144 156 127 136 100 90 92 105 81	2 435 2329 292 244 168 98 183 187 151 116 97 43 49 54	1 514 152 158 161 109 70 74 93 125 65 68 70 74 67 81	1 817 264 219 181 131 129 105 99 117 101 92 71 59 87 60 51
NONWHITE MALE, ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 30 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 39 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS.	22 2 4 2 2 1 1	1	28 32 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	22 4 2 1 1 1 4 4 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	34 10 7 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 	3 1 	15 3 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	77 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	10 12 2 2 1 1	20 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	213 44 33 21 21 12 9 11 13 8 11 12 2
NONWHITE FEMALE, ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS	17 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	1	20 4 1 3 3 3 1 2 1 2 1	23 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 1	24 5 4 4	1	14 2 3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	7 3 1 1 	11 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	205 35 235 234 17 16 6 11 9 9 3 4 4 8 1
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER	2 501 561 1 722 15 151 67	976 237 681 3 31 27	2 945 648 2 063 17 114 120	3 289 750 2 271 31 136 132	1 180 245 888 9 20 27	1 007 233 682 12 61 31	1 322 318 908 26 45 51	1 454 292 1 088 12 56 18	1 495 306 1 108 65 16	990 205 736 10 34	1 132 254 809 6 39
FEMALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER SINGLE. MARRIED	2 691 429 1 726 12 434 102	934 127 683 6 99 25	3 018 430 2 065 23 423 100	3 421 519 2 277 28 502 123	1 180 166 901 17 85 28	972 131 671 5 152 18	1 302 188 908 18 163 43	1 631 291 1 094 10 206 40	1 599 264 1 125 8 189 21	1 072 165 740 10 149 18	1 180 212 808 12 139 21
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD OTHER RELATIVE OF HEAD NONRELATIVE OF HEAD	7 189 2 414 1 641 3 030 104	2 809 854 660 1 260 35	8 174 2 815 1 961 3 293 105	9 530 3 230 2 159 4 014 127	3 817 1 034 856 1 883 44	2 793 933 648 1 174 38	3 972 1 199 850 1 843 80	4 544 1 426 1 031 2 029 58	4 750 1 319 1 075 2 299 57	2 949 966 709 1 243 31	3 576 1 048 763 1 676 89
NONWHITE: IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	39 15	7 1	47 18	43 14	58 9	9	29 11	16 3	17 5	28 9	414 83

Table 23.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500: 1960

["U" denotes an unincorporated place]

			POPULAT	ION			H	IOUSEHOLI	os		AND OVER	S OLD	FEMALE	S 14 YEAR AND OVER	RS OLD
AREA	TOTAL		SEX	E	Y RACE		NUME	ER	POPU-	SINGLE	MAR-	WIDOWED	SINGLE	MAR-	WIDOWED
		MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	NEGRO	OTHER	TOTAL	NON- WHITE	LATION		RIED	DI- VORCED		RIED	DI- VORCED
BAKER. BELGRADE BELGRADE BIG TIMBER BOULDER. BROWNING CHESTER. CHINOOK CHOTEAU CIRCLE COLUMBIA FALLS COLUMBIA FALLS	2 365 1 057 1 660 1 394 2 011 1 158 2 326 1 966 1 117 2 132	1 178 555 813 748 1 009 591 1 177 989 573 1 071	1 187 502 847 646 1 002 567 1 149 977 544 1 061	2 361 1 057 1 660 1 367 389 1 151 2 272 1 944 1 115 2 126	2	25 1 622 7 54 21 2	731 323 609 153 502 332 743 643 322 611	3300 1 5 8	2 364 1 057 1 644 2 011 1 141 2 313 1 924 1 116 2 132	175 78 157 415 202 99 208 155 89	554 253 411 122 347 265 504 469 261 508	35 22 43 11 64 16 57 67 22 32	106 53 84 316 106 56 117 79 48 94	551 254 420 133 365 255 522 470 262 515	116 39 118 35 114 48 137 128
COLUMBUS	1 281 1 490 1 229 1 006 2 032 1 887 2 475 1 267 1 734 2 239	635 744 609 486 1 017 958 1 180 605 842 1 111	646 746 620 520 1 015 929 1 295 662 892 1 128	1 281 1 490 1 219 995 2 032 1 879 2 443 1 001 1 724 2 143	7 1	10 11 8 32 259 96	417 449 379 3690 568 927 365 756	3 1 1 6 49 3 25	1 244 1 490 1 229 1 006 1 997 1 839 2 404 1 229 1 713 2 226	108 104 96 64 184 132 164 133 146	297 357 285 238 476 446 629 253 429 526	37 26 36 32 56 44 76 32 44 54	51 83 53 58 95 100 120 69 88 123	308 362 287 243 492 440 644 260 427 538	108 60 65 57 152 93 244 92 124
MEADERVILLE-MC QUEEN (U)	1 345 1 168 2 019 1 107 2 121 2 314 1 565 2 278 1 334 1 726	655 583 1 011 570 1 037 1 156 794 1 071 660 846	690 585 1 008 537 1 054 1 158 771 1 207 674 880	1 345 1 001 2 018 1 105 2 119 2 190 1 228 2 27 1 230 1 722	1	162 1 2 1 124 337 1 103 4	466 315 557 362 677 742 432 881 431 572	35 1 22 75 25	1 345 1 168 1 992 1 107 2 110 2 255 1 551 2 247 1 318 1 726	130 101 126 117 169 168 121 194 113	320 228 490 264 491 545 325 545 311 377	31 34 30 31 51 80 38 75 36 42	85 56 97 50 120 119 68 139 87	322 230 490 267 551 552 329 559 314 386	115 59 75 60 140 153 73 253 91
SUPERIOR	1 242 1 140 1 274 1 161 1 528 1 453 1 519	648 554 631 584 801 701 779	594 586 643 577 727 752 740	1 228 1 133 1 269 1 152 1 527 1 453 1 510	2	14 7 5 7 1	356 392 398 372 475 415 492	4 ••• 4 •••	1 235 1 140 1 266 1 146 1 528 1 453 1 519	96 101 99 82 130 142 131	305 241 325 285 351 290 358	25 26 24 37 46 23 50	55 79 45 49 71 109	305 249 323 281 349 303 366	36 83 50 66 77 99 58

Table 24.—AGE BY SEX, FOR PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500: 1960 ["U" denotes an unincorporated place]

								•								
				MA	LE							FE	MALE			
AREA	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 14 YEARS	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 14 YEARS	15 T0 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 T0 54 YEARS	55 T0 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER
BAKER	166 89 82 41 158 89 146 107 78	271 122 136 186 256 131 281 206 135 246	141 68 77 169 160 79 115 107 65	165 65 85 116 130 73 123 107 70 123	135 71 77 86 94 72 128 122 68 164	122 52 96 82 87 61 118 110 57	68 32 86 38 64 47 83 79 25 62	110 56 174 30 60 39 183 151 75 83	162 64 81 25 182 87 142 99 76 138	269 102 154 164 247 128 255 213 133 257	162 81 93 126 146 85 136 105 73	133 69 76 88 113 80 122 108 71	146 69 91 72 98 73 125 132 63 171	118 39 105 90 80 44 125 95 41	77 30 85 44 63 31 92 90 39 49	120 48 162 37 73 39 152 135 48 72
COLUMBUS	66 97 69 59 108 140 111 53 64	146 168 129 97 209 209 221 147 175 224	75 66 85 63 111 91 121 80 86	48 106 67 39 83 107 102 63 76	83 91 73 62 151 108 127 70 110	72 94 67 52 109 102 145 53 112	51 67 40 37 93 70 100 74 86	94 55 79 77 153 131 253 99 145	59 97 80 69 94 111 109 86 90 128	127 151 146 106 188 198 197 170 179 221	61 107 91 78 110 116 118 74 95	66 107 68 38 117 93 110 70 94 116	97 86 67 59 129 139 63 112	61 81 64 57 113 105 157 57 93 107	69 55 41 40 87 73 143 41 85 105	106 62 63 73 177 104 322 101 144 178
MEADERVILLE-MC QUEEN (U) NORTH HAVRE (U) ORCHARD HOMES (U) PHILIPSBURG PLENTYWOOD POLSON POLSON RED LODGE RONAN SCOBEY	66 80 134 61 122 133 119 92 89	117 150 244 108 220 244 203 177 124 185	75 74 108 81 115 132 87 102 91 96	61 75 134 53 121 107 111 74 60 94	79 60 139 67 129 132 88 131 60	130 58 102 84 103 116 63 140 75 83	61 40 66 59 69 91 116 52 66	66 46 84 57 158 201 72 239 109	60 89 116 63 110 121 117 82 64 97	118 168 256 105 229 194 188 128	66 74 115 67 144 141 94 100 96	67 63 143 45 112 121 117 94 62 99	91 76 138 83 124 129 87 149 66	132 48 88 68 109 130 57 171 87	64 23 58 45 70 104 48 147 71	92 44 94 61 186 183 57 276 100
SUPERIOR	97 61 76 76 106 80 97	142 134 120 115 184 181 157	87 73 90 64 97 89 97	75 61 70 71 71 61 68	79 53 80 78 101 95 106	82 59 86 73 78 93 109	42 36 46 30 76 60 50	44 77 63 77 88 42 95	75 61 91 51 93 79 101	132 124 143 138 149 176 160	100 87 87 64 105 86 121	61 55 74 77 68 86 69	97 68 74 79 96 101 104	58 60 77 53 70 89 76	41 39 42 50 58 69 47	30 92 55 65 88 66 62

Montana

Table 25.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960

			POPULAT	ION	-7		l +	HOUSEHOLD)S	MALES	14 YEARS	S OLD	FEMALE	S 14 YEAR	RS OLD
AREA	TOTAL	BY MALE	SEX FEMALE	WHITE	NEGRO	OTHER	NUME TOTAL	NON- WHITE	POPU- LATION	SINGLE	MAR- RIED	WIDOWED AND DI- VORCED	SINGLE	MAR- RIED	WIDOWED AND DI- VORCED
BEAVERHEAD COUNTY: ARMSTEAD-HORSE PRAIRIE DIV BIG HOLE BASIN DIV . DILLON DIV LIMA-CENTENNIAL VALLEY DIV	564 766 3 690 1 473 701	350 437 1 864 860 379	214 329 1 826 613 322	554 765 3 667 1 472 701	: 1	10 1 22 1	184 274 1 249 396 240	4 1 5	516 761 3 423 1 369 701	113 116 437 238	134 172 821 338 164	40 53 105 79 45	12 34 286 51	128 164 818 318	10 29 256 33 30
BIG HORN COUNTY: BUSBY-DECKER DIV . HARDIN DIV LODGE GRASS-SAINT XAVIER DIV PRYOR-BEAUVAIS CREEK DIV SARPY DIV	1 012 3 984 4 370 395, 246	511 1 985 2 174 219 143	501 1 999 2 196 176 103	357 3 752 2 084 171 220	1	652 222 2 285 224 26	238 1 189 942 91 72	112 40 353 33 4	1 012 3 940 4 348 369 246	109 316 395 57 40	203 914 860 89 54	22 96 87 18 6	68 230 266 25 6	195 930 867 73 53	34 188 156 15
BLAINE COUNTY: CHINOOK DIV FORT BELKNAP DIV HARLEM DIV TURNER-HOGELAND DIV.	4 198 1 452 1 764 677	2 235 747 883 380	1 963 705 881 297	4 080 159 1 464 667	3 7 4	118 1 290 293 6	1 333 281 491 173	21 235 57 2	4 135 1 424 1 726 636	503 127 198 67	939 220 358 148	123 28 46 14	213 104 96 30	943 226 363 140	176 44 100 13
BROADWATER COUNTY: TOWNSEND EAST DIV TOWNSEND WEST DIV	2 223 581	1 186 323	1 037 258	2 222 581	:::		669 173	:::	2 192 581	216 59	499 140	88 21	111 21	491 132	102 19
CARBON COUNTY: FIVE MILE CREEK DIV. FROMBERG-BRIDGER DIV JOLIET DIV LUTHER-BEAR CREEK DIV RED LOGGE DIV ROBERTS DIV WARREN DIV	442 1 850 1 395 1 028 2 278 950 374	237 930 730 547 1 071 490 198	205 920 665 481 1 207 460 176	441 1 846 1 384 1 028 2 277 950 374	2	1 4 9	112 600 436 330 881 279 94	3 2	442 1 837 1 395 1 028 2 247 950 374	49 181 143 111 194 131 43	99 442 350 247 545 215	7 44 22 36 75 20 3	21 120 72 50 139 49 17	97 442 346 242 559 217 82	6 100 64 54 253 34 8
CARTER COUNTY: EKALAKA DIV LITTLE MISSUURI DIV.	1 348 1 145	694 658	654 487	1 348 1 141	•••	4	436 317		1 339 1 129	147 147	300 273	31 38	75 31	306 257	77 33
CASCADE COUNTY: BELT DIV	1 500 1 245 969 55 357 7 391 3 791 809 301 2 055	790 683 511 27 419 4 475 1 930 406 169 1 061	710 562 458 27 938 2 916 1 861 403 132 994	1 497 1 242 966 54 453 7 078 3 484 788 301 2 050	311 205	3 593 108 306 21	461 405 299 17 613 1 515 1 001 228 98 567	239 37 49 3	1 500 1 245 969 54 584 5 863 3 785 809 301 2 047	199 144 114 3 876 1 467 294 67 31	336 301 229 13 079 1 587 853 192 69	40 65 25 1 320 121 66 19 18 46	80 45 52 3 062 196 207 34 6	331 293 231 13 211 1 384 846 193 67 466	77 36 34 2 737 92 87 25 10 47
CHOUTEAU COUNTY: BIG SANDY DIV FORT BENTON DIV GERALDINE DIV HIGHWOOD DIV	2 316 3 484 1 034 514	1 203 1 855 547 269	1 113 1 629 487 245	2 229 3 463 1 025 513	•••	87 21 9	698 1 031 293 166	11 4 1	2 316 3 428 1 034 502	219 319 88 58	526 791 228 123	34 105 34 14	111 147 44 21	532 776 219 129	101 132 34 12
CUSTER COUNTY: ISMAY DIV	318 9 665 1 462 425 480 877	176 4 710 902 263 254 444	142 4 955 560 162 226 433	318 9 620 1 398 404 480 867	14	41 64 7	96 3 230 349 96 123 233	14	718 9 530 1 251 750 480 834	30 750 320 87 62 90	74 2 271 314 85 114 194	13 268 31 17 5 30	519 50 58 35 45	73 2 277 305 80 109 193	11 625 21 4 7 45
DANIELS COUNTY: FLAXVILLE DIV PEERLESS DIV SCOBEY DIV	813 580 2 362	430 317 1 201	383 263 1 161	812 580 2 358	:::	4	243 158 744	:::	813 580 2 362	87 91 247	191 136 522	12 10 55	39 27 129	192 135 528	26 10 136
DAWSON COUNTY: GLENDIVE DIV GLENDIVE EAST DIV. GLENDIVE NORTHEAST DIV GLENDIVE WEST DIV. LINDSAY DIV RICHEY DIV	7 058 494 800 2 667 427 868	3 502 268 424 1 376 229 444	3 556 226 376 1 291 198 424	7 040 494 799 2 664 427 868	1	17	2 158 128 204 601 121 257	1	6 991 494 800 2 658 427 868	546 47 77 192 53 97	1 638 111 169 570 102 202	103 7 13 14 9	393 20 35 119 17 53	1 631 104 167 565 102 203	341 10 23 29 10 21
DEER LODGE COUNTY: ANACONDA DIV DEER LOOGE VALLEY DIV	12 054 4 163 2 423	6 048 2 276 1 253	6 006 1 887 1 170	11 946 4 033 2 408	90 7 5	18 123 10	3 846 574 594	30 11 1	11 970 2 097 2 423	1 081 954 168	2 734 651 526	364 221 39	797 527 113	2 742 716 527	663 208 39
FALLON COUNTY: BAKER DIV	3 273 724	1 652 381	1 621 343	3 269 723	1	3	958 206	•••	3 272 724	272 79	752 171	44 11	149	750 171	135 24

Table 25.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960—Con.

			POPULAT		s not show	i where i		OUSEHOL	s in the are	MALES	14 YEAR: AND OVER		FEMALE	S 14 YEAR	
AREA		BY	SEX		BY RACE		NUME	FR.			AND OVER	WIDOWED		AND OVER	WIDOWED
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	NEGRO	OTHER	TOTAL	NON- WHITE	POPU~ LATION	SINGLE	MAR- RIED	AND DI- VORCED	SINGLE	MAR- RIED	AND DI- VORCED
FERGUS COUNTY: DENTON DIV	1 164 870 945 7 408 1 283 1 425 396 527	613 473 536 3 650 681 745 213 293	551 397 409 3 758 602 680 183 234	1 162 870 939 7 369 1 272 1 424 395 527	3 8 1	2 3 31 10 1	343 223 216 2 414 355 375 118 155	1 15 2	1 164 767 764 7 189 1 256 1 425 396 527	114 102 139 561 119 146 41	275 191 201 1 722 325 322 88 121	20 25 17 218 23 17 11	44 39 48 429 57 92 17 29	269 183 197 1 726 308 321 90	26 20 536 39 31
FLATHEAD COUNTY: BAD ROCK-COLUMBIA HEIGHTS DIV	1 243 2 132 1 568 1 771 160 10 151	649 1 071 827 924 77 4 822	594 1 061 741 847 83 5 329	1 233 2 126 1 561 1 767 159 10 085	13	10 6 7 4 1 53	344 611 408 533 51 3 437	2 2 1	1 234 2 132 1 470 1 771 160 10 034	119 146 161 148 15 751	304 508 361 449 39 2 407	61 35 1	51 94 63 69 9 609	303 515 360 450 40 2 431	66 45 46 10
DIV	4 411 2 407 2 256 1 547 2 965 2 354	2 266 1 246 1 188 796 1 451 1 206	2 145 1 161 1 068 751 1 514 1 148	4 403 2 392 2 240 1 502 2 934 2 336	8	4 7 16 45 29 18	1 227 730 648 469 966 697	2 5 3 13 9 3	2 362 2 182 1 547 2 949 2 354	331 224 179 119 205 187	612 549 372 736 576	62 51 37 49	93 71 66 165 122	601 547 365 740 578	86 89 32 167
GALLATIN COUNTY: BELGRADE DIV BOZEMAN DIV BOZEMAN RURAL DIV GALLATIN GATEWAY DIV MANHATTAN DIV THREE FORKS DIV WEST YELLOWSTONE DIV	2 446 13 361 4 087 1 019 2 575 1 958 599	1 270 6 843 2 092 538 1 371 1 034 324	1 176 6 518 1 995 481 1 204 924 275	2 445 13 288 4 066 1 017 2 567 1 947 598	11 7 2	104 62 14 28 9	707 4 099 1 110 287 697 607 221	22 8 1 5	2 446 11 697 4 058 1 019 2 560 1 937 599	217 2 244 253 99 239 181 51	597 2 774 1 026 251 574 483 182	238 46 25 52 58	128 1 304 151 50 121 75 23	597 2 785 1 030 249 565 473 171	777 65 20 80 87
GARFIELD COUNTY: NORTH GARFIELD DIV . SOUTH GARFIELD DIV .	1 372 609	730 349	642 260	1 372 608	•••	••• <u>•</u>	420 172		1 353 609	170 92	296 137	39 11	64 17	300 128	
GLACIER COUNTY: BABB DIV BROWNING-EAST GLACIER DIV CUT BANK DIV CUT BANK RURAL DIV . GLACIER NATIONAL PARK DIV	522 4 831 4 539 1 631 42	279 2 559 2 288 871	243 2 272 2 251 760 9	181 1 281 4 272 1 414 42	11 13	341 3 539 254 217	123 1 098 1 351 423	63 664 50 52	522 4 657 4 511 1 631	46 554 330 158	113 913 1 045 374	154 98 31	21 244 223 76	108 895 1 063 366	182 191 17
GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY: LAVINA DIV NORTH COUNTRY DIV . RYEGATE DIV	532 135 536	282 77 293	250 58 243	532 135 536	•••	•••	167 46 164	:::	532 135 536	62 15 58	128 31 123	9	24 8 23	126 30 120	3
GRANITE COUNTY: DRUMMOND DIV PHILIPSBURG DIV	1 341 1 673	707 881	634 792	1 329 1 661	•••	12 12	424 537	4 2	1 341 1 662	160 193	320 398		63 67	321 399	36 81
HILL COUNTY: GILDFORD DIV	1 483 10 740, 2 341 2 502 1 587	780 5 238 1 260 1 300 855	703 5 502 1 081 1 202 732	1 469 10 556 2 144 1 649 1 582	4 3 15 2	10 181 182 851 5	416 3 212 589 581 427	6 43 40 136	1 474 10 398 2 206 2 467 1 583	154 836 259 195 159	351 2 421 535 511 352	199 56 44	49 770 111 128 76	348 2 434 464 515 351	546 71 83
JEFFERSON COUNTY: BOULDER DIV	2 603 1 694	1 366 836	1 237 858	2 547 1 689	4	52 5	531 550	8 2	1 699 1 694	558 149	394 393		386 89	404 39 1	
JUDITH BASIN COUNTY: GEYSER DIV	660 1 064 1 361	354 562 716	306 502 645	660 1 060 1 353		*** 4 7	208 320 419	1 2	660 1 064 1 326	76 131 129	151 254 325	14	19 44 67	149 252 316	49
LAKE COUNTY: BIG FORK-SWAN RIVER DIV CHARLO DIV POLSON DIV RONAN DIV ST IGNATIUS DIV WEST SHORE DIV	675. 1 187. 4 749. 3 251. 2 663. 579	345 621 2 446 1 663 1 349 300	330 566 2 303 1 588 1 314 279	674 1 160 4 478 2 907 1 982 408	1 ••• 12 2 1	27 271 332 679 170	247 296 1 503 919 720 192	2 60 65 127 33	675 1 166 4 690 3 218 2 619 579	41 113 395 312 243 58	202 251 1 214 735 546 151	20 126 77 58	30 76 237 191 167 22	202 263 1 195 745 557 152	35 240 140 120
LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY: AUGUSTA DIV HELENA DIV HELENA EAST DIV LINCOLN DIV WOLF CREEK DIV	992 20 227 3 168 2 587 593 439	531 9 816 1 505 1 336 300 247	461 10 411 1 663 1 251 293 192	967 19 887 3 095 2 535 593 439	1 61 3 6	24 279 70 46	293 6 749 886 685 187 147	6 88 9 7	590	115 1 724 213 256 49 46	230 4 602 726 581 151 106	461 65 121 21	51 1 453 247 225 16 21	232 4 654 735 564 148 95	1 407 145 101 13

28-42 Montana

Table 25.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960—Con.

			POPULAT					IOUSEHOL	os in the tree	MALES	14 YEARS	5 OLD	FEMALE	S 14 YEAR	RS OLD
AREA	TOTAL	MALE	SEX FEMALE	WHITE	NEGRO	OTHER	NUME TOTAL	NON- WHITE	POPU- LATION	SINGLE	MAR- RIED	WIDOWED AND DI- VORCED	SINGLE	MAR- RIED	WIDOWED AND DI- VORCED
LIBERTY COUNTY: CHESTER DIV JOPLIN DIV	2: 041 583	1 068 318	973 265	2 030 583	:::	11	562 164		2 024 583	211 67	464 131	32 12	91 27	447 131	64 13
LINCOLN COUNTY: EUREKA DIV LIBBY DIV TROY DIV	3 054 7 347 2 136	1 575 3 848 1 160	1 479 3 499 976	3 035 7 317 2 132	···	19 27 4	888 2 Q58 665	5 4 1	3 054 7 289 2 108	247 593 208	719 1 758 516	79 141 74	143 282 76	713 1 745 510	
MC CONE COUNTY: BROCKWAY DIV CIRCLE DIV NORTHWEST MC CONE DIV VIDA DIV	518 1 464 307 1 032	289 770 178 543	229 694 129 489	517 1 462 307 1 032	•••	1 2	143 413 90 272	•••	518 1 463 307 1 026	81 142 37 103	114 340 69 228	8 25 8 23	29 63 11 40	114 339 68 227	11 45 4 23
MADISON COUNTY: HARRISON DIV MADISON VALLEY DIV . SHERIDAN DIV TWIN BRIDGES DIV . VIRGINIA CITY DIV.	921 1 078 1 330 1 549 333	496 565 698 823 181	425 513 632 726 152	920 1 078 1 329 1 497 333	1 1	51	289 358 468 456 101		921 1 078 1 308 1 381 289	97 96 145 189 45	233 282 325 319 76	30 34 48 52 18	30 40 41 99 14	229 277 319 325 71	40 40 87 65 24
MEAGHER COUNTY: MARTINSDALE-RINGLING DIV	532 2 084	310 1 120	222 964	530 2 075	···	2	161 646		492 2 036	97 252	119 479	26 86	16 99	113 472	
MINERAL COUNTY: ALBERTON DIV SUPERIOR DIV WEST END DIV	527 1 713 797	271 899 422	256 814 375	527 1 696 795	:::	17 2	161 476 244	5 1	522 1 695 789	54 143 83	127 409 176	14 41 24	21 73 44	126 405 181	
MISSOULA COUNTY: BONNER-CLINTON DIV . FRENCHTOWN-ENARO DIV LOLO DIV MISSOULA DIV MISSOULA OUT DIV SEELEY LAKE-BLACKFOOT VALLEY DIV	1 869 1 131 752 27 090 12 669	980 619 391 13 404 6 411	889 512 361 13 686 6 258	1 869 964 739 26 867 12 578	42 12	167 13 181 79	573 307 207 8 658 3 412	30 1 55 14	1 869 1 131 752 25 395 12 584 1 116	170 143 71 3 151 770	466 255 180 6 135 3 030	50 25 13 603 174 29	90 73 32 2 268 548	466 248 179 6 184 3 056 278	
MUSSELSHELL COUNTY: KLEIN DIV MELSTONE DIV ROUNDUP DIV ROUNDUP NORTH DIV	603 713 2 842 730	326 378 1 447 389	277 335 1 395 341	602 711 2 833 730	 1 2	1 1 7	179 210 933 226	 1	603 713 2 793 716	83 80 233 84	134 170 682 168	12 17 92 26	28 28 131 42	133 166 671 162	28 19 170 38
PARK COUNTY: GARDINER-COOKE DIV . LIVINGSTON DIV SHIELDS VALLEY DIV . UPPER YELLOWSTONE VALLEY DIV	929 8 229 1 699 2 311	491 4 088 925 1 223	438 4 141 774 1 088	929 8 181 1 697 2 310	 8 	40 2	338 2 815 481 682	18	929 8 174 1 675 2 280	75 648 181 216	241 2 063 414 583	40 234 47 62	31 430 84 97	242 2 065 397 585	41 523 42 63
PETROLEUM COUNTY: WINNETT DIV	894	505	389	889	•••	5	274	1	887	131	206	27	39	208	31
PHILLIPS COUNTY: DODSON DIV LANDUSKY-ZORTMAN DIV LORING DIV MALTA DIV REGINA-SUN PRAIRIE	511 174 212 3 453	275 101 122 1 760	236 73 90 1 693	460 120 211 3 320	1 ••• ••• 1	50 54 1 132	130 49 65 1 068	7 9 31	499 174 212 3 440	70 24 22 323	103 35 56 801	8 6 6 73	16 5 9 181	100 31 51 805	30 4 164
SACO DIV	194 750 234 499	116 396 146 287	78 354 88 212	194 729 184 492	1	21 49 7	54 250 64 145	5 15 1	194 750 228 499	31 81 49 62	47 177 52 119	8 22 10 16	6 25 7 16	45 177 44 108	2 40 4 15
PONDERA COUNTY: CONRAD DIV	2 665 2 450 2 538	1 291 1 309 1 297	1 374 1 141 1 241	2 664 2 428 1 985	•••	1 22 553	825 629 629	1 3 94	2 658 2 402 2 507	211 261 286	587 538 539	50 65 41	153 120 148	600 535 537	153 64 72
POWDER RIVER COUNTY: BROADUS DIV EAST POWDER RIVER DIV OTTER DIV	1 284 661 280 260	653 353 156 137	631 308 124 123	1 264 659 274 255	•••	20 2 6 5	366 184 90 83	··· 2 2	1 272 650 279 260	109 58 27 24	300 164 72 70	25 18 10 6	52 20 8 12	300 151 71 68	55 16 6 9
POWELL COUNTY: AVON-ELLISTON DIV COTTONWOOD DIV DEER LOOGE DIV HELMVILLE DIV OVANDO DIV	1 217 535 4 681 262 307	676 274 2 604 147 174	541 261 2 077 115 133	1 205 529 4 541 261 307	16	12 6 124 1	376 160 1 312 79 96	3 9	1 200 526 4 019 256 307	148 42 512 43 40	306 139 1 180 55 79	35 11 240 9 5	43 30 223 10 11	280 130 1 006 57 73	37 22 246 10

Table 25.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960—Con.

			POPULAT					HOUSEHOLD	in the area	MALES	14 YEAR		FEMALE	S 14 YEAR	RS OLD
AREA	TOTAL	ВҮ	SEX	E	BY RACE		NUME	BER	D0211			WIDOWED			WIDOWED
	, , , ,	MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	NEGRO	OTHER	TOTAL	NON- WHITE	POPU- LATION	SINGLE	MAR- RIED	AND DI- VORCED	SINGLE	MAR- RIED	AND DI- VORCED
PRAIRIE COUNTY: TERRY NORTH DIV TERRY SOUTH DIV	335 1 983	192 998	143 985	334 1 967	•••	16	93 631	:::	335 1 983	52 201	76 439	5 46	14 120	65 443	6 109
RAVALLI COUNTY: DARBY DIV	911 2 475 3 377 1 436 2 626 391 1 125	467 1 180 1 719 759 1 320 196 574	444 1 295 1 658 677 1 306 195 551	911 2 443 3 371 1 423 2 605 391 1 112	1	32 5 13 21	288 927 1 051 422 823 117 328	6 2 3 2	911 2 404 3 370 1 436 2 605 391 1 125	76 164 287 116 242 35 119	239 629 881 356 651 92 271	61	45 120 166 77 136 23 70	234 644 886 353 647 94 268	29 244 130 36 145 10 48
RICHLAND COUNTY: FAIRVIEW DIV LAMBERT DIV MONA-ANDES DIV SAVAGE-CRANE DIV SIDNEY DIV SIDNEY RURAL DIV	1 637 942 610 1 440 4 564 1 311	825 479 330 751 2 217 668	812 463 280 689 2 347 643	1 625 939 610 1 434 4 548 1 310	•••	12 3 6 16	489 247 169 399 1 426 319	1 2 3 1	1 637 933 610 1 440 4 544 1 283	148 104 72 170 292 93	378 208 130 323 1 088 291	22	100 48 19 79 291 68	383 203 129 324 1 094 291	68 16 21 36 246 35
ROOSEVELT COUNTY; BAINVILLE DIV CULBERTSON DIV FROID DIV POPLAR DIV WOLF POINT DIV WOLF POINT RURAL DIV	660 1 152 918 4 165 3 585 1 251	369 577 482 2 164 1 768 658	291 575 436 2 001 1 817 593	658 1 133 913 2 258 3 167 829	9 2	2 19 5 1 898 416 422	176 343 261 964 1 048 279	1 4 1 334 83 82	660 1 144 918 4 147 3 576 1 233	77 112 100 379 254 125	134 254 203 782 809 233	16 21 28 130 69 34	40 74 50 221 212 56	131 251 207 789 808 231	26 64 34 163 160 39
ROSEBUD COUNTY: ASHLAND-LAME DEER- BIRNEY DIV COLSTRIP DIV FORSYTH DIV ROSEBUD-ANGELA DIV . SUMATRA-INGOMAR- VANANDA DIV	2 076 439 2 397 750	1 059 223 1 213 402 304	1 017 216 1 184 348 221	748 426 2 389 747 524	4 3 •••	1 324 10 8 3	481 121 794 193	257 2 1	2 056 439 2 362 750	181 41 228 84 76	382 98 563 160	14	138 23 127 33	387 99 579 160	75 9 162 25
SANDERS COUNTY: HOT SPRINGS DIV PLAINS DIV THOMPSON FALLS-WEST END DIV	2 101 1 756 3 023	1 114 909 1 582	987 847 1 441	1 727 1 745 2 997	1	374 11 25	742 597 917	84 2 4	2 092 1 704 3 007	.246 188 262	483 452 752	91 54 63	114 78 136	481 445 742	117 81 100
SHERIDAN COUNTY: MEDICINE LAKE DIV. OUTLOOK DIV. PLENTYWOOD DIV. WESTBY DIV. .	1 813 747 3 098 800	972 410 1 565 424	841 337 1 533 376	1 785 746 3 096 795	••• 1 5	28 1 1	515 207 950 227	13 1 1 1	1 813 747 3 087 800	197 79 276 103	413 175 723 168	42 9 73 20	73 27 164 39	413 171 727 170	63 18 162 33
SILVER BOW COUNTY: BUITE DIV DIVIDE-MELROSE DIV . ROCKER-RAMSEY DIV SOUTH BUTTE DIV WALKERVILLE-BROWNS GULCH DIV	27 877 426 1 102 10 853 6 196	13 576 220 568 5 437 3 047	14 301 206 534 5 416 3 149	27 622 423 1 083 10 823 6 176	59 1 ••• 21	196 2 19 9	9 969 128 312 3 080 1 845	73 1 2 9	27 511 426 1 102 10 757 6 196	2 592 41 111 753 618	6 211 91 243 2 579 1 292	973 15 19 186	1 964 24 64 586 434	6 221 89 240 2 604 1 316	2 239 20 51 434 441
STILLWATER COUNTY: ABSAROKEE DIV COLUMBUS DIV COLUMBUS NORTH DIV . COLUMBUS SOUTH DIV . PARK CITY DIV	1 778 1 477 805 690 776	945 739 423 364 392	833 738 382 326 384	1 778 1 477 801 680 775	•••• ••• 1	 4 9	543 476 216 199 239	••• ••• 2 1	1 767 1 440 805 690 774	162 128 90 80 74	452 344 182 170 196	34 42 18 11 13	88 59 39 36 40	447 356 181 169 196	60 115 28 19 40
SWEET GRASS COUNTY: NORTH OF THE YELLOW- STONE DIV SOUTH OF THE YELLOW- STONE DIV	852 2 438	470 1 219	382 1 219	852 2 438	•••	•••	233 838	•••	852 2 422	107 237	206 610	24 69	36 119	197 617	18 135
TETON COUNTY: CHOTEAU EAST DIV CHOTEAU WEST DIV DUTTON-POWER DIV FAIRFIELD DIV	687 3 100 1 612 1 896	359 1 593 853 1 016	328 1 507 759 880	687 3 069 1 604 1 893	1	30 8 3	184 944 449 559	••• 9 2 1	687 3 058 1 612 1 889	56 277 153 198	160 719 379 457	10 96 25 30	37 140 65 87	158 714 376 461	14 160 43 65
TOOLE COUNTY: SHELBY DIV SOUTH TOOLE DIV SUNBURST DIV	4 017 1 112 2 775	2 047 599 1 468	1 970 513 1 307	3 988 1 096 2 767	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	29 15 8	1 199 274 733	11 1 2	3 972 1 112 2 629	318 120 263	908 235 646	96 25 55	188 46 143	908 234 626	206 30 70
TREASURE COUNTY: HYSHAM DIV	1 345	704	641	1 343	•••	2	378	•••	1 345	112	310	33	57	304	42
VALLEY COUNTY: FORT PECK DIV FRAZER DIV GLASGOW DIV GLASGOW NORTH DIV HINSOALE DIV NASHUA DIV	1 766 1 107 6 398 3 972 1 207 1 071 1 559	941 571 3 228 2 306 659 563 865	825 536 3 170 1 666 548 508 694	1 749 744 6 236 3 723 1 204 1 063 1 527	22 105	17 363 140 144 3 8	476 266 1 893 923 376 322 400	4 64 40 43 2 6	1 763 1 099 6 342 3 519 1 207 1 071 1 487	184 90 502 632 167 97 220	403 223 1 541 863 277 252 354	26 23 120 57 34 19 20	75 61 287 91 51 37 56	392 225 1 511 842 268 252 348	25 27 229 43 44 34 28

Table 25.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960—Con.

[Characteristics not shown where fewer than five persons in the area]

			POPULAT	ION			H	OUSEHOLD	S		14 YEARS AND OVER	S OLD		S 14 YEAR AND OVER	RS OLD
AREA		вү	SEX	B	Y RACE		NUME	ER	POPU-	SINGLE	MAR-	WIDOWED	SINGLE	MAR-	WIDOWED
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	NEGRO	OTHER	TOTAL	NON- WHITE	LATION	•	RIED	DI- VORCED		RIED	VORCED
WHEATLAND COUNTY: HARLOWTON NORTH DIV. HARLOWTON SOUTH DIV. JUDITH GAP DIV	2 166 395 465	1 097 232 248	1 069 163 217	2 155 387 464	1	10 8 1	693 104 135	4 •••	2 061 351 458	198 75 48	525 92 104	56 14 14	107 17 18	522 84 103	131 9 21
WIBAUX COUNTY: PINE HILLS-SAINT PHILLIPS DIV WIBAUX DIV	542 1 156	302 565	240 591	542 1 154	•••	2	135 359	:::	542 1 156	71 96	112 274	11 33	31 60	109 268	8 44
YELLOWSTONE COUNTY! BILLINGS DIV	52 900 4 802 8 002 176 2 663 4 663 4 629 2 007 616 927	25 454 2 484 4 019 102 1 385 2 287 882 1 046 344 476	27 446 2 318 3 983 74 1 278 2 314 747 961 272 451	52 269 4 785 7 946 176 2 656 4 598 1 619 2 002 616 917	215 5 10	416 12 46 .7 3 10 5 10 45	16 726 1 388 2 020 59 770 1 422 398 515 181 236	187 4 12 3 2 1	52 357 4 750 7 838 176 2 643 4 595 1 604 2 007 616 927	3 651 339 506 24 261 317 176 177 70 89	12 291 1 164 1 837 41 622 1 146 7 367 449 145 214	89 19 27 13 12	3 580 211 378 7 158 246 75 86 28 43	12 404 1 157 1 827 42 627 1 137 1 368 451 142 215	14
YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK (PART): YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK DIV.	47	28		47		•••	13	•••	39	10	11	1		10	1

Table 26.—AGE BY SEX, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960

				T CHAIR ACC		anown wi	Control of the Contro	agout god ya katarawaya kalan karin madalaga a marana			and the soul of the state of the state of		and the same of th		THE SEA WAS COMES TO SERVED THE T	Problem of the state of the sta
				MA	LE			production of the second section of	Handa Andrews (Control of the Market of the			FEM	IALE	rangement and to the first fir		nacy, new tables - after the field
AREA	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 14 YEARS	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 14 YEARS	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER
BEAVERHEAD COUNTY: ARMSTEAD-HORSE PRAIRIE DIV BIG HOLE BASIN DIV . DILLON DIV DILLON RURAL DIV . LIMA-CENTENNIAL VALLEY DIV	23 45 200 82 28	46 55 326 133 73	44 51 317 111 38	36 50 188 84 41	50 53 197 106 46	64 83 198 153 71	46 53 165 108 44	41 47 273 83 38	21 39 204 91 45	46 69 284 127 59	28 48 335 91 39	26 30 190 70 39	30 47 206 80 40	28 45 205 69 42	21 25 171 41 26	14 26 231 44 32
BIG HORN COUNTY: BUSBY-DECKER DIV HARDIN DIV LODGE GRASS-SAINT XAVIER DIV PRYOR-BEAUVAIS CREEK DIV SARPY DIV	60 241 328 22 13	130 448 548 38 31	76 234 330 29 29	61 246 224 28 22	58 227 251 28 14	46 242 223 24 19	48 165 132 28 10	32 182 138 22 5	83 237 371 23 20	130 452 581 44 19	76 293 334 31 20	56 223 262 23 9	53 265 236 16 15	37 193 183 18	35 134 118 12 3	31 202 111 9 7
BLAINE COUNTY: CHINOOK DIV FORT BELKNAP DIV HARLEM DIV TURNER-HOGELAND DIV.	260 153 85 56	449 233 215 99	251 99 118 28	234 69 94 42	282 58 96 62	271 46 89 27	205 42 68 32	283 47 118 34	248 126 117 40	423 220 229 80	261 97 101 36	216 76 89 46	227 57 104 37	237 48 79 24	141 43 50 17	210 38 112 17
BROADWATER COUNTY: TOWNSEND EAST DIV TOWNSEND WEST DIV	147 43	255 64	143 29	104 33	146 35	139 45	115 31	137 43	133 32	220 57	151 35	98 23	137 33	108 34	76 16	114 28
CARBON COUNTY: FIVE MILE CREEK DIV- FROMBERG-BRIDGER DIV JOLIET DIV	36 96 43	49 179 191	29 117 81	28 83 56	34 103 98	20 131 94	18 88 69	23 133 98	39 89 48	44 190 145	29 117 72	27 86 58	24 113 106	19 111 69	15 85 74	8 129 93
LUTHER-BEAR CREEK DIV	44 92 38 20	124 177 100 55	58 102 61 21	49 74 42 31	67 131 67 21	79 140 73 22	49 116 57 18	77 239 52 10	48 82 40 27	97 188 128 45	57 100 47 19	50 94 41 24	59 21	60 171 64 23	147 38 8	59 276 43 9
CARTER COUNTY: EKALAKA DIV LITTLE MISSOURI DIV.		150 144	88 89	82 81	75 90	80 76	55 51	88 53	74 61	140 109	85 52	63 76	92 57	68 53	58 38	74 41
CASCADE COUNTY: BELT DIV	3 919	152 126 107 5 611 767	107 58 64 3 326 1 415	85 82 54 3 948 802	92 95 63 3 658 538	122 112 70 2 812 192	75 64 55 1 878 93	79 80 51 2 267 88	92 70 50 3 804 550	146 131 100 5 459 733	78 52 59 4 206 395	77 59 44 3 847 546	80 84 63 3 565 391	98 73 66 2 707 142	65 41 41 1 916 85	74 52 35 2 434 74
GREAT FALLS NORTH DIV	16	476 84 39 259	245 44 14 137	240 61 12 79	265 52 21 128	215 56 21 145	106 34 13 97	107 21 33 106	314 58 12 125	450 100 40 258	273 41 6 133	232 59 21 98	252 48 15 120	159 57 11 124	101 26 16 62	80 14 11 74

Table 26.—AGE BY SEX, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960—Con.

					ALE.				persons in			FEI	MALE			
AREA	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 14 YEARS	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 14 YEARS	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER
CHOUTEAU COUNTY: BIG SANDY DIV FORT BENTON DIV GERALDINE DIV HIGHWOOD DIV	154 263 68 30	291 402 143 46	122 176 40 31	125 209 53 27	154 249 87 33	142 206 57 35	75 139 45 30	140 211 54 37	131 214 62 25	258 384 136 63	126 182 49 28	134 191 61 25	154 220 63 37	112 176 42 24	73 118 31 21	125 144 43 22
CUSTER COUNTY: ISMAY DIV	26 556 97 30 21 53	35 940 169 45 61 87	12 545 256 69 37 59	25 538 92 45 29 48	22 606 97 24 32 54	16 461 80 23 40 42	21 394 66 13 20 31	19 670 45 14 14 70	19 584 71 34 31 57	31 1 030 118 37 52 98	12 607 81 18 36 47	23 571 77 27 24 48	11 597 79 18 38 62	17 502 61 17 22 41	12 442 43 7 17 33	17 622 30 4 6
DANIELS COUNTY: FLAXVILLE DIV PEERLESS DIV SCOBEY DIV	51 30 147	95 57 259	52 44 141	36 34 132	66 45 148	38 30 126	34 40 98	58 37 150	47 31 130	87 65 257	36 34 152	51 28 133	56 37 138	38 30 110	31 18 112	37 20 129
DAWSON COUNTY: GLENDIVE DIV	525 48 53 247 20 46	743 60 123 376 47 99	460 31 33 162 30 54	505 34 35 203 16 39	402 38 52 174 32 63	316 18 55 123 30 53	259 22 40 41 29 47	292 17 33 50 25 43	509 38 46 222 28 46	731 56 112 377 46 111	540 35 33 166 19 58	457 34 41 210 19 40	409 23 50 157 30 54	310 18 47 85 24 51	265 13 21 41 14 32	335 9 26 33 18 32
DEER LODGE COUNTY: ANACONDA DIV DEER LODGE VALLEY DIV	713 174 213	1 254 297 325	691 199 126	605 184 171	787 314 151	851 383 158	644 322 64	503 403 45	676 162 184	1 233 300 340	740 224 144	607 191 167	827 240 162	776 293 98	530 205 39	617 272 36
FALLON COUNTY: BAKER DIV	229 47	388 80	200 41	224 57	205 45	174 44	91 30	141 37	232 50	385 73	217 41	186 44	204 38	153 42	98 25	146 30
FERGUS COUNTY: DENTON DIV	89 59 74 426 76 96 23	128 104 115 785 143 177 53	61 53 95 358 74 97 21 38	61 53 69 372 84 71 17 32	93 61 65 452 72 89 32	70 51 42 367 74 94 19	47 34 42 265 61 60 19	64 58 34 625 97 61 29 38	70 52 62 383 80 75 19	133 99 93 723 129 177 45	48 45 51 451 75 87 22 37	66 50 61 431 78 77 22 33	83 40 48 433 60 88 25	56 43 42 376 67 80 14 29	38 28 33 321 48 47 19	57 40 19 640 65 49 17
FLATHEAD COUNTY: BAD ROCK-COLUMBIA HEIGHTS DIV COLUMBIA FALLS DIV COLUMBIA FALLS DIV	75 157 88 92 10 509 271 124 140 101 149 161	142 246 172 213 951 559 247 290 175 328 239	88 124 83 104 7 546 254 175 120 86 143 146	70 123 101 79 9 485 258 133 119 83 156 130	70 164 85 103 310 632 310 149 139 106 203 160	68 112 102 122 580 228 146 124 110 156 136	64 62 68 89 13 445 163 108	72 83 128 124 3 674 223 164 152 67 200 126	75 138 105 101 6 502 289 153 146 117 152 123	150 257 179 191 1 082 521 251 227 185 319 271	61 144 93 91 11 656 239 139 97 179 146	78 125 83 75 12 507 269 137 133 97 168 142	66 171 92 121 18 670 318 156 143 93 218 164	63 105 78 104 14 631 207 128 114 82 133 128	53 49 50 74 11 511 145 98 92 36 144 90	48 72 61 90 3 770 157 99 114 44 201 84
GALLATIN COUNTY: BELGRADE DIV BOZEMAN DIV BOZEMAN RURAL DIV GALLATIN GATEWAY DIV MANHATTAN DIV THRE FORKS DIV WEST YELLOWSTONE DIV	154 610 405 61 163 112 23	280 1 055 395 108 369 226 54	176 2 022 337 64 172 131 37	134 849 379 66 141 113 33	164 742 216 73 171 129 49	140 588 171 63 120 129 61	103 416 98 46 69 82 30	119 561 91 57 166 112 37	152 651 395 58 120 96 26		167 1 521 383 64 134 106	141 665 326 57 150 121	165 778 202 76 167 124 37	116 579 145 44 104 100	88 508 92 44 79 83 29	96 752 69 29 113 91 18
GARFIELD COUNTY: NORTH GARFIELD DIV • SOUTH GARFIELD DIV •	81 37	162 77	99 38	79 44	94 51	80 46	40 25	95 31	70 33	147	89 26	59 41	92 30	63 32	38 15	84
GLACIER COUNTY: BABB DIV BROWNING-EAST GLACIER DIV CUT BANK DIV CUT BANK RURAL DIV . GLACIER NATIONAL PARK DIV	49 404 329 117	59 576 525 203	37 450 245 115	44 342 303 91	28 258 282 120	33 222 247 95	14 173 177 87	15 134 180 43	52 416 294 114 2	564 510 199	35 356 293 102 2	42 268 310 98 2	21 230 285 105	22 181 252 82	9 133 158 28	9 124 149 32
GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY: LAVINA DIV NORTH COUNTRY DIV. RYEGATE DIV		64 16 65	30 4 32	27 9 31	46 10 33	29 11 36	25 6 13	13	30 4 19	15	23 7 25		9	7		32 7 36

Montana

Table 26.—AGE BY SEX, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960—Con.

					IALE				Ī			FE	MALE			
AREA	UNDER 5	5 TO	15 TO	25 TO	35 TO	45 TO 54	55 TO 64	65 AND	UNDER 5	5 TO	15 TO 24	25 TO	35 TO	45 TO	55 TO 64	65 AND
	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	OVER	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	ÖVER
GRANITE COUNTY: DRUMMOND DIV PHILIPSBURG DIV	71	141	64	81	99	87	65	99	71	156	71	68	85	77	42	64
	92	169	112	87	107	139	89	86	107	149	92	69	126	103	69	77
HILL COUNTY: GILDFORD DIV	100	169	102	91	99	93	58	68	104	161	79	100	85	73	47	54
	745	1 111	738	719	662	483	312	468	689	1 135	915	707	692	491	359	514
	162	272	232	192	131	116	71	84	172	292	168	129	132	82	39	67
	260	312	161	150	142	114	79	82	218	282	176	155	133	94	63	81
	146	186	107	105	113	90	43	65	110	171	113	97	85	74	38	44
JEFFERSON COUNTY: BOULDER DIV WHITEHALL DIV	103	.285	251	167	162	177	118	103	85	283	210	134	141	168	113	103
	86	162	96	75	114	123	72	108	98	204	82	90	107	106	66	105
JUDITH BASIN COUNTY: GEYSER DIV HOBSON DIV STANFORD DIV	44	68	37	30	44	55	42	34	45	76	36	26	37	36	24	26
	64	110	75	68	53	80	49	63	60	105	56	54	57	72	35	63
	66	165	88	60	96	95	73	73	72	145	72	74	82	81	55	64
LAKE COUNTY: BIG FORK-SWAN RIVER DIV CHARLO DIV POLSON DIV RONAN DIV ST IGNATIUS DIV WEST SHORE DIV	23	62	26	29	40	45	42	78	18	62	30	30	48	49	37	56
	89	158	76	62	63	63	50	60	71	131	73	63	64	65	47	52
	250	500	284	219	268	281	246	398	223	450	264	234	276	294	245	317
	195	379	220	147	159	193	144	226	173	369	207	152	167	197	142	181
	158	367	172	108	161	131	120	132	174	324	156	128	142	136	112	142
	27	50	29	19	30	38	49	58	36	35	18	22	32	34	54	48
LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY: AUGUSTA DIV HELENA DIV HELENA EAST DIV HELENA WEST DIV LINCOLN DIV WOLF CREEK DIV	53 1 139 183 140 33 19	131 2 042 334 252 52 54	64 1 297 147 132 30 23	53 1 084 208 132 41 24	68 1 372 184 183 43 32	47 1 129 198 176 46 35	40 855 132 154 25 32	75 898 119 167 30 28	53 1 072 196 134 40 18	99 1 967 374 255 82 43	65 1 415 257 228 23 28	47 1 170 220 146 40 24	55 1 362 194 177 38 27	46 1 275 164 127 35 25	39 927 105 81 18	57 1 223 153 103 17 14
LIBERTY COUNTY: CHESTER DIV JOPLIN DIV	155 41	224 71	131 43	134 46	138 45	118	95 13	73 15	139 41	247 61	132 34	138 47	124 31	86 24	51 7	56 20
LINCOLN COUNTY: EUREKA DIV	197	356	206	175	182	182	109	166	201	355	216	173	168	166	94	106
	530	905	494	511	485	412	264	247	517	842	492	450	462	359	196	181
	140	237	152	128	135	125	108	135	122	220	121	118	118	123	76	78
MC CONE COUNTY: BROCKWAY DIV CIRCLE DIV NORTHWEST MC CONE DIV VIDA DIV	34 100 30 67	58 178 36 131	33 92 14 48	39 96 18 66	43 98 21 79	32 74 22 53	23 38 14 40	27 94 23 59	25 93 15 76	57 166 34 129	31 93 13 45	23 89 17 67	34 83 16 61	24 58 14	21 48 11 29	14 64 9 35
MADISON COUNTY: HARRISON DIV MADISON VALLEY DIV . SHERIDAN DIV TWIN BRIDGES DIV VIRGINIA CITY DIV	50	95	61	51	51	71	52	65	43	88	48	41	57	59	41	48
	60	98	55	56	72	76	65	83	57	102	60	52	71	58	50	63
	63	123	71	57	73	87	83	141	66	130	38	68	72	65	86	107
	60	226	119	60	82	118	77	81	61	192	100	75	92	74	62	70
	22	21	13	14	21	33	38	19	11	35	10	14	21	23	14	24
MEAGHER COUNTY: MARTINSDALE-RINGLING DIV	27 120	45 200	29	37	36 168	49 160	35 92	52 128	30 128	44 208	23 155	23 94	20 139	35 100	25 57	24 83
MINERAL COUNTY: ALBERTON DIV SUPERIOR DIV WEST END DIV	25	57	36	25	34	33	33	28	30	56	30	27	33	23	25	32
	129	202	119	103	105	120	57	64	110	187	134	85	119	81	51	47
	48	103	54	44	49	54	42	28	37	90	58	43	49	47	27	24
MISSOULA COUNTY: BONNER-CLINTON DIV. FRENCHTOWN-ENARO DIV LOLO DIV MISSOULA DIV MISSOULA DIV DIV SEELEY LAKE-BLACKFOOT VALLEY DIV	107 67 54 1 316 997	207 141 80 2 401 1 531	124 88 48 2 751 727 88	114 65 47 1 524 1 006 82	100 73 58 1 483 890 86	139 75 44 1 446 579 83	90 53 32 1 082 323 57	99 57 28 371 358	98 60 55 1 357 957	195 124 89 2 386 1 492	116 65 43 2 528 873	97 67 48 1 426 1 021	116 66 51 1 583 808 60	123 56 38 1 523 486	66 39 19 1 229 287	78 35 18 1 654 334
MUSSELSHELL COUNTY; KLEIN DIV	28	73	40	18	53	36	28	50	26	65	25	22	51	25	35	28
	38	80	48	34	51	43	44	40	45	80	38	39	45	38	19	31
	166	296	140	165	177	145	101	257	178	263	157	154	162	167	114	200
	40	80	29	30	64	50	44	52	31	76	37	33	56	42	25	41
PARK COUNTY: GARDINER-COOKE DIV . LIVINGSTON DIV SHIELDS VALLEY DIV . UPPER YELLOWSTONE VALLEY DIV	49 424 88 159	89 795 208 231	44 460 113	52 475 93	62 538 123	72 489 125	64 384 74 113	59 523 101 113	48 371 83	84 824 184 238	45 512 101 148	57 466 91 140	60 545 125	60 451 81	42 391 51	42 581 58 75

Table 26.—AGE BY SEX, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960—Con.

				M	ALE						γ	FEI	MALE			
AREA	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 14 YEARS	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 14 YEARS	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER
PETROLEUM COUNTY: WINNETT DIV	51	97	61	56	75	72	40	53	34	88	49	41	61	47	23	46
PHILLIPS COUNTY: DODSON DIV	37 17 14 209	59 21 26 382	45 10 10 194	31 23 9 189	28 7 19	17 7 16 188	22 3 10 133	36 13 18 275	27 10 13 215	67 25 17 365	22 10 13 217	27 10 12 177	22 5 13 190	21 9 12 170	17 1 4 149	33 3 6 210
REGINA-SUN PRAIRIE DIV	11 48	21 72	21 49	11 37	21 47	10 52	10 44	11 47	9 36	17	10 38	10 36	11 40	13 44	2 25	6 55
WARM SPRING CREEK DIV	12 30	25 64	17 41	23 26	16 41	18 32	13 21	22 32	12 39	23 37	6 30	10 29	11 27	8 20	9	9 21
PONDERA COUNTY: CONRAD DIV CONRAD RURAL-BRADY	168 157	292 311	147 176	166 151	176 158	130	80	132	205	280	167 149	172	183	110	111	146 72
VALIER-DUPUYER DIV	159	302	199	142	140	152	102 105	116 98	150 177	292 333	179	127	152	120 118	80	75
POWDER RIVER COUNTY: BROADUS DIV EAST POWDER RIVER	74	156	70	79	81	63	62	68	78	155	66	82	80	66	44	60
OTTER DIV STACEY DIV	35 13 19	84 36 20	46 13 12	37 22 26	61 24 14	27 12 23	24 19 9	39 17 14	48 15 13	76 25 22	31 17 24	53 16 17	33 16 14	22 13 13	17 16 11	28 6 9
POWELL COUNTY: AVON-ELLISTON DIV COTTONWOOD DIV DEER LODGE DIV HELMVILLE DIV OVANDO DIV	75 26 274 21	122 58 424 19 37	99 32 307 14 22	64 26 403 18 11	91 32 403 21 20	99 42 348 12 22	69 34 220 24 23	57 24 225 18 24	60 33 220 17 9	130 53 422 23 31	59 31 251 14 12	64 33 241 13 17	89 38 260 9 19	59 22 255 11 18	42 27 178 17 12	38 24 250 11 15
PRAIRIE COUNTY: TERRY NORTH DIV TERRY SOUTH DIV	16 113	46 216	19 137	27 102	36 126	32 120	4 74	12 110	16 104	43 225	16 139	26 95	17 123	13 105	3 67	9 127
RAVALLI COUNTY: DARBY DIV	33 111 164 87 142 15 45	109 221 363 185 254 45 130	64 121 219 88 172 25 78	52 102 140 65 108 15 46	56 127 197 74 146 21 69	67 145 217 96 167 39	39 100 161 70 146 19 54	47 253 258 94 185 17 68	48 109 147 59 120 21	98 197 354 163 274 54	51 118 207 80 163 22 63	53 110 145 79 126 20 48	69 139 226 95 156 31 80	53 157 202 82 151 23	32 143 177 58 128 13 47	40 322 200 61 188 11 59
RICHLAND COUNTY: FAIRVIEW DIV LAMBERT DIV MONA-ANDES DIV SAVAGE-CRANE DIV SIDNEY DIV SIDNEY RURAL DIV .	90 60 36 80 305 97	185 105 78 172 496 183	115 56 38 104 247 81	70 53 31 72 260 79	92 69 51 98 272 78	107 57 41 81 223 67	63 31 21 61 136 38	103 48 34 83 278 45	111 74 42 81 302 99	168 135 71 185 467 166	126 53 26 82 321 86	67 49 38 81 300 86	102 59 35 86 263 80	93 51 28 64 229 56	56 19 12 45 182 40	89 23 28 65 283 30
ROOSEVELT COUNTY: BAINVILLE DIV CULBERTSON DIV FROID DIV POPLAR DIV WOLF POINT DIV WOLF POINT RURAL DIV	46 79 38 346 244 104	101 121 122 562 423 174	45 75 60 270 213 67	27 60 32 271 214 89	45 82 56 225 217 71	43 57 74 179 157 64	28 42 33 138 90 25	34 61 67 173 210 64	19 69 52 310 264 96	83 125 102 556 400 180	37 89 54 279 260 73	28 64 41 253 204 71	40 61 66 216 218 74	40 56 53 160 163 38	15 45 18 111 110 28	29 66 50 116 198 33
ROSEBUD COUNTY! ASHLAND-LAME DEER- BIRNEY DIV COLSTRIP DIV FORSYTH DIV ROSEBUD-ANGELA DIV . SUMATRA-INGOMAR- VANANDA DIV	176 22 134 50	281 49 245 107	134 24 133 49	126 25 100 43	106 27 183 54	90 25 136 35 42	66 29 112 26 21	80 22 170 38 42	168 ,28 110 50	272 60 217 87 51	159 22 143 37 33	116 29 138 45	117 22 158 51 20	81 27 129 28 28	57 11 97 29	47 17 192 21
SANDERS COUNTY: HOI SPRINGS DIV	100 72 214	214 156 319	114 106 196	8 3 99 179	119 131 183	116 127 193	110 93 136	258 125 162	91 81 170	206 173 315	123 92 198	98 97 178	115 106 174	104 103 168	102 95 119	148 100 119
SHERIDAN COUNTY: MEDICINE LAKE DIV OUTLOOK DIV PLENTYWOOD DIV WESTBY DIV	100 63 188 39	234 92 323 101	98 45 187 49	90 49 178 55	144 54 189 62	103 38 174 55	85 26 113 21	118 43 213 42	95 50 155 55	213 77 347 86	79 33 200 34	101 54 166 47	106 36 188 55	104 33 161 39	60 25 97 26	83 29 219 34
SILVER BOW COUNTY: BUTTE DIV DIVIDE=MELROSE DIV . ROCKER-RAMSEY DIV SOUTH BUTTE DIV WALKERVILLE-BROWNS GULCH DIV	1 424 25 90 679 400	2 569 50 112 1 328 679	1 482 23 67 559 380	1 316 17 59 611 302	1 659 25 69 807 384	1 865 36 75 660 413	1 590 27 54 449 268	1 671 17 42 344 221	1 508 16 60 664 363	2 570 61 127 1 210 653	1 688 27 67 621 364	1 348 18 49 718	1 765 30 80 809 388	1 798 19 63 625 435	1 609 20 48 372 275	2 015 15 40 397 329

Montana

Table 26.—AGE BY SEX, FOR CENSUS COUNTY DIVISIONS: 1960—Con.

					ALE							FEM	IALE			
AREA	UNDER	5 T0	15 TO	25 TO	35 TO	45 TO	55 TO	65	UNDER	5 TO	15 TO	25 TO	35 TO	45 TO	55 TO	65
	5	14	24	34	44	54	64	AND	5	14	24	34	44	54	64	AND
	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	OVER	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	OVER
STILLWATER COUNTY: ABSAROKEE DIV COLUMBUS DIV COLUMBUS NORTH DIV . COLUMBUS SOUTH DIV	98	219	110	81	120	118	91	108	84	170	86	107	116	109	79	82
	79	165	90	58	94	86	60	107	68	147	73	79	108	74	72	117
	42	92	50	61	47	55	40	36	50	90	55	44	49	42	25	27
	35	83	30	38	45	55	35	43	33	70	45	36	48	37	27	30
	36	85	61	29	43	49	37	52	34	79	53	32	47	43	38	58
SWEET GRASS COUNTY: NORTH OF THE YELLOW- STONE DIV SOUTH OF THE YELLOW- STONE DIV	52	89	48	59	56	60	56	50	56	82	46	47	47	37	36	31
	108	214	144	119	130	152	131	221	125	244	130	120	139	154	110	197
TETON COUNTY: CHOTEAU EAST DIV • • CHOTEAU WEST DIV • • DUTTON-POWER DIV • • FAIRFIELD DIV• • •	50	90	38	30	56	41	31	23	42	88	38	37	53	35	15	20
	184	343	188	162	214	178	131	193	182	336	181	183	192	147	120	166
	108	207	81	103	117	85	65	87	98	187	82	88	113	78	52	61
	110	238	137	109	122	125	87	88	84	194	126	95	124	104	64	89
TOOLE COUNTY: SHELBY DIV SOUTH TOOLE DIV SUNBURST DIV	284	471	238	241	288	204	132	189	261	436	237	252	275	193	134	182
	84	143	60	65	107	63	39	38	82	133	54	70	71	41	29	33
	181	347	183	181	183	167	122	104	197	302	180	165	167	139	86	71
TREASURE COUNTY: HYSHAM DIV	89	178	79	87	78	73	54	66	107	143	84	77	76	66	33	55
VALLEY COUNTY: FORT PECK DIV FRAZER DIV GLASGOW DIV GLASGOW NORTH DIV HINSDALE DIV NASHUA DIV OPHEIM DIV	139 86 477 356 80 83 112	209 157 644 422 115 121 168	122 66 436 580 84 66 154	137 68 529 422 71 70 137	129 62 385 277 64 74 95	117 47 312 132 79 37 64	54 39 199 59 67 50 53	34 46 246 58 99 62 82	132 95 506 344 88 77 109	214 134 680 362 106 114 164	111 79 529 276 59 70 103	121 60 406 310 59 58 96	104 56 384 206 64 63 78	87 51 287 91 63 43	34 28 149 43 43 43 40	22 33 229 34 66 50 50
WHEATLAND COUNTY: HARLOWTON NORTH DIV- HARLOWTON SOUTH DIV- JUDITH GAP DIV	104	236	112	99	140	143	91	172	115	211	125	113	144	111	95	155
	15	38	31	23	29	39	33	24	21	37	18	18	20	27	11	11
	29	57	24	21	34	25	30	28	16	59	22	28	28	25	23	16
WIBAUX COUNTY: PINE HILLS-SAINT PHILLIPS DIV WIBAUX DIV	36 52	77 123	38 50	34 51	36 74	40 63	26 51	15 101	26 86	72 140	34 67	26 59	33 65	31 55	52	9 67
YELLOWSTONE COUNTY: BILLINGS DIV BILLINGS HEIGHTS DIV BILLINGS WEST DIV BUFFALO CREEK DIV . HUNTLEY PROJECT DIV . LAUREL DIV LAUREL RURAL DIV MOLT-BROADVIEW DIV SOUTH YELLOWSTONE	3 316 367 632 11 159 283 85 134 47	5 560 567 1 012 17 317 492 268 301 69 126	2 956 286 469 12 185 273 129 134 45 64	3 296 320 685 13 127 271 98 117 38 62	3 732 337 558 19 177 367 106 147 39 60	2 795 284 345 11 163 238 110 113 41 55	1 835 150 163 9 104 175 49 59 34 36	1 964 173 155 10 153 188 37 41 27 26	3 157 305 686 6 129 260 93 123 23 55	5 727 507 993 16 300 510 192 273 72 133	3 928 315 566 14 181 296 98 143 32 56	3 642 339 717 9 132 305 104 134 37 53	3 805 325 461 13 182 330 114 127 42 55	2 881 262 280 5 137 263 78 89 26 54	1 991 123 156 4 105 145 36 35 19 26	2 315 142 124 7 112 205 32 37 21
YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK (PART): YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK DIV.	. 4	2	•••	4	6	5	3	4	8	•••		6	1	2		a

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION	١		T	1950			1960 PO	PULATION				1950
AGE		L CLASSES	r	WHO	TE	NONWI	HITE	POPULA- TION, TOTAL	AL	L CLASSES		wHI.	re	NONW	HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE I	EMALE		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	
		,		BEAVERHE	AD							BIG HOR	N			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS .	7 194 170 181 151 130 146 125 132 132 132 132 113 116 91 94 95 93 141	3 890 71 90 83 68 66 65 61 66 67 58 67 58 67 58 67 58 67 58	3 304 99 91 68 62 80 75 54 66 65 55 41 41 45 41 78 84 68	3 870 70 888 888 668 661 661 667 658 699 500 500 422 501 777	3 289 99 90 68 61 790 755 55 665 555 566 41 41 41 41 41 84 84	20 1 2 2 1	15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 671 143 266 241 86 108 302 367 83 83 177 209	10 007 312 289 301 257 260 245 255 263 233 240 254 257 189 198 188 192 144 126	5 032 157 131 144 125 107 122 119 135 127 120 121 120 120 128 97 87	4 975 155 158 158 132 132 138 126 120 136 113 113 113 105 101 101 101 101 101 101 107 58	3 376 86 76 86 69 64 73 70 77 76 60 74 73 74 54 64 56 72 37 30 38	3 208 69 89 87 72 68 81 55 69 84 66 61 65 73 56 43 37	1 656 71 558 568 49 49 51 60 47 47 47 44 39 31 31 31 33 29	1 767 86 69 760 644 571 512 547 58 540 515 336 28 331 330 23	9 824 258 570 534 230 232 699 793 178 169 339 267
21 AND OVER	4 491	2 542	1 949	2 530	1 941	12	8	4 518	5 222	2 697	2 525	1 994	1 808	703	717	5 431
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TC 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS.	778 641 577 585 517 383 371 393 462 494 464 391 309 327 233 166 68 35	378 321 312 283 278 203 196 227 225 274 295 245 171 196 139 93 34 20	400 320 265 302 239 180 175 166 237 220 169 146 138 131 94 173 34	374 320 312 280 277 201 195 224 274 294 244 170 196 138 93 34	397 319 301 238 178 173 1236 220 145 131 94 734 15	4 1 3 1 2 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 	650 496 450 469 450 418 485 527 468 433 384 406 373 281 183 162	1 308 1 256 848 604 573 581 568 595 552 443 394 291 253 328 141 65	664 627 572 416 282 279 302 281 297 288 266 221 162 116 79 33 27	734 633 593 432 329 279 287 298 264 177 173 129 112 62 32	381 356 348 259 168 189 198 224 225 216 186 126 98 98 66 32	385 355 351 274 194 173 171 217 208 137 133 99 92 97 59 28 21	283 267 224 157 114 90 104 98 73 50 35 36 26 18 13	349 278 242 158 128 121 108 704 40 40 40 30 37 15 34 4	1 362 1 161 775 696 690 723 685 534 460 372 340 276 169 168
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND UVER	2 278 829	1 153 482	1 125 347 28•5	1 148 481 34.4	1 118 347 28.6	5	7	1 856 662 34.1	4 397 739 22.8	2 146 379 24.3	2 251 360 21.5	1 277 317 29.7	1 285 297 26.3	869 62 16•7	966 63 15•5	4 002 640 24•6
MEDIAN AGE	31.6	34•3	20.5	·						2403		BROADWAT	l			
		T	г	BLAINE	[.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	—т					Г				
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR 2 YEARS 3 YEARS 4 YEARS 5 YEARS 6 YEARS 7 YEARS 9 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 20 YEARS	8 091 231 196 213 214 226 201 204 216 189 216 175 199 161 161 152 149 143 101 74 4 365	4 245 124 128 88 104 110 119 112 99 108 92 108 93 76 75 75 75 75 75 23 23 2355	3 846 107 103 108 109 104 107 89 105 108 97 108 84 91 17 74 74 74 74 74 71 48 32 20 10	3 351 777 88 668 668 79 80 80 80 649 59 764 82 82 866 563 59 59 72 27 200	3 019 844 71 65 79 72 62 71 63 63 63 65 65 65 65 64 63 64 63 64 63 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	894 47 40 22 36 31 39 30 30 30 37 26 17 20 16 16 16 16 16 55	827 233 377 445 255 357 348 212 221 221 221 221 221 225 232 240 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257	670 173 181 282 210 102 4 817	2 804 70 75 87 70 53 56 63 56 69 57 63 41 59 41 59	1 509 32 41 47 40 30 39 34 34 33 26 23 30 21 27 20 18 15	1 295 384 400 323 22 200 308 270 366 229 203 153 273 273 273 273 273 273 273 273 273 27	1 508 32 41 47 40 30 39 34 34 31 30 31 30 32 20 21 20 20 15 8 88	1 295 34 400 23 32 22 22 29 20 30 26 27 30 26 23 15 15 15 23 73 23 73 23 73 23 73 23 73 23 73 23 73 24 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74			2 922 83 124 134 66 61 184 200 51 45 69 68 31 1 806
UNDER 5 YEARS	1 085 1 036 619 372 410 456 460 463 448 373 324 274 270 266 188 77 58	554 530 466 317 179 204 235 265 223 200 190 157 153 105 43	531 506 446 302 123 206 221 195 230 215 173 134 117 120 113 83 34 27	378 368 346 242 130 160 200 206 176 162 140 136 137 90 38 28	368 361 328 237 141 187 180 202 1854 113 107 107 29 26	176 162 120 75 44 46 42 33 27 24 28 17 14 16 15 5	163 145 145 65 52 59 34 30 19 21 15 13 11 5	1 33 9443 67343 5549 5559 4623 5683 200 1979 2 8	355 299 297 216 142 127 131 167 184 168 158 127 111 107 70 25 20	190 166 153 116 56 70 67 84 97 103 81 80 66 57 62 36 14	165 133 144 100 86 57 64 83 87 65 77 45 50 38 11	190 166 153 116 56 70 66 84 97 103 80 66 57 62 36 14	165 133 144 100 86 57 65 77 45 50 38 34	1		341 311 251 182 162 197 224 217 188 150 129 148 157 108 73 69
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	3 477 859 25.3	1 772 482 26•9	1 705 377 23•6	1 270 429 31.3	1 226 334 27•5	502 53 14•5	479 43 14•5	3 387 726 26.3	1 101 322 28.7	587 180 30•3	514 142 26•7	587 180 30•2	514 142 26•7	:::		1 017 265 30•4

28-50 Montana

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

ALL AGES 8 UNDER 1 YEAR	ALI TOTAL	L CLASSES	FEMALE	wHJ	TE	NON	HITE	POPULA-								
ALL AGES . 8 UNDER 1 YEAR	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE					TION. TOTAL		L CLASSES		WHI			HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL
UNDER 1 YEAR		L		MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	
UNDER 1 YEAR	П			CARBON	١							CARTER				
5 TO 9 YEARS . 10 TO 14 YEARS . 15 TO 19 YEARS . 25 TO 29 YEARS . 35 TO 39 YEARS . 35 TO 39 YEARS . 45 TO 34 YEARS . 45 TO 44 YEARS . 55 TO 54 YEARS . 55 TO 59 YEARS . 55 TO 59 YEARS . 65 TO 64 YEARS . 75 TO 74 YEARS . 75 TO 79 YEARS . 80 TO 84 YEARS .	8 317 142 141 164 139 156 157 171 169 170 162 165 188 195 188 147 157 164 173 92 52 53 5	4 203 65 744 87 68 75 81 91 95 91 81 75 86 100 96 79 83 83 89 56 33 26 2 588	4 114 77 67 77 77 76 80 76 80 79 81 90 102 95 92 68 87 81 84 36 19 27 2584	4 195 746 668 75 81 91 91 80 75 80 79 80 79 80 79 83 89 83 83 89 83 83 85 83 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	4 105 777 67 771 811 76 80 779 811 955 92 68 73 81 84 84 19 27 2 576	1 1 1 5 5	9	10 241 201 492 440 198 191 608 648 171 175 358 236 99 6 424	2 493 57 69 50 49 60 47 62 58 58 46 58 58 58 58 59 50 50 36 39 52 37 22 28 451	1 352 27 40 23 30 30 30 35 36 36 34 20 21 28 22 21 28 20 11 16 790	1 141 30 27 19 30 27 19 30 22 24 26 22 24 26 21 14 18 24 17 11 12 661	1 349 26 400 30 30 35 36 36 34 20 21 27 22 21 22 21 20 11 789	1 140 299 27 199 300 22 24 26 28 33 32 26 22,24 14 18 24 17 11 12 660	1		2 798 65 155 146 52 53 166 200 40 41 82 68 36 694
	742 829 883 638 272 355 388 506 550 438 388 414 388 253 128 66	369 439 436 345 124 180 183 239 282 287 272 214 201 193 144 66 32	373 390 447 293 148 175 205 267 271 259 258 224 187 195 109 62 34 1448	368 438 435 345 124 180 183 238 282 282 282 213 201 196 193 144 65 32	373 389 447 293 148 173 204 267 270 258 224 186 217 193 109 62 34	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2	1 133 997 819 769 549 631 739 730 680 549 512 535 525 422 319 291 41 3 482 1 073	285 271 272 186 128 159 143 149 105 141 136 68 86 68 54 51 17	150 151 143 102 757 76 82 82 74 58 48 50 59 28 15	135 1209 1209 1209 1209 1209 1209 1209 1209	149 151 142 102 75 86 76 83 83 87 74 58 48 50 39 29 21 15	135 120 129 184 53 67 66 82 59 29 29 16 8	1 1		366 271 240 191 200 224 181 161 127 118 134 108 67 67 10
	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	•••		31.5	28.3	28.2	28.4	28.2	28.4	es, audiebro 30 (ML) 1/1,000	60064.21 (#18/6080808080	28.1
				CASCAD	E							CHOUTEA	.u			
UNDER 1 YEAR	2 069 1 949 1 915 1 840 1 712 1 693 1 591	37 444 1 070 1 101 1 001 957 960 860 842 813 724 712 759 652 546 527 491 537 437 467 599 21 619	35 974 1 078 1 039 1 052 948 958 880 851 778 705 648 722 486 486 527 498 507 498 509 464 543 523 20 438	36 609 1 029 1 060 985 975 919 933 846 824 789 710 694 744 744 645 516 486 524 428 428 455 21 222	35 250 1 039 1 012 1 016 922 935 852 831 745 694 697 706 488 498 498 455 500 484 498 495 500 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 60	835 411 412 266 387 144 148 155 133 7 101 153 9 240 7	724 39 27 36 26 23 18 20 20 20 15 15 11 11 11 16 6 7 14 11 11 17 356	53 027 1 348 2 696 2 298 965 988 2 664 2 917 683 663 1 214 1 480 879 34 232	7 348 182 204 171 205 185 194 182 195 209 186 158 153 173 154 119 94 77 55 61	3 874 89 115 92 122 97 84 111 98 97 70 78 90 62 57 60 45 39 24 226	3 474 93 89 79 79 83 88 86 85 111 98 88 88 88 50 64 57 68 50 38 50 1 927	3 812 87 112 94 93 97 87 87 87 87 87 88 69 77 77 88 69 77 77 88 60 43 38 24 22 20 22	3 418 87 88 77 77 95 83 108 97 87 87 87 61 83 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 94 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95	62 35 55 11 35 35 14 4 12 22 11 12 22 24	56 6 12 24 4 1 1 2 3 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	6 974 190 361 336 141 134 351 421 105 104 192 171 90 4 378
5 TO 9 YEARS . 8 10 TO 14 YEARS . 6 15 TO 19 YEARS . 5 20 TO 24 YEARS . 5 30 TO 34 YEARS . 5 30 TO 34 YEARS . 4 40 TO 44 YEARS . 4 45 TO 49 YEARS . 4 45 TO 59 YEARS . 3 55 TO 59 YEARS . 2 60 TO 64 YEARS . 2 65 TO 69 YEARS . 2 70 TO 74 YEARS . 2	10 221 8 293 6 745 4 980 5 673 5 673 5 673 6 4 950 4 950 4 627 4 040 2 583 2 185 2 185 1 765 1 113 488 263	5 146 4 199 3 422 2 459 2 951 2 804 2 559 2 531 2 071 1 674 1 319 1 007 897 551 2 246 1 31	5 075 4 094 3 323 2 521 2 592 2 592 2 372 2 246 1 969 1 468 1 269 1 044 862 242 242 140 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	4 968 4 102 3 359 2 399 2 818 2 717 2 503 2 498 2 353 2 037 1 646 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 924 4 008 5 263 2 467 2 648 2 337 2 337 2 237 1 951 1 452 1 249 1 077 1 039 864 557 240 130	178 97 63 60 133 87 56 33 28 34 28 8 5 12 4 5 2	151 86 60 54 74 108 54 39 18 16 15 12 5 2 2	6 342 4 617 3 600 3 357 4 602 4 602 4 602 4 602 4 059 3 410 2 541 1 884 1 044 1 084 1 1 98	947 966 757 464 290 387 438 473 524 421 373 291 244 276 253 151 63	515 488 394 225 144 179 235 290 257 203 163 163 147 149 84 42 20	432 478 363 239 146 208 203 240 234 184 170 128 115 129 104 67 21	501 477 388 220 140 178 229 227 287 237 201 162 123 147 149 84 42 20	418 470 355 234 143 206 198 233 180 170 127 111 112 104 67 213	14 111 66 54 11 66 67 73	14 8 8 5 5 2 2 5 1 1 4 4	887 626 526 467 438 485 564 505 349 370 370 378 294 184 145 24 2 335

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con. [Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION				1950			1960 PC	PULATION				1950
AGE	AL	L CLASSES	3	WHI	TE	NONWH	ITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL	AL	L CLASSES		WHI	TE	NONW	HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	FEMALE	
				CUSTER	?							DANIEL	.s			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR	13 227 306 302 339 303 329 289 294 317 233 261 250 274 230 226 222 236 248 190 122 148 7 769	6 749 154 151 169 141 168 158 140 157 118 121 138 115 126 141 152 153 104 61 87 87	6 478 152 151 170 162 161 171 143 154 160 115 100 115 100 86 61 61 823	6 651 153 151 168 140 166 155 146 157 118 117 120 134 112 112 117 129 141 131 131 133 133 143 153 153 153 153 154 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155	6 436 152 151 168 161 160 170 143 152 159 115 142 127 137 100 91 84 110 86 60 60 3 797	98 1 1 1 2 3 3	42 21 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	12 661 312 633 556 228 224 656 741 190 220 368 365 174 7 994	3 755 85 83 104 80 84 95 84 75 82 75 80 74 66 63 52 30 30 2 183	1 948 45 41 59 35 48 51 36 46 36 47 36 39 41 30 31 10 1 141	1 807 40 42 45 45 36 44 49 40 39 41 39 41 32 36 25 33 21 10 10 42	1 946 45 41 59 35 48 51 36 47 36 47 36 39 42 39 41 30 17 10	1 804 40 425 45 36 44 49 39 44 46 35 35 36 25 25 21 13 21 10 40		3	3 946 82 197 178 91 84 248 299 68 84 118 118 44 2 335
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 15 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 85 AND OVER	1 579 1 462 1 241 1 028 819 838 802 693 580 519 520 462 318 156	783 719 618 596 382 362 415 414 421 343 349 280 265 278 237 187	796 743 623 432 369 366 404 424 381 350 310 300 254 242 225 131 75	778 7716 6000 5511 372 3600 413 4100 318 279 265 277 2366 80	130 75 52	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	44 66 166 23 55 3 2 2 1 1 1	50	436 427 393 286 173 199 215 248 209 163 166 167 141 84	228 211 200 158 79 102 100 124 135 115 115 103 81 40 18	208 216 193 128 94 97 115 118 113 94 76 85 64 44 13 5	228 211 200 157 79 100 124 135 115 78 82 103 81 40 188 3	113 93 84 76 85 64 60 44 13	1	1	457 423 367 320 267 274 314 314 247 208 189 173 230 221 134 45
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	4 998 1 558 28•8	2 551 832 28•8	2 447 726 28•8	2 495 828 29•3		4	14	4 128 1 163 29.8	1 460 431 29•1	245	186	245 29.8	186		•••	256 27•5
				DAWSO	N							DEER LO	DGE	, 		г
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS .	12 314 362 367 380 341 337 331 338 310 293 265 289 275 242 201 216 194 117 143 119 6 595	6 243 188 191 185 194 181 160 159 170 168 142 135 157 134 116 107 17 121 20 59 68 50 3 356	130 132 141 126 94 109 95 104 58 75 69 3 239	6 232 188 191 184 194 181 159 158 170 168 142 135 157 134 116 106 106 109 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 9	171 182 186 160 177 172 168 141 151 129 132 140 126 94 109 95 104 58 75 69	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11	118 5 453	18 640 417 419 448 418 420 412 4114 417 402 375 365 351 317 298 288 317 669 166 11 315	225 226 241 200 218 198 221 211 202 195 178 166 180 188 137 151 151 140 95 75 82	207 218 202 214 193 206 200 180 187 185 167 177 164 147 137 121 94 84 5	215 234 198 212 194 218 209 198 195 175 160 178 181 136 146 151 137 722 81	188 199 207 213 198 211 192 205 198 176 185 185 163 175 161 147 134 176 119 219 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	217 26 4 32 4 4 5 6 2 7 1 5 5 3 3 3 1 7 1	1177444 44555443 1112244 2233 112270	183 174 350 354 206
UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS . 20 TO 24 YEARS . 30 TO 34 YEARS . 35 TO 39 YEARS . 30 TO 34 YEARS . 40 TO 44 YEARS . 50 TO 54 YEARS . 50 TO 59 YEARS . 65 TO 69 YEARS . 65 TO 69 YEARS . 75 TO 79 YEARS . 85 TO 79 YEARS . 85 TO 99 YEARS . 85 TO 99 YEARS . 85 AND OVER	1 828 1 609 1 272 891 730 770 863 763 763 763 509 471 353 315 283 187 91		395 406 355 368 287 248 222 164 174 129 80 50	938 797 6488 320 373 456 406 353 334 261 249 189 141 154 107 41	809 621 441 395 405 352 287 247 222 164 174 129	2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	617 659 686 661 611 516 485 433 399 422 326 185 170	2 122 2 020 1 729 1 288 8 898 1 027 1 169 1 312 1 404 1 155 1 060 744 647 647 647 647 649 99	1 027 849 612 404 439 521 583 669 725 667 617 413 329 284 212	993 880 676 432 459 506 643 679 488 443 331 331 257 191	1 014 830 598 438 513 578 664 717 657 609 326 281 210	982 8670 4193 4193 4193 577 483 437 483 437 483 437 483 437 483 437 483 437 483 453 453 453 453 453 453 453 453 453 45	1394 100 1855 100 8735 200 8735 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	11 11 13 6 7 7 9 12 6 4 1 1 1	1 396 1 067 878 1 070 1 105 1 300 1 313 1 190 1 064 888 860 747 509 449
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	5 340 913 23.8	2 710 460 24•4	453	460	453	•••		699	6 774 1 876 32•1	951	925	941	918	10	43 7 25•4	1 785

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.
[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

	T		1960 P	OPULATIO				1950	less than 100		1960 P	OPULATIO	DN			1950
AGE	Α	LL CLASSE	s	WH	ITE	NON	WHITE	POPULA- TION:	A	LL CLASSES		Π	HITE	NON	WHITE	POPULA- TION:
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
				FALLO	N			•			<u> </u>	FERGL	JS	1	<u> </u>	
ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR 1 YEARS 2 YEARS 3 YEARS 5 YEARS 6 YEARS 6 YEARS 6 YEARS 10 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 10 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 10 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 20 YEARS 21 AND OVER	3 997 101 126 92 125 114 105 98 89 119 107 89 86 80 74 66 53 67 43 37 2 208	43 59 48 59 67 46 45 48 66 45 52 43 46 37 40 30 29 26 66 16 15	1 964 58 67 44 66 47 59 53 34 55 46 40 43 34 35 17 23 22 1 067	2 032 58 48 59 67 46 45 48 66 45 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 14 16 16 16 11	1 960 67 47 66 47 57 53 41 53 34 46 40 43 34 23 35 17 23 21 064	1	11	3 660 107 180 176 83 74 216 261 62 58 119 115 56 2 153	14 018 317 339 357 333 309 332 352 320 280 259 304 286 213 240 238 224 137 117 118 8 259	7 204 170 185 189 166 171 160 184 184 188 173 139 130 161 151 115 115 131 115 131 145 146 151 115 115 124 147 148 159 150 150 151 151 151 151 151 151 151 151	6 814 147 154 168 168 172 168 152 160 147 141 129 143 135 97 141 71 61 61 64 065	7 165 170 183 188 166 171 159 182 184 165 173 139 130 160 114 115 115 155 65 79 4 174	147 154 168 167 138 168 169 140 140 141 129 143 125 107 117 161 171 61	39	1	14 015 336 709 585 263 256 777 845 216 198 373 291 196 8 970
UNDER 5 YEARS	558 490 436 268 231 245 266 248 244 235 145 145 147 178 147 120 114	276 250 218 133 108 124 157 128 122 124 94 81 40 59 40 59	282 240 218 135 123 121 109 120 122 111 64 64 59 61	275 250 218 133 108 124 157 122 124 94 80 59 50 43 20 6	282 240 218 134 123 119 109 112 111 84 59 61 64 59		1	463 373 323 292 288 280 270 196 166 131 154 174 135 78 67	1 655 1 668 1 342 956 657 703 874 843 858 793 663 567 527 527 527 527 529 615 403	881 869 697 481 314 325 429 460 421 328 296 251 303 335 217 105	774 799 645 3415 369 4494 398 3725 271 295 286 186 94 51	878 863 693 478 309 333 424 438 456 417 327 299 302 335 216 60 105	774 797 645 475 339 368 447 403 396 370 275 275 278 186 186	36 44 37 11 11 44 41 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1	1 630 1 296 1 061 862 1 006 1 015 1 025 971 788 704 649 739 775 654 376 381
65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	1 670 354 25.3	835 178 26•3	835 176 24 • 3	834 178 26.3	834 176 24.3	:::	:::	1 336 288 26.6	5 367 1 912 30.2	2 806 1 006 30.3	2 561 906 30.0	2 791 1 004 30.3	2 559 900 30.0	15 2	6	4 558 1 494 30.7
ALL ACES	70.015			FLATHEAD			APPEN BUTY OF CHEROMET, COMPANY	***************************************	ene a spanina and spanin be	and the second s	Malitori anno a congres eggs eggs	GALLATI	N	The second second second	- 500 - Nicola Minama	J. 00.000.00
ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR 1 YEARS 2 YEARS 3 YEARS 4 YEARS 6 YEARS 6 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 16 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 10 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 21 AND OVER	32 965 714 734 737 786 813 785 775 772 763 711 717 688 684 537 567 567 573 398 277 271 19 322	16 523 358 375 353 377 394 392 380 379 385 351 351 351 349 252 252 277 213 132 133 9 723	16 442 256 259 289 419 396 393 395 390 360 360 348 335 246 275 296 185 145 138 9 599	350 3749 395 395 395 396 376 376 377 349 347 249 247 297 297 212 212 131	16 339 352 354 380 415 389 390 391 399 377 358 366 346 346 275 295 182 145 137 9 549	1248142252258245114121.28	103 4 5 4 1 4 7 7 3 4 4 7 7 3 4 4 7 7 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	31 495 697 1 529 1 365 592 620 1 798 2 149 483 480 889 706 324 19 863	26 045 660 602 578 560 551 516 502 480 491 491 485 341 400 358 387 689 783 689 783 676	13 472 340 298 298 269 268 269 249 236 253 253 263 279 190 195 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197	12 573 320 320 320 270 272 282 243 247 253 244 238 255 222 249 151 206 218 190 337 360 27 7 149	13 399 338 298 295 303 288 269 267 269 246 253 252 262 238 189 193 193 193 193 194 195 197 418 416 7 650	12 529 320 327 304 270 281 240 251 241 245 251 258 258 222 248 151 205 188 190 359 259 7 120	73 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 5	2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 9	21 902 453 1 149 889 388 336 1 044 1 166 253 283 514 855 473 14 099
UNDER 5 YEARS	3 784 3 889 3 337 2 362 1 469 1 592 1 980 2 205 1 673 1 449 1 312 1 281 1 728 370 196	1 877 1 932 1 643 1 215 661 740 1 006 1 055 1 076 1 045 849 746 662 697 646 408 182 83	1 694 1 147 808 852 974 1 091 1 129	1 914 1 632 1 207 655 736 1 000 1 048	1 889 1 936 1 686 1 142 803 845 7 1 080 1 126 958 7 7 00 647 5 5 3 8 3 1 8 1 1 8 1 1 3	118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118	18 21 8 5 7 7 11 2 5 5 7 7	3 591 3 010 2 632 2 075 1 877 2 252 2 527 2 361 2 064 1 734 1 546 1 170 766 684	3 026 2 560 2 517 2 730 1 704 1 537 1 550 1 069 970 797 814 461 2149	1 528 1 291 1 196 1 337 1 602 949 766 780 764 722 550 479 365 401 349 237 96	1 498 1 269 1 118 1 280 1 128 7 757 7 757 7 628 5 19 4 91 4 32 4 13 3 24 2 24 1 18 8 9	1 522 1 290 1 193 1 328 1 578 764 774 761 721 547 479 364 401 348 236 95	1 493 1 262 1 117 1 278 1 120 747 737 753 790 628 518 491 410 324 224 117	6 1 2 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1	57 1 2 8 8 1 4 2	2 491 1 768 1 419 1 652 2 544 2 004 1 593 1 409 1 218 1 125 976 1 036 916 709 450 501
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	12 697 3 759 30.1	6 322 2 016 31•0			5 326 1 739 29•2	53 20 27.5	į.	10 602 2 747 30-7	9 045 2 311 24.6	4 577 1 143 24.3	4 468 1 168 25•0	4 565 1 140 24.3	4 455 1 164 25.0	12	13	91 6 475 1 751 27•7

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION	l			1950 POPULA-			1960 P0P	PULATION				1950 POPULA-
AGE	1	L CLASSES		WHI	TE	NONW	HITE	TION	ALI	CLASSES		WHIT	E	NONWH	ITE	TION: TOTAL
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE	
				GARFIEL	.D							GLACIER	R			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR 2 YEARS 3 YEARS 5 YEARS 6 YEARS 8 YEARS 8 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 20 YEARS	1 981 39 48 49 42 43 37 41 47 45 55 52 52 42 38 30 35 35 25 19 20 133	1 079 24 26 24 22 20 23 21 25 37 24 30 20 16 23 18 18 6 631	902 15 22 25 20 21 17 18 26 20 16 28 23 26 15 12 17 11 14	1 078 24 26 24 22 22 22 20 23 21 25 37 37 24 30 20 16 23 18 18 18 23 18 6 6	902 15 22 25 20 21 17 18 26 20 16 28 23 26 15 12 17 17 11 15 17	1		2 172 42 123 105 40 38 127 137 32 63 67 30 1 331	11 565 395 342 373 331 339 351 286 320 283 289 265 236 223 169 225 198 187 158 134 148 6 044	6 030 206 189 182 161 164 175 154 164 149 133 114 108 96 133 106 101 74 67 69 3 213	5 535 189 153 191 170 175 176 132 156 134 141 141 142 122 115 142 142 142 173 92 86 84 67 79 2 831	3 782 103 109 99 87 76 76 76 90 92 93 91 83 66 64 64 64 61 33 34 248	3 408 96 79 95 99 92 101 69 73 81 177 86 70 58 43 47 55 55 55 57 43 40 39 1 938	2 248 103 80 83 74 88 85 62 71 58 69 61 55 48 44 45 69 40 34 28 28 28	2 127 93 74 96 71 83 75 63 66 61 60 58 55 37 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	9 645 258 500 485 205 235 658 764 184 172 309 223 114 5 538
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 35 TO 29 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 45 TO 44 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 85 AND OVER. UNDER 18 YEARS.	221 223 237 147 105 110 113 124 143 112 109 52 66 75 78 35 15	118 126 113 85 52 57 66 72 73 63 31 34 44 43 20 8 11	103 97 124 53 53 53 53 57 52 70 49 42 21 35 15 35 15 75 53	118 126 113 85 57 66 72 73 63 31 34 32 8 11	103 97 124 62 53 53 53 47 52 70 49 46 21 32 31 35 15 7 5	1		270 270 174 162 156 156 178 131 116 81 107 75 56 52 8 744 191 28.8	1 780 1 529 1 162 739 725 780 662 672 635 507 430 355 240 199 145 62 41	902 790 575 481 372 368 417 354 335 269 255 200 133 110 75 38 17	878 739 587 421 367 357 363 308 333 300 238 175 155 107 89 70 24 24 24 21	474 449 322 248 224 239 262 250 245 241 210 159 105 53 20 0 11	461 414 3242 208 232 265 205 230 220 174 123 106 46 46 10	428 341 253 148 129 135 104 94 59 65 61 28 30 22 183 104 17:2	417 325 253 199 125 98 103 103 80 64 52 49 29 25 24 49 11 126 100 16•7	1 243 1 098 948 704 668 723 722 705 582 561 470 364 316 243 146 243 146 26 3 770 541 26
MEDIAN AGE	27.6	29•0	26.1	28.9	26.1		•••	28.8	22.8	23.6	21.9	GRANIT		17.2		
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS . 21 AND OVER . UNDER 5 YEARS . 5 TO 9 YEARS . 5 TO 12 YEARS . 5 TO 12 YEARS .	1 203 21 16 26 26 29 26 24 29 25 30 28 26 29 18 13 7 7 7 7 7 7 2 118 134 141	652 13 10 13 14 11 10 17 15 19 16 12 12 12 12 13 19 16 10 11 12 17 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	551 65 111 155 144 100 117 166 112 75 668 332	652 13 10 15 15 14 11 10 17 15 19 16 16 10 11 12 12 2 390 65 72 73 10	551 8 6 13 11 11 15 15 14 12 10 11 11 10 11 12 10 11 12 10 10 11 12 12 10 10 11 11 12 12 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			1 3377 28 61 68 25 26 71 83 21 19 50 836 1577 122 104 108 72	3 014 82 68 76 75 67 72 55 69 64 49 60 53 47 58 36 21 1 819 341 341 341 3297 218	120 56	1 426 25 27 48 36 42 32 39 43 43 49 31 40 22 31 13 8 9 8 36 178 98 167 138 98 65	1 577 344 33 32 34 244 34 38 26 38 30 28 24 27 23 16 16 15 15 15 15 15	1 413 256 477 355 411 328 199 422 344 228 313 320 231 242 242 242 251 135 8 9 8 32 174 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165	5	13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	36 34 69 54 23 1 837 276 262 218 157 109
20 TO 24 YEARS . 25 TO 29 YEARS . 30 TO 34 YEARS . 35 TO 39 YEARS . 45 TO 34 YEARS . 45 TO 44 YEARS . 55 TO 54 YEARS . 55 TO 59 YEARS . 60 TO 64 YEARS . 65 TO 69 YEARS . 75 TO 79 YEARS . 80 TO 84 YEARS . 85 AND OVER UNDER 18 YEARS . MEDIAN AGE	38 52 73 87 72 92 52 44 45 63 60 10 45 175 32,4	16 26 41 49 40 47 29 23 21 38 24 3 3 24 3 3 24 3 24 3 24 3 3 24 3 24	226 26 28 32 32 45 23 24 12 7 1 208 75 31.8	100 241 49 40 47 29 23 38 24 30 100 32.9	26 32 38 32 45 23 19 23 31 24 12			100 86 95 61 60 57 66 100 67 41 36 5 452 149 30.3	140 165 198 219 237 169 149 116 123 99 58 28 18	79 89 98 108 129 97 63 76 55 35 12 7	61 76 100 111 108 72 58 53 47 44 23 16 11 560 141 30•4	77 88 98 107 129 97 91 63 76 55 34 12 7	59 76 999 111 108 71 58 53 47 44 23 16 11 551 141 30 - 7	2 1 1 1 6 1	1	137 108 78

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con. [Median not shown where base is less than 100]

	1960 POPULATION								1960 POPULATION							1950
AGE	ALL CLASSES WHITE			NONWHITE		POPULA- TION: TOTAL	ALL CLASSES				TE	NONWHITE		POPULA- TION: TOTAL		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	
				HILL					JEFFERSON							
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS .	18 653 550 582 544 519 511 493 457 466 461 461 309 382 236 360 292 287 301 287 309 297	9 433 290 277 295 282 269 240 239 199 197 198 186 146 134 147 137	9 220 260 305 249 237 242 253 218 226 222 202 186 198 194 145 154 148 172 159	8 816 262 253 262 263 228 220 209 220 218 178 182 166 156 122 137 128 137	8 584 233 273 224 208 221 232 205 199 202 181 171 186 183 179 129 138 142 151 161 161	617 28 24 33 19 310 300 211 216 210 100 102 107 107 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	636 27 32 25 29 21 13 20 21 15 12 15 17 15 17	14 285 381 787 657 299 291 790 893 212 212 419 570 223	4 297 66 71 81 72 82 68 77 91 95 88 101 111 104 100 99 98 101 81 64	2 202 33 37 37 38 44 32 39 35 47 47 47 48 55 48 54 61 46 34 26 20	2 095 3344 344 376 376 376 376 376 376 376 376 376 376	2 171 32 37 37 37 42 42 48 46 47 43 54 48 52 48 52 48 53 55 60 45 53 60 45 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	2 065 333 344 364 366 488 411 556 506 46 500 358 46 40 358 40 358 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	31 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 2 2 2	4 014 68 150 142 67 75 225 314 740 130 91
21 AND OVER UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 85 AND OVER	10 057 2 706 2 278 1 813 1 500 1 291 1 225 1 220 1 145 1 129 931 779 598 511 506 513 313 120 75	5 129 1 413 1 157 893 701 639 641 616 563 584 486 410 717 246 261 248 159 66 533	4 928 1 293 1 121 799 652 584 604 582 545 245 245 245 245 245 245 245 245 24	1 278 1 045 6 652 6 606 6 608 5 86 5 586 4 466 2 97 2 37 2 40 1 51 6 52 6 53 8 56 8 58 8 56 8 58 8 58 8 58 8 58 8 58	4 672 1 159 1 019 848 738 612 550 550 514 428 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	234 135 112 777 49 33 33 350 25 20 20 20 20 8 8 2	256 134 102 72 61 40 38 42 31 17 13 15 9 7 5	8 551 1 825 1 380 1 105 1 201 1 136 1 172 1 058 836 668 610 642 702 491 274 256 28	2 555 372 419 515 390 249 224 248 276 303 271 208 161 145 144 63 35 12	1 325 189 200 247 221 126 123 119 133 143 149 106 84 76 72 41 15 7	1 230 183 219 268 169 123 101 123 115 133 152 102 102 77 69 72 42 20 5	1 306 185 197 245 245 248 124 117 116 131 141 151 148 105 80 75 72 41 157	1 213 180 219 264 163 120 98 122 113 133 149 99 77 69 72 41 20 5	19 4 3 2 2 2 6 6 5 3 2 2 2	17 5 46 55 12 2 15 15 15	2 578 360 367 388 281 248 256 295 311 321 218 180 211 188 166 101 109
ODDER 18 TEARS	1 527	767 24•3	760 23•7	737· 25•1	734 24+3	30 14.0	26 15•8	1 049	419 29.5	211 29.8	208 29•2	210 30.0	207	1		390 31 - 8
,			J	UDITH BA	SIN			education and experience of the second secon	LAKE							
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS. 3 YEARS. 4 YEARS. 6 YEARS. 6 YEARS. 8 YEARS. 10 YEARS. 11 YEARS. 12 YEARS. 13 YEARS. 11 YEARS. 12 YEARS. 13 YEARS. 14 YEARS. 15 YEARS. 16 YEARS. 17 YEARS. 18 YEARS. 19 YEARS. 20 YEARS. 21 AND OVER.	3 085 79 57 83 61 71 64 76 73 66 71 45 68 61 47 41 20 1 802	1 632 36 28 41 30 39 27 37 37 39 22 51 30 45 25 35 35 35 35 37 39 68	1 453 29 42 31 32 37 39 34 20 28 36 25 45 20 28 16 14 7 834	1 627 36 28 41 41 29 39 39 22 51 30 41 26 25 33 29 25 12 13	1 446 42 29 42 31 32 32 34 43 20 28 36 23 27 19 16 14 47 7 832	1	7 1	3 200 55 158 143 68 69 157 224 47 52 87 78 41 2 021	13 104 286 268 305 291 287 318 258 320 290 290 286 298 297 276 244 245 245 288 167 100 96	6 724 136 145 168 169 150 165 133 183 159 154 140 159 164 125 147 137 87 50 875	6 380 123 137 148 137 153 125 141 136 146 139 140 121 113 98 80 50 50 51	5 948 114 117 135 125 128 130 110 160 139 139 134 128 116 108 131 125 76 43 38 3 536	5 661 123 99 114 109 130 130 115 115 118 118 116 116 102 87 133 68 41 41 45 45	776 22 28 33 33 18 22 35 23 23 23 20 15 25 25 26 27 26 27 27 16 12 21 17 77 16 12 21 21 21 21 21 22 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	719 27 24 23 33 4 28 25 12 21 12 6 21 12 17 7 7 22 19 11 11 11 14 4 12 9 6 5 10	268 274 316
UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 30 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS 45 TO 49 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 60 TO 64 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 80 TO 84 YEARS 85 AND OVER	351 350 319 243 121 143 169 166 203 226 193 158 120 100 53 41	174 176 167 134 66 72 86 81 109 115 115 96 68 52 28 19	177 174 152 109 55 83 84 111 78 62 52 48 48 48 25	173 176 166 134 66 71 86 84 108 115 115 96 68 64 51 28	176 173 150 108 54 71 83 81 94 111 78 62 25 48 48 48 25	1	1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	356 294 271 217 173 186 237 237 205 187 172 157 168 143 94	1 437 1 486 1 401 1 034 521 596 617 702 748 817 709 663 625 539 342 151 82	742 794 722 546 261 293 291 347 374 421 330 329 322 334 301 203 80 34	695 692 679 488 260 303 326 355 374 396 379 334 303 238 139 48	619 678 594 483 219 259 269 380 390 390 390 295 299 312 294 195 75	559 589 572 431 224 271 288 331 339 370 354 313 285 280 220 128 42	123 116 128 63 34 34 30 47 34 37 32 33 25 34 23 27 7	136 103 107 57 36 32 38 24 35 26 6 25 21 18 20 18 11 6	1 597 1 428 1 340 1 170 672 767 860 949 781 669 669 664 704 616 387 330
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	1 196 323 30.5	614 170 31•6	582 153 29•2	612 169 31•6	577 153 29.4	2	5	1 060 341 32•2	5 091 1 748 30.6	2 667 952 30+1	2 424 796 31•1	2 255 908 32.3	2 042 735 33.2	412 44 16.7	382 61 16•2	5 155 1 385 29•6

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con. [Median not shown where base is less than 100]

	1960 POPULATION 1950									1960 POPULATION								
AGE	ALL CLASSES WHITE					NONWHITE TION:		ALL CLASSES		WHITE		NONWHITE		POPULA- TION: TOTAL				
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	, TAL	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE			
	LEWIS AND CLARK									LIBERTY								
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS . 21 AND OVER .	28 006 647 610 594 610 619 594 629 579 613 563 603 524 477 476 474 433 338 338 310 16 733	13 735 347 316 267 318 319 291 341 306 301 303 255 294 276 205 217 166 151 8 154	14 271 300 294 327 292 300 303 288 286 307 262 262 283 302 220 261 279 272 216 172 159 8 579	13 498 336 310 260 311 311 282 334 299 295 249 290 273 201 192 198 212 147 8 037	14 018 291 290 319 289 283 293 253 256 277 209 245 272 260 211 156 8 480	237 11 6 7 7 7 8 9 7 5 8 6 4 4 3 5 4 4 4 117	253 9 4 8 3 7 10 5 13 4 6 6 7 5 11 16 7 7 12 5 5 5 7 12 5 7 12 5 7 12 5 7 12 7 12	24 540 532 1 065 968 429 457 1 229 1 429 374 304 642 660 273 16 178	2 624 85 69 72 83 67 81 56 77 58 61 59 65 43 45 53 45 53 40 27 22 31	1 386 52 29 43 40 32 34 30 25 40 30 26 27 32 29 22 21 17 21 19 14 17 776	1 238 33 40 29 43 35 47 26 33 37 28 33 14 22 28 19 8 8 14 651	1 379 52 28 42 40 32 32 30 25 40 30 26 26 32 29 29 22 31 17 21 19 14 17 774	1 234 33 40 40 43 35 47 26 35 37 28 35 32 22 28 19 8 8 14 648	7	1	2 180 50 119 95 49 48 126 144 42 26 56 59 33 1 333		
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 80 TO 84 YEARS. 85 AND OVER.	3 080 2 978 2 707 2 198 1 511 1 509 1 680 1 868 1 867 1 768 1 535 1 325 1 096 1 081 824 519 272 188	1 567 1 532 1 333 998 695 733 809 945 937 824 564 513 328 107 77	1 513 1 446 1 374 1 200 816 776 871 923 930 930 944 728 651 532 568 426 297 165	1 528 1 501 1 308 977 685 716 802 925 924 816 799 663 555 509 393 220 105 72	1 482 1 408 1 337 1 155 865 765 862 977 922 933 720 642 529 520 423 294 110	39 31 25 21 10 17 7 20 13 8 8 11 9 4 4 5 2 2 2 5	31 38 37 45 11 11 11 9 16 8 11 8 9 3 3 3 1	2 565 2 115 1 803 1 606 1 956 1 956 1 959 1 707 1 288 1 344 1 166 861 565 642 1 57 7 429	376 330 273 187 153 181 169 169 146 126 105 61 52 61 38 10	196 159 136 102 72 85 95 98 85 94 68 72 36 26 31 23	180 1717 185 196 89 89 71 84 58 30 26 30 15 30	194 157 105 102 72 85 94 98 85 94 67 72 36 26 31 23 7 7	180 170 170 185 811 97 71 84 52 58 33 25 25 30 15 32 55 56		1	264 223 186 141 178 177 190 174 128 106 78 85 102 76 37 28		
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	10 192 2 884 30•1	5 047 1 317 30•1	5 145 1 567 30•1	1 299 30•2	1 551	18 21.3	16 17•3	2 225	164 24.8	88 26•6	76 22•8	88 26•7	76 22•8		•••	148 27•8		
	U	LINCOLN									MC CONE							
ALL AGES	12 537 367 330 343 355 312 327 3)2 299 299 256 275 228 189 196 231 141 158 6 852	6 583 193 178 178 170 160 143 1700 166 160 169 152 135 137 152 140 107 107 75 77 75 77 75 77 77 75 77 77	5 954 174 152 170 175 169 157 146 154 121 138 142 141 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111	6 558 192 178 170 179 142 170 162 158 169 151 135 137 157 107 107 70 74 76 3 680	5 926 174 151 169 175 169 156 146 150 145 121 137 142 141 111 111 111 194 89 126 68 3 147	25 1 3 1 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 1 8	28 1 1 1 2 1	8 693 198 431 415 142 180 548 646 270 216 92 5 254 1 044 870	3 321 86 70 99 86 99 74 83 79 93 74 85 85 86 60 60 62 32 28 41 1 822	1 780 51 41 43 53 53 53 53 75 46 42 39 46 40 37 39 28 29 28 20 19 21 1 001	1 541 29 56 43 45 46 43 37 38 51 35 51 35 45 37 43 27 27 29 20 821 20 9	1 779 511 411 43 53 53 37 45 46 42 39 9 46 40 0 37 39 28 20 19 21 1 000 231	1 539 29 56 43 46 437 37 37 35 35 45 45 23 27 27 28 20 820		2	3 258 101 181 169 59 65 171 215 44 49 109 93 41 1 961 451 295		
5 TO 9 YEARS	1 581 1 334 915 766 757 798 782 768 743 624 518 329 337 259 183 90 46	817 6453 399 382 432 394 408 389 339 177 200 158 113 22 2 672 26 672 26 50	764 653 462 367 375 366 388 360 363 285 214 152 137 101 70 33 24 2 566 365 23-5	810 680 451 397 380 432 394 406 378 339 200 158 113 22 2 658 55.1	652 460 361 374 364 387 357 359 283 214 151 137 101 70 33 24	2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	1 2 6 6 1 2 1 3 4 2 2	870 801 632 545 591 636 624 614 530 376 372 345 285 229 172 27 3 131 713 28.8	1386 2299 1400 208 207 221 214 176 148 106 118 120 105 73 20 7	194 124 63 109 1100 122 119 101 80 55 60 70 69 47 14 203 28,2	192 192 105 777 99 97 95 75 68 51 58 50 36 64 679 122 24*6	194 124 63 108 110 122 119 101 80 55 60 70 69 47 14 3	192 105 77 98 97 95 755 68 50 36 4 4 678 122 24.6		1	259 251 242 243 245 245 209 173 138 146 175 130 130 130 140 130 241 27.7		

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.
[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION	_			1950	ess than 100		1960 Pc	OPULATION	N			1950
AGE	AL	L CLASSES			TE	NON	HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL	AL	_L CLASSES		WHI	ITE	NON	HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
				MADISC	N							MEAGHE	ER			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS . 21 AND OVER .	5 211 97 101 93 88 114 91 116 123 119 105 117 113 111 113 82 99 104 82 45 30 37	2 763 514 539 590 611 557 611 557 62 704 445 257 18 1 725	2 448 46 47 54 58 55 57 66 58 52 56 53 49 63 49 63 38 41 47 37 20 13	2 726 51 54 38 49 59 59 52 57 58 60 67 42 42 24 1 718	2 431 45 47 38 53 55 56 66 57 50 52 52 41 46 19 19 1 486	37 11 12 21 13 3 2 2 14 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1	17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 998 108 247 205 89 102 287 426 99 97 169 157 70 3 942	2 616 63 65 56 56 55 53 44 48 49 57 53 49 42 42 32 26 36 1 594	31 200 27 32 27 18 22 25 23 28 30 29 21 18 21 14 17 11	1 186 26 34 36 29 33 26 26 26 27 33 20 21 29 23 20 21 18 9 25 658	1 422 37 31 20 27 27 18 22 22 25 23 28 30 29 21 14 17 10 929	1 183 34 29 33 26 26 26 27 33 21 29 23 20 21 18 8 9 25 655		3	2 079 39 86 73 30 31 103 118 24 28 47 41 19 1 440
UNDER 5 YEARS	493 554 556 360 215 209 279 286 326 322 303 265 233 226 40 40	255 266 297 202 117 93 145 141 158 200 171 144 135 118 81 36 19	238 288 259 158 116 134 145 168 152 127 132 121 98 108 151 34 21	251 258 284 197 116 92 145 145 157 200 184 171 143 135 117 81 36 18	236 284 251 155 158 116 134 145 168 152 127 132 121 98 108 51 34 21	1 1 29 2	24 48 5	560 478 425 425 353 353 353 353 357 404 357 404 357 282 179 282 179 207 43	3055 252 245 184 155 133 141 186 177 175 169 125 82 87 100 57 31 12	147 114 131 91 70 84 73 110 94 103 106 72 55 58 68 30 18	158 114 93 85 49 68 72 63 72 29 32 27 13 6	147 1131 91 69 83 72 109 93 106 71 55 57 68 29 18 6	158 134 93 85 85 86 86 82 72 29 31 27 29 31 46 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	198 1642 116 1111 146 1540 1523 123 1365 98 637 13
MEDIAN AGE	33.9	35.2	32.5	35.7	32.8	• • •	•••	34.2	31.2	35.2	25.5	35.2	25.4		•••	35.3
	***************************************	·		MINERA			neuropeut notaren a noordinaan person	Provincia V condocina e XXXIII centros e un	NOTICE CONTRACTOR MODELS AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PARTY	enconsulation to their meaning and com-	OMNORAL SECTION SECTIO	MISSOUL	.A	Mark or was to the control of	and the same of	innerher (1. nat roper (de delemen
ALL AGES	3 037 85 91 75 63 73 73 73 65 61 68 71 66 70 64 54 65 43 32 31	1 592 38 52 45 35 34 38 39 32 27 45 37 37 37 37 37 37 43 43 43 43 43 43 44 45 46 46 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	1 445 47 39 30 28 33 39 35 45 33 34 23 37 29 37 21 25 27 15 15 15	1 580 37 51 45 35 32 34 38 39 32 27 45 37 37 32 43 37 32 45 37 37 37 37 45 37 45 37 45 37 45 37 45 37 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	1 438 46 39 30 27 33 39 35 45 33 34 22 36 29 37 21 25 27 40 27 13 13 13 13 14 15 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 081 43 86 93 41 49 142 135 26 28 53 50 19	44 663 1 102 1 041 1 002 990 992 979 905 875 849 873 846 856 660 702 669 660 703 858 25	22 433 571 520 489 495 475 475 405 405 424 412 337 350 329 431 500 420 12 963	22 230 531 571 571 573 504 514 440 425 417 434 444 535 5319 331 357 486 438	22 169 505 515 480 508 485 472 523 461 461 405 405 332 345 327 346 493 417	21 984 523 512 562 468 498 501 446 416 416 410 7518 7518 7518 7518 7518 7518 7518 7518	264660000000000000000000000000000000000	246 8 10 11 6 17 5 5 5 5 7 5 7 11 14	35 493 813 1 624 1 497 627 615 1 738 1 959 419 462 833 1 340 792 22 774
UNDER 5 YEARS. J TO 9 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 85 AND OVER. UNDER 18 YEARS.	379 356 339 260 171 160 167 183 206 198 160 150 85 79 61 39 29 15	202 170 192 126 83 89 94 94 112 95 84 42 37 17 10	177 186 147 134 88 71 89 112 86 65 65 65 37 37 24 22 15	200 170 191 124 81 82 83 94 112 94 112 94 112 94 110 653	175 186 146 134 87 70 84 88 112 85 65 37 24 22 15 5	2 2 2 2	2 1	222 232 161 131 112 159 153 161 126 87 83 106 81 64 66	5 231 4 750 4 126 3 929 3 621 2 764 2 764 2 774 2 646 2 151 1 451 1 431 1 431 1 774 4 27	2 622 2 431 2 041 1 950 1 443 1 395 1 377 1 313 1 264 1 102 920 717 685 606 370 198	2 609 2 319 2 085 1 973 1 721 1 360 1 359 1 351 1 237 1 049 941 746 632 404 231 128	2 582 2 402 2 009 1 937 1 872 1 422 1 377 1 353 1 257 1 093 911 678 605 367	2 562 2 286 2 055 1 955 1 956 1 353 1 359 1 325 1 232 1 045 9 54 7 72 7 742 629 403 2 30	40 29 32 19 28 21 18 62 7 7 7 7	47 33 30 18 25 22 16 12 8 8 4 7 10 4 3 1	2 934 2 980 2 378 2 635 2 635 3 635 2 554 2 395 2 071 1 954 1 689 1 696 1 531 1 217 859 1 44
G5 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	223 25.4	120 26.3	103	119 26.4	103		:::	696 224 31.8	16 139 4 093 26.2	8 119 1 952 25.9	8 020 2 141 26.5	8 011 1 938 26+0	7 899 2 132 26.6	108 14 22-1	121 9 18-6	10 587 2 993 28.6

General Population Characteristics

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION	ı	7.	T	1950 POPULA-			1960 PO	PULATION				1950 POPULA-
AGE		L CLASSES	$\overline{}$	WHI		NONWI		TION: TOTAL		L CLASSES		WHI		NONWE		TION:
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE	
			,	MUSSELSH	ELL						<i></i>	PARK	·			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 8 YEARS .	4 888 106 118 104 114 110 114 120 93 103	2 540 56 62 54 56 63 69 38 50	2 348 50 56 52 68 54 51 51 55 52	2 537 56 61 52 46 56 63 69 38 50	9 0 6 0 8 4 0 1 5 0 9 3 5 5 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 9	1	1	5 408 117 268 226 102 109	13 168 251 270 272 265 287 289 289 269 249 273	6 727 124 148 151 147 150 132 124 136 127	6 441 127 122 121 118 137 157 165 133 118 127	6 697 124 147 151 145 149 132 124 135 127 145	6 420 127 121 120 117 136 157 165 133 117 127	30	21	11 999 205 555 } 504 204 221 } 641
10 YEARS	85 113 106 106 74 84 77 75 53 39 50 2 945	42 59 63 52 42 41 39 41 28 17 26	43 54 54 32 43 38 34 25 22 24 1 398	42 59 63 52 42 41 39 41 28 17 26	45454545454545454545454545454545454545	2	8	308 48 70 126 110 56 3 601	266 258 263 267 234 224 215 235 152 118 116 8 110	143 126 134 135 120 120 106 99 78 58 59 4 164	123 132 132 132 114 104 109 136 74 60 57 3 946	143 126 133 135 120 119 106 78 58 58 4 144	123 132 129 132 114 104 108 134 74 60 57 3 933	1 1 1 20	1 2	713 142 166 301 245 122 7 980
UNDER 5 YEARS	552 529 484 328 186 216 279 341 278 268 208 202 207 236 136	272 271 258 166 91 107 140 184 161 131 143 114 103 106 146 77 50	280 258 226 162 95 109 139 157 147 125 94 99 101 90 59	271 271 258 166 91 107 140 183 160 131 143 104 106 146 77	280 257 226 162 95 107 138 156 147 124 93 101 89 59	1	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	611 478 356 314 383 345 273 295 335 200 154	1 345 1 268 1 288 6 44 6 631 8 22 8 43 9 22 6 623 5 75 1 468 3 19 1 33	720 6655 658 4611 308 339 424 426 446 446 397 328 307 288 241 168	625 700 630 483 323 356 398 417 466 429 295 265 263 227 151 688 47	716 663 657 459 307 422 424 456 439 397 305 286 65 34	621 699 630 480 320 356 397 414 424 299 268 261 227 150 68	42121222	3 3 3	1 264 1 066 855 712 846 936 820 752 711 646 644 517 298 288
85 AND OVER UNDER 18 YEARS .	36 1 801	20 922	16 879	921	16 878	1	1	1 641	81 4 672	2 368	2 304	2 359 788	2 296	9 8	8 3	3 652 1 155
65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	699 32.7	399 33•8	300 31.6	399 33.7	299 31.5	***	•••	643 32.9	1 552 31.9	796 32•5	756 31•3	32.5				32.9
				PETROLE	EUM							PHILLI	PS			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 9 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS . 21 AND OVER .	894 16 17 18 16 18 22 23 24 24 25 11 13 23 8 12 10 11 15	505 7 7 10 12 9 13 12 12 4 4 155 9 7 7 13 166 8 8 7 7 7 6 8 8 8 7 7 7 9 9 6 6 3 3 318		502 7 10 12 9 13 12 12 4 4 155 8 8 7 7 6 6 8 8 7 7 6 6 3 3 3 12 9	387 977 66755 10099 6655 1577 144 88 228	1	2	1 026 23 54 51 19 22 60 53 10 36 35 14 640	6 027 164 169 145 127 134 142 161 131 118 127 135 134 109 99 107 93 89 68 60 62 3 508	77 81 56 46 58 54 44 29 33 30 1 907	83 60 58 68 53 53 53 49 27 27 27 32	3 024 74 65 63 66 70 67 57 57 55 53 41 28 26 1 81 8	69 84 67 60 62 69 68 77 55 53 64 47 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	544 N 5 64 N 4 N 6 N 5 6 N 1 N 5 4 1	138 5 4 8 2 4 4 6 5 5 5 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 6 8	118 101 196 149
UNDER 5 YEARS	85 85 101 66 44 39 58 76 60 56 63 36 27 20 39 27 12 1	51 45 52 36 25 21 35 38 37 37 21 19 9 22 26 6	145	51 44 45 36 25 37 35 38 36 39 21 19 22 16 6 	8 11 17 11 6 1 144 46	2	1	126 101 63 80 90 77 78 71 61 70 70 53 45 35 74 47 31 9	757 604 417 316 311 349 343 345 334 303 242 230 267 259 150 76 45	351 351 218 165 165 189 174 166 138 118 153 145 86 42 24	346 285 199 147 146 165 163 156 160 137 104 112 114 110 64 34 21	331 298 201 157 155 174 183 166 155 134 142 147 80 37 24	3226 197 1335 1446 155 1455 1455 155 1155 1176 107 107 107 108 107 107 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	200 217 122 100 101 66 66 68 88 111 22 63 33	2486868577765524323 61-31	613 5996 4196 4118 404 414 356 289 3594 389 265 182

28-58 Montana

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION	١			1950 POPULA-			1960 PC	PULATIO	N			1950 POPULA-
AGE	AL TOTAL	L CLASSES		H	TE FEMALE	NONV MALE	VHITE FEMALE	TION . TOTAL	AL TOTAL	L CLASSES	FEMALE	WH MALE	ITE FEMALE	NON	WHITE FEMALE	TION
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	PONDER	L	MALE	PEMALE		TOTAL	MALE	L	OWDER R	<u> </u>	IMALE	FEMALE	
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS .	7 653 202 196 205 196 217 187 213 203 190 181 169 185 182 167 133 156 142 146 115 70 71	3 897 84 93 100 103 94 100 112 95 86 82 87 96 85 70 78 76 75 75 51 38 2 153	3 756 118 103 196 114 95 113 91 97 95 87 98 86 66 78 66 78 66 78 66 78 78	3 598 74 85 92 91 91 83 90 104 85 77 74 82 92 92 77 58 69 69 69 47 32 2	3 479 102 98 98 105 84 104 83 89 88 78 89 77 75 57 73 57 73 57 68 59 30 20 84 85 85 86 87 87 75 75 75 87 87 88 88 88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89	299 100 88 122 111 100 88 77 85 44 812 77 64 45 140	277 165 100 199 998 877 9997 65935 115	6 392 155 395 334 157 144 394 464 107 106 182 173 79 3 702	2 485 57 64 64 61 74 60 72 57 48 50 35 49 20 24 1 427	1 299 24 36 26 27 28 29 36 34 25 29 28 25 21 28 14 13 11 762	1 186 333 28 38 38 38 38 38 37 38 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	1 287 24 35 26 27 28 29 35 25 29 38 25 24 21 21 28 14 13 13	1 165 322 28 388 222 33 455 244 36 27 27 32 22 23 22 14 18 21 11 15 9	12	21 1	2 693 74 139 128 55 61 134 172 39 41 67 78
UNDER 5 YEARS 5 10 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS 40 TO 49 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 59 YEARS 60 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 76 TO 78 YEARS 77 TO 78 YEARS 78 TO 79 YEARS 78 TO 79 YEARS 79 TO 79 YEARS 79 TO 79 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 85 AND OVER	1 016 974 836 629 388 444 465 457 495 428 340 303 239 217 209 120 57 36	484 485 420 317 205 247 263 227 166 121 114 120 69 26	532 489 312 183 232 246 232 201 147 137 118 103 89 51	433 441 383 292 186 194 229 202 250 212 182 152 106 118 67 24	481 448 576 287 160 200 236 221 190 126 113 101 89 50 28 18	51 447 25 19 18 9 15 11 14 9 8 2 2 2 2	51 41 40 25 23 20 18 10 11 18 7 11 15 2	894 695 571 461 425 482 523 429 358 309 283 271 270 192 110	295 315 315 315 165 114 138 194 149 111 128 105 97 95 70 48 15	141 1533 892 5034 6058 6058 554 449 95	154 162 116 76 77 91 80 63 51 63 47 41 29 19	140 152 142 142 89 51 60 102 94 85 65 58 53 53 41 29 9	153 1596 1746 624 905 551 471 438 471 438 471 438 471 438 471 471 471 471 471 471 471 471 471 471	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 3 3 1 5 1 1	341 251 186 231 186 239 199 159 159 159 116 136 53 52
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	3 270 639 24.8	1 618 346 25•9	1 652 293 23.5	1 470 330 26.6	1 503 286 24.6	148 16 18•5	149 7 16.3	2 438 431 26.7	983 241 28.4	500 138 30.5	483 103 26.5	497 136 30.5	478 98 26.3	3 2	5 5	910 210 28-2
	11			POWELL	-	mornistania ay oo saay	et de marco de la constante de constante de la	en manuality of cities and	THE THE OWNER, WHEN A SECUL ME A PARTY	Y	An a Silvania (Material Silvania Normano)	PRAIRI	E.			Microsophia Statutogy Parkinstoning Admin
ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR 1 YEAR 2 YEARS. 3 YEARS. 5 YEARS. 6 YEARS. 7 YEARS. 10 YEARS. 11 YEARS. 12 YEARS. 13 YEARS. 14 YEARS. 15 YEARS. 15 YEARS. 16 YEARS. 17 YEARS. 18 YEARS. 19 YEARS. 10 YEARS. 10 YEARS. 11 YEARS. 12 YEARS. 13 YEARS. 14 YEARS. 15 YEARS. 16 YEARS. 17 YEARS. 18 YEARS. 19 YEARS. 19 YEARS. 20 YEARS.	7 002 164 147 152 143 144 137 142 133 156 123 137 135 121 100 111 87 70 4	3 875 86 80 93 75 77 70 76 62 72 80 61 49 53 49 52 31 2 532	3 127 78 67 59 68 67 67 66 71 84 59 65 55 55 55 55 55 55 60 60 58 38 40 32 26 32 1 903	3 741 83 78 92 75 69 75 61 72 63 61 49 53 48 52 33 2 418	3 102 78 65 59 67 66 65 66 71 82 59 63 57 72 59 60 32 25 32 1 890	134	25	6 301 111 234 233 107 108 343 373 82 76 145 125 78 4 286	2 318 46 46 47 68 51 53 53 54 53 54 19 19 13 11	1 190 24 28 20 34 37 28 25 25 25 26 17 32 29 20 29 20 29 30 15 11 680	1 128 222 183 277 30 313 28 26 30 24 24 27 27 29 815 63	1 184 23 28 20 33 37 25 24 26 17 32 29 20 29 20 19 18 88 30 15 11 14 680	1 117 22 18 23 27 37 30 31 22 25 24 25 25 24 25 25 24 25 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52	1	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 377 69 134 114 58 49 145 150 36 40 50 75 29 1 428
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 85 AND OVER	750 691 628 428 413 409 481 493 483 504 384 345 301 291 118 81 38	411 344 234 240 243 279 299 268 309 214 197 173 124 110 65	339 347 312 194 173 166 202 200 215 195 170 148 128 132 83 53 54	404 340 314 232 215 220 263 272 260 209 197 171 124 108 63 35 13	335 343 309 193 173 162 199 199 215 193 170 148 128 132 81 53 46 23	7 4 2 2 25 25 23 16 27 8 8 5	4 4 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	578 558 455 346 410 524 502 529 401 395 354 323 227 155 158	249 284 246 199 112 122 128 142 160 146 124 83 65 68 88 65 7	129 138 124 105 51 65 64 74 88 82 70 51 27 33 44 27	120 146 122 94 61 57 64 68 72 64 54 54 38 35 44 38	126 137 124 103 51 65 64 74 88 82 70 51 27 33 44 27 13	120 144 120 92 61 56 67 71 64 53 38 35 38 37 28	3 1 2	2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	317 252 186 165 162 179 101 135 104 91 85 116 97 48
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	2 356 686 31.9	1 222 348 32•7	1 134 338 30•8	1 208 343 32.8	1 123 335 30+9	14 5 31•3	11 3	1 812 584 32.8	935 258 27.8	470 122 28.7	465 136 26•8	464 122 28.9	459 136 26.9		6	845 230 28+0

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con. [Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PC	PULATIO	N			1950			1960 PC	PULATION				1950
AGE		L CLASSES		WH	ITE	NON	HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL	AL	L CLASSES		WHI	TE	МОИ	HITE	POPULA- TION:
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	IVIAL	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
				RAVALI	_I							RICHLAN	D			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 21 AND OVER .	12 341 223 235 229 239 226 256 264 259 244 262 301 260 229 235 271 253 152 85 93 7 522	6 215 114 116 122 120 125 136 139 136 120 126 146 125 140 127 88 49 48 3 734	6 126 109 119 107 119 101 124 128 120 123 131 136 135 105 105 105 110 131 126 64 36	6 174 113 113 121 118 124 128 132 135 112 120 125 145 123 124 140 125 87 47 47 48 3 721	6 082 107 118 106 117 101 123 127 120 122 128 121 132 125 105 110 130 124 44 36 45 3 766	41 13 12 14 44 11 11 11 11 12 12 12 12 13	1 1 2	13 101 254 575 517 247 277 749 1 005 206 242 430 324 125 8 150	10 504 268 266 278 289 273 242 272 220 232 247 235 210 189 209 183 120 105 89 5 821	5 270 1119 142 134 134 129 127 106 113 123 123 123 124 92 93 943 47 38 949	5 234 127 147 136 142 157 113 145 114 119 112 111 116 117 118 90 116 89 57 58 58 2872	5 257 140 119 142 133 132 146 128 127 106 113 125 130 131 118 99 92 94 63 347 738 2 942	5 209 127 146 135 141 155 126 122 144 112 118 111 115 116 117 0 116 89 57 58 2 862	13 1 1 1 1 	25	10 366 268 573 499 231 247 657 736 182 193 333 264 144 6 039
UNDER 5 YEARS . 5 TO 9 YEARS . 10 TO 14 YEARS . 15 TO 19 YEARS . 25 TO 29 YEARS . 35 TO 39 YEARS . 35 TO 39 YEARS . 40 TO 44 YEARS . 45 TO 49 YEARS . 50 TO 54 YEARS . 50 TO 59 YEARS . 60 TO 64 YEARS . 65 TO 69 YEARS . 75 TO 79 YEARS . 85 AND OVER UNDER 18 YEARS .	1 152 1 282 1 296 996 975 513 596 664 822 723 599 588 627 548 361 174 93	597 656 656 529 238 239 289 282 408 386 302 287 3302 185 40 296	555 626 645 467 237 274 307 382 414 403 337 297 201 297 266 176 89 53	589 648 523 237 281 408 428 383 301 286 330 281 185 40 2 271	549 628 464 224 234 272 303 381 412 399 309 297 266 175 89 53	8 11 3 6 1 2 2 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22	1 346 1 273 1 211 996 674 755 835 952 883 746 683 681 646 536 9393 82	1 377 1 239 1 172 806 529 550 636 635 650 578 519 379 325 381 315 247 108	668 621 598 396 252 313 327 279 201 149 178 151 58 29	709 618 574 410 298 323 313 312 281 240 176 203 140 96 50 29	666 620 596 395 245 252 313 320 338 297 279 200 145 178 175 151 58 29	704 612 570 410 283 287 320 311 281 240 178 174 205 529	2 1 2 1	5 6 4 4	1 340 1 135 918 790 788 786 777 700 602 437 360 438 438 225 196 31
65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	1 803 33.8	922 33•4	34•2	921 33.6	880 34•4	•••	•••	1 420 31•8	1 109 26.2	591 27•1	518 25•4	591 27•1	517 25•4	:::		834 26•3
				ROOSEVE	LT							ROSEBU	D			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS . 21 AND OVER .	11 731 355 333 305 333 341 346 333 331 306 212 273 282 286 201 209 225 203 124 123 6 095	6 018 177 180 151 181 168 170 170 143 167 142 128 146 159 102 113 103 71 566	5 713 178 153 154 152 173 161 163 152 130 145 136 127 199 107 112 100 53 470 2 951	4 610 114 124 98 131 125 122 124 98 107 98 108 121 81 175 93 74 45 48 2 542	4 348 123 103 111 108 119 115 112 121 112 112 112 112 112 112 112	1 408 63 56 55 50 44 51 48 44 50 60 33 38 38 21 27 20 16 60 2	1 365 55 50 43 44 54 55 51 40 51 40 36 39 42 33 29 26 27 7 30 19 569	9 580 303 545 498 220 230 599 718 178 168 291 258 158 5 414	6 187 152 161 163 178 152 170 156 123 149 134 164 139 143 132 111 122 117 103 77 57 58 3 426	3 201 85 86 71 94 83 85 60 73 66 76 79 64 64 57 49 30 29	2 986 67 75 92 84 69 77 71 63 68 63 64 68 51 60 54 38 27 29	2 517 54 67 45 63 66 57 61 36 58 43 49 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	2 317 44 50 64 56 49 53 45 46 66 49 9 55 48 49 47 37 27 21 19	684 31 19 26 31 17 36 24 15 22 15 21 15 19 12 11 271	669 23 25 28 20 24 26 17 20 19 31 15 15 15 17 17 17 17 17 17 11 60 274	118 97 213 182 101 3 920
UNDER 5 YEARS	1 667 1 635 1 314 884 638 654 700 687 615 469 367 316 389 350 201 101 60	857 826 677 448 282 365 347 349 323 176 180 201 202 117 518	810 809 637 436 356 326 335 337 338 292 218 191 136 188 148 50 22	591 576 517 336 203 253 286 286 287 207 149 155 176 164 98 39 29	564 572 458 321 259 243 271 273 277 239 184 150 111 161 131 71 44	266 250 1602 79 75 75 63 64 427 225 38 19 2	246 237 179 115 97 83 64 64 61 53 34 125 27 17 13 6	1 346 1 049 896 717 740 715 692 616 458 400 441 394 400 167 169	806 732 689 476 291 323 360 393 389 331 290 257 207 248 196 110 59	419 377 357 239 134 166 209 205 166 162 145 109 134 117 59 28	387 3552 237 157 152 194 184 1658 112 198 114 79 31	295 255 269 171 100 117 131 174 185 144 141 129 96 124 97 52 24 13	263 249 241 173 112 124 164 143 154 155 90 91 103 74 44 29	124 122 868 34 44 35 20 22 21 16 13 10 20 7 4	124 106 91 64 45 30 41 32 13 22 7 11 5 7	840 664 553 492 469 470 427 400 3302 346 291 129 139
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	5 253 1 101 22.9	2 678 609 23•6	2 575 492 22•3	1 926 506 26.6	1 835 426 25•0	752 103 16•3	740 66 15•9	3 750 712 25.3	2 569 643 26.5	1 323 352 27•3	1 246 291 25•8	943 310 32.0	878 265 29•9	380 42 15•6	368 26 16•1	2 367 516 27•8

28-60 Montana

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PC	PULATIO	N			1950 POPÚLA-			1960 PC	PULATION	N			1950 POPULA-
AGE		L CLASSE:		 	ITE		HITE	TION: TOTAL		L CLASSES	·	 	TE *		WHITE	TION: TOTAL
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	
				SANDE	RS							SHERIDA	AN	_	-	
ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR	6 880 148 146 152 134 150 140 153 134 136 147 126 137 144 116 118 122 134 78 69	3 605 82 81 73 64 86 76 76 71 59 67 74 55 79 71 61 58 73 59	3 275 66 65 79 70 62 74 64 82 87 75 69 73 71 55 60 49 75 34 38	3 394 77 755 599 766 71 67 67 48 72 766 52 766 52 53 67 55 54 3 29 25 29	3 075 55 60 75 65 59 70 58 77 64 65 68 65 54 49 30 30 34	21115 6685 100100 1005 4455 66777755 9564	200 111 55 45 55 114 56 47 67 65 44 8	6 983 154 304 276 127 120 416 501	6 458 140 144 151 169 153 164 159 155 151 145 148 138 98 127 110 96 73 48	3 371 68 74 81 88 89 86 85 82 80 85 66 84 67 67 67 61 59	3 087 72 70 70 53 90 67 77 75 66 81 70 51 80 49 37 29	3 354 68 741 818 89 85 85 85 86 86 86 66 87 67 67 68 47 67 61 59 34 28	3 068 70 70 68 52 89 67 77 75 66 67 77 78 81 70 51 37 37 39	17	19 2 2 1 1 1	6 674 141 348 } 283 146 128 351 483 112 113 215 188 92
21 AND OVER	4 187 728 713 670 521 308 331 403 396 432 429 382 3500 305 269 295 204 99	2 238 386 349 340 265 151 169 192 212 221 204 182 157 148 181 131 62	1 949 342 364 330 256 157 162 211 184 211 178 168 148 148 121 114 73 37	2 146 352 319 309 247 139 161 1814 210 219 176 147 148 177 129 62 22	1 863 314 332 230 145 154 200 172 201 188 172 164 145 118 113 70 33 32	92 34 30 35 18 11 8 11 13 8 10 	86 28 30 26 11 11 10 64 37 37	734 663 612 493 408 408 403 428 485 449 403 351 380 337 211 188	7 732 745 782 691 454 271 341 399 401 433 398 195 243 269 166 76	1 957 390 418 332 249 130 164 208 207 242 196 174 145 100 113 148 103 40	1 775 355 364 359 205 141 177 191 194 191 202 135 113 95 130 121	390 417 332 249 130 162 207 205 241 170 144 100 0112 146 102 39	349 364 359 202 140 177 191 191 201 132 112 95 128 119 63 36	11 22 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	10	772 625 595 516 458 483 522 466 377 346 299 299 367 289 160 121
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	2 485 912 32.1	1 265 545 33•7	1 220 367 30•6	1 151 538 34.8	1 116 354 31.5	114 7 16-8	104 13 17•7	2 336 776 32.1	2 551 781 29.2	1 327 416 30•1	1 224 365 28•4	1 326 411 29.9	1 215 361 28.4	1 5	4	2 320 589 28.8
	J.	L		SILVER B	OW .	erentennosus an scrizz sch	recommendade comment ou a com-	SHEPONIKUMA O UMBANISHI MURA	nside Navel and Market State of State o	egal serienia n a rango go (repúblico)	OREMONES IN COMMERCE	STILLWAT	ER		ensi oni sentenzasi.	14 (24 kilos kars distributed hannan
ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR 1 YEARS 2 YEARS 4 YEARS 5 YEARS 6 YEARS 7 YEARS 8 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 19 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 18 YEARS 19 YEARS 20 YEARS 21 AND OVER	46 454 1 034 1 036 1 036 1 060 1 065 1 075 1 046 893 923 898 944 904 705 729 741 774 551 433 28 235	22 848 511 521 495 533 558 526 527 462 451 498 498 352 331 385 331 381 201 201 2194	23 606 523 539 527 507 537 455 519 500 431 472 447 446 353 344 410 393 297 232 209	22 674 505 517 488 528 550 557 523 523 485 497 449 449 449 449 457 381 381 381 381 381 383 198	23 453 517 510 528 521 502 527 450 516 496 426 443 441 351 344 410 393 230 206 14 422	174 64 75 8 13 45 55 22 44 11 14 55 11	153 65 116 65 105 74 44 44 44 20 75 67	48 422 907 2 018 1 861 833 812 2 506 2 847 637 608 1 107 1 038 511 32 737	5 526 121 110 96 119 113 119 118 146 113 122 107 121 118 102 107 121 118 102 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	2 863 671 531 530 690 722 729 653 655 677 700 411 659 333 24	2 653 559 459 559 559 554 456 754 657 457 452 211 200 1 620	2 856 561 93 59 71 62 72 59 65 64 29 55 66 77 70 70 70 70 41 64 28 33 34 1 666	2 655 59 43 59 59 54 47 56 73 54 68 57 47 62 53 35 43 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	7 1 1	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	5 416 122 251 109 107 296 405 405 156 164 126 64 3 338
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 30 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 80 TO 79 YEARS. 80 TO 84 YEARS. 85 AND OVER.	5 229 4 985 4 374 5 228 2 050 2 136 2 644 2 769 3 247 3 291 2 626 2 086 1 887 1 579 475 2 01	2 618 2 543 2 195 1 552 959 977 1 328 1 373 1 571 1 680 1 331 1 057 875 747 202	2 611 2 442 2 179 1 676 1 091 1 159 1 316 1 676 1 611 1 329 1 029 1 012 832 273 124	2 588 2 525 2 185 1 540 951 968 1 315 1 365 1 560 1 670 1 358 1 315 3 049 871 745 391 201	2 578 2 415 2 165 1 667 1 081 1 307 1 388 1 605 1 326 1 292 1 026 1 010 832 555 271	30 18 10 12 8 9 13 8 11 10 11 16 8 4 2 3	33 27 14 9 10 16 9 8 6 6 3 3	4 786 4 151 3 484 2 753 2 857 3 374 3 825 5 949 3 665 3 199 2 863 2 708 2 390 1 924 1 269 1 056	559 630 570 426 227 272 293 335 382 372 296 283 2217 209 116 75 43	290 330 314 238 103 126 141 157 192 198 165 147 116 105 117 55 46	269 300 256 188 124 146 152 178 190 174 131 136 105 112 92 61 29	289 329 312 236 103 126 141 157 192 198 105 146 105 117 55 46 23	269 298 254 187 124 145 152 178 190 173 131 136 105 112 92 60 29 20	1 1 2 2 2	11	607 512 500 395 311 352 393 397 313 292 266 283 267 219 153
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	16 832 5 091 32.3	8 453 2 295 32.2	8 379 2 796 32.5	8 387 2 285 32.2	8 302 2 792 32.6	66 10 30.0	77 4 16.4	14 136 4 418 33.7	2 080 660 31.3	1 110 346 31-1	970 314 31.6	1 105 346 31.2	966 313 31.7	5		1 888 528 30.4

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION	l			1950			1960 P0	PULATION				1950
AGE		L CLASSES	r —	WHI		NON	HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL	AL	L CLASSES		иНI	TE.	NON	WHITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	
				SWEET GR	ASS							TETON	1			
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR 2 YEARS 3 YEARS 4 YEARS 5 YEARS 6 YEARS 6 YEARS 8 YEARS 10 YEARS 11 YEARS 12 YEARS 13 YEARS 14 YEARS 15 YEARS 16 YEARS 17 YEARS 17 YEARS	3 290 71 63 64 69 63 63 60 54 69 78 55 57 55	1 689 33 30 38 32 27 25 41 27 29 24 31 32 41 26 29 27	1 601 38 33 36 32 42 38 30 36 31 30 23 28 52 28 31 26 22	1 689 33 30 38 27 25 41 27 29 24 31 32 41 26 27 26 27	1 601 38 33 36 42 38 30 36 31 30 23 28 52 28 31 26 22			3 621 66 160 140 64 73 190 234 54 62 114	7 295 178 156 186 186 207 159 169 171 163 175 193 169 151 126 134	3 821 90 89 96 80 97 104 93 95 91 79 90 93 81 83 69 77 66	3 474 88 67 90 78 83 103 66 74 80 84 85 100 88 68 68 57 57	3 800 90 89 95 80 97 104 93 95 91 79 89 93 81 83 69 76 666	3 453 88 67 89 78 83 103 66 73 80 844 85 57 57 57 61 62 355	11		7 232 177 384 303 152 140 431 526
18 YEARS	35 30 33 2 061	15 22 17 1 090	20 8 16 971	15 22 17 1 090	20 8 16 971	***	***	} 94 32 2 338	80 59 54 4 173	45 31 21 2 187	35 28 33 1 986	45 30 20 2 173	28 33 1 973	1 14		171 84 4 386
UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 45 TO 44 YEARS. 45 TO 49 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS. 75 TO 79 YEARS.	341 318 226 142 153 192 179 193 225 178 175 158 95 38 25	160 146 157 119 73 72 106 97 89 118 102 85 98 89 56	181 165 161 107 69 81 86 82 104 107 73 73 73 85 69 99 99	160 146 157 119 73 72 106 97 89 118 94 102 85 98 89 56 18	181 165 161 107 69 81 86 82 104 107 84 73 73 85 69 39 20			366 327 288 270 229 239 236 268 247 200 190 226 187 148 103 86	858 869 814 527 344 380 495 418 375 210 2255 268 218 138	452 462 416 283 161 201 203 266 243 220 209 177 137 128 127 76 41	406 407 398 244 183 179 224 230 198 166 133 118 140 91 62 29	451 462 415 279 159 199 203 265 242 214 208 175 137 128 127 76 41	405 406 393 243 182 178 224 227 250 197 166 131 118 140 90 61 28	1 4 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 6 6 1 2 2	1 1 5 5 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 	864 723 667 508 456 577 549 505 438 359 341 379 351 145 117
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	1 131 499 34.0	545 271 35•6	586 228 32•1	545 271 35•6	586 228 32•1	:::	•••	1 157 358 32•2	2 929 727 28.1	1 537 391 28•4	1 392 336 27•8	1 532 391 28.4	1 384 333 27•7			2 591 515 28•4
			L	TOOLE			L				<u> </u>	TREASUR	RE.	L		L
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS .	7 904 221 209 206 233 220 216 194 202 185 192 177 181 170 181 124 123 128 98 65 67 4 378	4 114 109 114 98 121 107 121 107 122 98 92 92 62 62 64 64 64 48 32 29	3 790 112 95 108 112 113 95 80 92 94 85 84 884 89 72 57 59 64 50 33 32 2 084	4 084 108 112 98 120 105 120 98 121 91 97 85 92 61 64 64 48 32 2 281	3 767 111 94 108 110 112 94 96 79 92 93 84 84 84 85 56 59 63 33 32 2 074	30 12 2 11 12 2 11 13	23 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 867 163 335 306 149 155 408 453 104 100 194 164 83 4 253	1 345 43 41 32 45 35 31 37 39 35 37 30 31 12 23 30 17 18 19 18	11 18 10 9 8 14 7 5 384	641 20 24 18 28 17 12 20 21 10 14 19 12 12 11 12 7 9 11 4 8 5	704 23 17 14 17 18 19 17 18 19 21 18 18 19 11 11 18 19 11 15 18 19 11 11 18 19 11 18 19 19 11 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	639 204 18 128 17 122 200 211 14 19 12 112 112 12 114 12 12 14 14 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18		2	1 402 45 84 73 35 23 96 90 27 44 40 15 800
UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 45 TO 44 YEARS 45 TO 49 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 85 AND OVER	1 089 989 989 538 414 441 553 544 427 380 307 235 182 205 149 56 25	549 532 429 275 206 219 268 290 223 211 172 121 97 107 83 34	540 457 414 263 208 255 256 257 204 169 135 114 85 98 66 22	543 527 424 275 204 215 265 286 289 223 211 172 97 106 83 34	535 454 412 260 206 220 263 255 256 204 169 134 85 988 65 22 15	6 5 5 5 5 2 4 4 3 2 2 1 1	5 5 2 2 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	804 7112 557 458 449 563 628 521 447 365 295 284 286 222 154	196 171 150 87 768 81 83 963 60 48 39 48 39 26 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	89 94 48 48 31 40 47 31 33 40 30 24 15 17 18	107 777 66 39 45 41 36 44 32 27 39 18 15 21 18	89 94 48 48 31 47 47 31 33 40 30 24 15 12 42	107 77 66 39 45 41 36 42 32 27 39 18 15 21 18 7 7		2	202 154 120 111 87 116 83 93 72 55 54 44 32 27
UNDER 16 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	3 296 617 25•9	1 705 331 26•5	1 591 286 25•3	1 689 330 26.6	1 579 285 25•4	16 1	12	2 367 498 29.0	571 121 24.5	294 66 25•8	277 55 23•5	294 66 25•8	277 55 23.4		•••	547 109 26+2

28-62 Montana

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.
[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

			1960 PO	PULATION	I			1950			1960 P	OPULATIO	N			1950
AGE		L CLASSES		WHI			HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL		L CLASSES		 	ITE	 	HITE	POPULA- TION: TOTAL
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	
		11		VALLEY	,							WHEATL	AND T	т	<u></u>	
ALL AGES . UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 7 YEARS . 8 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEAR . 12 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS .	17 080 556 603 534 530 461 462 460 460 383 360 316 339 333 305 244 266 235 249 211 272	9 133 252 299 281 222 241 228 198 195 170 170 169 153 140 137 128 128 106 177 190 5 104	7 947 304 255 249 231 232 210 188 146 169 164 152 104 129 107 127 105 95 117	8 703 237 275 257 266 210 228 217 189 184 161 164 165 117 129 123 117 101 166 177 4 895	7 543 285 283 241 230 227 212 216 198 175 177 137 159 143 99 120 102 121 98 88 88 88 112 96	430 125 222 153 111 6 9 6 7 7 8 8 5 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	404 19 214 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	11 353 271 616 538 538 272 268 677 875 207 201 371 270 139 6648	3 026 54 62 60 75 49 68 71 49 75 66 65 64 66 50 457 53 31 30 30 1 842	1 577 18 34 32 26 33 40 26 33 40 28 28 28 28 28 27 44 28 26 31 37 44 28	1 449 36 28 28 37 23 35 35 42 32 37 37 22 22 19 26 26 18 86	1 564 18 34 32 38 26 33 34 26 33 34 28 28 28 28 26 31 27 44 21 22 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	28 37 23 35 31 23 42 32 37 36 27 21	13	1	3 187 73 143 146 56 59 170 219 42 46 87 67 38 2 041
UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 30 TO 34 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS 45 TO 49 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 60 TO 64 YEARS 60 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 80 TO 84 YEARS	2 684 2 073 1 537 1 233 1 502 1 352 1 192 1 095 946 807 657 491 400 387 343 222 96 63	1 333 1 034 802 670 838 757 566 520 422 366 302 219 209 193 134 57	1 351 1 039 735 664 595 515 529 426 385 291 189 181 178 150 88 39	1 245 979 771 636 784 721 647 546 499 408 356 285 211 205 189 132	1 266 978 697 529 623 554 495 509 413 367 279 185 177 175 148 81 39 28	88 55 51 54 56 50 20 21 11 10 17 8 4 4 4 2	85 61 38 34 41 20 20 20 13 18 12 4 4 7	1 425 1 217 1 082 711 811 862 771 678 567 512 552 224 179	300 329 309 216 116 146 156 187 208 198 172 144 139 141 120 73 46 26	148 166 165 110 57 68 75 98 105 102 105 272 72 76 65 44 427	152 163 144 106 59 78 81 89 103 96 67 65 55 29 14	148 166 165 110 57 65 72 72 96 105 101 105 80 70 76 65 44 27	152 163 142 105 59 76 80 89 103 96 67 62 66 65 55 19	3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 1 1	362 285 261 200 195 261 218 218 193 161 168 187 172 140 92 64
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	7 044 1 111 23.4	3 556 627 24•3	3 488 484 22•1	3 364 615 24.6	3 284 471 22.4	192 12 20•6	204 13 17.6	4 296 832 27.5	1 093 406 33.1	563 224 35.0	530 182 31.4	563 224 34.9	528 182 31.5	***	2	1 041 306 30.7
				WIBAUX								YELLOWST	TONE			
ALL AGES UNDER 1 YEAR . 1 YEAR . 2 YEARS . 3 YEARS . 4 YEARS . 5 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 6 YEARS . 10 YEARS . 11 YEARS . 12 YEARS . 13 YEARS . 14 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 15 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 16 YEARS . 17 YEARS . 18 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 19 YEARS . 20 YEARS . 21 AND OVER .	1 698 41 38 45 38 38 34 41 44 45 53 48 45 29 31 35 22 33 19 11 16 950	867 21 16 19 17 15 17 16 19 25 22 24 26 20 13 18 10 16 11 7 7	831 20 22 26 21 23 17 25 16 24 29 22 25 16 13 24 17 8	865 21 16 19 16 15 17 16 19 25 22 24 25 20 13 18 11 10 16 11 7 7	831 20 22 26 21 23 17 25 16 24 29 22 25 16 13 24 12 17 8 4 9	1		1 907 46 110 75 49 41 126 137 38 34 63 53 29 1 106	79 016 2 003 1 934 2 038 2 030 1 987 1 994 1 962 1 966 1 859 1 778 1 781 1 657 1 230 1 273 1 114 980 44 669	38 843 1 045 969 1 030 1 006 1 069 1 011 973 1 001 930 836 867 865 830 858 649 610 615 626 477 364 21 852	40 173 958 965 1 008 1 024 918 983 985 929 887 911 916 844 799 581 592 658 647 637 616 529 22 817	38 434 1 028 958 1 012 997 1 058 1 001 995 995 995 863 863 863 869 864 601 609 616 609 616 609	39 793 941 954 1 004 1 013 902 976 984 960 902 907 834 792 578 652 652 652 652 652 652	409 17 11 18 9 11 10 0 8 5 5 13 12 4 6 6 6 6 14 3 9 6 14 3 9 11 12 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	380 17 11 4 11 16 7 55 7 7 9 9 10 7 3 8 6 9 9 8 2 12	55 875 1 255 2 919 2 593 1 113 1 133 3 130 3 422 825 741 1 497 1 542 764 34 941
UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 15 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 25 TO 24 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS 45 TO 49 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 60 TO 64 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 75 TO 79 YEARS 85 AND OVER	200 206 120 69 74 96 99 109 96 93 70 68 63 68 40 13	88 99 101 55 33 47 52 58 51 52 37 40 38 9 5	112 107 105 55 36 49 47 51 45 41 33 28 29 15	87 99 100 55 33 38 47 52 58 51 52 37 40 38 39 25	112 107 105 56 36 36 49 47 51 41 33 28 29 15	1	:::	231 216 175 150 107 138 151 114 119 87 89 84 95 33 31	9 992 9 504 8 120 5 842 4 450 4 952 5 731 2 731 2 282 2 185 1 85 1 85 2 94	5 119 4 751 4 069 2 692 1 906 2 294 2 771 2 906 2 679 2 679 1 920 1 544 1 099 957 877 594 1 128	4 8753 4 7550 4 0550 8 650 2 8 650 2 8 650 2 1 1 1 1 1 0 5 2 9 1 1 1 1 1 0 5 2 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 5 2 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 7535 4 7535 4 0552 1 8775 2 746 2 8575 2 746 2 8575 2 9022 1 5582 1 5892 1 1 5892 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	# 724 # 724 # 721 # 721 # 721 # 6538 # 6538 # 6538 # 797 # 724 # 752 # 752	66 48 33 40 31 23 25 23 16 18 12 15 15	599803844752 2843752 11885472	6 767 5 376 4 247 3 780 4 169 4 694 4 738 4 421 3 777 3 055 2 537 2 259 2 163 1 711 1 069 956
UNDER 18 YEARS . 65 AND OVER MEDIAN AGE	702 192 28.2	325 116 32+1	377 76 23•7	323 116 32.2	377 76 23•7	2	:::	719 151 27.7	31 364 5 830 26.6	15 790 2 800 26.9	15 574 3 030 26.4	15 618 2 766 27.0	15 425 3 008 26.4	172 34 22.8	149 22 23•6	18 628 3 892 28.8

General Population Characteristics

Table 27.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

	7.4.		19	60 POPULATION				1950
AGE		ALL CLASSES		wh:	ITÉ	NONW	HITE	POPULATION:
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
			YEL	LOWSTONE NATION	AL PARK (PART)			
ALL AGES	47	28	19	28	19			5
IDER 1 YEAR	2	1.	1	1	1	•••		
YEAR • • • • • • • •	4	2	2	2	2	•••	••• [Į
YEARS	2	•••	2	•••	2	•••	•••	Į
YEARS	2	1	1	1	1	•••	•••	}
YEARS	2	•••	2	•••	2	•••	•••)
YEARS YEARS	1	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	• •
YEARS.	1	1	•••	1	•••	***	•••	
YEARS.		1	•••	1		•••	•••	Į
YEARS.	•••	•••	•••	••••	•••	•••	•••	}
YEARS		***	:::	:::	•••			ζ
YEARS	• • •		•••					\
YEARS			***	:::	•••	•••		۲.
YEARS	•••	•••	•••			•••	•••	J
YEARS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•
YEARS	•••]	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	• •
YEARS	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••)
YEARS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Į
YEARS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••).
YEARS	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•
AND OVER.	33	22	11	22	11	•••	:::	ž
DER 5 YEARS	12	. 4	8	4	8			
TO 9 YEARS	2	2	•••	2	•••	•••	•••	
) TO 14 YEARS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• •
TO 19 YEARS	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•
TO 24 YEARS	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	•••	•••	
TO 29 YEARS	5	2	3 3	2 2	3	•••	• • •	
TO 34 YEARS	5	2 5	•••	5	•••	•••		
TO 44 YEARS	2	1	1	ī	1	•••	•••	
TO 49 YEARS	ī		ī		ī	•••	•••	
TO 54 YEARS	6	5	ī	5	ī	•••		
TO 59 YEARS	3	3	•••	3		•••	***	
TO 64 YEARS	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	. •••	•••	
TO 69 YEARS	4 [. 4	•••	4	•••	•••	•••	
TO 74 YEARS	1	•••	1	••••	1	•••	•••	
TO 79 YEARS	•••	•••	•••	••••	•••	•••	•••	} •
TO 84 YEARS		•••	1	:::	1	•••	•••	•
	14	. 6	8	6	8			
NDER 18 YEARS	14	4	2	4	2			
DIAN AGE		•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••		

28-64 Montana

Table 28.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960 [Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households]

-													
SUBJECT	BEAVER- HEAD	BIG HORN	BLAINE	BROAD- WATER	CARBON	CARTER	CASCADE	CHOUTEAU	CUSTER	DANIELS	DAWSON	DEER LODGE	FALLON
TOTAL POPULATION	7 194	10 007	8 091	2 804	8 317	2 493	73 418	7 348	13 227	3 755	12 314	18 640	3 997
RACE MALE	3 890 3 870 1 16 3	5 032 3 376 5 1 619 24 	4 245 3 351 7 884 2	1 509 1 508 	4 203 4 195 4 4	1 352 1 349 3	37 444 36 609 334 371 32 19 54	3 874 3 812 58 1	6 749 6 651 10 75 7 1 4	1 948 1 946 2	6 243 6 232 8 2	9 577 9 441 58 60 6 7	2 033 2 032
FEMALE	3 304 3 289 9 4	4 975 3 208 9 1 715 29	3 846 3 019 7 817 2	1 295	4 114 4 105 2 1 4	1 141 1 140	35 974 35 250 183 377 83 7 52 22	3 474 3 418 55 1	6 478 6 436 8 14 12	1 807 1 804 1	6 071 6 060 2 6 2 	9 063 8 946 8 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	1 964 1 960 1 1 1 1
MARITAL STATUS													
TOTAL MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE MARRIED. PERCENT MARRIED. SEPARATED. WIDOWED. DIVORCED.	2 929 978 1 629 55•6 32 146 176	3 266 917 2 120 64.9 31 112 117	2 771 895 1 665 60-1 35 110	1 023 275 639 62.5 10 42 67	3 038 852 1 979 65.1 16 132 75	936 294 573 61.2 10 27 42	25 223 6 388 17 115 67.9 188 800 920	2 539 684 1 668 65.7 18 109 78	4 755 1 339 3 052 64.2 40 181 183	1 351 425 849 62.8 6 40	3 963 1 012 2 792 70.5 18 95	6 738 2 203 3 911 58.0 67 320 304	1 329 351 923 69.5 8 28 27
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER: SINGLE	2 360 408 1 594 67.5 16 289 69	3 111 595 2 118 68.1 38 304 94	2 448 443 1 672 68.3 30 270 63	876 132 623 71 • 1 4 102 19	2 972 468 1 985 66.8 19 456	779 106 563 72.3 7 89 21	23 968 3 801 17 022 71.0 243 2 396 749	2 258 323 1 656 73.3 20 230 49	4 416 666 3 037 68.8 32 576 137	1 222 195 855 70.0 7 152 20	3 843 637 2 772 72-1 27 361 73	6 332 1 437 3 985 62.9 64 769 141	1 258 178 921 73•2 4 140
NONWHITE					_						_		
MALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER:	15 8 4 ••• •••	921 286 568 61.7 21 38 29	456 172 245 53.7 14 25	1	3	2 1 1	507 185 301 59.4 12 7 14	31 14 16	81 67 10 	1 1	8 3 5	87 46 33 1 1 5	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
FEMALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	9 2 5 1 1	933 242 560 60.0 22 81 50	422 111 258 61.1 11 36 17	•••	7	1 	433 67 324 74.8 14 30	28 6 19	28 7 15 4 2	1	8	81 25 45 4 6 5	4
HOUSEHOLDS													
TOTAL TOTAL POPULATION	7 194 6 770 2 343 1 639 704 1 489 2 170 512 256 424	10 007 9 915 2 532 2 142 390 1 895 3 768 1 513 207 92 51	8 091 7 921 2 278 1 762 516 1 533 3 205 786 119 170 62	2 804 2 773 842 667 175 595 1 044 207 85 51	8 317 8 273 2 732 2 167 565 1 885 2 824 718 114	2 493 2 468 753 589 164 513 216 93 216	73 418 71 103 22 187 17 829 4 358 16 269 27 208 4 393 1 046 2 315	7 348 7 288 2 188 1 749 4372 2 916 458 68	12 763 4 127 3 176 951 2 877 4 594 944 221 464 241	3 755 3 755 1 145 905 240 812 1 409 311 78	12 314 12 238 3 469 2 903 566 2 659 5 170 753 187 76	18 640 16 490 5 014 4 010 1 004 7 573 6 392 1 396 115 2 150 1 873	3 997 3 996 1 164 966 198 886 1 629 260 57
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	2.89	3.92	3.48	3.29	3.03	3.28	1 955 3-20	3.33	l	3.28	3.53	277 3.29	3.43
NONWHITE TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD OF PRIMARY FAMILY . PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL WIFE OF HEAD	35 29 10 5 4 11 1 3 6	3 423 3 364 542 511 31 411 1 301 1 019 91 59	1 721 1 684 315 274 41 218 828 300 23 37 21	1	17 17 5 2 3 7 4 1	1	1 559 1 411 269 62 293 620 122 45 148	118 117 16 13 3 13 52 32 4	73 20 12 8 12 19 11 11 67 61	5 1 1 2 1	:::	253 184 42 32 10 30 84 23 5 69	554
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	5	6.21	5.35	•••	***	•••	135 4•26	7.31		***	***	3 4.38	***

General Population Characteristics

Table 28.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con. [Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households]

TOTAL POPULATION	2 624 1 386 1 379 6 6 1 238 1 234 4 278 555
MALE	1 386 1 379 6 1 1 238 1 234 4 278 595
MALE	1 379 1 238 1 234 917 278 595
WHITE	917 278 595
	278 595
	278 595
MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER	64.9 8 22 22
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER: 4 693	773 118 578 74.8 64
NONWHITE 7 303 22 3 430 146	2
MALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER	1
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER: 19 57 31 1 162 5 345 124 1 82 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	3
HOUSEHOLDS	
TOTAL TOTAL POPULATION 14 018 32 965 26 045 1 981 11 565 1 203 3 014 18 653 4 297 3 085 13 104 28 006 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2 624 2 607 726
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. • • • 4 199 10 121 7 728 9 42 2 507 292 748 4 286 829 752 3 237 6 829 919 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	607 119 551 1 075 190 65 17 15 2
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD 3.21 3.22 3.15 3.31 3.78 3.19 3.12 3.47 3.14 3.22 3.34 3.01	3137
NONWHITE TOTAL POPULATION 60 227 117 1 4 375 24 1 253 61 12 1 495 490 IN HOUSEHOLDS	11 11 2 1 1 3 6
OTHER	•••

28-66 Montana

Table 28.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households]

-			*************			_							
SUBJECT	LINCOLN	MC CONE	MADISON	MEAGHER	MINERAL	MISSOULA	MUSSEL- SHELL	PARK	PETRO- LEUM	PHILLIPS	PONDERA	POWDER RIVER	POWELL
TOTAL POPULATION	12 537	3 321	5 211	2 616	3 037	44 663	4 888	13 168	894	6 027	7 653	2 485	7 002
MALE	6 583 6 558 1 22 1	1 780 1 779 1	2 763 2 726 2 30	1 430 1 422 4 4	1 592 1 580 9	22 169 34 184 12 18	2 540 2 537 2 1	6 727 6 697 2 8 16 3	505 502 3	3 203 3 024 1 171 5	3 897 3 598 294	1 299 1 287 7 1 2	3 875 3 741 15 111 5
FEMALE	5 954 5 926 2 22 	1 541 1 539 2	2 448 2 431	1 186 1 183 1 1 1	1 445 1 438 4	21 984 20 192 15 12	2 348 2 339 3 4 1	6 441 6 420 6 8 6	389 387 2	2 824 2 686 2 132 3	3 756 3 479 274	1 186 1 165 7 3 5 1	3 127 3 102 1 16 6
MARITAL STATUS													
TOTAL													
MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	4 335 1 048 2 993 69.0 29 145 149	1 178 363 751 63.8 6 42 22	1 989 572 1 235 62•1 13 106 76	1 059 349 598 56.5 9 40 72	1 071 280 712 66-5 5 33 46	4 422 10 360 66.1 100 501	1 781 480 1 154 64.8 15 88 59	4 804 1 120 3 301 68.7 27 191 192	364 131 206 56•6 1 14	2 201 662 1 390 63.2 19 94 55	2 578 758 1 664 64.5 22 81 75	883 218 606 68•6 4 18 41	2 844 785 1 759 61.8 38 108
FEMALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	3 808 501 2 968 77.9 23 276 63	974 143 748 76•8 3 76	1 701 224 1 221 71.8 21 228 28	797 115 585 73•4 9 76 21	956 138 712 74•5 8 89	3 042 10 411 66.8 126	1 616 229 1 132 70.0 4 226 29	4 600 642 3 289 71.5 33 545 124	278 39 208 74.8 1 27	1 885 265 1 361 72.2 10 227 32	2 382 421 1 672 70+2 23 244 45	768 92 590 76.8 5 70	2 189 317 1 546 70•6 13 280 46
NONWHITE													
MALE. 14 YEARS AND OVER SINGLE	11 4 7	1	14 9 3	8 5 3 	9 4 5	168 72 76 45.2 12 9	2	23 11 9 1 2	1	117 49 56 47.9 3 5	179 67 97 54-2 4 12	9 2 6	121 52 39 32-2 6 6
FEMALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER- SINGLE	22 1 17 1 3	1	5 4 1	3 1 2	4	141 34 86 61.0 7	8	16 3 11 1	1 1	83 12 57 1 10 4	151 38 103 68-2 4 7	17 3 10	14
HOUSEHOLDS													
TOTAL													
TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS	12 537 12 451 3 641 570 2 832 5 026 822 160 86 12 74	3 314 918 796 122 725 1 350 257 64 7	5 211 4 977 1 672 1 276 1 157 1 638 122 234 191 43	2 516 2 528 807 604 203 545 876 198 102 88 53	3 037 3 006 881 734 147 684 1 196 198 47 31 17	44 663 42 847 13 505 10 920 2 585 9 934 15 564 1 568 1 658	4 888 4 825 1 548 1 220 328 1 098 1 735 357 87 63 43	15 168 15 058 4 516 5 409 7 151 4 458 195 110 58	894 887 274 222 52 199 306 82 26 7	6 027 5 996 1 825 1 431 204 1 279 2 213 536 143 51 10	7 653 7 567 2 083 1 731 1 582 1 582 3 104 622 176 86	2 485 2 461 723 604 119 551 923 178 86 24 12	7 002 6 308 2 023 1 613 410 1 488 2 250 454 93 694 580 114
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	3 - 45	3-61	2.98	3.13	3.41	3.17	3.12	3+03	3.24	3.29	3.63	3.40	3.12
NONWHITE TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD OF PRIMARY FAMILY . PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL WIFE OF HEAD	53 53 10 10 13 17 11 2	3 3	54 12 5 2 3 1 5 42 42	11 11 3 2 1 2	19 18 6 5 1 4 6 1 1	510 477 102 74 28 76 186 93 20 33	12 12 1 1 1 	51 50 18 10 7 12 11 2	5 5 1 1 1	317 308 68 54 14 46 115 66 13	576 570 98 91 7 78 225 158 11 6	33 27 4 4 5 5 7 6	159 47 12 8 4 10 23 1
OTHER		•••		•••		27 4.68	•••	i	•••	8	6		110
	•••	•••	•••	***	***	4.68	••••	• • •	* * *	4.53	5.82	* * *	•••

General Population Characteristics

Table 28.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con. [Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households]

SUBJECT	PRAIRIE	RAVALLI	RICHLAND	ROOSEVELT	ROSEBUD	SANDERS	SHERIDAN	SILVER BOW	STILLWATER
TOTAL POPULATION	2 318	12 341	10 504	11 731	6 187	6 880	6 458	46 454	5 526
MALE	1 190 1 184 	6 215 6 174 35 1 5	5 270 5 257 ••• 1 5 1 2	6 018 4 610 7 1 381 12	3 201 2 517 2 681 1	3 605 3 394 208 3	3 371 3 354 2 13 2	46 66	2 863 2 856
FEMALE	1 128 1 117 11 	6 126 6 082 1 32 1 9	5 234 5 209 15 2 2 6	5 713 4 348 4 1 352 6 1	2 986 2 317 5 663 1	3 275 3 075 1 198 1	3 087 3 068 4 15	23 453 36 91 5 6	2 663 2 655 1 5 1
MARITAL STATUS					-				
TOTAL MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER	819 253 515 62•9 6 23 28	4 435 1 039 3 119 70-3 26 173 104	3 475 879 2 418 69•6 18 122 56	3 760 1 047 2 415 64.2 39 184 114	2 108 610 1 324 62.8 11 87	2 591 696 1 687 65•1 27 101	2 278 655 1 479 64.9 103 41	4 115 10 416 65•7 145 774	534
FEMALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	757 134 508 67•1 2 106	4 405 637 3 126 71.0 22 552 90	3 451 605 2 424 70•2 15 364 58	3 556 653 2 417 68.0 41 393 93	1 963 343 1 339 68.2 1 230 51	16	2 060 303 1 481 71.9 250 26	3 072 10 470 62.6 183 2 722	1 349 72•0 5 229
NONWHITE	2	20	8	753	365	121	16	117	4
MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER	2	7 11	5	234 421 55•9 19 51 47	121 216 59•2	49 66 54•5 3		56 47.9 1 1	2
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER: SINGLE: SINGLE: SINGLE: SINGLE: SINGLE: SEPARATED: SINGLE:	77 22 4	25 6 17 2	11 1 8 	732 168 450 61•5 27 67 47	91 223 61•1 6	30 73 60.8 7	5	13 59 6 4	3
HOUSEHOLDS									
TOTAL TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD OF PRIMARY FAMILY PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL WIFE OF HEAD	2 318 2 318 724 552 172 476 913 162 43	12 341 12 242 3 956 3 242 714 2 956 4 219 977 134 9 99 73 26	10 504 10 447 3 049 2 548 501 2 306 4 210 740 142 55 32	11 731 11 678 3 071 2 533 538 2 227 4 760 1 299 321 53	6 132 1 749 1 400 349 1 236 2 371 618 155 55	6 803 2 256 1 737 5 1 591 2 372 5 502 8 2 77 5 1 7 6 60	6 44 1 89 1 58 31 1 42 2 48 49 14	7 45 99 15 334 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	5 476 1 673 5 1 408 265 1 285 6 1 980 6 448 90 2 50 1 35
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	3.20	3.09	3.43	3.80	3.51	. 3.02	3.3	9 3.00	3.27
NONWHITE TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	17 17 4 10	85 85 14 11 3 15 34 17 5	38 38 7 6 1 8 19 1	53 358 1 106 707	1 344 26, 24, 26, 24, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36	404 50 77 30 50 50 50 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6	3 1 1 1 3 5 5 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 6 30° 6 (8° 6) 55° 6 (8° 7) 6 (8° 7) 7 (8° 7)	7 15 3 3 2 2 4 4 1 1 3 5 5 9 9 5 5 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1
OTHER	•••	•••		5.46	1	İ		. 3.5	3

Table 28.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con. [Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100; population per household not shown where less than 100 persons in households]

SUBJECT	SWEET GRASS	TETON	TOOLE	TREASURE	VALLEY	WHEATLAND	WIBAUX	YELLOWSTONE	YELLOWSTONE NATION- AL PARK (PART)
TOTAL POPULATION	3 290	7 295	7 904	1 345	17 080	3 026	1 698	79 016	47
RACE MALE	1 689 1 689	3 821 3 800 1 17 	4 114 4 084 1 21 3 1 1	704	9 133 8 703 98 303 11 ••• 2	1 577 1 564 10 2	867 865 2	38 843 38 434 122 209 27 34 4	28 28
FEMALE WHITE NEGRO INDIAN JAPANESE CHINESE FILITINO OTHER RACES	1 601 1 601	3 474 3 453 17	3 790 3 767 17 5	641	7 947 7 543 58 303 25 	1 449 1 442 1 5 1	831		19
MARITAL STATUS					,				
TOTAL MALE, 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	1 253 344 816 65-1 8 51 42	2 560 684 1 715 67.0 15 101	2 666 701 1 789 67•1 34 88	455 112 310 68•1 3 14	6 104 1 892 3 913 64-1 54 156 143	1 126 321 721 64.0 12 54	597 167 386 64.7 28	5 654 18 432 72.1 176 725	22 10 11
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER: SINGLE: SIN	1 122 155 814 72.5 7 130 23	2 320 329 1 709 73.7 11 234 48	2 451 377 1 768 72.1 24 250 56	403 57 304 75.4 34 8	4 926 658 3 838 77.9 29 359 71	1 012 142 709 70•1 10 137 24	520 91 377 72.5 48 4	4 860 18 519 68.4 239 2 721	10
NONWHITE					259			245	
MALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER	•••	19 5 10 	15 4 11	•••	92 144 55.6 3 10	13 8 3 2	•••	265 96 132 49.8 6 16	•••
FEMALE: 14 YEARS AND OVER. SINGLE	•••	14 11 3	13 2 9 2	2	225 32 173 76.9 7 12	6 2 3 	*** *** *** ***	257 57 158 61.5 11 30	
HOUSEHOLDS								And the second s	
TOTAL			-						
TOTAL POPULATION	3 290 3 274 1 071 848 223 779 1 088 248 16 15	7 295 7 246 2 136 1 791 345 1 652 2 851 498 109 49	7 904 7 713 2 206 1 800 406 1 630 3 098 547 232 191	1 345 1 345 378 320 58 297 548 95 27	17 080 16 488 4 656 3 930 726 3 669 6 754 1 032 377 552 25	3 026 2 870 932 723 209 652 1 011 222 53 156 8	1 698 1 698 494 406 88 365 685 119	78 206 23 900 19 541 4 359 17 678 30 199 5 382 1 047 810	47 39 13 11 2 10 14 1 1 8
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	3.06	3.39	3.50	3.56	3.54	3.08	3.44	3.27	***
NONWHITE TOTAL POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLD		42 40 12 10 2 10 12 2 4 4	53 53 14 9 5 6 28 2 3	2 2 2	834 781 159 147 12 153 321 116 32 53	20 16 4 1 3 3 2 3 4 4	2 2	751 219 138 81 124 253 130 25 38	::: ::: ::: :::
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	•••		•••	•••	53 4•91		•••	3.43	

Table 29.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RURAL POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960

				OF THE				,		1120. 1				
SUBJECT	BEAVER- HEAD	BIG HORN	BLAINE	BROAD- WATER	CARBON	CARTER	CASCADE	CHOU- TEAU	CUSTER	DANIELS	DAWSON	DEER LODGE	FALLON	FERGUS
TOTAL POPULATION	3 504 3 492 ••• 12	7 218 3 932 4 3 282	8 091 6 370 14 1 707	2 804 2 803	8 317 8 300 2 15	2 493 2 489 •••	15 789 15 186 205 398	7 348 7 230 ••• 118	3 562 3 467 14 81	3 755 3 750 ••• 5	5 256 5 252 1 3	6 586 6 441 12 133	3 997 3 992 1 4	6 610 6 589 4 17
TOTAL MALE, ALL AGES	2 026 178 151 156 136 108 98 113 121 134 179 192 157 94 87 67	3 668 500 472 423 322 228 186 211 207 224 198 193 151 118 84 82 65	4 245 554 530 466 317 179 204 235 265 233 200 190 157 150	1 509 190 166 153 116 56 70 67 84 97 103 81 80 66 57 62 61	4 203 4369 436 436 124 180 183 239 282 272 272 201 193 242	1 352 150 151 143 175 87 76 82 82 74 50 48 50 50	8 886 1 060 938 800 837 1 091 685 579 558 539 450 372 258 220 180 163 156	3 874 515 488 394 125 144 179 235 230 237 203 163 149 146	2 039 227 206 191 302 131 119 123 106 123 109 86 65 55 45	1 948 228 211 200 158 79 102 100 124 135 115 79 90 82 103 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	2 741 414 384 321 205 105 128 199 161 163 116 100 79 653	3 529 387 353 269 128 155 200 220 245 275 266 236 150 146 126	2 033 276 250 218 133 108 124 157 128 122 124 94 81 40 50 69	3 554 455 4347 2666 1737 210 221 226 213 169 150 132 128 136 117
TOTAL FEMALE: ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 24 YEARS. 35 TO 34 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS.	1 478 196 175 126 107 99 90 75 75 122 97 87 60 53 48 355	210 182 127 107 82 84 55	3 846 531 506 446 302 193 206 221 195 230 215 173 134 117 120 113	1 295 165 133 144 1000 86 57 64 83 87 45 50 38 85	4 114 373 390 447 293 148 175 205 267 271 259 258 224 187 217	1 141 1355 129 184 533 72 67 67 82 59 62 51 45 36 29	6 903 1 073 900 798 441 422 525 461 501 399 401 244 219 159 150 113	3 474 432 478 363 239 146 208 203 240 234 184 170 128 115 129 104	1 523 212 184 152 116 78 98 101 107 101 82 76 55 57 30 28	1 807 208 216 193 128 94 97 115 118 113 94 85 64 60 62	2 515 380 410 292 188 162 182 165 182 165 151 126 99 68 53 41 43	117 85	1 964 282 240 218 135 121 109 120 122 111 84 59 61 51	3 056 391 392 329 198 167 172 215. 183 186 181 150 115 111 94 86
NONWHITE MALE, ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS	10 3 1 1 2 2 1	276 259 220 150 105 80 98 88 71 62 48 35 34	894 176 162 120 75 47 44 46 42 33 27 24 28 17	1	1	3 1 1 1 	359 64 422 25 36 72 41 14 16 11 18 1 1	2 1 3	76 1 17 444 6 2 2 2	::: ::: ::: ::: ::: ::: :::	1	9 10 10 6 7 4 4 2 3 3 8 8 4	•••	17 1 2 2 1 1 6 6
NONWHITE FEMALE: ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS	1	339 271 229 151 121 113 106 66 60 39 30 33	65 52 59 34 35 28 30 19 21 15		9	1	16 5 10 2 2 3 1 1	14 8 8 5 3 2 5 1 1 4	22 33 11 1	1	1	13 6 6 6 4 10 5 5 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1	1
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER	541 808 21 88	708 1 483 28 3 75	895 1 665 35 110	275 639 10 42	132	936 294 573 10 27	2 349 3 3 524 1 46	684 1 668 1 18	589 781	425 849 6 5 40	1 15	6 1 122 4 1 177 4 25 1 116	2 351 7 923 5 8	722 5 1 523 8 8 76
FEMALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER SINGLE. MARRIED SEPARATED	1 000 122 776	427 5 1 465 5 25 5 167	443 1 672 3 30 7 270	132 623 4 102	468 1 985 19 456	106 563	618 3 3 300 7 20 29	323 0 1 656 0 20 2 230	760	7 195 0 855 4 7	1 14	4 640 1 1 243 4 26	178 3 921 4 140	325 1 1 485 4 4 1 165
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP				2 77*	9 277	2 468	3 14 24	7 7 280	3 23:	3 755	5 24	7 4 520	3.996	
POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS	1 094 724 1 348	1 660 4 1 282 8 4 054	2 278 2 1 533 4 3 991	842 595 1 251	2 732 1 885 3 542 114	75. 51. 1 10° 9.	3 966 3 3 206 6 86 21	2 188 5 1 572 7 3 374 4 146	89° 2 711 1 524 5 96	7 1 145 8 812 4 1 720 4 78	1 31 1 10 2 77 6	1 1 168 1 969 2 2 339 3 44	9 1 886 9 1 886 4 57	1 785 1 390 2 980 7 144
NONWHITE, IN HOUSEHOLDS		3 260 5 521					47			5 5		4 77 1 12		17

Table 29.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RURAL POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

SUBJECT	FLATHEAD	GALLATIN	GARFIELD	GLACIER	GOLDEN	GRANITE	HILL	JEFFER-	JUDITH	LAKE	LEWIS AND	LIBERTY	LINCOLN	MC CONF
					VALLEY			SON	BASIN		CLARK			
TOTAL POPULATION	19 849 19 719 12 118	12 684 12 640 9 35	1 981 1 980 •••	7 026 2 918 11 4 097	1 203 1 203	3 014 2 990 24	7 913 6 844 21 1 048	4 297 4 236 4 57	3 085 3 073 1	13 104 11 609 16 1 479	7 779 7 629 10 140	2 624 2 613	9 709 9 663 3 43	3 321 3 318
TOTAL MALE: ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS.	10 250 1 219 1 243 1 053 1 053 759 428 460 645 676 656 502 450 797 414 775 353	6 629 918 765 647 445 443 423 394 408 387 297 234 194 202 190	1 079 118 126: 185 55 57 66 72 73 63 31 44 43	3 742 573 4773 3376 2374 244 249 207 207 206 151 1527 58 61 74	652 652 72 73 50 16 26 241 49 47 29 23 21 32 38	1 588 163 151 159 120 56 79 89 108 129 97 91 63 76	4 195 668 5212 3100 292 272 266 236 249 227 186 115 110 994	2 202 189 200 247 221 126 123 149 133 145 149 106 84 76 72 63	1 632 174 176 167 134 66 72 86 84 105 115 968 642 54	6 724 742 794 722 546 261 293 291 347 374 421 330 329 322 334 301	3 919 428 459 364 253 143 205 253 247 266 236 236 211 172 164 128	1 386 196 159 136 172 72 85 98 85 98 85 94 68 72 36 26	5 127 700 637 516 359 315 303 357 304 318 282 262 215 131 156 129	1 780 231 209 194 63 109 110 122 119 101 80 55 60 70 69
TOTAL FEMALE, ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS.	9 599 1 253 1 230 648 472 543 669 669 663 571 452 336 306 240	6 055 847 720 603 440 447 432 396 372 399 324 244 209 173 107 136	902 103 97 124 62 53 53 47 70 49 46 21 32 31 35	3 284 584 459 357 258 216 194 178 178 154 132 92 47 56	551 53 62 68 33 22 26 32 38 32 45 23 19 23 21 24 20	1 426 178 167 138 98 65 61 76 100 111 108 72 58 53 47 44	3 718 604 487 487 297 239 225 210 178 145 95 76 92	2 095 183 219 268 169 123 101 123 115 133 152 122 102 77 69 72	1 453 177 174 152 109 55 71 83 82 91 111 78 62 48 48 57	6 380 6929 6789 2603 326 3355 3774 379 3303 238	5 8451 4504 4504 17425 204 17425 204 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	1 238 1717 1375 816 969 771 842 583 256 30	4 582 611 557 755 7090 2090 2090 2091 1971 1971 1971 1971	1 541 209 194 1905 777 997 995 7568 518 500 36
NONWHITE MALE, ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS 5 FO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 25 TO 24 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 40 TO 44 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS	68 10 13 6 5 2 4 5 3 2 3 5 3 2 3 3 5 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	19 4	1	2 118 407 2034 225 1427 127 91 85 65 24 27 43		11 3 1 2 2 1 1 1	522 118 96 64 43 26 27 23 27 22 17 12 19 7 9	31432232432	5 1	776 123 116 128 63 42 34 30 47 30 47 32 25 22 7	517564745777474117	1	21655111221	1
NONWHITE FEMALE, ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 10 TO 14 YEARS 15 TO 19 YEARS 20 TO 24 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 50 TO 44 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 50 TO 59 YEARS 60 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 75 YEARS AND OVER	62 12 135 22 45 66 63 44 20	25 44 12 44 17 7 1		1 990 300 232 182 154 120 91 75 445 43 424		13 4 2 3 3 2 1 1	547 113 920 751 350 405 253 161 111 138 6 8	50 55 14 6 55 12 2 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	7 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	719 136 103 107 57 36 32 38 24 35 26 25 21 18 20	94 92 12 13 36 4 5 1 5 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	1 2 2	25 2 1 2 5 1 2 1 5 1 1	2 1 1
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER	6 905 1 629 4 853 66 252 171	4 391 1 040 3 113 30 146 92	745 262 433 3 25 25	2 386 768 1 417 36 103	452 135 282 4	1 151 353 718 10 38	2 660 767 1 749 21 71	1 614 707 787 5	1 140 336 730 10	4 589 1 162 3 099 33 195	2 721 679 1 794 27 113	917 278 595 8 22	3 359 811 2 312 26 114	1 178 363 751 6
FEMALE: 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . SINGLE. MARRIED . SEPARATED . WIDOWED	6 253 823 4 836 36 500 94	3 973 548 3 085 12 284 56	593 81 428 1 77	98 1 927 342 1 374 31 150 61	382 55 276 1 43	967 130 720 9 106 11	73 2 282 364 1 678 17 196 44	74 1 476 475 795 14 179 27	970 130 717 109 14	133 4 435 723 3 114 20 513 85	135 2 644 560 1 774 23 256 54	773 118 578 64 13	122 2 874 374 2 285 17 177 38	22 974 143 748 3 76 7
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP													-	
POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS	19 613 5 718 4 653 9 066 176	12 619 3 629 3 002 5 826 162	1 962 592 403 910 57	6 830 1 651 1 190 3 813 176	1 203 377 266 544 16	3 003 961 681 1 306 55	7 730 2 013 1 586 3 971 160	3 393 1 081 732 1 512 68	3 050 947 690 1 345 68	12 947 3 877 2 928 5 906 236	7 289 2 198 1 685 3 268 138	2 607 726 551 1 265 65	9 642 2 757 2 172 4 588 125	3 314 918 725 1 607 64
NONWHITE: IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	128	44 15	1 1	4 053 779	:::	24 6	1 062 182	34 10	12	1 440 287	99 22	11 2	46 9	

General Population Characteristics

Table 29.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RURAL POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

SUBJECT	MADISON	MEAGHER	MINERAL	MISSOULA	MUSSEL- SHELL	PARK	PETRO- LEUM	PHIL- LIPS	PONDERA	POWDER RIVER	POWELL	PRAIRIE	RAVALLI	RICH- LAND
TOTAL POPULATION	5 211 5 157 2 52	2 616 2 605 5 6	3 Q37 3 Q18	13 756 13 527 1 228	2- 046 2- 043 1 2	4 939 4 936 •••	894 889 •••	6 027 5 710 3 314	4 988 4 413 ••• 575	2 485 2 452 ••• 33	2 321 2 302 ••• 19	2 318 2 301 ••• 17	12.341 12.256 1 84	5 940 5 918 ••• 22
AGE TOTAL MALE: ALL AGES	2 763 255 266 297 202 117 93 145 141 158 200 185 171 144 135 118	1 430 147 114 131 91 70 84 73 110 94 103 106 72 55 58 68	1 592 202 170 192 126 83 89 94 112 95 84 42 37 41	7 106 1 016 879 716 481 364 503 532 461 462 409 340 268 180 126 170	1 093 106 116 117 77 40 35 47 96 72 66 63 51 65 44 52	2 639 2965 265 263 193 193 116 1170 155 189 188 136 115 111 80	505 51 45 52 36 25 38 37 33 39 21 19 9 22		2 606 316 323 290 225 150 137 156 130 168 132 126 81 78	1 299 141 153 143 89 61 103 94 66 65 56 54 41 43	1 271 137 121 115 92 75 74 82 82 123 52 78 72 45 45 45 45 45 45 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	1 190 129 138 124 105 51 65 64 74 88 82 70 51 27 33 45	6 215 597 656 651 529 238 239 282 408 429 386 302 287 330 282 310	3 053 363 375 348 258 136 136 169 195 193 179 174 126 88 98
TOTAL FEMALE: ALL AGES: . UNDER 5 YEARS	2 448 238 288 289 158 98 116 134 145 168 152 127 132 121 98 108	1 186 158 138 114 93 85 49 68 76 83 72 63 53 27 29	1 445 177 186 147 134 88 71 84 89 112 86 65 66 37 24 42	6 650 993 818 707 440 478 493 497 441 409 362 274 218 137 149 103	953 102 108 113 73 27 34 60 73 79 56 49 38 41 44 23	2 300 254 273 233 176 1188 139 153 185 150 123 96 76 72 459	389 34 39 30 19 18 23 38 23 24 15 8 11 18	165 163 156 160 137 104 112 114	134 104 79 65 49	1 186 154 162 116 76 62 77 91 803 51 63 47 41 41 41 29	1 050 119 1123 63 536 71 69 86 62 48 51 47 32		6 126 555 626 645 467 237 307 382 414 403 337 297 301 297 301 297	2 987 407 377 348 237 154 167 186 1768 1348 848 989 78
NONWHITE MALE, ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS	37 4 8 13 5 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	115 17 13 21 11 13 6 11 16 4 4 5 3 4 4 1		2 1	11	26 20 21 17 12 10 11 6 6 8 11 4 5	51 444 37 25 18 18 18 13 15 11 14 9	3	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	41 8 11 3 6 6 1 2 2 2 1 1 3 1 1 1 1	1
NONWHITE FEMALE: ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS	17 2 44 88 3		7 2 1	9 6 3 2 1 5 3 2 2	3 	1	• • •	19 24	51 41 40 5 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 18 10	33 155 11	1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	66667333224412243311	1 3
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . SINGLE. MARRIED	1 989 572 1 235 13 106	349 598 9 40	280 712 5	1 026 3 337 31 149		77	13 200	1 663 5 1 399 1 1 9	547 0 1 077 9 17 4 62	218 606 4 2 18	27: 579 10	25: 9 51: 0 2:	1 039 5 3 119 6 26 3 173	587 1 330 6 66
FEMALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER SINGLE. MARRIED. SEPARATED. WIDOWED. DIVORCED.	1 701 224 1 221 21 228	797 115 585 9	956 138 712 8	4 260 608 3 326 17 264	644 98 461 1 74	212 1 224 10 122	2 39	26 8 1 36 1 1	5 268 1 1 073 0 1 7 11	92 2 590 1 5	540 540 540	13 0 50 3 9 10	4 637 8 3 126 2 22	314 1 330 2 5 158
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS	4 977													
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	1 672 1 157 2 026 122	807 545 1 074 1 102	883 684 1 394	3 813 3 204 4 6 491 7 127	450 918 49	1 170 2 125 88	19 38 3	9 1 27 8 2 74	9 1 00° 9 2 53° 3 11°	7 551 4 1 101 0 86	51 1 00 5 5	9 47 2 1 07 7 4 9 1	6 2 956 5 5 196 3 134 7 85	1 275 2 921 4 84
NONWHITE: IN HOUSEHOLDS				3 227		1	1		8 9			<u> </u>		

Table 29.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RURAL POPULATION, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

SUBJECT	ROOSE- VELT	ROSEBUD	SANDERS	SHERI -	SILVER BOW	STILL- WATER	SWEET GRASS	TETON	TOOLE	TREAS- URE	VALLEY	WHEAT- LAND	WIBAUX	YELLOW- STONE	YELLOW- STONE NATION- AL PARK (PART)
TOTAL POPULATION WHITE	8 146 5 791 9 2 346	6 187 4 834 7 1 346	6 880 6 469 1 410	6 458 6 422 6 30	6 302 6 268 6 28	5 526 5 511 1 14	3 290 3 290	7 295 7 253 1 41	3 887 3 863 1 23	1 345 1 343 ••• 2	10 682 10 010 134 538	3 026 3 006 1 19	1 698 1 696 •••	13 703 13 592 12 99	47 47
TOTAL MALE, ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 15 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS.	4 250 6137 483 321 196 226 253 233 233 174 135 131 122 125 152	3 201 419 377 357 239 134 161 166 209 205 166 162 145 145 117	3 605 386 349 349 349 169 192 212 221 232 204 182 157 148 181 216	3 371 370 418 332 130 164 207 242 174 145 113 145	3 158 377 363 323 231 128 133 175 206 246 170 203 146 90 96 70	2 863 290 330 314 238 103 126 141 157 192 198 165 147 116 105 117	1 689 160 146 157 119 73 706 97 818 94 102 85 89 84	3 821 452 462 416 416 418 3 161 201 203 266 243 209 177 137 137 137	2 067 2045 2094 1932 1110 1110 1144 1106 1144 1002 159 415 56	7 99 944 848 77 77 15 00 00 45 7 45 7 45 7 45 7 45 7 45 7 45	5 905 683 509 602 470 602 478 427 376 3261 215 183 139 129	1 577 148 166 165 110 57 68 75 98 102 105 102 105 76 82 76 65 83	867 889 99 101 555 38 47 528 51 527 40 38 39	7 190 912 936 859 593 369 380 455 469 481 474 267 194 171 133 163	28 4 2 2 2 5 5 1
TOTAL FEMALE: ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 39 YEARS. 50 TO 39 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS.	896 546 590 905 207 221 236 220 237 200 147 132 85 101	2 986 387 355 332 237 157 162 194 184 165 128 112 98 114 79	3 275 342 364 350 256 157 162 211 184 211 197 178 168 148 121 114	3 087 355 364 205 141 177 191 194 192 135 135 130 131 131	3 144 329 372 328 241 139 187 190 231 233 168 160 125 92 118	2 669 3056 188 1246 158 1790 171 1052 1105 1102 1102	1 601 181 165 161 107 69 81 86 82 104 107 84 73 73 85 69	3 474 406 4098 4498 844 1879 200 1986 1491 1491 109	1 820 279 217 218 134 1003 122 117 121 93 873 526 255 43	641 107 766 39 451 364 327 39 45 218 15 118	4 777 845 660 434 396 396 398 3247 211 178 110 111 69	1 449 152 163 106 59 81 893 196 672 675 655 62	831 112 1005 656 566 471 435 443 889 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	6 513 805 853 745 555 562 448 446 451 401 283 205 168 141 102	19 8 3 3 1 1 1
NONWHITE MALE: ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS	1 1927 9527 19217 19917 668 4655 3025 447 827	684 1228 68 54 55 50 22 16 10 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	211 34 35 18 12 8 11 8 11 13 8 6	17	16 12 23 11 11 22 11 12	7 1 1 2 2 2		21 1 1 4 2 2 2 1 1 6 1 2	15 3 3 4 4		3579 4735 460357 178 1074 1752 4	13	1	61649957455811	
NONWHITE FEMALE, ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS	1 160 201 202 156 101 80 67 58 52 44 31 21 19 16 22	669 124 106 91 64 45 75 70 410 70 10 10	200 28 30 28 12 11 120 19 64 33 19	19 6	18 5 3 2 2 3 3	1		21 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1	2	50051904594744106	2 1		. N- N- N C E N C C A F F G C	
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . SINGLE	2 628 793 1 606 33 145 84	2 108 610 1 324 11 87 87	2 591 696 1 687 27 101 107	2 278 655 1 479 10 103 41	2 141 602 1 398 12 87 54	1 996 534 1 344 4 64	1 253 344 816 8 51 42	2 560 684 1 715 15 101	1 344 383 881 8 43	455 112 310 3 14 19	3 941 1 390 2 372 26 91 88	1 126 321 721 12 54 30	597 167 386 6 28	4 639 1 240 3 170 18 123 106	22 10 11
FEMALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . SINGLE	2 376 441 1 609 29 254 72	1 963 343 1 339 19 230 51	2 294 328 1 668 16 249 49	2 060 303 1 481 12 250 26	2 169 398 1 411 20 313 47	1 873 262 1 349 5 229	1 122 155 814 7 130 23	2 320 329 1 709 11 234 48	1 149 189 860 6 87	403 57 304 34 8	2 899 371 2 327 13 178 23	1 012 142 709 10 137 24	520 91 377 48	4 226 718 3 159 21 291 58	10
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP															
POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD WIFE OF HEAD OTHER RELATIVE OF HEAD NONRELATIVE OF HEAD	8 102 2 023 1 464 4 383 232	6 132 1 749 1 236 2 989 158	6 803 2 256 1 591 2 874 82	6 447 1 899 1 421 2 984 143	6 254 1 891 1 348 2 974 41	5 476 1 673 1 285 2 428 90	3 274 1 071 779 1 336 88	7 246 2 136 1 652 3 349 109	3 741 1 007 780 1 802 152	1 345 378 297 643 27	10 146 2 763 2 230 4 955 198	2 870 932 652 1 233 53	1 698 494 365 804 35	13 460 3 636 3 044 6 638 142	39 13 10 15 1
NONWHITE: IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	2 342 422	1 349 261	404 90	36 16	33 6	15 3	:::	40 12	24 3	2	619 119	16 4		98 20	:!:

Table 30.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RURAL POPULATION OUTSIDE PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500, FOR COUNTIES:

SEAL STATE OF THE PARTY NAME O				T		1960									
MATE	SUBJECT		BIG HORN	BLAINE		CARBON	CARTER	CASCADE		CUSTER	DANIELS	DAWSON		FALLON	FERGUS
JUGGE 9, PERMAN	WHITE	3 492	3 932 4	3 097	1 276	6 023 2	2 489	15 186 205	5 351	3 467 14	2 028	5 252 1	6 441 12	1 631	6 589 4
JURGES SY WARES . 190 573 500 72 281 135 1075 521 115 140 394 100 395 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 11	UNDER 5 YEARS	178 151 156 136 108 98 113 121 134 179 192 157 94 87 67	500 472 423 322 228 186 211 207 224 198 193 151 118 84	355 302 266 182 119 122 131 166 134 140 122 125 99 73	84 68 67 69 69 69 69 69 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	277 351 268 99 145 149 221 198 151 148 153 122	150 151 1432 75 87 762 83 82 74 58 48 59	1 060 938 800 837 1 091 685 579 558 539 450 372 258 220 180	375 368 305 119 130 177 1230 177 161 121 98 106	227 206 191 102 131 119 120 106 123 109 86 655 45	126 116 110 51 58 57 40 645 59 47 643	414 384 3205 105 128 198 161 1163 1160 79 653	387 353 269 197 128 155 200 245 275 236 150 126	110 110 87 59 41 50 653 62 58 38 19 219	455 4347 266 173 177 2121 226 213 169 132 136
UNDER S, YEARS. 277	UNDER 5 YEARS 5 7 0 9 YEARS 5 10 10 14 YEARS 5 10 10 14 YEARS 6 10 10 10 12 YEARS 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	196 175 126 107 99 90 75 75 75 22 97 87 60 53 48	573 481 315 235 210 196 201 182 107 82 84 55	303 285 242 114 123 110 127 116 90 64 44 43	72 580 49 324 29 36 37 35 17 17 14	291 296 353 232 109 130 156 192 197 184 162 142 122 119	135 1209 184 532 67 67 67 67 59 62 59 62 53 63	1 073 900 798 441 422 525 461 501 399 401 244 219 150 113	321 3749 174 95 162 156 171 134 115 74 96 95	212 184 152 116 78 98 107 107 101 82 76 55 57 30	11116311264134184	380 410 2188 123 162 183 151 126 99 683 413	346 349 291 206 162 184 174 198 204 215 176 144 100 117 85	120 1027 151 45 525 49 47 47 40 224 22 22	391 392 329 198 167 172 215 183 186 181 1150 115 94
UNDER 5 YEARS	UNDER 5 YEARS	1 2 1	276 259 220 150 105 80 98 87 62 48 35 34 26	149 128 100 55 39 30 40 37 26 23 22 25 15		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	64 42 25 72 41 21 14 16 11 8	11 11 65 44 15 66 22 13 3	1 17 44 6 2 2 2		1	910106774233844		1 2 2 1 6 6
MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . 1 566 2 344 1 584 496 5224 936 6 234 1 917 1 466 771 1 676 2 559 565 2 372 SINGLE	UNDER 5 YEARS	1	339 271 229 151 121 113 106 66 80 55 40 39 30 33	129 120 92 96 41 46 27 29 21 23 18 18 13		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	1	48 42 30 17 14 35 16 16 5 10 3	13 6 8 5 2 5 1 1 4	425.2.25.11	1	1	13 6 4 10 5 6 3 7 7 3 2		1
SINGLE	MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . SINGLE	541 808 21 88	708 1 483 28 75	554 908 24 56	145 288 7 24	658 1 434 9 83	294 573 10 27	2 349 3 524 46 148	552 1 222 7 80	589 781 9 45	264 472 5 14	466 1 154 4 31	1 122 1 177 25 116	176 369 4 10	722 1 523 8 76
POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS 3 347 7 170 4 379 1 245 6 026 2 468 14 247 5 441 3 233 2 029 5 247 4 520 1 632 6 299 HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	SINGLE	122 776 5 85	427 1 465 25 167	257 890 13 84	61 274 1 39	329 1 426 7 238	106 563 7 89	618 3 300 20 292	223 1 216 13 155	147 760 4 74	98 469 4 43	244 1 141 4 85	640 1 243 26 194	72 370 1 40	326 1 485 4 165
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD • • • • • • 1 094 1 660 1 170 367 1 851 753 3 960 1 620 897 573 1 311 1 168 433 1 785 WIFE OF HEAD. • • • • • • 1 348 4 054 2 312 563 2 716 1 109 6 867 2 545 1 524 951 2 772 2 339 813 2 980 NONRELATIVE OF HEAD • • • • • 1 81 174 83 54 89 93 214 123 94 54 63 44 31 144 NONWHITE, IN HOUSEHOLDS • • • 8 3 260 1 374 • • • 16 4 477 110 30 1 4 77 1 17	HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP											."		1	
	HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 094 724 1 348	1 660 1 282 4 054	1 170 814 2 312	367 261 563	1 851 1 370 2 716	753 513 1 109	3 960 3 206 6 867 214	1 620 1 153 2 545	897 718 1 524 94	573 451 951	1 311 1 101 2 772	1 168 969 2 339	433 355 813	1 785 1 390 2 980 144
		- 1													

28-74 Montana

Table 30.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RURAL POPULATION OUTSIDE PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

SUBJECT	FLATHEAD	GALLATIN	GARFIELD	GLACIER	GOLDEN VALLEY	GRANITE	HILL	JEFFER- SON	JUDITH BASIN	LAKE	LEWIS AND CLARK	LIBERTY	LINCOLN	MC CONE
TOTAL POPULATION	17 717 17 593 12 112	10 466 10 431 7 28	1 980	5 015 2 529 11 2 475	1 203 1 203 	1 907 1 885 ••• 22	6 745 5 843 16 886	2 903 2 869 2 32	3 085 3 073 1 11	9 456 8 189 15 1 252	6 289 6 139 10 140	•••	8 480 8 444 3 33	2 204 2 203
TOTAL MALE, ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 20 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 30 TO 39 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS.	9 179 1 062 1 1122 938 684 379 403 579 537 592 454 412 373 390 341	397 388 391 339 325 307 252 199 167 162 142	118 126 113 85 52 57 66 72 73 63 63 31 34 44	2 733 415 334 250 223 225 176 154 163 154 116 118 96 47 41	652 65 72 73 50 16 26 41 49 40 47 29 23 21 32 38	1 018 102 102 100 58 37 62 75 79 50 50 50 50	3 612 588 438 438 251 273 255 239 224 212 213 162 107 104 98 82 73	1 454 148 130 131 157 50 76 86 109 109 81 63 53	1 632 174 176 167 168 86 84 105 115 968 642 54	4 920 587 5610 1745 2240 2807 2552 2458 299	3 175 331 357 298 216 114 159 193 201 218 216 192 170 146 149 109 113	107 91 73 57 38 44 63 55 59 42 43 18	4 518 531 566 458 317 272 272 272 280 251 226 195 111 132 103	1 207 146 122 36 36 74 86 97 71 53 49 44 41
TOTAL FEMALE: ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 34 YEARS. 55 TO 39 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS.	8 538 1 115 1 080 913 570 406 488 538 581 581 581 407 3315 207 227	355 327 307 316 270 206 173 162 133	103 97 124 62 53 53 47 52 70 49 46 21 32 31	2 282 402 3355 234 177 152 145 122 122 94 64 45 30 29 33	551 53 68 33 22 26 32 38 32 45 23 19 23 24	895 1119 560 550 560 440 608 440 700 700 700	3 133 515 410 328 255 207 193 225 187 172 149 126 85 79 65	1 449 158 164 159 103 638 78 85 104 80 79 56 49 61	1 457 1742 1509 551 884 1178 2028 488 457	4 510087 50087 161887 77965 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 201	3 114 344 366 336 136 187 183 208 197 179 139 90 60 132	31 35 13 14 13	3 962 602 519 455 308 253 265 257 271 233 229 176 129 175 55	997 1330 130 672 650 602 594 48 322 38 31 17
NONWHITE MALE: ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS	66 10 13 5 5 2 2 3 3 2 3 5 5 2 2 2 3	1 2 5 1	•••	1 323 262 178 138 101 84 78 60 58 42 42 42 18 13		11 2 2 1	448 107 78 55 39 20 24 20 21 16 11 18 13 5 8	17 4 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	650 7 7 1 1 7 7 8 8 4 4 6 7 6 2 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	560 55564 322 5555 322 1113	1	18 6 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1
NONWHITE FEMALE: ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS	58 11 11 52 3 5 6 6 6 3 4	2 2 2 1 1 2 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1		1 163 242 191 121 108 96 73 58 60 45 46 28 19 13		11 4 2 2 2 2 1	454 93 75 54 49 26 26 23 23 17 11 10 7 7 13	17 5 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	7 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	617789418800094D85561	94 12 13 36 4 3 11 2 12 12 12 12	1	18 2 2 2 1 1	
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER	4 345	880 2 575 18 114	262 433 2 25	1 773 566 1 070 26 70 67	452 135 282 4 18 17	739 236 454 6 24 25	2 297 666 1 521 13 52 58	1 066 292 665 4 43 66	1 140 336 730 10 32 42	3 336 881 2 243 24 129 83	2 234 575 1 437 23 99 123	179 330 3	2 942 715 2 027 21 97 103	
FEMALE: 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER SINGLE:		2 550 5 194	81 428 1 77	1 342 236 1 009 13 69 28	382 55 276 1 43 8	590 80 453 6 48 9	1 937 308 1 448 9 151 30		970 130 717 109 14	3 119 517 2 248 13 306 48	2 139 477 1 412 21 204 46	62 323 26	2 469 321 1 998 12 129 21	2
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS	17 481	10 416	1 962	4 819	1 203	1 896	6 562	2 849	3 050	9 374	5 799	1 466	8 413	2 198
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	5 107 4 161 8 054 159	2 934 2 487 4 862 133	592 403 910 57	1 149 883 2 660 127	377 266 544 16	599 429 822 46	1 698 1 375 3 350 139	928 621 1 236 64	947 690	2 704 2 110 4 365 195	1 749 1 338 2 584 128	394 308 707 57	2 378	596 469
NONWHITE: IN HOUSEHOLDS				2 431 449	:::	22 6	895 147	34 10	12 3	1 235 240	99 22		36 6	

Table 30.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RURAL POPULATION OUTSIDE PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

				Maria Caral	1900-									
SUBJECT	MADISON	MEAGHER	MINERAL	MISSOULA	MUSSEL- SHELL	PARK	PETRO~ LEUM	PHIL- LIPS	PONDERA	POWDER RIVER	POWELL	PRAIRIE	RAVALLI	RICH- LAND
TOTAL POPULATION	5 211 5 157 2 52	1 097 1 095 ••• 2	1 795 1 790 ••• 5	11 737 11 509 1 227	2 046 2 043 1 2	4 939 4 936 •••	894 889 ••• 5	3 788 3 567 3 218	4 988 4 413 575	2 485 2 452 33	2 321 2 302 ••• 19	1 178 1 168 ••• 10	9 866 9 813 1 52	4 934 4 923 ••• 11
TOTAL MALE: ALL AGES:	2 763 255 266 297 202 117 93 145 141 158 200 185 171 171 174 175 118	651 50 47 41 40 24 46 43 51 47 46 54 54 36 29 33	944 105 102 118 766 525 59 507 547 547 547 547 547 547 547 547 547 54	6 095 882 741 610 327 448 453 397 358 289 237 164 152	1 093 106 116 117 77 40 35 47 96 63 51 65 44 52 46	2 639 296 265 263 193 116 118 170 155 189 162 188 136 115 111 82		109 92 78 98 81	2 606 316 323 290 225 150 137 156 130 168 132 126 81 78 71 65	1 299 153 143 143 52 61 103 94 86 60 65 58 56 41	1 271 127 121 115 92 75 74 82 82 123 78 72 44 44 34	636 686 62 57 34 359 54 36 164 147	5 035 486 553 533 455 191 185 224 324 225 334 235 235 241 235 241 209	2 567 326 300 108 1154 1651 151 150 68 77 87
TOTAL FEMALE: ALL AGES: UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS 15 TO 14 YEARS 25 TO 124 YEARS 25 TO 29 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 35 TO 39 YEARS 45 TO 49 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 55 TO 59 YEARS 65 TO 64 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 75 YEARS AND OVER	2 448 278 288 259 158 116 127 145 168 1527 172 121 98 108	446 57 50 42 33 24 24 29 26 26 33 18 15 13	851 102 111 90 78 440 54 45 53 40 43 25	677 592 384 419 423 424 371 341 315 233 184 113 84	953 102 108 113 73 74 60 73 79 38 41 44 23 33	2 300 2543 2733 176 1189 149 1535 1500 1236 764 59	34 39 49 30 19 18 23 23 24 15 .8 11	233 236 174 111 85 95 102 94 107 83 50 61 64	327 344 281 212 116 148 130 151 144 134 104 79 65 49		1 050 119 114 123 633 536 71 69 86 62 48 51 47 32	34 37 35 36 22 16 15 9	446 524 550 399 187 217 254 319 338 321 262 234 201 170	2 367 333 286 188 107 138 145 154 128 107 62 70 40 52
NONWHITE MALE: ALL AGES	1	1	1	17 13 21 11 3 6 11 6 4 5 5 3 4		1	11	20 14 14 12 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	51 44 37 25 18 18 18 18 19 13 15 14 9 8	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22 11 11		5 7 3 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	:::
NONWHITE FEMALE, ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS	2 4 4 8 3 3			25 205 18 57 96 32 14 32				122	51 41 2 40 25 25 25	1 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3			
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . SINGLE	1 235	218	184	900 2 847	247 472	1 85° 47° 1 23°	2 13	1 46 6 86 1 1	5 54° 4 1 07° 3 1°	7 600	3 27: 5 57: 4 1:	3 15 9 27	2 87	52 0 1 09 2
SEPARATED	100	42	3	131	27 28 644	1 58	2 27	8 1 08	2 1 47	6 76	3 71	3 1	.3 7	7 1 46
FEMALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER SINGLE	1 22	219	8 40 5	511 7 2 836 6 15 8 202	98 461 1 74	1 22 1 12 1 12	2 3 4 20 0 2	8 82 1 7 10	3 1 07	2 59 1 7 7	0 54 5	0 25 3		2 1 08 3 1
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS								4 1 06	9 1 25	8 72	.3 71	1 3	32 3 02	9 12
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	1 673	7 209	38	7 2 730 0 5 549	450 918	1 17 2 12	0 19 5 38	9 77 8 1 81 16 11	1 2 53 2 11	1 10	1 1 00	57 5	54 4 34 34 10	5 2.4
NONWHITE: IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	. 1	2	- 1	5 226 2 38			-	5 21	.4 56 13 9					8

Table 30.—CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RURAL POPULATION OUTSIDE PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500, FOR COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

SUBJECT	ROOSE- VELT	ROSEBUD	SANDERS	SHERI-	SILVER BOW	STILL- WATER	SWEET GRASS	TETON'	TOOLE	TREAS- URE	VALLEY	WHEAT-	WIBAUX	YELLOW- STONE	YELLOW STONE NATION AL PARI
TOTAL POPULATION WHITE	6 581 4 563 9 2 009	4 155 2 802 7 1 346	5 606 5 200 1 405	4 337 4 303 5 29	3 504 3 470 6 28	4 245 4 230 1 14	1 630 1 630	5 329 5 309 ••• 20	3 887 3 863 1 23	1 345 1 343 ••• 2	10 682 10 010 134 538	1 292 1 282 •••	1 698 1 696 •••	13 703 13 592 12 99	47 47
TOTAL MALE, ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS.	3 456 494 481 396 275 181 187 187 207 205 149 111 104 99 90 102 126	2 1844 311 2844 241 1600 102 125 119 132 131 104 115 64 80 80 80 51	2 974 310 291 278 216 110 134 157 170 183 192 158 149 144 129 157	2 334 268 300 230 177 87 100 151 133 187 134 133 108 68 78 88 92	1 802 231 206 182 126 69 806 116 117 119 74 129 45 55 48	2 224 262 236 78 105 114 125 141 129 129 79 89 79 88	876 866 816 49 403 57 568 486 49 403 57 50 486 49 403 57	2 832 348 348 324 213 124 140 157 196 191 153 151 159 91 74	2 067 265 294 196 132 111 110 136 144 146 102 102 159 41 45	7049 944 848 547 733 407 477 473 473 473 473 473 473 473 473 47	5 905 683 509 470 602 478 427 376 325 261 215 183 139 129	735 77794 27735 51148 47238 47238 27923	867 888 99 101 553 38 47 52 51 52 37 40 38 39	7 190 912 936 859 593 369 380 455 469 481 434 267 194 171 133	2E 4 2 2 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
TOTAL FEMALE, ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 35 TO 39 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 50 TO 54 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 65 TO 69 YEARS. 75 YEARS.	3 125 429 471 380 178 159 181 175 170 120 165 82 67	1 971 293 2618 158 126 122 117 129 110 105 75 66 57 45 28	2 632 251 293 211 115 129 170 154 167 160 138 146 128 108	2 003 245 251 130 72 127 129 131 130 139 89 83 55 72 56	1 702 190 217 189 137 91 90 93 115 114 115 65 93 42 33	2 017 210 227 202 148 103 116 134 137 141 103 99 65 64	754 100 78 94 53 30 45 45 47 39 526 23 18	2 497 307 308 284 186 133 162 166 184 121 92 69 91 57	1 820 279 217 218 134 100 113 122 117 121 93 87 63 52 26 35	641 107 77 66 45 45 44 327 39 18 21 18	4 777 845 660 434 390 396 308 324 247 211 178 110 111 105 81	557 62 72 56 44 26 32 33 41 39 24 29 24 13	831 112 107 105 36 36 37 51 41 328 225 222	6 505 853 745 362 448 4451 401 283 205 141 102	19 8 3 3 3 1 1 1
NONWHITE MALE: ALL AGES . UNDER 5 YEARS . 10 TO 14 YEARS . 15 TO 9 YEARS . 25 TO 24 YEARS . 25 TO 29 YEARS . 35 TO 39 YEARS . 40 TO 34 YEARS . 50 TO 39 YEARS . 50 TO 54 YEARS . 50 TO 54 YEARS . 50 TO 59 YEARS . 50 TO 59 YEARS . 50 TO 59 YEARS . 50 TO 59 YEARS . 50 TO 59 YEARS . 65 TO 69 YEARS . 75 YEARS AND OVER .	1 028 192 184 125 80 56 59 45 48 29 24 17 16 26 32	684 1228 888 344 355 2221 116 210 212	209 34 30 35 18 11 8 10 13 8 6 10	16 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1	16 1 2 3 1 1 1 2	7 1 1 2 2		12 1 3 1 1 3 1 2 3	15 3 3 4		357 79 47 23 25 46 30 25 17 18 10 7	2 1 1	2 1 1	616499574552	
NONWHITE FEMALE, ALL AGES UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 55 TO 59 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 60 TO 64 YEARS. 70 TO 74 YEARS.	990 177 173 1340 90 68 53 42 46 40 25 27 17 12 21	669 124 106 91 64 45 38 30 41 30 21 13 22 7 7 11	197 28 307 25 12 8 11 12 9 6 4 3 3 1	18 5 5 3 1 1 1 3 1 1 2 2 2	18 5 5 2 2 1	8 2 2 2 1 1		8 1 1 2	9 9 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 1	2	315 72 50 25 31 29 32 14 15 9	1		508447755224521212	
MARITAL STATUS MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . SINGLE	2 144 672 1 281 32 118 73	1 392 426 848 7 59	2 143 597 1 362 24 93 91	1 567 486 988 9 70 23	1 205 330 788 8 48 39	1 554 426 1 047 2	642 187 405 5	1 869 529 1 246 13 58	1 344 383 881 8	455 112 310 3	3 941 1 390 2 372 26 91	507 175 292 8 25	597 167 386 6 28	4 639 1 240 3 170 18 123	22 10 11
FEMALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER . SINGLE	1 906 373 1 280 24 199 54	1 224 248 847 10 97 32	1 876 283 1 345 12 207 41	1 299 183 980 4 129 7	1 136 204 786 11 119 27	1 406 211 1 041 4 132 22	500 71 394 ••• 24	36 1 643 250 1 239 8 128 26	37 1 149 189 860 6 87 13	19 403 57 304 34 8	2 899 371 2 327 13 178 23	15 373 54 282 3 29 8	16 520 91 377 48 4	106 4 226 718 3 159 21 291 58	11 10 10
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	6 551 1 591 1 165 3 591 204	4 135 1 059 784 2 167 125	5 537 1 858 1 281 2 327 71	4 337 1 222 948 2 062 105	3 456 1 010 756 1 663 27	4 232 1 256 999 1 895 82	1 630 462 375 723 70	5 322 1 493 1 207 2 527 95	3 741 1 007 780 1 802 152	1 345 378 297 643 27	10 146 2 763 2 230 4 955 198	1 157 334 250 538 35	1 698 494 365 804 35	13 460 3 636 3 044 6 638 142	39 13 10 15
NONWHITE, IN HOUSEHOLDS	2 013 347	1 349 261	403 90	34 15	33 6	15 3	:::	19 4	24 3	2	619 119	6		98 20	

Table 31.—HOUSEHOLD POPULATION, BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX, FOR SELECTED URBAN PLACES AND COUNTIES: 1960

[Data presented for urban places and counties with a population of 1,000 or more living in group quarters. "U" denotes an unincorporated place]

	URBAN	PLACES			COUNTIES		
AGE AND SEX	BOZEMAN	MISSOULA	CASCADE	DEER LODGE	GALLATIN	LEWIS AND CLARK	MISSOULA
TOTAL	11 697	25 395	71 103	16 490	24 316	26 940	42 847
AGE							
MALE, ALL AGES	5 841 608 524 525 427 696 444 337 385 353 253 245 170 197 154	12 499 1 316 1 255 1 143 921 1 067 777 693 764 714 753 683 599 476 471 436 431	35 615 5 133 4 171 3 383 2 082 2 186 2 638 2 474 2 461 2 325 2 025 1 649 1 291 1 075 995 874 853	8 372 1 075 1 002 833 585 369 404 472 524 564 598 8559 471 318 219 189	12 440 1 526 1 289 1 192 902 1 137 886 760 779 761 717 548 476 364 398 344	13 228 1 559 1 519 1 315 860 586 716 800 928 919 806 791 658 535 487 386	21 453 2 622 2 436 2 035 1 520 1 512 1 390 1 376 1 309 1 257 1 098 9 166 713 680 590
FEMALE, ALL AGES	5 856 646 548 512 452 491 312 338 383 389 302 273 277 221 230 209 273	12 896 1 357 1 228 1 144 1 011 869 702 701 760 810 792 718 666 549 549 471 569	35 488 5 066 4 075 3 291 2 447 2 668 2 572 2 372 2 356 2 225 1 952 1 444 1 065 1 020 833 856	8 118 998 968 865 640 371 422 464 538 583 586 402 351 252 255 189 234	11 876 1 493 1 268 1 115 892 938 744 735 786 625 515 488 423 402 312	13 712 1 507 1 434 1 326 970 786 762 865 916 916 927 714 639 514 553 406 477	21 394 2 609 2 315 2 075 1 574 1 472 1 344 1 362 1 346 1 325 1 229 2 1 042 9 33 734 728 612 694
RACE MALE: WHITE	5 801 4 36 5 838 6	12 407 18 74 12 796 16 84	34 919 215 481 34 773 180 535	8 272 52 48 8 034 43 41	12 381 9 50 11 833 10 33	12 996 41 191 13 508 24 180	21 214 25 214 21 156 20 218

APPENDIX

Table B-1.—PERCENT OF ALLOCATION FOR NONRESPONSE, FOR THE STATE, BY SIZE OF PLACE: 1960

[The term "allocation" means that a characteristic was assigned a value during the tabulation because of the absence of an entry on the schedule, or because the entry was poorly marked, inconsistent with another entry, or was not readable by the mechanical equipment. See text for further explanation. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

				URBAN				RURAL	
SUBJECT	THE STATE		URBANIZE	D AREAS	OTHER	URBAN		PLACES OF	OTHER
	31712	TOTAL	CENTRAL CITIES	URBAN FRINGE	PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE	PLACES OF 2:500 TO 10:000	TOTAL	1:000 TO 2:500	RURAL
TOTAL PERSONS: NUMBER	674 767	338 457	108 208	10 133	121 500	98 616	336 310	60 120	276 190
PERSONS SUBSTITUTED: ¹ FOR OMISSIONS DUE TO NONINTERVIEW		0•4 0•1	0.4 0.1	0.5 0.3	0.4	0.5	0•5 0•2	0.5 0.2	0•5 0•2
PERSONS WITH ONE OR MORE ALLOCATIONS	2.2	2.3	2.0	1.2	2.8	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.0
RELATIONSHIP ALLOCATED	0.5 0.2 0.3 1.1 0.7 0.4	0.5 0.2 0.3 1.2 0.8 0.4		0.3 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.1	0.5 0.2 0.3 1.3 0.7 0.6	0.5 0.2 0.3 1.2 0.7 0.4	0.5 0.3 0.3 1.0 0.6 0.4	0.6 0.3 0.3 1.2 0.6 0.5	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.5
PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER: NUMBER MARITAL STATUS ALLOCATED	458 398 0•7	233 817 0•8	73 160 0•5	6 169 0•3	87 513 1•0	66 975 0•7	224 581 0•6	41 154 0•6	183 427 0•6

¹ THIS TYPE OF ALLOCATION, WHICH IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE OTHER PERCENTAGES IN THIS TABLE, CONSISTS OF CASES WHERE PERSONS, AND ALL THEIR CHARACTER-ISTICS, WERE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN ESTIMATED NUMBER OF OMITTED PERSONS. OMISSIONS DUE TO NONINTERVIEW CONSISTED OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS FOR WHICH THE ENUMERATOR OBTAINED NO POPULATION DATA. OMISSIONS DUE TO MECHANICAL FAILURE CONSISTED OF FULL SCHEDULE PAGES WHICH WERE NOT PROPERLY RECORDED IN THE ELECTRONIC PROCESSING SYSTEM.

Table B-2.—PERCENT OF ALLOCATION FOR NONRESPONSE, FOR URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE AND COUNTIES: 1960

[The term "allocation" means that a characteristic was assigned a value during the tabulation because of the absence of an entry on the schedule, or because the entry was poorly marked, inconsistent with another entry, or was not readable by the mechanical equipment. See text for further explanation. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

		PERSONS SU	BSTITUTED1	DEDGONG		PERSONS WITH	ALLOCATIONS		PERSONS 14 YEARS
AREA	TOTAL PERSONS (NUMBER)	FOR OMISSIONS DUE TO NON- INTERVIEWS	FOR OMISSIONS DUE TO MECHANICAL FAILURE	PERSONS WITH 1 OR MORE ALLO- CATIONS	RELATION- SHIP	SEX	COLOR	BIRTH DATE	OLD AND OVER MARITAL STATUS
URBAN PLACES OF 10:000 OR MORE									
ANACONDA BILLINGS BOZEMAN BUTTE GREAT FALLS HAVRE HAVRE KALISPELL MISSOULA	12 054 52 851 13 361 27 877 55 357 10 740 20 227 10 151 27 090	0.6 0.6 0.4 0.5 0.7 0.3 0.6	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.4	2.6 2.4 4.8 3.5 1.7 2.1 0.9 2.8 2.6	0.5 0.4 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.4	0.2 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.5 0.3 0.6 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.3	1.1 1.5 2.1 1.5 0.8 0.9 0.3 1.5	0.8 0.6 1.7 1.5 0.5 0.2 1.2
COUNTIES									
BEAVERHEAD BIG HORN BIG HORN BLAINE BROADWATER CARTER CARTER CASCADE CHOUTEAU COUSTER DANIELS DANIELS BROADWATER CASCADE.	7 194 10 007 8 091 2 804 8 317 2 493 73 418 7 348 13 227 3 755	0.2 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.3 1.1 1.1	0.5 0.1 0.2 0.1	2.2 1.8 1.9 1.8 2.3 0.7 1.7 4.3 2.7 2.7	0.5 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.4	0.4 0.4 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.2	0.7 0.4 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.2	0.6 0.4 0.9 0.7 0.9 0.2 3.3 1.6	0.4 0.4 0.7 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 1.4 0.9
DAWSON	12 314 18 640 3 997 14 018 32 965 26 045 1 981 11 565 1 203 3 014	0.2 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.5 0.1 1.3 0.7	0.1 0.5 0.1 0.1	1.1 2.5 1.8 3.8 2.2 3.7 0.9 4.1 2.3	0.7 0.7 0.3 0.6 0.2 0.7 0.3	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.9 0.2	0.3 0.4 0.2 0.9 0.2 0.3	0.2 1.2 0.9 1.9 1.1 1.9 0.7 2.0	0.1 0.7 0.4 1.0 0.9 1.2 0.2 1.4 0.4
HILL	18 653 4 297 3 085 13 104 28 006 2 624 12 537 3 321 5 211 2 616	1.2	0.3 2.0 0.1 0.1 0.4	2.8 0.8 1.7 2.4 5.1 1.6 1.1 2.4 2.4	0.2 0.5 0.5 0.3 1.0 0.5 0.3	0.3 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.6 0.2 0.1	0.3 0.3 0.1 0.8 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1	1.4 0.3 0.9 1.2 0.5 2.7 0.6 0.5 1.4	1.1 0.1 0.7 0.4 0.3 1.6 0.5 0.2

¹ THIS TYPE OF ALLOCATION, WHICH IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE OTHER PERCENTAGES IN THIS TABLE, CONSISTS OF CASES WHERE PERSONS, AND ALL THEIR CHARACTER-ISTICS, WERE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN ESTIMATED NUMBER OF OMITTED PERSONS. OMISSIONS DUE TO NONINTERVIEW CONSISTED OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS FOR WHICH THE ENUMERATOR OBTAINED NO POPULATION DATA. OMISSIONS DUE TO MECHANICAL FAILURE CONSISTED OF FULL SCHEDULE PAGES WHICH WERE NOT PROPERLY RECORDED IN THE ELECTRONIC PROCESSING SYSTEM.

Table B-2.—PERCENT OF ALLOCATION FOR NONRESPONSE, FOR URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE AND COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[The term "allocation" means that a characteristic was assigned a value during the tabulation because of the absence of an entry on the schedule, or because the entry was poorly marked, inconsistent with another entry, or was not readable by the mechanical equipment. See text for further explanation. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

		PERSONS S	JBSTITUTED ¹	PERSONS		PERSONS WITH	ALLOCATION	S	PERSONS
AREA	TOTAL PERSONS (NUMBER)	FOR OMISSIONS DUE TO NON- INTERVIEWS	FOR OMISSIONS DUE TO MECHANICAL FAILURE	WITH 1 OR MORE ALLO- CATIONS	RELATION- SHIP	SEX	COLOR	BIRTH DATE	14 YEARS OLD AND OVER MARITAL STATUS
COUNTIESCON.			·						
MINERAL. MISSOULA MUSSELSHELL PARK PETROLEUM PHILLIPS PONDERA POWDER RIVER POWELL PRAIRIE RAVALLI RICHLAND	3 037 44 663 4 888 13 168 894 6 027 7 653 2 485 7 002 2 318 12 341 10 504	0.3 0.7 0.6 1.0 0.6 0.4 0.1	0.5	1.0 1.9 1.6 2.7 2.9 3.7 4.1 2.5 1.9	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.6 0.9 0.5 1.2 0.9 0.4	0.1 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.5 0.3 0.8 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.3 0.8 0.5 0.2 0.2	0.4 1.1 1.1 1.6 1.7 1.8 2.4 1.2 0.4 0.4	0.6 0.6 0.5 1.2 2.1 1.6 0.4
RICHLAND ROOSEVELT. ROSEBUD. SANDERS. SHERIDAN SILVER STILLWATER SWEET GRASS. TETON.	10 504 11 731 6 880 6 458 46 454 5 526 3 290 7 295	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.1	1.4 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.4 3.0 2.7 3.3	00.55466550 00.550	0.30 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.30 0.30	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.5	0.6 0.5 0.4 1.2 1.4 1.8	0.3 0.5 0.3 0.3 1.1 0.8 0.6
TOOLE. TREASURE VALLEY WHEATLAND. WHEATLAND. YELLOWSTONE YELLOWSTONE YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK (PART)	7 904 1 345 17 080 3 026 1 698 79 016 47	0.2 0.6 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.5	0.3	2.3 0.7 1.9 0.9 0.5 2.0	0.6 0.4 0.5 0.3 0.4	0.3 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.7	0.8 0.3 1.0 0.4 0.1	0.7 0.1 0.5 0.1 0.5

¹ THIS TYPE OF ALLOCATION, WHICH IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE OTHER PERCENTAGES IN THIS TABLE, CONSISTS OF CASES WHERE PERSONS, AND ALL THEIR CHARACTER-ISTICS, WERE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN ESTIMATED NUMBER OF OMITTED PERSONS. OMISSIONS DUE TO NONINTERVIEW CONSISTED OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS FOR WHICH THE ENUMERATOR OBTAINED NO POPULATION DATA. OMISSIONS DUE TO MECHANICAL FAILURE CONSISTED OF FULL SCHEDULE PAGES WHICH WERE NOT PROPERLY RECORDED IN THE ELECTRONIC PROCESSING SYSTEM.

☆ U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1960 -- 565787/26

General Social and Economic Characteristics



GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Montana

LIST OF TABLES

[Page numbers listed here omit the State prefix number which app	pears as	part of the page number for each page. The prefix for this State is 28]	
Table THE STATE	Page	Table THE STATE—Con.	Page
32.—Summary of social characteristics, for standard metropolitan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or	83	68.—Earnings in 1959 and 1949 of persons, by color and sex, for the State, urban and rural: 1960 and 1950.————————————————————————————————————	110
more: 1960	0.5	by selected occupation groups and sex, for the State: 1960	114
statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or more: 1960	83	1060	11
34.—Summary of social and economic characteristics, for urban places of 2,500 to 10,000: 1960	84	70.—Social and economic characteristics of the population, for the State, by size of place: 1960.	11
35.—Summary of social characteristics, by counties: 1960	84 85 87	71.—Social and economic characteristics of the population, by metro- politan-nonmetropolitan residence, for the State: 1960	11
38.—Nativity and parentage, by color, for the State, urban and rural: 1960.————————————————————————————————————	88	STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE	
39.—State of birth of the native population, by color, for the State, urban and rural, 1960, and for the State, 1900 to 1950	89	72.—Social characteristics of the population, for standard metro- politan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places	-
rural, 1960, and of the foreign white stock, for the State, 1950 and 1940	89	of 10,000 or more: 1960	12
41.—Mother tongue of the foreign born, for the State, urban and rural, 1960, and of the foreign-born white, for the State, 1910 to 1940	90	acteristics of the population, for standard metropolitan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or more: 1960	12
42.—Residence five years prior to census date, by color, for the State, urban and rural, 1960, and for the State, 1940	90	sex, for standard metropolitan statistical areas, urbanized areas and urban places of 10,000 or more: 1960	12
1960	91	75.—Industry group of employed persons and major occupation group of unemployed persons, by sex, for standard metro-	
44.—School enrollment, by age, for the State, urban and rural: 1960 45.—School enrollment, by age, for the State: 1930 to 1960	91 91	politan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places	
46.—School enrollment, by level and type of school, by color, for the State, urban and rural: 1960	91	76.—Income in 1959 of families and persons, and weeks worked in 1959, for standard metropolitan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or more: 1960	
color and sex, for the State, urban and rural, 1960 and 1950, and for the State, 1940	92	77.—Nonwhite population—Social characteristics and employment status, for selected standard metropolitan statistical areas:	_
over, for the State, urban and rural: 1960	94	78.—Nonwhite population—Occupation group, industry group, and income in 1959, for selected standard metropolitan statistical areas:	:
50.—Married couples, families, and unrelated individuals, by color, for	94	1960	
the State, urban and rural, 1960 and 1990, and for the State, 1940. 51.—Children ever born to women 15 to 44 years old, by age, color, and marital status of woman, for the State, urban and rural,	95	politan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or more: 1960	. 1
1960 and 1950, and for the State, 1940 and 1910	96	metropolitan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places of 10,000 or more: 1960	3
color and sex, for the State, urban and rural: 1900	97 98	COUNTIES AND URBAN PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000	
1960, and for the State, 1950 and 1940	98 99	81.—Social and economic characteristics of the population, for urban places of 2,500 to 10,000: 1960.	- 4
56.—Persons employed in agriculture and in nonagricultural industries, by class of worker and sex, for the State, urban and rural,		82.—Social characteristics of the population, for counties: 1960	- 4
1960 and for the State, 1950 and 1940	99	ties of the population for counties: 1960	
57.—Occupation group of employed persons, by sex, for the State, urban and rural: 1960	TOO	84.—Occupation group and class of worker of employed persons, by sex, for counties: 1960.	- 4
58.—Occupation group of employed persons, by color and sex, for the State, urban and rural: 1960	101	85.—Industry group of employed persons and major occupation group of unemployed persons, by sex, for counties: 1960.	
59.—Occupation group of employed persons, by sex, for the State:	102	86.—Income in 1959 of families and persons, and weeks worked in 1959	,
60.—Major occupation group of the experienced unemployed, by color and sex, for the State, urban and rural: 1960		87.—Nonwhite population—Social characteristics and employment status	,
61 -Industry group of employed persons, by color, for the State, urban		88.—Nonwhite population—Occupation group, industry group, and m	۱ - :
and rural: 1960	106	89.—Country of origin of the foreign stock, for selected counties: 1900 90.—Mother tongue of the foreign-born population, for selected counties: 1900	 -
the State, urban and rural: 1960	. 107	ties: 1960. 91.—Rural population—Social and economic characteristics, for counties	::
for the State, urban and rural: 1900	. 107	1960	r
for the State, urban and rural: 1960	. 107	selected counties: 1960	r
		ENDIX	P
Table C. 1. Number of persons and households in sample for the State, by s		1 1060	_
C-2.—Percent of nonresponse and allocation for selected characteristics	s, for th	lace: 1900	

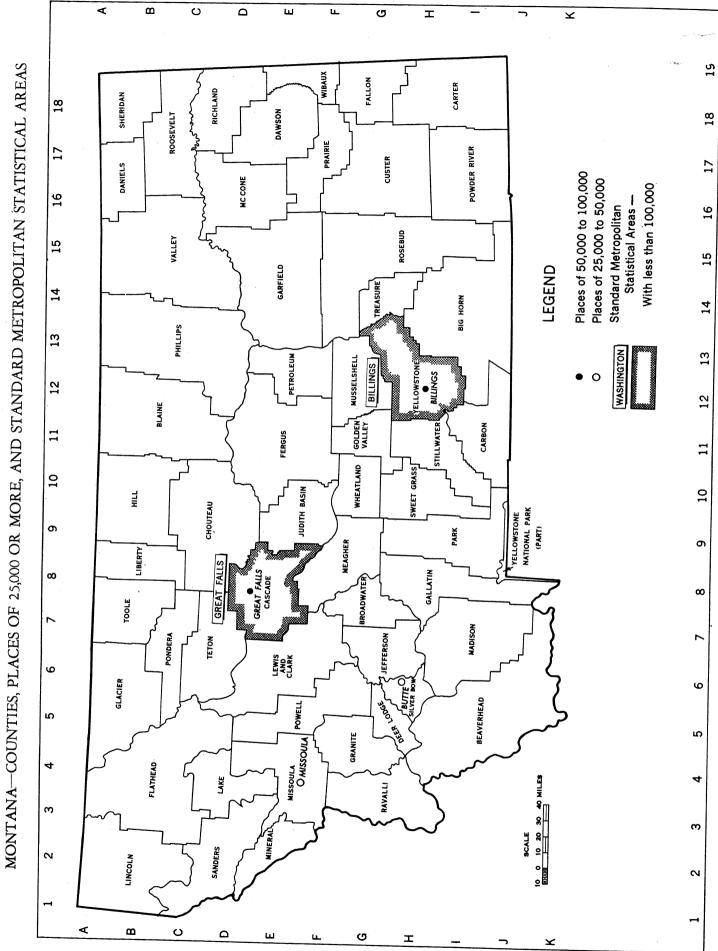


Table 32.—SUMMARY OF SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS, FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent, median, and rate not shown where base is less than 200]

*	TOTAL	POPULATI		FORE IGN BORN	NATIVE POPU-	TOTAL POPU-	PER- SONS	CHIL~	PER- SONS		25 YEARS ND OVER	MARRIED	FAMI- LIES	
AREA	NUMBER	PERT CENT FOREIGN BORN	PERCENT NATIVE OF FOREIGN OR MIXED PARENT- AGE	PERCENT WITH MOTHER TONGUE OTHER THAN ENGLISH	PERCENT RESID- ING IN STATE OF BIRTH	PERCENT MOVED INTO HOUSE AFTER 1958	5 YEARS OLD AND OVER PERCENT MI- GRANT ¹	IN ELE- MENTARY SCHOOL PERCENT IN PRI- VATE SCHOOL	14 TO 17 YEARS OLD PER- CENT IN SCHOOL	MEDIAN SCHOOL YEARS COM- PLETED	PERCENT WHO COM- PLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL OR MORE	PERCENT WITHOUT OWN HOUSE- HOLD	PERCENT WITH OWN CHIL- DREN UNDER 6 YEARS OLD	CUMU- LATIVE FER- TILITY RATE ²
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS														
BILLINGS	79 016 73 418	4.0 5.3	18.0 17.7	65•2 49•5	53.5 54.9	33.6 39.1	24.9 28.5	13•8 17•1	92•5 92•4	12•2 12•1		0.9 0.8	36.1 38.7	1 897 1 917
URBANIZED AREAS	-													
BILLINGS	60 712 52 851 7 861 57 629 55 357 2 272	4.1 2.6 5.4 5.4	17.1 17.5 14.6 18.2 18.1 19.1	63.9 65.2 50.0 51.3 50.6	51.0 50.0 57.7 56.3 55.8 68.4	34.2 35.3 38.9 39.0	27.4 23.2 27.3 27.3	17.5 18.3 10.6 20.6 20.9 16.3	91.7 94.4 72.0 92.6 92.7	12.3 12.3 11.2 12.1 12.1 10.8	60 • 7 44 • 3 54 • 4 54 • 9	1.4 0.8 0.8		1 846 1 825
URBAN PLACES						-								
ANACONDA	12 054 52 851 13 361 27 877 55 357 10 740 20 227 10 151 27 090	4.1 3.7 8.4 5.4 5.1 3.3		50.2 65.2 46.8 45.0 50.6 54.1 54.3 59.8 57.9	74.5 50.0 57.2 69.0 55.8 61.4 62.8 51.5	34.2 40.7 26.4 39.0 34.8 33.7 31.1	27.4 38.0 10.3 27.3 24.2 29.1 21.6	53.4 18.3 13.3 35.7 20.9 21.9 19.0 12.1 13.8	88.6	12.3 12.6 10.7 12.1 12.1 12.4	60.7 65.2 41.9 54.9 54.2 62.3	0.9 0.7 1.3 0.8 1.6 0.7	34.5 29.8 28.1 37.7 37.2 31.1 26.8	1 348 1 936 1 825 1 837 1 789 1 928

¹ PERSONS WHO LIVED IN DIFFERENT COUNTIES IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1955 AND 1960-2 CHILDREN EVER BORN PER 1,000 WOMEN 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD OF ALL MARITAL CLASSES.

Table 33.—SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS, FOR STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, URBANIZED AREAS, AND URBAN PLACES OF 10,000 OR MORE: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent, median, and ratio not shown where base is less than 200]

			PERCENT	T IN LABO	R FORCE		CIVIL-	EMPL PERS			DURING WEEK ⁸	PERSONS WHO	ı	FAMILIES	
		FEMALE:		WOMEN:	MA	LE		PERCENT	PERCENT	PER- CENT	PER- CENT	WORKED IN 1959	MEDIAN	PERCE INCOM	NT WITH ES OF
AREA .	WORKER RATIO ¹	YEARS OLD AND OVER	TOTAL	WITH OWN CHIL- DREN UNDER 6	18 TO 24 YEARS OLD	65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	UNEM-	IN MANUFAC- TURING INDUS- TRIES	IN WHITE- COLLAR OCCUPA- TIONS ²	WORKING OUTSIDE COUNTY OF RESI- DENCE	USING PUBLIC TRANS- PORTA- TION		INCOME (DOL- LARS)	UNDER \$3+000	\$10+000 AND OVER
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS															
BILLINGS	1.51 1.45	38.7 36.1	33.6 31.0	21.7 19.9	85 • 1 96 • 0	34.2 33.1	6.5 6.2	11.4 13.5	49.4 46.7	3•5 2•4	2.9 0.5	59.0 57.4	6 150 6 032	13.5 14.2	15.7
URBANIZED AREAS	1.45	40.4	34.4	22.4	86.2	34.1	6.9	11.7	54.7	4.0	3.7	58.7	6 447	11.9	18-0
BILLINGS	1.43 1.62 1.47	40.7 38.2 38.3	34.3 34.9 32.6	21.4 27.3 20.4	85.4 91.9 94.8	34.7	6.6 8.5 6.5	11.6 12.4 14.1	57.3 35.3 50.4	4.1 3.0 2.8 2.8	3.9 1.9 0.5 0.5	59.6 51.7 55.9 56.3	6 638 5 551 6 249 6 257	11.8 12.8 13.5 13.6	19. 5. 15.
CENTRAL CITY	1.46	38.4 35.5	32.5 34.1	20.3	94.8	31.5	6.4 8.1	13.5 28.5	51·1 33·4	1.7	•••	46.2	6 060	11.4	12.
URBAN PLACES										1.3	22.5	26.7	5 208	13.9	6.
ANACONDA	1.59 1.43 1.56 1.69 1.46 1.56	32.5 40.7 39.4 30.7 38.4 39.6	27.0 34.3 39.4 23.5 32.5 32.9	22.1 21.4 22.6 14.8 20.3 24.2	77 • 1 85 • 4 39 • 2 76 • 5 94 • 8 77 • 2	24.5 34.7 34.2 24.5 31.5 27.9	5.6 6.6 3.9 9.0 6.4 6.4	44.3 11.6 6.8 8.2 13.5 4.5	31.7 57.3 55.6 41.8 51.1 46.3	4.1 2.9 5.3 2.8 2.1	3.9 0.1 5.1 0.5 0.1	59.6 41.1 47.2 56.3 53.2	6 638 5 887 5 156 6 257 6 279	11.8 18.2 20.2 13.6 14.0	19. 11. 9. 15.
TAVRE	1.18 1.50 1.49	50.7 37.7 38.1	45.8 32.4 33.8	33.4 19.9 22.7	73 • 2 90 • 9 57 • 6	33.3 28.6 24.7	4.7 12.7 7.3	6.9 12.4 13.8	62.6 55.4 50.5	3.4 3.0 3.4	0.8 0.1 1.3	60.6 46.9 46.2	6 850 5 716 5 847	10.5 18.3 16.8	20 d

¹ RATIO OF PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE (INCLUDING CHILDREN UNDER 14) TO LABOR FORCE.
2 PROFESSIONAL, MANAGERIAL (EXCEPT FARM), CLERICAL, AND SALES.
3 INCLUDES MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

Table 34.—SUMMARY OF SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS, FOR URBAN PLACES OF 2,500 TO 10,000: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent, median, and ratio not shown where base is less than 200]

	TOTAL	POPULAT	ION		25 YEARS ND OVER		FEMALE: 14 YEARS	CIVILIAN	EMPLOYED PERSONS	1	FAMILIES	
URBAN PLACE		PER-	PERCENT NATIVE OF	MEDIAN SCHOOL	PERCENT WHO COM- PLETED	NON- WORKER- WORKER	OLD AND OVER PERCENT	FORCE PERCENT	PERCENT IN MANU-	MEDIAN	PERCEN INCOME	T WITH S OF
	NUMBER	FOREIGN BORN	FOREIGN OR MIXED PARENT- AGE	YEARS COM- PLETED	4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL OR MORE	RATIO1	IN LABOR FORCE	UNEM- PLOYED	FACTURING INDUS- TRIES	INCOME (DOLLARS)	UNDER \$3+000	\$10,000 AND OVER
CENTERVILLE-DUBLIN GULCH (U) CONRAD CUT BANK DEER LODGE DILLON FLORAL PARK (U) GLASGOW GLENDIVE HARDIN LAUREL LEWISTOWN.	3 398 2 665 4 539 4 681 3 690 4 079 6 398 7 058 2 789 4 601 7 408 2 828	6.9 6.9 6.9 5.2 4.8 5.2 4.8 5.8 5.8	23.8 19.2 15.4 15.3 15.6 24.5 14.6 18.0 16.2 23.2	10.1 12.1 12.2 10.9 12.0 12.1 12.0 11.3 11.5 11.8	38.8 53.0 55.5 42.8 49.9 53.9 50.5 46.1 47.2 48.9	1.72 1.50 2.20 1.50 1.84 1.49 1.63 1.55	35.4 42.5 35.5 30.6 39.9 28.5 39.3 35.3 36.6 37.6	12.4 4.7 6.3 3.2 6.2 5.2 8.0 4.1 7.6 4.7 8.6	7.3 3.2 7.0 9.2 2.0 6.5 3.5 2.6 10.5 14.5	4 675 5 646 6 082 5 386 5 400 6 487 5 868 5 954 5 128 5 950 5 656	19.5 20.0 14.5 20.3 10.4 12.3 19.4 12.9	5.2 12.9 15.9 5.7 14.4 17.7 13.5 10.9 10.2
LIVINGSTON MILES CITY MISSOULA SOUTHWEST (U) MISSOULA SOUTHWEST (U) MISSOULA SOUTHWEST (U) MISSOULA SOUTHWEST (U) MILES AND MI	8 229 9 665 3 817 2 842 4 017 4 564 4 798 2 965 3 585	4.7 6.2 3.3 9.2 5.1 5.6 3.6 4.2	18.5 16.8 14.4 19.2 18.7 21.4 24.2 15.8	11.3 11.3 11.8 11.6 12.0 11.2 12.0	44.4 46.3 48.6 48.3 50.3 46.7 49.7 45.8 43.3	1.54 1.59 1.82 1.91 1.51 1.72 2.04 1.77	31.6 35.8 32.6 32.5 40.4 36.8 26.6 33.1	8.5 7.1 9.9 4.0 7.8 8.1 7.2	39.2 10.5 4.2 21.1 2.2 1.4 10.5 7.5 9.1	6 005 5 477 5 346 5 157 6 206 5 545 5 652 5 068	12.7 17.5 22.0 16.9 22.4 13.9 17.8 13.5 14.1	12.0 7.4 11.2 6.5 10.2 15.6 11.4 7.7 9.3

¹ RATIO OF PERSONS NOT IN LABOR FORCE (INCLUDING CHILDREN UNDER 14) TO LABOR FORCE.

Table 35.—SUMMARY OF SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS, BY COUNTIES: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent, median, and rate not shown where base is less than 200]

		TOTAL	- POPULAT	ION		NATIVE	TOTAL		CHILDREN		PERSONS	en de ménico promocra en esta para político.	metros en en estados de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compa	
COUNTY	NUMBER	PERCENT RURAL NON- FARM	PERCENT RURAL FARM	PERCENT FOREIGN BORN	PERCENT NATIVE OF FOREIGN OR MIXED PARENT- AGE	POPU- LATION PER- CENT RESIDING IN STATE OF BIRTH	POPU- LATION PER- CENT MOVED INTO HOUSE AFTER 1958	PERSONS 5 YEARS OLD AND OVER PERCENT MIGHANT ¹	PERCENT IN PRI- VATE SCHOOL	PERSONS 14 TO 17 YEARS OLD PERCENT IN SCHOOL	YEARS OLD AND OVER MEDIAN SCHOOL YEARS COM- PLETED	MARRIED COUPLES PER- CENT WITHOUT OWN HOUSE- HOLD	PERCENT WITH OWN	CUMU- LATIVE FER- TILITY RATE ²
THE STATE	674 767	34 • 2	15•6	4.5	17.6	. 59.7	31.6	23.1	12.1	92.2	11.6	1.1	34.3	2 029
BEAVERHEAD BIG HORN. BLAINE. BROADWATER. CARBON. CARTER CASCADE CHOUTEAU. CUSTER. DANIELS	7 194 10 007 8 091 2 804 8 317 2 493 73 418 7 348 13 227 3 755	24.1 39.7 67.4 71.4 65.3 42.1 16.8 52.0 13.7 67.6	24.6 32.4 32.6 28.6 34.7 57.9 48.0 13.2	4.5 2.4 4.4 3.1 8.6 1.9 5.3 3.4 5.8	14.3 12.3 16.4 14.7 23.0 11.6 17.7 17.0 16.3 20.3	57-1 65-5 71-1 67-5 66-9 52-8 54-9 66-3 53-1 63-6	35.5 31.8 31.4 31.8 25.4 23.8 39.1 20.7 34.9 24.8	27.6 14.3 13.0 25.1 18.5 15.2 28.5 13.6 25.1 8.8	4.9 12.4 2.7 0.9 17.1 22.5	95.5 90.6 95.5 98.2 92.4 98.0 90.3 84.5	11.3 9.6 10.1 11.2 10.2 10.0 12.1 11.1 9.9	1.3 4.1 2.2 0.7 1.0 0.8 1.5 0.8	34.0 37.1 35.0 34.9 25.4 25.0 38.7 34.3 35.8 37.3	1 710 2 381 2 500 2 180 1 999 2 023 1 917 2 299 2 064 2 269
DAWSON. DEER LODGE. FALLON. FERGUS. FLATHEAD. GALLATIN. GARFIELD. GLACIER. GOLDEN VALLEY GRANITE	12 314 18 640 3 997 14 018 32 965 26 045 1 981 11 565 1 203 3 014	25.8 33.9 69.9 20.1 49.1 34.0 38.5 48.4 48.1 76.4	16.9 1.5 30.1 27.0 11.1 14.7 61.5 12.4 51.9 23.6	3.8 7.0 4.5 3.0 4.6 4.8 3.7 3.5 2.7	17.5 22.2 20.9 15.6 16.1 14.3 18.8 11.2 24.8 15.4	55.8 70.4 59.8 63.5 53.5 70.7 70.6 62.2 67.1	31.3 26.0 30.1 23.7 27.9 35.8 26.5 38.2 16.6 26.1	24.3 14.2 20.9 17.3 18.9 31.1 20.1 19.4 24.1	12.5 42.4 6.2 5.3 16.7 7.9	91.9 92.8 89.9 90.1 90.7 94.8 88.2	10.9 10.5 9.8 11.8 11.2 12.4 10.2 11.1 11.6 11.5	1.1 0.9 1.3 0.4 1.5 0.5 3.6 3.3	39.2 34.1 36.8 33.2 30.3 34.5 31.7 42.5 31.0 30.0	2 159 2 068 2 198 2 196 2 116 1 727 2 077 2 353 2 145
HILL- JEFFERSON . JUDITH BASIN . LAKE . LEWIS AND CLARK LIBERTY . LINCOLN MC CONE . MADISON . MEAGHER	18 653 4 297 3 085 13 104 28 006 2 624 12 537 3 321 5 211 2 616	26.7 78.1 51.2 66.3 22.3 76.3 70.8 38.2 63.3 74.7	15.7 21.9 48.8 33.7 5.4 23.7 6.6 61.8 36.7 25.3	4.5 3.2 2.7 3.7 3.7 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.0 2.7	17.1 19.5 16.7 15.2 18.1 16.8 13.3 22.0 15.3	64.4 69.0 68.4 56.4 63.1 60.9 53.3 66.0 65.6	32.9 23.7 25.2 30.8 32.4 28.6 30.5 17.4 24.3 43.7	23.0 32.8 18.3 26.2 28.7 20.7 22.5 10.0 22.1 38.7	16.1 1.2 0.7 4.1 17.8 6.3	93.6 72.6 98.5 91.8 95.0 85.3 95.8 93.1	11.7 9.3 12.2 10.6 12.2 12.0 10.7 10.2 11.3 10.6	1.8 0.5 1.5 0.8 0.7 1.1 1.3 1.4	41.1 27.8 31.2 25.5 31.4 37.1 36.9 32.9 27.0 32.7	2 120 1 703 2 347 2 073 1 779 2 092 2 222 2 218 2 279 2 103
MINERAL MISSOULA. MUSSELSHELL PARK. PETROLEUM PHILLIPS. PONDERA POWDER RIVER. POWELL PRAIRIE RAVALLI RICHLAND. ROOSEVELT	3 037 44 663 4 888 13 160 8 924 7 653 2 485 7 002 2 318 12 341 10 504 11 731	93.7 27.3 25.9 24.3 45.2 62.6 30.2 37.0 21.1 62.7 69.1 27.9	6.3 3.5 16.0 13.2 54.8 37.4 34.9 63.0 12.1 37.3 30.9 28.6 20.9	3.1 4.3 8.0 4.5 5.7 3.6 3.6 7.9 3.0 5.4	15.2 16.1 19.4 17.1 17.6 18.9 17.1 11.8 16.5 22.9 14.8 20.4 15.5	49.2 56.5 59.1 65.5 64.9 65.3 61.6 52.2 67.1	39.2 36.0 27.6 31.6 15.7 28.6 26.3 24.0 31.6 22.2 29.0 30.7 29.4	43.0 31.1 24.5 22.9 16.1 11.3 15.9 17.4 29.3 17.3 22.9 16.5	10.9 7.1 10.7 2.0 15.6	94.1 92.7 91.8 92.1 71.9 90.0 96.5 94.9 94.0 85.5 91.4	11.3 12.1 10.7 11.4 12.0 9.5 11.5 10.2 10.8 9.8 11.2	0.8 0.4 0.9 1.2 1.9 4.4 1.2	29.5 33.1 32.2 31.0 27.4 35.8 34.4 31.3 30.7 35.8 25.0 36.4	2 132 1 806 2 252 1 975 2 451 2 062 2 323 2 122 2 359 2 106 2 246 2 378

¹ PERSONS WHO LIVED IN DIFFERENT COUNTIES IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1955 AND 1960. 2 CHILDREN EVER BORN PER 1,000 WOMEN 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD OF ALL MARITAL CLASSES.

Table 35.—SUMMARY OF SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS, BY COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent, median, and rate not shown where base is less than 200]

		TOTAL	. POPULAT	ION		NATIVE	TOTAL		CHILDREN		PERSONS			
COUNTY	NUMBER	PERCENT RURAL NON- FARM	PERCENT RURAL FARM	PERCENT FOREIGN BORN	PERCENT NATIVE OF OF FOREIGN OR MIXED PARENT- AGE	POPU- LATION PER- CENT RESIDING IN STATE OF BIRTH	POPU- LATION PER- CENT MOVED INTO HOUSE AFTER 1958	PERSONS 5 YEARS OLD AND OVER PERCENT MIGRANT ¹	IN ELE- MENTARY SCHOOL PERCENT IN PRI- VATE SCHOOL	PERSONS 14 TO 17 YEARS OLD PERCENT IN SCHOOL	YEARS OLD AND OVER MEDIAN SCHOOL YEARS COM- PLETED	PER- CENT	PERCENT WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS OLD	CUMU- LATIVE FER- TILITY RATE?
ROSEBUD	6 187 6 880 6 458 46 454 5 526 3 290 7 295 7 904 1 345 17 080	74.8 77.6 56.8 13.0 63.4 58.1 54.6 28.9 43.2 44.1	25.2 22.4 43.2 0.6 36.6 41.9 45.4 20.3 56.8	3.1 2.8 5.8 7.5 4.7 6.0 4.5 4.7 3.1	14.6 14.0 26.8 25.9 17.9 20.7 19.6 19.7	50.7 63.2 71.4 63.5 65.7	26.8 27.1 17.5 24.6 27.5 33.8 22.0 33.6 43.6	24.4	8.9 0.6 34.2 0.6 11.8	92.5 97.5 94.9 93.1 98.1 86.0 96.6 93.6	10.5 10.7 10.0 10.8 10.7 10.5 11.4 12.0 11.3	2.2 0.5 0.6 1.3 0.7 2.0 0.8 1.5	35.7 28.8 35.3 30.4 27.5 26.3 34.0 39.8 45.4	2 258 2 109 2 301 2 054 2 065 1 991 2 127 2 269 2 244 2 135
WHEATLAND	3 026 1 698 79 016	.86.2 50.3 11.3	13•8 49•7 6•0	4.4 3.5 4.0	16.0 19.4 18.0	58•5 53•3 53•5	27.8 23.4 33.6	28.4 16.3 24.9	3.0 13.8	91.6 92.5	11.6 9.7 12.2	1.2 0.9	29•1 25•4 36•1	1 835 1 774 1 897
PARK (PART)	55	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••

PERSONS WHO LIVED IN DIFFERENT COUNTIES IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1955 AND 1960.
CHILDREN EVER BORN PER 1:000 WOMEN 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD OF ALL MARITAL CLASSES.

Table 36.—SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS, BY COUNTIES: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent, median, and ratio not shown where base is less than 200]

			PERCEN'	T IN LABO	R FORCE		CIVIL-	EMPL PERS			DURING WEEK ⁸	PERSONS WHO	ı	FAMILIES	
COUNTY	NON- WORKER- WORKER	FEMALE:		D WOMEN+ PRESENT	MA	ALE	LABOR FORCE	PERCENT IN	PERCENT IN	PER- CENT WORKING	PER- CENT USING	WORKED IN 1959	MEDIAN		T WITH
	RATIO ¹	YEARS OLD AND OVER	TOTAL	WITH OWN CHIL- DREN UNDER 6	18 TO 24 YEARS OLD	65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	PERCENT UNEM- PLOYED	MANUFAC- TURING	WHITE- COLLAR OCCUPA- TIONS	OUTSIDE COUNTY OF RESI- DENCE	PUBLIC TRANS- PORTA- TION	PERCENT WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	INCOME (DOL- LARS)	UNDER \$3+000	\$10+000 AND OVER
THE STATE	1.65	32.6	28.9	18.6	80.1	33.1	6.8	10-1	39.5	3.7	1.7	52.5	5 403	20.2	11.5
BEAVERHEAD. BIG HORN. BLAINE. BROADWATER. CARBON. CARTER. CASCADE. CHOUTEAU. CUSTER. DANIELS	1.35 2.06 1.92 1.80 1.72 1.47 1.45 1.81	34.6 25.9 26.7 26.9 27.0 31.6 36.1 23.7 33.1 23.2	33.4 26.2 25.3 24.7 27.5 30.3 31.0 23.0 26.4 19.7	18.0 18.1 19.1 16.6 19.0 19.9 12.9 15.2 17.1	69.9 81.1 85.4 89.0 96.0 88.8 82.5	40.7 44.1 38.7 26.0 33.1 46.3 27.4 55.2	5.2 9.9 7.1 3.0 3.7 3.2 6.2 1.8 6.0 3.7	2.1 5.6 3.3 8.3 3.8 1.1 13.5 1.1 3.6 1.8	33.6 28.9 25.5 29.2 29.0 21.8 46.7 25.3 44.8 26.1	2.5 2.0 4.4 3.8 7.5 1.1 2.4 2.2 4.0 2.1	0.1 0.2 1.1 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.3	53.4 46.9 55.8 48.7 51.8 61.1 57.4 57.3 49.9	4 998 4 375 4 416 3 988 4 336 4 199 6 032 5 610 5 160 4 488	24.0 31.0 30.8 32.7 30.3 30.2 14.2 17.8 21.9 29.1	11.4 9.0 9.4 6.8 5.6 13.1 14.0 18.1 10.6
DAWSON. DEER LODGE. FALLON. FERGUS. FLATHEAD. GALLATIN. GARFIELD. GLACIER GOLDEN VALLEY GRANITE.	1.84 1.91 1.89 1.71 1.72 1.66 1.42 1.98 2.03	28.9 28.8 26.3 31.8 32.0 35.0 33.6 30.3 15.1 31.7	25.6 28.1 20.6 28.2 27.9 32.5 31.5 27.3 12.2 29.6	15.3 20.4 10.7 17.5 15.4 19.7 	93.0 72.9 88.9 90.0 47.3	29.5 18.4 36.8 31.6 26.0 38.0 43.9	4.1 5.7 3.5 3.1 13.8 3.9 3.8 12.8 2.3 10.6	2.2 39.3 2.4 4.8 19.7 8.9 1.0 4.8	40.9 27.6 31.4 34.5 41.5 45.1 18.2 37.1 17.5 25.6	4.3 1.9 3.1 2.8 2.7 3.0 2.4 2.3 2.9 8.6	0.2 19.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.4 2.6	59.9 28.9 57.3 56.9 47.5 46.3 67.9 55.1	5 554 5 694 4 992 5 392 5 361 3 311 5 169 4 937	18.7 13.1 26.1 24.2 20.0 21.3 46.2 28.7 35.4 20.4	11.9 6.3 5.9 9.6 9.4 9.8 9.3 12.2 7.6
HILL. JEFFERSON JUDITH BASIN LAKE. LEWIS AND CLARK LIBERTY LINCOLN MC CONE MADISON MADISON	1.71 2.33 1.85 1.97 1.26 1.84 1.84 1.74	33.0 26.4 25.3 28.5 47.3 25.6 25.7 25.8 31.4 33.1	27.2 27.8 24.1 27.4 43.9 22.6 21.5 24.6 31.3 30.6	18.4 16.0 10.0 24.0 32.0 12.9 11.0 20.0 18.2	81.3 86.6 77.6 90.9	33.5 35.0 26.3 33.9 25.4	6.3 3.0 1.6 9.1 5.0 5.1 17.3 3.9 3.4 8.1	3.3 4.6 2.3 10.9 8.2 2.2 40.9 4.2 0.7 16.8	36.9 31.2 29.6 32.0 55.2 28.9 33.9 20.0 19.9	2.6 24.3 5.7 3.4 3.0 2.2 0.8 4.4 6.1 2.4	0.1 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.7 0.6 3.0 0.3 0.5	51.2 45.9 55.5 44.0 58.2 51.2 45.6 63.6 53.5	6 210 4 989 5 332 4 183 6 461 5 858 5 483 3 915 4 470 4 949	14.7 25.0 21.8 32.9 12.3 16.0 16.8 37.1 31.5 21.7	18.4 13.0 16.6 4.6 17.6 23.7 8.3 8.3 7.6
MINERAL	1.78 1.60 1.83 1.52 1.39 1.53 1.83 1.68 1.97	27.1 35.3 30.9 30.7 23.9 33.1 26.3 24.8 26.8	20.6 31.9 26.8 29.8 29.2 24.4 22.9 27.0 24.0	10.6 21.9 16.3 16.0 23.8 21.8 18.8 21.0	62.9 85.5 88.3 92.9	27.9 31.1 31.1 44.0 29.8 40.1	9.2 7.8 3.8 7.7 1.9 4.3 3.5 1.4 3.9 2.8	28.2 15.6 2.0 8.9 3.8 1.8 2.3 0.9 8.6 0.5	35.1 47.5 35.1 33.2 17.7 28.9 30.6 21.1 29.7 23.0	3.6 2.8 9.1 5.2 4.1 3.5 5.9 10.8	0.4 1.0 0.3 0.2 0.2	44.4 47.3 50.3 54.5 66.0 54.8 52.4 60.2 53.0 54.7	5 758 5 769 4 927 5 253 5 418 4 353 5 078 4 797 5 384 4 470	12.7 16.4 27.8 20.4 17.8 30.6 21.8 28.1 18.4 28.8	8.7 12.5 7.6 7.6 7.3 7.5 14.2 14.8 8.3
RAVALLI	1.78 1.92 2.07 1.72 1.65	26.7 27.4 28.9 33.6 28.2	24.0 25.0 23.5 31.9 27.4	13.0 17.6 15.6 27.5 15.7	84.8 85.3 83.5	37.8 31.3 33.6 43.6 33.0	6.8 7.8 8.8 6.7 10.0	13.6 7.4 4.1 2.9 21.6	32.6 37.6 36.8 31.9 31.0	6.9 5.1 6.1 1.5 2.6	0.2 0.1 2.6 0.5	52.9 55.3 49.1 56.3 48.7	3 819 4 462 4 562 4 399 4 969	38.8 28.6 30.7 31.6 20.8	5.7 8.4 8.6 9.0 7.1

 $^{^1}$ RATIO OF PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE (INCLUDING CHILDREN UNDER 14) TO LABOR FORCE. 2 PROFESSIONAL, MANAGERIAL (EXCEPT FARM), CLERICAL, AND SALES. INCLUDES MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

Table 36.—SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS, BY COUNTIES: 1960—Con.

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent, median, and ratio not shown where buse is less than 200]

			PERCEN	T IN LABO	OR FORCE		CIVIL-	EMPL PERS			DURING	PERSONS WHO		FAMILIES	
COUNTY	NON- WORKER- WORKER	FEMALE:		D WOMEN, PRESENT	M	ALE	LABOR FORCE	PERCENT IN	PERCENT	PER- CENT WORKING	PER- CENT USING	WORKED IN 1959	MEDIAN		NT WITH ES OF
RATIO ¹ YEAOOL AND OVER THE PROPERTY OF THE P	YEARS OLD AND OVER	TOTAL	WITH OWN CHIL- DREN UNDER 6	18 TO 24 YEARS OLD	65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	PERCENT UNEM- PLOYED	MANUFAC- TURING INDUS- TRIES		OUTSIDE COUNTY OF RESI- DENCE	PUBLIC	PERCENT WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	MEDIAN INCOME (DOL- LARS)	UNDER \$3:000	\$10+000 AND OVER	
SILVER BOW. STILLWATER. SWEET GRASS TETON TOOLE TREASURE. VALLEY WHEATLAND WIBAUX. YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK	1.95 1.75 1.75 1.59 1.67 1.78 2.08 1.56 1.57 1.81	22.4 30.6 27.8 31.2 27.1 28.7 21.3 30.2 32.4 26.3 38.7	19.1 24.2 28.5 29.0 22.9 24.5 18.7 25.4 28.1 24.6 33.6	12.9 14.8 15.0 13.5 14.5 15.0 15.2 18.9	85.5 76.5 86.7 80.3 94.6	24.8 21.6 31.1 42.4 47.0 46.8 38.5 35.1	5.5 8.7 2.2 4.7 2.2 5.5 3.4 8.6 1.4 0.7 6.5	1.2 8.4 4.4 2.6 4.4 1.4 2.2 2.5 11.4	28.6 40.3 26.1 27.3 29.6 36.7 21.6 36.6 29.6 30.7 49.4	3.6 4.6 7.5 4.8 4.9 2.7 4.8 2.7 4.8 2.7 4.8 2.7	0.6 5.6 0.5 1.0 0.3 1.0 0.3	55.8 45.7 55.9 53.2 51.9 59.6 62.1 52.7 54.7 64.8 59.0	4 550 5 283 4 793 5 267 6 023 4 538 5 325 5 400 3 431 6 150	27.9 18.8 22.2 28.6 25.1 12.7 32.8 21.1 21.8 44.0 13.5	6.6 9.2 7.4 9.1 15.0 17.0 7.2 11.6 14.5 3.1
(PART)		•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••		•••	•••	•••	• • •		•••		٠

¹ RATIO OF PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE (INCLUDING CHILDREN UNDER 14) TO LABOR FORCE.
2 PROFESSIONAL: MANAGERIAL (EXCEPT FARM): CLERICAL: AND SALES.
3 INCLUDES MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

General Social and Economic Characteristics

Table 37.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent and median not shown where base is less than 200.

Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 200]

AGE AND SEX		TOTAL			where number of	WHITE				NONWHI	TE	
AGE AND SEX	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM
TOTAL, ALL AGES	674 767 83 037 77 323 67 081 51 216 40 023 38 853 41 694 43 047 42 761	338 457 41 010 37 077 31 670 25 356 21 735 20 036 21 097 22 328 21 665	230 712 30 142 27 413 23 667 17 339 13 646 13 590 14 243 13 670 13 949	105 598 11 885 12 833 11 744 8 521 4 642 5 227 6 354 7 049 7 147	650 538 78 541 73 800 64 196 49 127 38 203 37 186 40 360 41 884 41 657	333 996 40 244 36 539 31 280 24 983 21 338 19 643 20 659 21 443	214 088 26 987 24 778 21 519 15 957 12 464 12 519 13 269 12 917 13 180	102 454 11 310 12 483 11 397 8 187 4 401 5 024 6 233 6 908 7 034	24 229 4 496 3 523 2 885 2 989 1 820 1 667 1 334 1 163 1 104	4 461 766 538 390 373 397 393 239 269	1 382 1 182 1 071 974 753	3 144 575 350 347 334 241 203 121 141 113
45 TO 49 YEARS	39 776 33 797 29 097 23 288 22 237 20 014 21 523	19 576 16 839 14 853 12 013 11 191 10 314 11 697	13 075 10 949 9 148 7 473 7 672 7 087 7 649	7 125 6 009 5 096 3 802 3 374 2 613 2 177	38 909 33 079 28 324 22 801 21 849 19 604 21 018	19 391 16 678 14 653 11 940 11 110 10 233 11 604	12 556 10 518 8 701 7 154 7 443 6 806 7 320	6 962 5 883 4 970 3 707 3 296 2 565 2 094	867 718 773 487 388 410 505	185 161 200 73 81 81 93	519 431 447 319 229 281 329	163 126 126 95 78 48 83
21 YEARS AND OVER 65 YEARS AND OVER	387 705 63 774 27•4	198 673 33 202 28•1,	129 361 22 408 26•2	59 671 8 164 28•0	376 860 62 471 27•9	196 362 32 947 28•2	122 321 21 569 27•1	58 177 7 955 28•4	10 845 1 303 17•9	2 311 255 22•1	7 040 839 16.4	1 494 209 19.5
MALE: ALL AGES:	343 238 42 274 39 259 33 991 25 835 19 998 19 322 21 358 21 713 21 549	166 894 20 717 18 595 15 770 11 888 10 431 10 005 10 515 11 296 10 673	119 188 15 510 13 889 11 938 9 106 7 017 6 739 7 519 6 837 7 008	57 156 6 047 6 775 6 283 4 841 2 550 2 578 3 324 3 580 3 868	330 940 40 054 37 490 32 550 24 729 19 072 18 516 20 617 21 127 20 993	164 671 20 331 18 338 15 590 11 709 10 226 9 830 10 369 11 158 10 567	110 753 13 957 12 553 10 872 8 355 6 425 6 208 7 012 6 449 6 610	55 516 5 766 6 599 6 088 4 665 2 421 2 478 3 236 3 520 3 816	12 298 2 220 1 769 1 441 1 106 926 806 741 586 556	2 223 386 257 180 179 205 175 146 138	1 336 1 066 751 592 531 507 388	1 640 281 176 195 176 129 100 88 60 52
45 TO 49 YEARS	20 568 17 628 14 919 12 099 11 402 10 312 11 011	9 754 8 416 7 259 6 009 5 189 4 842 5 535	6 916 5 937 4 739 3 810 4 170 3 863 4 190	3 898 3 275 2 921 2 280 2 043 1 607 1 286	20 137 17 250 14 528 11 846 11 180 10 068 10 783	9 656 8 328 7 152 5 981 5 153 4 785 5 498	6 677 5 721 4 512 3 633 4 033 3 699 4 031	3 804 3 201 2 864 2 226 1 994 1 584 1 254	431 378 391 253 222 244 228	98 88 107 28 36 57	216 227 171 137 164	94 74 57 54 49 23 32
21 YEARS AND OVER 65 YEARS AND OVER	197 635 32 725 27•7	97 731 15 566 28•0	67 224 12 223 26•6	32 680 4 936 29•0	192 093 32 031 28•1	96 552 15 436 28•1	63 646 11 763 27.6	31 895 4 832 29•5	5 542 694 18•3	1 179 130 22.7	460	785 104 19•8
FEMALE: ALL AGES:	331 529 40 763 38 064 33 090 25 381 20 025 19 531 20 336 21 334 21 212	171 563 20 293 18 482 15 900 13 468 11 304 10 031 10 582 11 032	111 524 14 632 13 524 11 729 8 233 6 629 6 851 6 724 6 833 6 941	48 442 5 838 6 958 5 680 2 692 2 649 5 0469 5 279	319 598 38 487 36 310 31 646 24 398 19 131 18 670 19 743 20 757 20 664	169 325 19 913 18 201 15 690 13 274 11 112 9 813 10 489 10 901 10 876	103 335 13 030 12 225 10 647 7 602 6 039 6 311 6 257 6 468 6 570	46 938 5 544 5 884 5 309 3 522 1 980 2 546 2 997 3 388 3 218	11 931 2 276 1 754 1 444 983 894 861 593 577 548	2 238 380 281 210 194 192 218 93 131	1 602 1 299 1 082 631 590 540 467 365	1 504 294 174 152 158 112 103 33 81 61
45 TO 49 YEARS	19 208 16 169 14 178 11 189 10 835 9 702 10 512	9 822 8 423 7 594 6 004 6 002 5 472 6 162	6 159 5 012 4 409 3 663 3 502 3 224 3 459	3 227 2 734 2 175 1 522 1 331 1 006 891	18 772 15 829 13 796 10 955 10 669 9 536 10 235	9 735 8 350 7 501 5 959 5 957 5 448 6 106	5 879 4 797 4 189 3 515 3 410 3 107 3 289	3 158 2 682 2 106 1 481 1 302 981 840	436 340 382 234 166 166 277	87 73 93 45 45 24	215 220 148 92 117	69 52 69 41 29 25
21 YEARS AND OVER 65 YEARS AND OVER	190 070 31 049 27•2	100 942 17 636 28•2	62 137 10 185 25•7	26 991 3 228 27•1	184 767 30 440 27•6	99 810 17 511 28•3	58 675 9 806 26•7	26 282 3 123 27•4	5 303 609 17•5	1 132 125 21.4	379	709 105 19•2
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								·				
TOTAL: ALL AGES	100.0 12.3 11.5 9.9 7.6 5.9 5.8 6.2 6.4	100.0 12.1 11.0 9.4 7.5 6.4 5.9 6.2 6.6	100.0 13.1 11.9 10.3 7.5 5.9 6.2 5.9 6.0	100.0 11.3 12.2 11.1 8.1 4.4 4.9 6.0 6.7 6.8	12-1 11-3 9-9 7-6 5-9 5-7 6-2 6-4	100.0 12.0 10.9 9.4 7.5 6.4 5.9 6.2 6.6	12.6 11.6 10.1 7.5 5.8 5.8 6.2 6.0	11.1 8.0 4.3 4.9 6.1 6.7	100.0 18.6 14.5 11.9 8.6 7.5 6.9 5.5 4.8	100.0 17.2 12.1 8.7 8.4 8.9 8.8 5.4 6.0	19.0 15.9 12.9 8.3 7.1 6.4 5.9	4.5
45 TO 49 YEARS	5.9 5.0 4.3 3.5 3.3 3.0 3.0	5.8 5.0 4.4 3.5 3.3 3.0 3.5	5.7 4.7 4.0 3.2 3.3 3.1 3.3	6.7 5.7 4.8 3.6 3.2 2.5 2.1	4.4 3.5 3.4 3.0 3.2	5.8 5.0 4.4 3.6 3.3 3.1 3.5	4.9 4.1 3.3 3.5 3.2 3.4	5.7 4.9 3.6 3.2 2.5 2.0	1.7 2.1	3.6 4.5 1.6 1.8 1.8 2.1	2.6 2.7 1.9 1.4 1.7 2.0	4.0 4.0 3.0 2.5 1.5 2.6
21 YEARS AND OVER 65 YEARS AND OVER	57.5 9.5	58.7 9.8		56 • 5 7 • 7		58.8 9.9						

Table 37.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960—Con.

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent and median not shown where base is less than 200.

Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 200]

AGE AND SEX		TOTAL				WHIT	E	~		NONWHI	TE	
	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM
PERCENT DISTRIBUTIONCON.												
MALE, ALL AGES	100.0 12.3 11.4 9.9 7.5 5.8 5.6 6.2 6.3 6.3	100.0 12.4 11.1 9.4 7.1 6.3 6.0 6.3 6.8 6.4	100.0 11.7 10.0 7.6 5.9 5.7 6.3	100.0 10.6 11.9 11.0 8.5 4.5 4.5 5.8 6.3	100.0 12.1 11.3 9.8 7.5 5.8 5.6 6.2 6.4 6.3	100.0 12.3 11.1 9.5 7.1 6.2 6.0 6.3 6.8 6.4	100.0 12.6 11.3 9.8 7.5 5.8 5.6 6.3	100.0 10.4 11.9 11.0 8.4 4.5 5.8 6.9	100.0 18.1 14.4 11.7 9.0 7.5 6.6 6.0 4.8	100.0 17.4 11.6 8.1 8.1 9.2 7.9 6.6 4.8	100.0 18.4 15.8 12.6 8.9 7.0 6.3 6.0 4.6 4.7	100.0 17.1 10.7 11.9 10.7 7.9 6.1 3.7
45 TO 49 YEARS 50 TO 54 YEARS 60 TO 64 YEARS 65 TO 69 YEARS 70 TO 74 YEARS 75 YEARS AND OVER	6.0 5.1 4.3 3.5 3.3 3.0 3.2	5.8 5.0 4.3 3.6 3.1 2.9 3.3	5.8 5.0 4.0 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.5	6.8 5.7 5.1 4.0 3.6 2.8 2.2	6.1 5.2 4.4 3.6 3.4 3.0 3.3	5.9 5.1 4.3 3.6 3.1 2.9 3.3	6.0 5.2 4.1 3.3 3.6 3.3 3.6	6.9 5.8 5.2 4.0 3.6 2.9 2.3	3.5 3.1 3.2 2.1 1.8 2.0	4.4 4.0 4.8 1.3 1.6 2.6	2.8 2.6 2.7 2.0 1.6 1.9	5.7 4.5 3.5 3.3 1.4
21 YEARS AND OVER 65 YEARS AND OVER	57.6 9.5	58.6 9.3	56.4 10.3	57•2 8•6	58.0 9.7	58•6 9•4	57.5 10.6	57•5 8•7	45•1 5•6	53.0 5.8	42.4 5.5	47.9 6.3
FEMALE: ALL AGES. UNDER 5 YEARS. 5 TO 9 YEARS. 10 TO 14 YEARS. 15 TO 19 YEARS. 20 TO 24 YEARS. 25 TO 29 YEARS. 30 TO 34 YEARS. 40 TO 44 YEARS.	100.0 12.3 11.5 10.0 7.7 6.0 5.9 6.1 6.4	100.0 11.8 10.8 9.3 7.9 6.6 5.8 6.2 6.4 6.4	100.0 13.1 12.1 10.5 7.4 5.9 6.1 6.0 6.1	100.0 12.1 12.5 11.3 7.6 4.3 5.5 6.3 7.2 6.8	100.0 12.0 11.4 9.9 7.6 6.0 5.8 6.2 6.5 6.5	100.0 11.8 10.7 9.3 7.8 6.6 5.8 6.2 6.4	100.0 12.6 11.8 10.3 7.4 5.8 6.1 6.1 6.3	100.0 11.8 12.5 11.3 7.5 4.2 5.4 6.4 7.2	100.0 19.1 14.7 12.1 8.2 7.5 7.2 5.0 4.8	100.0 17.6 12.6 9.4 8.6 9.7 4.2 5.9	100.0 19.6 15.9 13.2 7.7 7.2 6.6 5.7 4.5	100.0 19.5 11.6 10.1 10.5 7.4 6.8 2.2 5.4
45 TO 49 YEARS	5.8 4.9 4.3 3.4 3.3 2.9 3.2	5.7 4.9 4.4 3.5 3.5 3.2 3.6	5.5 4.5 4.0 3.3 3.1 2.9 3.1	6.7 5.6 4.5 3.1 2.7 2.1 1.8	5.9 5.0 4.3 3.4 3.3 3.0 3.2	5.7 4.9 4.4 3.5 3.5 3.2 3.6	5.7 4.6 4.1 3.3 3.0 3.0	6.7 5.7 4.5 3.2 2.8 2.1	3.7 2.8 3.2 2.0 1.4 1.4 2.3	3.9 3.3 4.2 2.0 2.0 1.1	3.4 2.6 2.7 1.8 1.1 1.4 2.1	4.6 3.5 4.6 2.7 1.9 1.7
21 YEARS AND OVER 65 YEARS AND OVER	57.3 9.4	58.8	55.7 5.1	55.7 6.7	57•8 9•5	58.9 10.3	56.8 9.5	56.0 6.7	44.4 5.1	50.6 5.6	42.3	47 • 1 7 • 0
MALES PER 100 FEMALES							-					
TOTAL, ALL AGES	103.5 103.7 103.1 102.7 101.8 99.9 98.9 105.0 101.8 101.6	97.3 102.1 100.6 99.2 88.3 92.3 99.7 99.4 102.4 97.1	106.9 106.0 102.7 101.8 110.6 105.9 98.4 111.8 100.1	118.0 103.6 111.8 115.1 131.5 121.9 97.3 109.7 103.2 118.0	103.5 104.1 103.2 102.9 101.4 99.7 99.2 104.4 101.8	97.3 102.1 100.8 99.4 88.2 92.0 100.2 98.9 102.4	107.2 107.1 102.7 102.1 109.9 106.4 98.4 112.1 99.7	118.3 104.0 112.2 114.7 132.5 122.3 97.3 108.0 103.9 118.6	103-1 97-5 100-9 99-8 112-5 103-6 93-6 125-0 101-6	99.3 101.6 91.5 85.7	103.0 96.9 102.8 98.5 119.0 100.3 98.3 108.6 106.3	109.0
45 TO 49 YEARS	107.1 109.0 105.2 108.1 105.2 106.3	99.3 99.9 95.6 100.1 86.5 88.5 89.8	112.3 118.5 107.5 104.0 119.1 119.8 121.1	120 • 8 119 • 8 134 • 3 149 • 8 153 • 5 159 • 7	107.3 109.0 105.3 108.1 104.8 105.6	99.2 99.7 95.3 100.4 86.5 87.8 90.0	113.6 119.3 107.7 103.5 118.3 119.1	120.5 119.4 136.0 150.3 153.1 161.5	98.9 111.2 102.4 108.1		85.4 100.5 103.2	# # # * # # * # # * # # * # #
21 YEARS AND OVER 65 YEARS AND OVER	104.0 105.4	96.8 88.3	108.2	121.1	104.0	96.7 88.2	122.6 108.5 120.0	149.3 121.4 154.7	104.5 114.0	104.2	103.4	110.7

Table 38.—NATIVITY AND PARENTAGE, BY COLOR, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200]

NATIVITY, PARENTAGE,	THE	URBAN	RURAL	RURAL		PERCENT DIS	TRIBUTION	TO SERVICE STATE OF THE SERVIC
AND COLOR	STATE		NONFARM	FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RUHAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM
TOTAL NATIVE. NATIVE PARENTAGE. FOREIGN OR MIXED PARENTAGE. FOREIGN BORN. WHITE	119 048 30 646 650 538	338 457 321 322 258 608 62 714 17 135	230 712 221 190 185 304 35 886 9 522 214 088	105 598 101 609 81 161 20 448 3 989	100.0 95.5 77.8 17.6 4.5	100.0 94.9 76.4 18.5 5.1	100.0 95.9 80.3 15.6 4.1	100.0 76.2 76.9 19.4 3.8
NATIVE PARENTAGE	620 633 503 048 117 585 29 905	317 257 255 038 62 219 16 739	204 894 169 787 35 107 9 194	98 482 78 223 20 259 3 972	95.4 77.3 18.1 4.6	95.0 76.4 18.6 5.0	95.7 79.3 16.4 4.3	76.3 19.8 3.9
NONWHITE	24 229 23 488 22 025 1 463 741	4 461 4 065 3 570 495 396	16 624 16 296 15 517 779 328	3 144 3 127 2 938 189	100.0 96.9 90.9 6.0 3.1	100.0 91.1 80.0 11.1 8.9	100.0 98.0 93.3 4.7 2.0	100.0 99.5 93.4 6.0 0.5

Table 39.—STATE OF BIRTH OF THE NATIVE POPULATION, BY COLOR, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND FOR THE STATE, 1900 TO 1950

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200 in 1960 or 500 in 1950]

		BORN 1	N THE UNITED	STATES	BORN IN		PER	CENT OF TO	TAL	
AREA: CENSUS YEAR: AND COLOR	TOTAL NATIVE POPU- LATION	IN STATE OF RESIDENCE	IN DIFFERENT ȘTATE	STATE OF BIRTH NOT REPORTED	U.S. OUTLYING AREA: AT SEA: ETC:	TOTAL NATIVE POPU- LATION	BORN IN IN STATE OF RESIDENCE		STATES STATE OF BIRTH NOT REPORTED	BORN IN U.S. OUTLYING AREA, AT SEA, ETC.
ALL CLASSES										
1960	644 121 321 322 799 221 190 101 609 544 555 503 092 461 703 453 298 281 340 176 262	384 721 186 114 198 607 129 470 69 137 304 505 268 673 218 483 172 818 99 314 62 699	248 844 129 852 118 992 88 062 30 930 234 000 231 471 239 482 274 877 177 783 111 620	6 626 3 647 2 979 2 161 818 4 420 1 021 1 058 3 488 1 550	3 930 1 709 2 221 1 497 724 1 630 1 927 2 680 2 143 755 393	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	59.7 57.9 61.5 58.5 68.0 55.9 53.4 47.3 38.1 35.3	38.6 40.4 36.9 39.4 43.0 46.0 51.9 63.2 63.3	1.0 1.1 0.9 1.0 0.8 0.8 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.9	0.6 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.6 0.5 0.3
WHITE				,						
1960 URBAN	620 633 317 257 303 376 204 894 98 482 526 520 484 826 440 640 268 936 163 910	364 753 183 250 181 503 115 189 66 314 288 770 252 631 162 852 89 907 53 502	245 808 128 825 116 983 86 270 30 713 232 085 229 469 272 356 174 954 108 884	6 241 3 502 2 739 1 988 751 4 120 1 008 3 399 3 374 1 190	3 831 1 680 2 151 1 447 704 1 545 1 718 2 033 701 334	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	58.8 57.8 59.8 56.2 67.3 54.8 52.1 37.0 33.4	39.6 40.6 38.6 42.1 31.2 44.1 47.3 61.8 65.1 66.4	1.0 1.1 0.9 1.0 0.8 0.8 0.2 0.8	0.6 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.3
NONWHITE										
1960	23 488 4 065 19 423 16 296 3 127 18 035 18 266 12 658 12 404 12 352	19 968 2 864 17 104 14 281 2 823 15 735 16 042 9 966 9 407 9 197	3 036 1 027 2 009 1 792 217 1 915 2 002 2 521 2 829 2 736	385 145 240 173 67 300 13 61 114	99 29 70 50 20 85 209 110 54	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	85.0 70.5 88.1 87.6 90.3 87.2 87.8 78.7 75.8 74.5	12.9 25.3 10.3 11.0 6.9 10.6 11.0 19.9 22.8	1.6 3.6 1.2 1.1 2.1 1.7 0.1 0.5 0.9	0.4 0.7 0.4 0.5 0.6 1.1

¹ INCLUDES PERSONS BORN ABROAD OF AMERICAN PARENTS. PRIOR TO 1960: INCLUDES PERSONS BORN IN ALASKA AND HAWAII. DATA NOT AVAILABLE.

Table 40.—COUNTRY OF ORIGIN OF THE FOREIGN STOCK, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND OF THE FOREIGN WHITE STOCK, FOR THE STATE, 1950 AND 1940

[See text for source of data. $\,$ Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

L		FOREIGN STOC	K+ 1960		FOREIGN WH	IITE STOCK		PE	RCENT DIS	TRIBUTIO	N	
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	1950	1940	F	OREIGN ST	OCK: 1960		FORE WHITE	
					1750	1740	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	1950	1940
TOTAL	149 694	79 849	45 408	24 437	168 184	200 662	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
NITED KINGDOM	16 294	9 669	4 887	1 738	17 651	25 940	10.9	12.1	10.8	7.1	10.5	12.
RELAND (EIRE)	7 221	5 145	1 524	552	11 508	13 398	4.8	6.4	3.4	2.3	6.8	6
EDEN	18 863 8 830	8 515 4 777	6 347 2 675	4 001 1 378	21 753 10 786	24 996	12.6	10.7	14.0	16.4	12.9	12
NMARK	5 057	2 143	1 672	1 242	5 478	13 212 6 701	5.9 3.4	6.0	5.9 3.7	5.6	6.4	6
THERLANDS	2 966	1 024	1 092	850	2 926	3 561	2.0	2.7	2.4	5.1 3.5	3.3	. 3
ITZERLAND	1 690	811	493	386	2 023	2 375	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.6	1.2	1
ANCE	1 354	828	329	197	1 646	1 717	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.0	ō
RMANY	19 296	9 895	6 008	3 393	20 400	25 181	12.9	12.4	13.2	13.9	12.1	12
AND	2 346	1 550	492	304	2 603	2 570	1.6	1.9	1.1	1.2	1.5	- 1
ECHOSLOVAKIA	2 843	1 295	837	711	3 439	3 842	1.9	1.6	1.8	2.9	2.0	- 1
STRIA	4 371	2 428	1 394	549	4 965	6 241	2.9	3.0	3.1	2.2	3.0	:
IGARY	1 187	741	282	164	1 279	1 319	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.8	
OSLAVIA	4 037 12 590	2 558 6 778	1 128 3 020	351	5 212	5 934	2.7	3.2	2.5	1.4	3.1	
THUANIA	273	158	81	2 792	14 758 330	16 644 294	8.4	8.5	6.7	11.4	8.8	
ILAND	3 082	1 614	1 057	411	3 906	5 362	2.1	2.0	0•2 2•3	0.1	0.2	
IANIA	539	299	172	68	591	1 132	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	2.3	
ECE	646	509	100	37	1 000	1 041	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.6	ò
ALY	4 485	2 766	1 355	364	4 932	5 625	3.0	3.5	3.0	1.5	2.9	
RTUGAL	53	28	21	4	21	91	•••	•••	•••			
HER EUROPE	1 862	869	539	454	2 171	2 291	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.9	1.3	j
A ¹	1 658	1 097	469	92	694	738	1.1	1.4	1.0	0.4	0.4	(
ADA ²	23 797	12 093	8 000	3 704	24 068	27 359	15.9	15.1	17.6	15.2	14.3	13
ICO.	1 852	1 102	573	177	2 503	2 017	1.2	1.4	1.3	0.7	1.5	
ER AMERICA	458	235	154	69	401	121	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	(
OTHER	508		175	49	1 140	960	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.7	(
REPURIED	1 536	6.58	532	366	• • • •	•••	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.5	• • •	

¹ INCLUDES TURKEY IN EUROPE.

² INCLUDES NEWFOUNDLAND.

Table 41.—MOTHER TONGUE OF THE FOREIGN BORN, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND OF THE FOREIGN-BORN WHITE, FOR THE STATE, 1910 TO 1940

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200 in 1960]

	FOI	REIGN BOR	N+ 1960			FOREIGN-	ORN WHITE				PER	ENT DIS	TRIBUT	ION		
MOTHER TONGUE	THE		RURAL	RURAL					F	DREIGN E	BORN + 19	960	FOR	REIGN-BO	ORN WHI	TE
	STATE	URBAN	NONFARM	FARM	1940	1930	1920	1910	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NON- FARM	RURAL FARM	1940	1930	1920	1910
TOTAL	30 646 5 855 2 754 1 335 846 570 489	17 135 3 603 1 188 770 358 220 287	9 522 1 688 1 015 351 318 222 151	3 989 564 551 214 170 128 51	54 220 16 800 6 240 3 840 1 660 800 1 600	74 648 22 953 9 004 5 908 2 544 1 311 2 793	93 620 31 127 10 022 7 497 3 000 1 723 3 285	91 644 33 081 7 176 6 712 1 991 1 088 3 659	100.0 19.1 9.0 4.4 2.8 1.9	100.0 21.0 6.9 4.5 2.1 1.3 1.7	100.0 17.7 10.7 3.7 3.3 2.3 1.6	100.0 14.1 13.8 5.4 4.3 3.2 1.3	100.0 31.0 11.5 7.1 3.1 1.5 3.0	100.0 30.7 12.1 7.9 3.4 1.8 3.7	100.0 33.2 10.7 8.0 3.2 1.8 3.5	100.0 36.1 7.8 7.3 2.2 1.2
GERMAN	4 954 433 225 186 153 577 155 590 83 77 481 54	2 920 321 86 85 98 390 89 355 12 52 301 42	1 335 76 74 71 46 135 66 164 55 12 138 4	699 36 65 30 9 52 71 16 13 42 8	10 420 960 840 280 140 920 780 1 140 120 80 1 800 220 60	12 786 922 998 682 222 1 927 1 740 751 120 156 2 522 245	15 424 1 156 1 748 936 330 2 656 1 656 1 722 (1) 165 3 369 313	11 641 1 325 817 398 358 3 624 1 686 167 (1) 119 3 905 367	16.2 1.4 0.7 0.6 0.5 1.9 0.5 1.9 0.3	17.0 1.9 0.5 0.5 0.6 2.3 0.5 2.1 0.3 1.8 0.2	14.0 0.8 0.8 0.7 0.5 1.4 0.7 1.7 0.6 0.1	17.5 0.9 1.6 0.8 0.2 1.3 1.8 0.4 0.3 1.1	19.2 1.8 1.5 0.5 0.3 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.2 0.1 3.3	17.1 1.2 1.3 0.9 2.6 2.3 1.0 0.2 0.2 0.2	16.5 1.2 1.9 1.04 2.8 1.8 (1) 0.2 0.3	12.7 1.4 0.9 0.4 4.0 1.8 0.2 (1) 0.1 4.3
GREEK	279 909 369 8	231 560 218 4	19 261 107	29 88 44 4	740 1 900 720	809 2 930 1 847 23	1 335 3 992 303 22	2 139 6 930 142 32	0.9 3.0 1.2	1.3 3.3 1.3	0.2 2.7 1.1	0.7 2.2 1.1 0.1	1.4 3.5 1.3	0.2 1.1 3.9 2.5	1.4 4.3 0.3	2.3 7.6 0.2
JAPANESE	214 54 72 517 8 393	138 50 60 263 4 425	69 4 4 184 2 948	7 8 70 1 020	(1) (1) 100 700 1 360	(1) (1) 166 865 293	(1) (1) 206 1 250 76	(1) (1) 137 1 857 2 012	0.7 0.2 0.2 1.7 27.4	0.8 0.3 0.4 1.5 25.8	0.7 1.9 31.0	0.2 0.2 1.8 25.6	(1) (1) 0.2 1.3 2.5	(1) (1) 0.2 1.2 0.4	(1) (1) 0·2 1·3	(1) (1) 0.1 2.0 2.2

¹ NOT AVAILABLE.

Table 42.—RESIDENCE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO CENSUS DATE, BY COLOR, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960, AND FOR THE STATE, 1940

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200 in 1960]

DECYDENCE & MELTINE		1960)		1940,		PERCEN	T DISTRIB	UTION	
RESIDENCE 5 YEARS PRIOR TO CENSUS DATE AND COLOR	THE	URBAN	RURAL	RURAL	THE		19	60		1940 •
	STATE		NONFARM	FARM	7	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL	THE STATE
TOTAL										
POPULATION 5 YEARS OLD AND OVER. SAME HOUSE IN THE U.S SAME COUNTY DIFFERENT COUNTY SAME STATE DIFFERENT STATE BROAD PLACE OF PRIOR RESIDENCE NOT REPORTED	591 730 281 722 300 327 163 726 136 601 68 630 67 971 5 747 3 934	297 447 128 222 163 938 90 694 73 244 35 612 37 632 3 335 1 952	200 570 86 794 110 029 57 546 52 483 26 237 26 246 2 139 1 608	93 713 66 706 26 360 15 486 10 874 6 781 4 093 273 374	510 875 (1) (1) (1) (1) 2102 328 256 565 45 763 1 660 4 836	100.0 47.6 50.8 27.7 23.1 11.6 11.5	100.0 43.1 55.1 30.5 24.6 12.0 12.7 1.1 0.7	100.0 43.3 54.9 28.7 26.2 13.1 13.1 0.8	100.0 71.2 28.5 11.6 7.2 4.4	100.0 (1 (1 220.0 211.1 9.0
WHITE										
POPULATION 5 YEARS OLD AND OVER. SAME HOUSE IN THE U-S. DIFFERENT HOUSE IN THE U-S. DIFFERENT COUNTY. SAME STATE DIFFERENT STATE. DIFFERENT STATE. DABROAD	571 997 273 532 289 380 156 734 132 646 66 443 66 203 5 318 3 767	293 752 127 376 161 339 89 446 71 893 34 786 37 107 3 140 1 897	187 101 81 300 102 378 52 280 50 098 25 027 25 071 1 918 1 505	91 144 64 856 25 663 15 008 10 655 6 630 4 025 260 365	494 585 (1) (1) (1) (1) 2 100 399 2 55 271 45 128 1 599 4 698	100.0 47.8 50.6 27.4 23.2 11.6 11.6 0.9	100.0 43.4 54.9 30.4 24.5 11.8 12.6 1.1	100.0 43.5 54.7 27.9 26.8 13.4 13.4	100.0 71.2 28.2 16.5 11.7 7.3 4.4	100.0 (1) (1) (1) 20.3 21.2 9.1 0.3
NONWHITE										
POPULATION 5 YEARS OLD AND OVER. SAME HOUSE DIFFERENT HOUSE IN THE U.S SAME COUNTY SAME STATE DIFFERENT STATE BROAD LACE OF PRIOR RESIDENCE NOT REPORTED	19 733 8 190 10 947 6 992 3 955 2 187 1 768 429 167	3 695 846 2 599 1 248 1 351 826 525 195	13 469 5 494 7 651 5 266 2 385 1 210 1 175 221 103	2 569 1 850 697 478 219 151 68 13	16 290 (1) (1) (1) (2) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6	100.0 41.5 55.5 35.4 20.0 11.1 9.0 2.2	100.0 22.9 70.3 33.8 36.6 22.4 14.2 5.3	100.0 40.8 56.8 39.1 17.7 9.0 8.7	100.0 72.0 27.1 18.6 8.5 5.9 2.6	100.0 (1) (1) (1) 211.8 27.9 3.9

PERSONS LIVING IN THE SAME HOUSE IN 1935 AND PERSONS LIVING IN A DIFFERENT HOUSE IN THE SAME COUNTY OR QUASI-COUNTY (CITIES OF 100,000 OR MORE INCLUDES MOVERS BETWEEN QUASI-COUNTIES.

IN 1960: COMPRISES PERSONS WHO MOVED BUT FOR WHOM PLACE OF RESIDENCE IN 1955 WAS NOT REPORTED. IN 1940: COMPRISES PERSONS FOR WHOM MIGRATION STATUS WAS NOT REPORTED.

General Social and Economic Characteristics

Table 43.—YEAR MOVED INTO PRESENT HOUSE, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

YEAR MOVED INTO	THE	URBAN	RURAL	SUD 41	•	PERCENT DIS	STRIBUTION	
PRESENT HOUSE	STATE	ONDAN	NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM
TOTAL POPULATION. 1959 TO 1960	674 767 212 892 67 025 52 747 103 932 77 031 87 256 41 439 32 445	338 457 114 401 35 926 27 641 54 142 36 728 39 143 18 703 11 773	230 712 79 244 24 507 19 401 35 047 24 908 26 748 11 812 9 045	105 598 19 247 6 592 5 705 14 743 15 395 21 365 10 924 11 627	100.0 31.6 9.9 7.8 15.4 11.4 12.9 6.1	100.0 33.8 10.6 8.2 16.0 10.9 11.6 5.5	100.0 34.3 10.6 8.4 15.2 10.8 11.6 5.1	100.0 18.2 6.2 5.4 14.0 14.6 20.2 10.3

Table 44.—SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BY AGE, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200]

	Т	HE STATE			URBAN		RUR	AL NONFARM		R	URAL FARM	
AGE	POPU- LATION	ENROLLED SCHOOL		POPU- LATION	ENROLLED SCHOOL		POPU-	ENROLLE SCHOO		POPU-	ENROLLE SCHOO	
	ZATION	NUMBER PER- CENT	LATION	NUMBER	PER- CENT	LATION	NUMBER PER- CENT		LATION	NUMBER	PER- CENT	
TOTAL. 5 TO 34 YEARS OLD 5 AND 6 YEARS OLD	316 190 31 899 101 433 22 743 22 446 17 099 16 381 23 642 80 547	174 921 14 632 98 977 21 823 19 837 8 759 3 695 2 815 4 383	55.3 45.9 97.6 96.0 88.4 51.2 22.6 11.9	15 431 48 199 10 421 10 315 9 737 9 227 12 508	87 034 8 111 46 872 10 108 9 137 5 618 2 908 1 841 2 439	55.4 52.6 97.2 97.0 88.6 57.7 31.5 14.7	109 898 11 453 35 855 7 954 8 131 5 026 5 263 8 383 27 833	59 378 4 751 35 063 7 574 7 129 2 039 579 787 1 456	54.0 41.5 97.8 95.2 87.7 40.6 11.04 5.2	49 321 5 015 17 379 4 368 4 000 2 336 1 891 2 751 11 581	28 509 1 770 17 042 4 141 3 571 1 102 208 187 488	57.8 35.3 98.1 94.8 89.3 47.2 11.0 6.8

Table 45.—SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BY AGE, FOR THE STATE: 1930 TO 1960

[See text for source of data. Figures for persons enrolled in school include children enrolled in kindergarten. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200 in 1960, 500 in 1950, or 100 in earlier years]

<u>l</u>		1960			1950			1940			1930	
AGE	POPU- LATION	ENROLLED SCHOOL		POPU-	ENROLLED SCHOOL		POPU-	ENROLLED SCHOOL		POPU-	ENROLLEI SCHOOL	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LATION	NUMBER	PER- CENT		NUMBER	PER- CENT	LATION	NUMBER	PER- CENT	LATION	NUMBER	PER- CENT
TOTAL, 5 TO 24 YEARS OLD 5 AND 6 YEARS OLD 6 AND 13 YEARS OLD 6 AND 15 YEARS OLD 6 AND 17 YEARS OLD 6 AND 17 YEARS OLD 6 AND 21 YEARS OLD 6 AND 21 YEARS OLD 6 AND 21 YEARS OLD 6 AND 21 YEARS OLD 6 AND 21 YEARS OLD 6 AND 21 YEARS OLD 6 AND 21 YEARS OLD 6 AND 21 YEARS OLD 7 AND 21	235 643 31 899 101 433 22 743 22 446 17 099 16 381 23 642	170 538 14 632 98 977 21 823 19 837 8 759 3 695 2 815	72.4 45.9 97.6 96.0 88.4 51.2 22.6	183 050 22 915 70 315 17 230 16 085 15 390 16 660 24 455	117 280 9 660 67 860 16 335 12 965 5 500 2 445 2 515	64.1 42.2 96.5 94.8 80.6 35.7 14.7	195 728 18 225 65 229 19 570 20 362 21 064 20 913 30 365	116 408 5 959 63 477 18 307 15 873 8 127 3 089 1 576	59.5 32.7 97.3 93.5 78.0 38.6 14.8 5.2	43 753	129 185 7 933 76 418 19 996 13 903 6 739 4 196	63. 38. 97. 92. 67. 35.

Table 46.—SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BY LEVEL AND TYPE OF SCHOOL, BY COLOR, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960 [See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200]

LEVEL AND TYPE		TOTA	AL			WHIT	re		NONWHITE			
OF SCHOOL	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM
TOTAL ENROLLED, 5 TO 34 YEARS OLD KINDERGARTEN. PUBLIC. PERCENT PRIVATE. ELEMENTARY (1 TO 8 YEARS) PUBLIC. PERCENT PRIVATE PRIVATE PUBLIC. PERCENT PUBLIC. PERCENT PUBLIC. PERCENT PUBLIC. PERCENT POBLIC. PERCENT POBLIC. PERCENT POBLIC. PERCENT POBLIC. PERCENT POBLIC. POBLIC.	174 921 4 883 3 628 774-3 1 255 116 160 102 111 87-9 14 049 42 260 37 923 89-7 4 337 11 618	87 034 3 457 2 487 71.9 970 54 751 43 846 80.1 10 905 19 702 16 363 83.1 3 339 9 124	59 378 1 193 927 77-7 266 41 585 39 200 94-3 2 385 14 635 13 904 95-0 731 1 965	28 509 233 214 91-8 19 19 824 19 065 96-2 759 7 923 7 656 96-6 267 529	168 037 4 783 3 542 74.1 10 802 97 443 87.9 13 359 41 008 36 877 89.9 4 131	85 930 3 433 2 472 72.0 961 53 971 43 216 80.1 10 755 19 521 16 199 83.0 3 322 9 005	54 429 1 121 860 76.7 261 37 612 35 699 94.9 1 913 13 782 13 216 95.9 566 1 914	27 678 229 210 91-7 19 19 219 18 528 96-4 691 7 705 7 462 96-8 243 525	6 884 100 86 ••• 14 5 358 4 668 87•1 690 1 252 1 046 83•5 206	1 104 24 15 9 780 630 80.8 150 181 164 	4 949 72 67 5 3 973 3 501 88-1 472 853 688 80-7 165 51	831 4 4 605 537 88.8 68 218 194 89.0 24

Table 47.—YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960 AND 1950, AND FOR THE STATE, 1940

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent and median not shown where base is less than 200 in 1960, 500 in 1950, or 100 in 1940]

isee text for source of				, ,		ARS OF SCHOOL		00 H 1900, 900 H	1 1930, OF 100 II	1 1940)	
AREA: CENSUS YEAR: COLOR: AND SEX	TOTAL: 25 YEARS	NONE		ELEMENT	ARY SCHOOL		HIGH S	CHOOL	COLL	EGE	MEDIAN SCHOOL YEARS
- COLONIA AND SEA	OLD AND OVER	NONE	1 TO 4	5 AND 6	7	8	1 TO 3	4	1 TO 3	4 OR MORE	COM- PLETED
1960											
THE STATE. WHITE. NONWHITE WHITE. NONWHITE FEMALE WHITE. NONWHITE	356 087 346 671 9 416 181 881 177 045 4 836 174 206 169 626 4 580	3 301 2 912 389 1 787 1 611 176 1 514 1 301 213	11 333 10 354 979 7 038 6 496 542 4 295 3 858 437	15 728 14 532 1 196 9 265 8 658 607 6 463 5 874 589	17 130 16 285 845 10 616 10 204 412 6 514 6 081 433	76 823 74 927 1 896 44 646 43 639 1 007 32 177 31 288 889	61 465 59 357 2 108 30 578 29 511 1 067 30 887 29 846 1 041	99 998 98 637 1 361 44 905 44 231 674 55 093 54 406 687	43 458 42 977 481 16 743 16 505 238 26 715 26 472 243	26 851 26 690 161 16 303 16 190 113 10 548 10 500 48	11.6 11.7 8.7 10.7 10.8 8.7 12.1 12.1 8.7
URBAN. WHITE NONWHITE MALE WHITE NONWHITE FEMALE WHITE NONWHITE FOMALE WHITE	181 609 179 612 1 997 89 493 88 477 1 016 92 116 91 135 981	1 337 1 275 62 711 688 23 626 587 39	5 393 5 244 149 3 182 3 107 75 2 211 2 137 74	7 229 7 004 225 3 850 3 753 97 3 379 3 251 128	7 641 7 531 110 4 463 4 397 66 3 178 3 134	34 214 33 778 436 18 686 18 447 239 15 528 15 331 197	30 308 29 880 428 14 868 14 650 218 15 440 15 230 210	53 901 53 512 389 23 267 23 088 179 30 634 30 424 210	23 944 23 828 116 9 626 9 556 70 14 318 14 272 46	17 642 17 560 82 10 840 10 791 49 6 802 6 769 33	12.1 12.1 9.1 11.8 11.8 9.1 12.2 12.2 9.1
RURAL, TOTAL	174 478 167 059 7 419 92 388 88 568 3 820 82 090 78 491 3 599	1 964 1 637 327 1 076 923 153 888 714 174	5 940 5 110 830 3 856 3 389 467 2 084 1 721 363	8 499 7 528 971 5 415 4 905 510 3 084 2 623 461	9 489 8 754 735 6 153 5 807 346 3 336 2 947 389	42 609 41 149 1 460 25 960 25 192 768 16 649 15 957 692	31 157 29 477 1 680 15 710 14 861 849 15 447 14 616 831	46 097 45 125 972 21 638 21 143 495 24 459 23 982 477	19 514 19 149 365 7 117 6 949 168 12 397 12 200 197	9 209 9 130 79 5 463 5 399 64 3 746 3 731	10.8 11.0 8.6 9.7 9.8 8.6 11.9 12.0 8.6
RURAL NONFARM WHITE NONWHITE WHITE NONWHITE NONWHITE WHITE WHITE NONWHITE NONWHITE	118 505 112 383 6 122 61 728 58 591 3 137 56 777 53 792 2 985	1 596 1 350 246 866 735 131 730 615	4 293 3 609 684 2 699 2 338 361 1 594 1 271 323	6 030 5 232 798 3 691 3 267 424 2 339 1 965 374	6 391 5 757 634 3 994 3 711 283 2 397 2 046 351	27 451 26 245 1 206 16 069 15 440 629 11 382 10 805 577	21 931 20 574 1 357 10 966 10 271 695 10 965 10 303 662	30 388 29 584 804 13 847 13 446 401 16 541 16 138 403	13 112 12 794 318 5 013 4 864 149 8 099 7 930 169	7 313 7 238 75 4 583 4 519 64 2 730 2 719	10.8 11.0 3.6 10.0 10.1 8.6 11.7
RURAL FARM WHITE NONWHITE NONWHITE NONWHITE FEMALE WHITE NONWHITE NONWHITE NONWHITE	55 973 54 676 1 297 30 660 29 977 683 25 313 24 699 614	368 287 31 210 188 22 158 99	1 647 1 501 146 1 157 1 051 106 490 450	2 469 2 296 173 1 724 1 638 86 745 658 87	3 098 2 997 101 2 159 2 096 63 939 901 38	15 158 14 904 254 9 891 9 752 139 5 267 5 152 115	9 226 8 903 323 4 744 4 590 154 4 482 4 313	15 709 15 541 168 7 791 7 697 94 7 918 7 344	6 402 6 355 47 2 104 2 085 19 4 298 4 270 28	11 896 1 892 4 880 880 1 016 1 012	8.6 10.7 10.8 8.6 9.1 9.2 8.5 12.1 12.1 8.7
1950											
WHITE	1335 745 327 920 7 825	4 220 3 625 595	16 940 15 675 1 265	20 685 19 580 1 105	19 295 18 530 765	84 170 82 720 1 450	51 085 49 790 1 295	74 490 73 785 705	35 875 35 695 180	20 470 20 345 125	10.1 10.2 8.0
MALE	176 400 159 345	2 255 1 965	10 875 6 065	12 555 8 130	11 620 7 675	49 110 35 060	25 505 25 580	33 320 41 170	14 425 21 450	11 665 8 805	9.0 11.2
URBAN	153 875 152 690 1 185	1 330 1 295 35	6 615 6 455 160	8 195 8 060 135	6 780 6 660 120	33 475 33 280 195	23 720 23 530 190	38 110 37 945 165	19 035 18 985 50	12 450 12 400 50	11.3 11.4 8.5
MALE	77 295 76 580	675 655	3 900 2 715	4 595 3 600	3 860 2 920	18 370 15 105	11 450 12 270	16 540 21 570	8 295 10 740	7 165 5 385	10.6
RURAL	181 870 175 230 6 640	2 890 2 330 560	10 325 9 220 1 105	12 490 11 520 970	12 515 11 870 645	50 695 49 440 1 255	27 365 26 260	36 380 35 840	16 840 16 710	8 020 7 945	9.0 9.1
MALE	99 105 82 765	1 580 1 310	6 975 3 350	7 960 4 530	7 760 4 755	30 740 19 955	1 105 14 055 13 310	540 16 780 19 600	6 130 10 710	75 4 500 3 520	7.9 3.8 10.5
1940			-								
THE STATE	¹ 315 147 307 207 7 940	4 960 3 721 1 239	18 510 17 009 1 501	25 094 23 704 1 390	16 877 16 262 615	108 665 107 158 1 507	46 630 45 733 897	49 437 48 965 472	27 184 27 031	15 079 15 022	8.8 8.9
MALE	174 327 140 820	2 953 2 007	12 306 6 204	15 715 9 379	10 525 6 352	65 366 43 299	23 604	22 05 27 032	10 966	8 825	6.7 8.7
1 INCLUDES PERSONS NOT REPORTIN	NG ON YEARS O	F SCHOOL C	OMPLETED.		*			21 3321	16 218	6 254	9.3

¹ INCLUDES PERSONS NOT REPORTING ON YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED.

Table 47.—YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960 AND 1950, AND FOR THE STATE, 1940—Con.

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent and median not shown where base is less than 200 in 1960, 500 in 1950, or 100 in 1940]

AREA: CENSUS YEAR:	TOTAL:					s OF SCHOOL					MEDI SCHO
COLOR, AND SEX	25 YEARS OLD AND OVER	NONE	1 70 "	ELEMENTAR			HIGH SC		COLLE		YEAR
	OVER		1 TO 4	5 AND 6	7	8	1 TO 3	4	1 TO 3	4 OR MORE	PLET
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION											
1960						-					
THE STATE											
WHITE	100.0 100.0 100.0	0.9 0.8 4.1	3.2 3.0 10.4	4.4 4.2 12.7	4.8 4.7 9.0	21.6 21.6 20.1	17.3 17.1 22.4	28 • 1 28 • 5 14 • 5	12.2 12.4 5.1	7•5 7•7 1•7	
WHITE	100.0	1.0	3.9 3.7	5 · 1 4 · 9	5•8 5•8	24.5 24.6	16.8 16.7	24 • 7 25 • 0	9•2 9•3	9•0 9•1	
WHITE	100.0 100.0 100.0	3.6 0.9 0.8	11•2 2•5 2•3	12.6 3.7 3.5	8•5 3•7 3•6	20.8 18.5 18.4	22.1 17.7 17.6	13.9 31.6 32.1	4.9 15.3 15.6	2•3 6•1 6•2	
NONWHITE	100•0	4•7	9•5	12.9	9•5	19.4	22.7	15.0	5•3	1.0	
URBAN	100.0 100.0 100.0	0.7 0.7 3.1	3.0 2.9 7.5	4.0 3.9 11.3	4•2 4•2 5•5	18.8 18.8 21.8	16.7 16.6 21.4	29.7 29.8 19.5	13•2 13•3 5•8	9•7 9•8 4•1	
LE	100.0	0.8 0.8	3.6 3.5	4.3	5•0 5•0	20.9 20.8	16.6 16.6	26 • 0 26 • 1	10.8 10.8	12•1 12•2	
NONWHITE	100.0 100.0 100.0	2.3 0.7 0.6	7•4 2•4 2•3	9.5 3.7 3.6	6•5 3•4 3•4	23.5 16.9 16.8	21.5 16.8 16.7	17.6 33.3 33.4	6.9 15.5 15.7	4.8 7.4 7.4	
NONWHITE	100.0	4.0	7.5	13.0	4.5	20.1	21.4	21.4	4 • 7	3.4	
RURAL, TOTAL	100.0 100.0 100.0	1.1	3.4 3.1	4.9 4.5 13.1	5•4 5•2 9•9	24.4 24.6 19.7	17.9 17.6 22.6	26 • 4 27 • 0 13 • 1	11.2 11.5 4.9	5.3 5.5 1.1	
E	100.0	1.2	11•2 4•2 3•8	5.9 5.5	6.7	28.1 28.4	17.0 16.8	23.4	7•7 7•8	5.9 6.1	
NONWHITE	100.0 100.0 100.0	4.0 1.1 0.9	12•2 2•5	13.4 3.8 3.3	9•1 4•1 3•8	20.1 20.3 20.3	22.2 18.8 18.6	13.0 29.8 30.6	4.4 15.1 15.5	1.7 4.6 4.8	
ONWHITE	100.0	4.8	10-1	12.8	10.8	19.2	23.1	13.3	5.5	0.4	
RURAL NONFARM	100.0	1.3	3.6 3.2	5 • 1 4 • 7	5 • 4 5 • 1	23.2 23.4	18.5 18.3	25 • 6 26 • 3	11.1 11.4	6.2 6.4	
NONWHITE	100.0 100.0 100.0	4.0 1.4 1.3	11•2 4•4 4•0	13.0 6.0 5.6	10•4 6•5 6•3	19.7 26.0 26.4	22.2 17.8 17.5	13•1 22•4 22•9	5 • 2 8 • 1 8 • 3	1•2 7•4 7•7	
NONWHITE	100.0	4.2 1.3	11.5 2.8	13.5 4.1	9•0 4•2	20.1	22•2 19•3	12 · 8 29 • 1	4.7 14.3	2.0	
WHITE	100.0	3.9	2•4 10•8	3.7 12.5	3•8 11•8	20.1 19.3	19•2 22•2	30.0 13.5	14.7 5.7	5•1 0•4	
RURAL FARM	100.0	0.7	2.9 2.7	4.4 4.2	5•5 5•5	27.1 27.3	16.5 16.3	28 • 1 28 • 4	11.4 11.6	3.4 3.5 0.3	1
NONWHITE	100.0 100.0 100.0	6.2 0.7 0.6	11.3 3.8 3.5	13.3 5.6 5.5	7.8 7.0 7.0	19.6 32.3 32.5	24.9 15.5 15.3	13.0 25.4 25.7	3.6 6.9 7.0	2.9	1
NONWHITE	100.0 100.0 100.0	3.2 0.6 0.4	15.5 1.9 1.8	12.6 2.9 2.7	9•2 3•7 3•6	20.4 20.8 20.9	22.5 17.7 17.5	13.8 31.3 31.8	2 • 8 17 • 0 17 • 3	4.0 4.1	
HITE	100.0	9.6	6.5	14.2	6.2	18.7	27.5	12-1	4.6	0.7	
1950 ¹											
THE STATE	100.0 100.0 100.0	1.3 1.1 7.9	5•2 4•9 16•9	6.3 6.1 14.8	5.9 5.8 10.2	25.7 25.9 19.4	15.6 15.6 17.3	22.8 23.1 9.4	11.0 11.2 2.4	6.3 6.4 1.7	1
E	100.0	1.3	6•3 3•9	7•3 5•2	6•8 4•9	28.7 22.5	14.9 16.4	19•4 26•4	8 • 4 13 • 8	6•8 5•6	
URBAN	100•0	0.9	4•4	5.5	4.5	22.4	15•8	25•5	12.7	8•3	
TE	100.0	0.9 3.2	4•3 14•5	5.4 12.3	4.5 10.9	22.4 17.7	15.8 17.3	25.5 15.0	12.8	8•3 4•5	
E · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100.0	0.9	5•2 3•6	6.1 4.8	5•2 3•9	24.5 20.2	15.3 16.4	22 • 1 28 • 8	11.1	9•6 7•1	
RURAL	100.0	1.6	5•8 5•4	7.0 6.7	7.0 6.9	28.6 28.9	15.4 15.3	20.5	9.5	4.5 4.6	
WHITE	100.0	8.8	17.3	15.2	10•1	19.7	17.3	8.5	2.0	1.2	-
E	100.0	1.6	7•2 4•1	8.3 5.6	8•0 5•9	31.9 24.6	14.6 16.4	17 • 4 24 • 2	13.2	4•7 4•3	
1940 ¹											
THE STATE	100.0	1.6	5.9 5.6	8.0 7.8	5.4	34.8 35.2	14.9 15.0	15•8 16•1	8.7 8.9	4.8	•
WHITE	100.0	15.8	19.2	17.7	7.9	19.2	11.5	6.0	2.0	0•7 5•1	
E	100.0	1•7 1•4	7•1 4•4	9•1 6•7	6 · 1 4 · 5	37.9 31.0	13•7 16•5	13.0 19.3	11.6	4.5	

¹ PERCENT BASED ON TOTAL REPORTING.

28-94 Montana

Table 48.—VETERAN STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN MALE POPULATION 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

						PERCENT DI	STRIBUTION	
VETERAN STATUS	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM
MALE, 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER	227 197 89 276 14 793 2 821 48 283 11 376 12 003 137 921	112 195 48 276 8 233 1 852 26 042 5 671 6 478 63 919	75 793 29 348 4 896 830 15 798 3 985 3 839 46 445	39 209 11 652 1 664 139 6 443 1 720 1 686 27 557	100.0 39.3 6.5 1.2 21.3 5.0 5.3 60.7	100.0 43.0 7.3 1.7 23.2 5.1 5.8 57.0	100.0 38.7 6.5 1.1 20.8 5.3 5.1 61.3	100.0 29.7 4.2 0.4 16.4 4.3 70.3

Table 49.—HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP, BY COLOR, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL: 1960

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 200; population per household not shown where less than 200 persons in households]

HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP AND COLOR	THE STATE				PERCENT DISTRIBUTION			
		URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL NONFARM	RURAL FARM
ALL CLASSES								
TOTAL POPULATION	674 767 657 598 202 240 148 588 298 327 8 443 17 169	338 457 330 794 107 514 75 072 144 040 4 168 7 663	230 712 221 206 66 043 49 583 103 675 1 905 9 506	105 598 105 598 28 683 23 933 50 612 2 370	100.0 97.5 30.0 22.0 44.2 1.3 2.5	100.0 97.7 31.8 22.2 42.6 1.2 2.3	100.0 95.9 28.6 21.5 44.9 0.8 4.1	100.0 100.0 27.2 22.7 47.9 2.2
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	3.25	3.08	3.35	3.68	•••	•••	•••	•••
TOTAL POPULATION	650 538 634 393 197 576 145 072 283 858 7 887 16 145	333 996 326 612 106 477 74 329 141 797 4 009 7 384 3•07	214 088 205 327 63 009 47 283 93 382 1 653 8 761 3.26	102 454 102 454 28 090 23 460 48 679 2 225	100.0 97.5 30.4 22.3 43.6 1.2 2.5	100.0 97.8 31.9 22.3 42.5 1.2 2.2	100.0 95.9 29.4 22.1 43.6 0.8 4.1	100.0 100.0 27.4 22.9 47.5 2.2
NONWHITE								
TOTAL POPULATION	24 229 23 205 4 664 3 516 14 469 556 1 024	4 461 4 182 1 037 743 2 243 159 279	16 624 15 879 3 034 2 300 10 293 252 745	3 144 3 144 593 473 1 933 145	100.0 95.8 19.2 14.5 59.7 2.3 4.2	100.0 93.7 23.2 16.7 50.3 3.6 6.3	100.0 95.5 18.3 13.8 61.9 1.5 4.5	100.0 100.0 18.9 15.0 61.5 4.6
POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	4.98	4.03	5.23	5.30	•••	•••	•••	•••

General Social and Economic Characteristics

Table 50.—MARRIED COUPLES, FAMILIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS, BY COLOR, FOR THE STATE, URBAN AND RURAL, 1960 AND 1950, AND FOR THE STATE, 1940

[See text for source of data. Percent not shown where base is less than 200 in 1960, 500 in 1950, or 100 in 1940]

SUBJECT	1960					1950			1940+
	THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL			THE STATE	URBAN	RURAL	THE STATE
			TOTAL	NONFARM	FARM				
TOTAL MARRIED COUPLES	152 001	76 805	75 196	50 760	24 436	133 170	59 760	73 410	119 129
WITH OWN HOUSEHOLD	150 263 98.9 1 738 1 720	76 102 99•1 703 703	74 161 98•6 1 035 1 017	50 161 98.8 599 590	24 000 98•2 436 427	127 550 95•8 5 620 4 496	57 435 96•1 2 325 1 813	70 115 95.5 3 295 2 683	113 572 95•3 5 557 (1)
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6. WITH OWN CHILDREN 6 TO 17 ONLY WITH HUSBAND UNDER 45.	18 95 026 55 215 39 811 79 359	46 928 27 462 19 466	18 48 098 27 753 20 345	9 32 682 19 478 13 204 26 806	15 416 8 275 7 141 11 354	1 124 (1) (1) (1) (1) 74 035	512 (1) (1) (1) (1) 33 730	612 (1) (1) (1) (1) 40 305	(1) (1) (1) (1) 60 894
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18	68 896 10 463 72 642 26 130 46 512	41 199 35 143 6 056 35 606 11 785 23 821	38 160 33 753 4 407 37 036 14 345 22 691	23 606 3 200 23 954 9 076 14 878	10 147 1 207 13 082 5 269 7 813	(1) (1) (1) 59 135 (1) (1)	(1) (1) 26 030 (1) (1)	(1) (1) 33 105 (1) (1)	(1) (1) 58 235 (1) (1)
FAMILIES	165 777 150 281 150 263	85 095 76 102 76 102	80 682 74 179 74 161	54 853 50 170 50 161	25 829 24 009 24 000	145 832 128 674 127 550	65 984 57 947 57 435	79 848 70 727 70 115	(1) (1) 113 572
WITHOUT OWN HOUSEHOLD. WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 WITH OWN CHILDREN 6 TO 17 ONLY UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	18 101 257 56 839 44 418 55 620	50 950 28 695 22 255 32 384	18 50 307 28 144 22 163 23 236	34 619 19 989 14 630 18 108	15 688 8 155 7 533 5 128	1 124 79 460 49 212 30 248 58 290	512 33 920 20 736 13 184 31 195	45 540 28 476 17 064 27 095	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
PERSONS UNDER 18 YEARS OLD	261 558 235 653 90•1 25 905	125 376 112 337 89.6 13 039	136 182 123 316 90.6 12 866	93 535 83 135 88.9 10 400	42 647 40 181 94•2 2 466	195 725 (1) (1) (1) (1)	75 925 (1) (1) (1)	119 800 (1) (1) (1)	171 967 (1) (1) (1)
WHITE									
MARRIED COUPLES	148 592 147 117 99.0 1 475 1 457	76 201 75 520 99•1 681 681	72 391 71 597 98.9 794 776 18	48 456 48 032 99•1 424 415	23 935 23 565 98.5 370 361	130 180 124 990 96.0 5 190 (1)	59 445 57 175 96.2 2 270 (1)	70 735 67 815 95.9 2 920	115 996 110 733 95.5 5 263 (1)
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 WITH OWN CHILDREN 6 TO 17 ONLY WITH HUSBAND UNDER 45	92 506 53 439 39 067 77 291	46 490 27 165 19 325 40 824	46 016 26 274 19 742 36 467	30 925 18 206 12 719 25 341	15 091 8 068 7 023 11 126 9 963	(1) (1) (1) (1) 72 140 (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1) 33 520 (1)	(1) (1) (1) 38 620 (1)	(1 (1 (1 59 012
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH NO OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH HUSBAND 45 AND OVER WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH NO OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18	67 083 10 208 71 301 25 423 45 878	34 819 6 005 35 377 11 671 23 706	32 264 4 203 35 924 13 752 22 172	22 301 3 040 23 115 8 624 14 491	1 163 12 809 5 128 7 681	58 040 (1) (1) (1)	25 925 (1) (1) (1)	32 115 (1) (1)	56 984 (1)
FAMILIES	161 808 147 135 147 117 18 98 474 54 982 43 492	84 333 75 520 75 520 50 422 28 338 22 084	77 475 71 615 71 597 18 48 052 26 644 21 408	52 173 48 041 48 032 9 32 696 18 673 14 023	25 302 23 574 23 565 9 15 356 7 971 7 385	142 636 (1) 124 990 (1) 77 228 (1) (1)	65 632 (1) 57 175 (1) 33 632 (1) (1)	77 004. (1) 67 815 (1) 43 596 (1) (1)	(1 (1 110 733 (1 (- (1 (1
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	53 985 249 279	31 899 123 440	22 086 125 839	17 153 84 671	4 933 41 168	57 130 186 760	75 125 (1)	(1) 111 635 (1)	163 396 (1)
LIVING WITH BOTH PARENTS	226 580 90.9 22 699	110 927 89.9 12 513	115 653 91.9 10 186	76 543 90.4 8 128	39 110 95•0 2 058	(1) (1)	(1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)
NONWHITE									
MARRIED COUPLES	3 409 3 146 92.3 263 263	604 582 96.4 22 22	2 805 2 564 91.4 241 241	92.4 175 175	501 435 86.8 66 66	2 990 2 560 85.6 430 (1) (1) (1)	315 260 ••• 55 (1) (1) (1)	2 675 2 300 86•0 375 (1) (1) (1)	3 133 2 833 90.6 294 (1 (1
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18	2 520 1 776 744 2 068	438 297 141 375	2 082 1 479 603 1 693	1 757 1 272 485 1 465	325 207 118 228	(1) (1) 1 895	(1) (1) 210	(1) (1) 1 685	(1 (1 1 88
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH NO OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH HUSBAND 45 AND OVER WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18	1 813 255 1 341 707 634	324 51 229 114 115	1 489 204 1 112 593 519	1 305 160 839 452 387	184 44 273 141 132	(1) (1) 1 095 (1) (1)	(1) (1) 105 (1) (1)	(1) (1) 990 (1) (1)	(1 (1 1 25 (1 (1
FAMILIES	3 969 3 146 3 146	762 582 582	3 207 2 564 2 564	2 680 2 129 2 129	527 435 435	3 196 (1) 2 560 (1)	352 (¹) 260 (¹)	2 844 (¹) 2 300 (¹)	(1 (1 2 83)
WITHOUT OWN HOUSEHOLD	2 783 1 857 926 1 635	528 357 171 485	2 255 1 500 755 1 150	1 923 1 316 607 955	332 184 148 195	2 232 (1) (1) 1 160	288 (1) (1) (1)	1 944 (1) (1) (1)	(1 (1 (1
PERSONS UNDER 18 YEARS OLD	12 279 9 073 73.9 3 206	1 936 1 410 72.8 526	10 343 7 663 74•1 2 680	74.4	1 479 1 071 72•4 408	8 965 (1) (1) (1)	800 (1) (1) (1)	8 165 (1) (1) (1) (1)	8 57 (1 (1 (1

¹ NOT AVAILABLE.